

WEATHER.
Fair Thursday; Friday local showers; cooler in interior.

WILMINGTON

THE MORNING STAR

STORE NEWS just now, with the opening of Fall, is unusually interesting. In these pages are seen unusual bargains.

VOL. XCIX—NO. 6. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 28, 1916. WHOLE NUMBER 39,717

ANGLO-FRENCH GO IN FURTHER SUCCESSES IN COMBLES REGION

Transforming Twenty-Mile Battle Arc Into a Triangular Wedge in the German Line.

10,000 PRISONERS TAKEN
These Have Fallen Into Hands of British in Somme Sector Within a Fortnight.

LITTLE NEWS FROM EAST

Germans and Bulgars Claim Success in the Balkans.

The twenty-mile battle arc, running from the Ancre river to the Somme is rapidly being transformed by the great offensive of the Entente Allies into an irregular triangular wedge in the German line, with the bases respectively in front of Thierval and west of Peronne, and the point projecting across the Bethune road and into the St. Pierre Vaast wood.

On the British end of the line in the region of Thierval, and eastward to the north of Flers, the British in Wednesday's fighting gained further successes over the Germans and likewise the French east and southeast of Rancourt drove their troops forward and entered the St. Pierre Vaast wood.

Violent Attack Against French.
To the south of this region from Bouchavesnes to the southern edge of the Bois d'Albe farm, the French were compelled to face a violent attack by the Germans which was beaten off, the Germans being thrown back in disorder, according to Paris.

The British gains included German trenches on a front of 3,000 yards north of Flers and a strong redoubt on a hill 2,000 yards northeast of Thierval. To the northwest, across the Ancre, successful raids were carried out by the British opposite Beaumont-Hamel.

Ten thousand prisoners have fallen into the hands of the British in the last fortnight's fighting on the Somme front, according to London.

Russian Attack Repulsed.
There is still little news coming from the Russian and Austro-German war offices concerning the fighting on the Eastern front. Petrograd asserts that aside from skirmishes at various points, there is nothing to report, Berlin, however, records the repulse of a Russian attack in Galicia, near Lutovka, with heavy casualties to the Russians.

On the Rumanian front battles are taking place at various points near the Transylvania border. Berlin reports progress for the Teutonic allies near Hermannstadt, while Bucharest chronicles the defeat of the Austro-Germans in the Jiu valley and their hasty retreat north and northwest. Quiet prevails in the Dobruza region.

Bulgars Drive Allies Back.
According to the Bulgarian war office, the Bulgarians have forced back the troops of the Entente Allies over the whole front in Macedonia. Paris, however, says three violent Bulgarian attacks on Kaimakochan height were repulsed with heavy losses.

Artillery duels continue along most of the Austro-Italian front. On the fighting in Asiatic Turkey Petrograd claims successes for the Russians along the Black Sea coast, in Armenia near Glumichan and on the Persian front in the vicinity of Hamadan.

What is to be the final attitude of Greece in the war is still uncertain. The latest unofficial report from Athens, however, is that the Greek government, in agreement with King Constantine, has decided on military co-operation with the Entente Powers.

SAYS ANGLO-FRENCH ONLY ACHIEVED 'TACTICAL GAIN'
Amsterdam, via London, Sept. 27.—Commenting on the Anglo-French offensive on the Somme front, the Frankfurt Zeitung says:

The enemy achieved a tactical gain which was a terrible day, appalling for sanguinary for the assailants, and it resulted in a most trying situation for the defenders. Streams of blood flowed and vast quantities of shells fell upon the German positions north of the Somme.

ANOTHER WINTER IN THE TRENCHES SEEMS CERTAIN
Paris, Sept. 27.—It does not seem probable that another winter campaign is avoidable, says La Liberté. Joseph Thierry, under secretary of state for subsistence in the war department, in a newspaper article, has made all necessary arrangements for supplying the troops, and garments, blankets and other essentials for winter warfare have been going to the front at the rate of eighty carloads a day since September 15.

6,000 MORE TROOPS ARE TO GO SOUTH

Guardmen From Thirteen States and District of Columbia Ordered to the Border.

WILL MUSTER OUT 10,000

When Order is Carried Out, There Will Be Only About 10,000 State Troops Who Have Not Seen Service on the Border.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Some 6,000 National Guardsmen from 13 states and the District of Columbia were ordered to the Mexican border today by the War Department, and at the same time Major General Funston was directed to select 10,000 troops now on the border patrol for return to their home states to be mustered out of the Federal service.

Today's order will send south virtually all of the Guardsmen now in the mobilization camps of the states named, and will leave only about 10,000 state troops in all the country that have not seen service on the border. Within a short time the remainder probably will be ordered out, releasing more of the organizations now under General Funston's command. The gradual return and mustering out of all the Guardsmen then is expected to begin.

The organizations ordered south today include: Field Artillery—Battery A, New Hampshire; batteries C, N and J, Third Pennsylvania; battery A, District of Columbia; first battalion and battery C, Virginia; third New York regiment; batteries A and C, Alabama; first battalion, Georgia; batteries E and F, Connecticut; batteries A and B, Michigan; first regiment (less second battalion), Minnesota, and batteries B and C, Colorado.

Infantry—Second Florida regiment, and Third District of Columbia regiment.

Cavalry—Troop A, District of Columbia.

Engineers—Company A, California.

DECREASE IN THE EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS IS SHOWN

Department of Commerce Issues Analysis of August Trade.

Washington, Sept. 27.—American shippers exported \$283,101,181 worth of breadstuffs during the eighth month ending August 31, according to an analysis of August trade issued today by the Department of Commerce. That is a decrease of \$89,327,813 from the same period a year ago, but August exports of \$34,687,007, represented an increase of more than \$5,000,000 over August of 1915. Meat and dairy products exported in August showed an increase of \$2,000,000 over the previous August.

JERSEY DEMOCRATS AGAIN CHOOSE SENATOR MARTINE

W. E. Edge Leading for Republican Nomination for Governor.

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 27.—With returns lacking from only 146 districts in the state, Walter E. Edge had a lead tonight of 2,527 votes over Austin Colgate, his closest rival in yesterday's balloted primary contest for the Republican nomination for governor. The vote was Edge, 70,396; Colgate, 67,859; George L. Record, 25,054.

The re-nomination of Senator Martine by the Democrats was conceded tonight by Judge Westcott, his opponent in the primaries.

GENERAL WALK-OUT HAS NOT MATURED

No Surface Indications at Present of a Tie-Up in New York City's Industries.

ONLY 125,000 WORKERS OUT

Union Leaders, However, Claim Twice as Many More Are Ready to Quit Work Today—Fewer Attempts at Violence.

New York, Sept. 27.—Although labor leaders insisted tonight that the general strike of trades unionists in the greater city in aid of the car men who quit their places September 6, eventually would involve at least a half million workers, there were no surface indications of a tie-up of the city's industry, as threatened after announcement was made today that the strike had begun.

While the union leaders claimed that 125,000 workers in various trades already had joined the movement, with "twice as many more ready to walk out" tomorrow, the police said they had received no reports to substantiate any such estimates. The actual situation, it was said, was confused because of Jewish holidays, which are being celebrated here by more than 100,000 union workers.

Leaders of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees, whose members are on strike, were encouraged tonight, they asserted, over the possibility of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers coming to their aid. Officials of that organization notified the public service commission during the day that Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, had refused to see them and discuss alleged grievances of motor men in the employ of the Interborough who are members of that brotherhood. Mr. Shonts declared tonight, however, that there were no differences between the motor men and the company.

Two hundred and five representatives of various unions at a meeting here tonight ratified the sympathetic strike order, it was announced, and agreed to call out the members of their organizations tomorrow. While this meeting was in session the grand jury returned indictments against 15 persons accused of stone throwing, assault on car crews and smashing car windows during the car-strike.

There were fewer attempts at violence today, according to the police, than for a week past.

CONSIGNMENT OF FALSE TEETH BEING RETURNED.

Some Composed of Materials 'Badly Needed in Germany.'

London, Sept. 27.—In connection with the recent release for the return to America of a consignment of false teeth addressed to Germany, an official of the admiralty said today that one of the recent seizures of teeth consisted of 100 dozen sets, some having rubber bases and others composed of materials supposedly needed badly in Germany.

HIGH INTEREST RATES CAUSE OF DISCONTENT

Mr. Williams Says, However, Practice is Disappearing.

Comptroller Mentions Instances in Which 100 Per Cent Had Been Charged by Banks on Short-Term Loans.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 27.—John Skelton Williams, Comptroller of Currency, who is attending the annual convention of the American Bankers' Association here, today told the City Club in a brief speech that much of the social and industrial discontent could be placed upon excessive interest rates. Mr. Williams mentioned instances in which 100 per cent had been charged for short-term loans, but added that such practices were disappearing.

PRESIDENT IS TO REPLY TO ISSUES RAISED BY HUGHES

Will Handle Situation 'Without Gloves' Saturday in First Real Political Speech.

WILL ENTER FIGHT PROPER

Plans to Speak Soon on Sectionalism, Mexico and Problems of the European War.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 27.—Issues raised by Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee for president, will be discussed by President Wilson here Saturday in his first purely political speech since his address accepting the renomination. Administration officials said tonight that when he appears before the members of young men's Democratic clubs at Shadow Lawn the President will handle the political situation "without gloves."

It was declared that following Saturday's speech there will be more political activity on the part of the President. He has not fully developed his views on the Adams law, it was declared, and, in addition, is planning either Saturday or soon afterward to speak on sectionalism, Mexico and the problems caused by the European war. A delegation of nearly 2,000 young Democrats is expected here on special trains Saturday to hear the President's speech. The public will be admitted to the grounds for the occasion.

It was definitely stated that President Wilson will make one or more speeches in New York State. This announcement followed the visit of Mr. McCormick and of Samuel Seabury, Democratic candidate for governor of New York. 500 delegates or places have been arranged.

Mr. McCormick arrived here expressing optimism over the political outlook from a Democratic standpoint. He brought with him a large number of letters and telegrams from Democratic leaders in different parts of the country. He said the situation in New York State was particularly favorable to the Democrats.

Details of his trip to Chicago, October 19, were also taken up, but no announcement was made regarding it.

In addition to discussing politics with Mr. McCormick and with Walter Lippman, one of the New York editors, the President gave consideration to the appointment of several of the commissions and boards created by the last session of Congress. It was learned that among the men being most seriously considered for the tariff commission are Prof. Frank W. Taubshuler, of Harvard, and William L. Saunders, of New Jersey. Bernard N. Baker, of Baltimore, was said to be almost certain of appointment on the Shipping Board.

GOVERNMENT ISSUING A DYESTUFFS CENSUS

Said to be First Publication of Its Kind in Any Country.

Nearly All of the Dyes Formerly Imported to the United States Now Being Made From Coal-Tar Products.

New York, Sept. 27.—A dye census containing information about 8,000 items of dyestuffs, said to be the first publication of its kind distributed in any country, was made public here today at the National Exposition of Chemical Industries, by Dr. Thomas H. Norton, dye expert of the Federal Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

More than 37,500 items of dye imports under 5,670 heads, which have come from Germany, Switzerland, England and France, appear in the census list, obtained by Dr. Norton's staff through co-operation with the Secretary of the Treasury. Dr. Norton said in one year the United States imported 25,700 tons of artificial dyes, of which 22,000 tons came from Germany, while today nearly all this is being obtained in this country from coal tar products. General distribution of the census will begin in about two weeks, it was said.

GREEK MINISTERS AGREE WITH KING

Decide Upon Military Co-Operation With the Allies, Says Dispatch From Athens.

GREAT CRISIS BEING FACED

General Mochopoulos Advises Immediate Declaration of War as Only Way to Save Country From Present Situation.

London, Sept. 27.—The council of Greek ministers has decided, in agreement with King Constantine, upon military co-operation with the Entente Powers, says a Reuter dispatch from Athens, dated Wednesday.

ADVISES KING CONSTANTINE TO IMMEDIATELY DECLARE WAR

Athens, Sept. 26, via London, Sept. 25. (Delayed)—King Constantine received this morning an exhaustive report from General Mochopoulos, chief of the general staff, detailing the chaos in the military organization of the country caused by the departure of so many officers to join the Anglo-French allies, and advising the immediate declaration of war by Greece, without waiting either the assistance or the insistence of the Entente Powers, as the only way to save the situation.

Despite the profound popular belief that the country is facing the greatest crisis in its history, and that King Constantine reigns in Athens, the Venizelist morning papers publish declarations which the former Premier left prior to his departure, in which he says the army is heartily and enthusiastically patriotic of national character and that he has no design upon the integrity of the actual government of the country.

M. Venizelos declares that his course is the only way by which national unity may be preserved and that he will struggle for the salvation of Greece without the aid of the constituted government, if the government, to defend Hellenic soil against the invaders he will be glad to turn over the forces he has gathered to co-operate in a common effort to save the country.

JAPAN PROPOSES TO RENEW NEGOTIATIONS

Contends Japanese Have Right to Own Land in America.

Embassy Frankly Admits the Discussions Will Be Taken Up Again With the United States After the War is Over.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Japan's purpose to renew the European war, her contention for the right of her people to emigrate to and own land in the United States, suggested in New York yesterday by Baron Yoshino Saketani, former finance minister in the Tokyo embassy, was frankly admitted today at the Japanese embassy. Negotiations over these questions, which came to a deadlock two years ago, are not regarded by Japan as concluded, it was explained, but merely postponed while the larger issues of the war are being dealt with.

The deadlock followed a long series of conferences between former Secretary Bryan and Baron Chinda, then the Japanese ambassador, and an exchange of notes between the two governments over the alien land legislation enacted by California. After the State Department had pointed out that under its constitution the admitted States government could do no more than seek to prevent such legislation and that persons affected by it had recourse to the Federal courts, Japan closed the exchanges with a note saying her constitution had not been answered and reserving "for the present further discussion of the issue."

There will be no formal discussion of the subject by the embassy at least until the arrival of the new ambassador, Dr. Amoro Sato, who is expected in Washington in a few months.

KIFFIN ROCKWELL WHO WAS KILLED IN THE AIR



The aerial fight in which Kiffin Rockwell, of North Carolina, was mortally wounded by a German aviator took place over the town of Thann. The body of the American aviator fell in reconquered territory in Alsace, near the spot where Rockwell shot down his first adversary, five months ago. Rockwell was serving as a volunteer in the Franco-American Flying Corps on the Verdun front. A few hours previous to the engagement he had been promoted to the rank of second lieutenant, but died without knowing of the new honor. Lieutenant Rockwell was one of the first American volunteers to join the Foreign Legion. He was grievously wounded in a bayonet attack at Arras in May, 1915, before being transferred to the flying corps. He was regarded in French aviation circles as an "ace," a name given to the most skillful and daring pilots. Copy-right, Underwood & Underwood.

TARIFF IS CHIEF THEME OF HUGHES

Republican Nominee Addresses Thousands of Workers at the Steel Plants in Pittsburg.

BELIEVES PARTY RE-UNITED

Speaks From Platform in Music Hall Upon Which Were Seated Both Republican and Progressive Leaders.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27.—Charles E. Hughes went through the big steel-making district of Pittsburg today, addressed thousands of working men, returned to the city tonight, and ended the first day of his campaign in Pennsylvania with a speech in the music hall of the Pittsburg exposition.

The chief theme in all of Mr. Hughes' addresses today was the protective tariff. To an audience of thousands of workers at the Homestead Steel Plant, he declared that present conditions of prosperity would not endure in the days when Europe would be at peace unless the United States should adopt a protective tariff.

To an audience that jammed the music hall he repeated this statement tonight. In his night address he also dwelt at length upon his views on the Adams bill, the administration's policy toward Mexico, the Shipping bill and other matters.

He declared that present conditions of prosperity would not endure in the days when Europe would be at peace unless the United States should adopt a protective tariff.

'ARRIVAL' OF THE BREMEN LAUDED BY BERLIN PRESS

Report Current in Germany That the Undersea Liner Has Reached New London, Conn.

CITY MUCH IN PROMINENCE

News of the Reported Arrival Has Relieved Fears for Safety of the Submarine.

Berlin, via London, Sept. 27.—The Berlin newspapers today are acclaiming enthusiastically the arrival of the German submarine Bremen at New London. The Connecticut town has jumped to a point of prime interest, and the newspapers have found it necessary to describe its situation by the aid of maps. They are also dilating on the history of the town.

The news of the Bremen relieved the protracted tension which had grown intense as the expected arrival of the submarine was delayed from week to week. Apparently authentic rumors had been in circulation that the Bremen sailed early in August. Hence fears were entertained in some quarters that something had gone wrong with her, and the report of her arrival has been greeted by the newspapers as paving the way for the establishment of a regular submarine service between Germany and the United States and as answering the alleged taunt of Germany's enemies when the submarine Deutschland returned home from her voyage over seas, "You can't do it again."

All the newspapers today print a sketch of Captain Schwartzkopf, commander of the Bremen, who was for a long time in the service of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company. He served for years on the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and distinguished himself in rescue work in the Hoboken pier fire in 1900. Captain Schwartzkopf was the first officer of the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm when the war broke out. The steamer was then at Spitzbergen, on a Polar excursion, but succeeded in making a home port without encountering the British fleet.

There have been many reports of the expected arrival of the merchant submarine Bremen at various ports on the Atlantic coast recently, but up to the present she has not docked in any of them. The announcement of her arrival printed in Berlin probably resulted from one of these many premature reports reaching the German capital.

New London, Baltimore and Norfolk have been reported as the destination of the Bremen. Recently there has been much activity in New London by officials of the Eastern Forwarding Company, American agents for the German merchant submarines. A report from the Bremen, dated Sept. 25, said it had left there to meet a German submarine which was on the way to New London.

The Berlin dispatch apparently is confirmation of the reports that the Bremen had sailed for the United States and that she is now due here.

LAD IS PERHAPS FATALITY HURT IN AUTOMOBILE WRECK

Two Others Seriously Injured in Accident Near Spartanburg, S. C.
Spartanburg, S. C., Sept. 27.—A car driven by Rev. W. H. K. Pendleton, rector of the church of the Advent, of this city, turned turtle today near the foot of Windmill hill, on the Appalachian highway, between Egan and Campbellville, in this county, perhaps fatally injuring Master Carey Pendleton, 12 years old, and seriously injuring Miss Uta Sato. Mr. Pendleton's two daughters and a little son, also occupants of the car, escaped with minor bruises.

The injured were rushed to the Pendleton home here and are under the care of physicians. Mr. Pendleton and members of his family were en route to Hendersonville, N. C., to spend the day.

THIRD REGIMENT LEAVES

All the North Carolina Troops Are Now En Route to Border.

Morehead City, N. C., Sept. 27.—The Third regiment, North Carolina National Guard, left today for El Paso. All of the state forces recently ordered for duty are now en route to the border.

New Orleans, Sept. 27.—The First regiment, North Carolina National Guard, passed through New Orleans today en route to the Texas border.

REGULATIONS WITHDRAWN.

England to Permit Cigar Tobacco Imports on the Old Basis.
Washington, Sept. 27.—Great Britain has withdrawn regulations for the importation of cigar tobacco which American growers have declared would ruin their business, and authorized imports on the basis of those in 1913, 1914 and 1915.

REPLY TO AMERICAN NOTE.

British Document on Mail Censorship Now on Its Way.
London, Sept. 27.—The foreign office stated today that the British reply to the American note regarding the censorship of mails is on its way to Washington.