

FIRST OF THE MEN DRAFTED FOR THE NEW NATIONAL ARMY DONNED KHAKI AT 14 CAMPS YESTERDAY

Vanguard of North Carolina's First Quota Reached Camp Jackson, Columbia, S.C.

ARE NOTICEABLY BIG MEN

First Detachment Composed of Watauga, Surry, Rockingham and Caswell Men

BUT TWO CAMPS NOT READY

Reports Indicate Mobilization is Proceeding Smoothly

Washington, Sept. 5.—The first of the National Army went into uniform today. In 14 cantonments poured groups of recruits, the first 5 per cent quota of the draft army.

At Camp Lee, near Petersburg, Va., began to assemble the men who are to compose the Eightieth division made up from quotas from Virginia, West Virginia and portions of Pennsylvania.

At Camp Jackson, near Columbia, S. C., where they are to receive their training. They will be known as the Eighty-first division.

Camp Gordon, near Atlanta, received the first increment of material for the Eighty-second division from Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee.

Each soldier upon arrival was stripped of his civilian clothing and supplied with khaki uniform, Army hat, shoes, leggings, blankets, rifle, ammunition belt and other accoutrements of a soldier.

Training will start tomorrow. The second quota of forty per cent goes to Camp September 19.

Reports to Provost Marshal General Gordon indicated that the mobilization was proceeding smoothly. Most groups took morning trains, although those from some western states may not reach camp until late tonight or tomorrow.

At Camp Upton at Taphank, Long Island, and Meade, and Admiral, Md. were the only cantonments not ready to formally open today.

NORTH CAROLINA'S BIG MEN ATTRACT SOME ATTENTION (Special Star Telegram)

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 5.—North Carolina's first one per cent of the 5 per cent included in the initial movement of the new draft army reported at Camp Jackson tonight, the first detachment arriving at 9 o'clock.

Gompers Pledges the United Support of Organized Labor

PLOT TO RESTORE THRONE BROKEN UP

Two Russian Grand Dukes and Several Women Arrested as Result of Conspiracy

OTHER ARRESTS TO FOLLOW

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 5.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, late today pledged the united support of organized labor to the government in its prosecution of the war, assailed peace propagandists and denounced the futile activities of those who would split labor's ranks on the question of war.

With swift, sure strokes he attacked the arguments of those who declare the working masses want peace, and challenged pro-German societies to step forth into the open and match their disloyalty against labor's loyalty.

It was the keynote speech of the conference of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, of which Mr. Gompers had just been named permanent chairman and was punctuated by applause from the 200 accredited delegates—labor leaders and former members of the Socialist party—gathered in the auditorium.

John Spargo, former member of the executive committee of the Socialist party, nominated Mr. Gompers and Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, was elected secretary, and T. J. Mead, of Maryland, assistant secretary. Committees on permanent organization and resolutions were named.

Several members of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Terms of Peace, barred from meeting in Minnesota and other states, were scattered through the audience. There was no attempt to remove them.

"To ask the government to state its terms of peace now is playing into the hands of the enemy," said Mr. Gompers, referring to one of the People's Council demands.

The alliance, which met here to offset the work of such organizations as the People's Council, and to more completely Americanize labor, will establish local branches throughout the country.

"And," predicted Mr. Gompers, Frank P. Walsh, of Kansas City, and other speakers in three months the wave of patriotism will have swept aside the disloyalists.

CONGRESSMAN NELSON DEFENDS SON, BYRON Young Man, Living in Canada, Failed to Register and Warrant is Issued for His Arrest.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Representative Nelson, of Wisconsin, today called on Attorney General Gregory to investigate the action of the United States attorney at Columbia yesterday.

Assails Pacifists and Denounces Those Who Would Split the Ranks of Labor

CHALLENGES PRO-GERMANS Permanent Organization of Alliance for Labor and Democracy is Perfected

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After getting permission from every one from the section boss up, I was finally admitted to see the Brigadier General," said Mr. Albright. "My surprise I recognized George M. Nelson, a young man, whom I had not seen in years. I, of course, was glad to see a Tar Heel holding such a high position."

BRITISH MERCHANT VESSELS SUNK LAST WEEK This Number is Sent Down Out of a Total of 2,384 Arrivals and of 2,432 Sailings.

London, Sept. 5.—British merchant ships sunk by mine or submarine in the past week numbered 20 of more than 1,600 and 3 under 1,600 tons, according to the official announcement tonight. The weekly summary: Arrivals 2,384; sailings, 2,432. British merchant vessels over 1,600 tons sunk, including two previously, 20; under 1,600 tons, including one previously, 3.

FIGHT OVER WAR PROFITS LEVY IS VIRTUALLY ENDED

Senate Committee's Compromise Provision, Totalling \$1,286,000,000 is Adopted

THE VOTE WAS 72 TO 7

High Tax Advocates Failed to Secure the Adoption of a Single Amendment

Washington, Sept. 5.—The Senate's bitter fight over war profits taxation virtually ended late today with adoption of the finance committee's compromise provisions for a total levy of \$1,286,000,000 or about one-third of this year's war and normal excess profits.

This is an increase of \$1,060,000,000 over present taxes. The high-tax advocates failed to secure adoption of a single amendment.

The vote on adoption of the finance committee's draft was 72 to 7. The seven were Bankhead, Borah, Gronna, Johnson, California; LaFollette, Underwood and Vardaman.

Action on the war profits section, the largest revenue producing provision, was taken technically in committee of the whole and is subject to final review later. Today's decisive rout of the high-tax element, however, may prevent any further efforts along this line.

As now written in the bill, the war profits tax strikes out of the House provision for an additional tax of \$200,000,000, and is a substitute for the present excess profits law now yielding \$226,000,000. The total levy of the new provision is estimated at \$1,286,000,000.

It also extends the tax to ordinary, normal or peacetime profits up to 12 per cent in addition to excessive war profits, reached by graduated rates, amounting to surtaxes, ranging from 12 to 60 per cent. The excess is based upon the net income above \$100,000.

The graduated rates and their estimated revenue yield follows: 12 per cent on profits up to \$100,000, \$120,000,000; 16 per cent between 16 and 25 per cent, \$46,000,000; 20 per cent between 25 and 50 per cent, \$100,000,000; 25 per cent between 50 and 75 per cent, \$101,000,000; 30 per cent between 75 and 100 per cent, \$88,200,000; 35 per cent between 100 and 150 per cent, \$120,050,000; 40 per cent between 150 and 200 per cent, \$102,000,000; 45 per cent between 20 and 250 per cent, \$84,150,000; 50 per cent between 25 and 300 per cent, \$72,500,000; 60 per cent on profits in excess of 300 per cent, \$482,840,000.

Senator Simmons presented and the Senate accepted a provision exempting trades and business carried on chiefly by persons in the service of the government. He also accepted an amendment by Senator Shields exempting from consideration as taxable income that derived from the business of health and accident insurance combined with the weekly payment plan and another by Senator Weeks exempting profits of other occupations besides professions depending mainly on personal qualifications with nominal capital.

With the war profits section virtually disposed of the Senate tomorrow will proceed to the income tax section under an agreement for its disposition Friday. As recently increased, the bill would levy \$850,164,000 on incomes—\$360,000,000 from corporations and the balance from individuals.

REPUBLICAN ATTACKS HOLD UP VOTE ON BOND MEASURE

Washington, Sept. 5.—Prolonged though futile Republican attacks in the House today on provisions of the \$11,588,945,460 war bond and certificate bill, giving wide discretionary powers to the Secretary of the Treasury in making allied loans, upset

Dr. Garfield Says Government Aims at a Price Fair to Both the Producer and Consumer.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Early fixing of retail coal prices was promised today by Dr. A. Y. Garfield, the government's coal control policy administrator, in a statement outlining the government's coal control policy. Prices will be established for coal by the committee with the aid of local committees, into whose hands will be put responsibility for their enforcement.

Maximum production of coal at prices fair both to the producer and consumer will be the aim of the government, Dr. Garfield declares. Producers' prices already fixed will be revised where they force inefficiently operated mines to produce at a loss. Operators seeking revision of the scale are asked to send in cost production statistics covering a period of years.

A plan of apportionment of coal will be worked out, Dr. Garfield announced, by which domestic consumers will obtain everywhere a fair share of the supply at prices which will reflect those fixed for operators and wholesalers by the President.

Drastic Action Is Taken By Federal Government to End Anti-War Activities

U. S. Marshals in Various Sections of the Country Yesterday Raided Industrial Workers of the World and Socialist Headquarters, in Some Instances Arresting Officials, Among Them W. D. Hayward, I. W. W. National Secretary.

Washington, Sept. 5.—The government today took drastic action to end the anti-war propaganda and activities directed in the name of Industrial Workers of the World, the Socialist party and other organizations throughout the United States.

On orders from Attorney General Gregory United States marshals in many towns and cities descended at 2 p. m. central time, upon local headquarters of the Industrial Workers of the World, seized books, checks, correspondence and other documents, and in some instances, arrested officials working under the premises. The arrest at Chicago of William D. Hayward, the organization's national secretary, was a conspicuous example.

National Headquarters Seized. In Chicago, Federal agents took possession of the national headquarters of the Socialist party and a warrant authorizing the seizure of its documents was served upon its counsel.

The seizure of documents was carried out in accordance with a plan perfected here by William C. Pitts, assistant attorney general, working under the direction of the attorney general. A statement issued by the Department of Justice announced that the seizure of papers was made in

connection with a Federal grand jury investigation of the Industrial Workers of the World now under way at Chicago. The department's action was taken on the eve of a report to President Wilson by Chief Justice Covington, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, who completed his investigation by the President to investigate the labor situation in the west. Judge Covington has completed his investigation, and probably will report personally to President Wilson tomorrow.

Whether the concerted action of marshals throughout the country was in any way related to Judge Covington's investigation was not disclosed. The charges against leaders of the organization were not disclosed. It was said at the Department of Justice that these would have been determined by the grand jury investigating the organization.

Officials also declined to state if indictments had been found by grand juries in Chicago or elsewhere against Industrial Workers of the World leaders. It was intimated, however, that the investigation had only begun. Indications are that Federal grand juries in other cities are also investigating the organization.

Speakers Assert That Measures Must be Taken at Once to Stimulate Production

HUNT NEW FEEDING GROUND TO SEEK EMBARGO RELIEF

Plan is Studied for Removing Large Numbers of Livestock Animals From the West to the South and East.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Early depletion of the country's supply of meat animals unless measures are taken to stimulate production was predicted here today by speakers before a conference of livestock raisers called by the Food Administration and the Department of Agriculture to consider the situation.

Most of those attending the meeting were members of a United States livestock industry committee named recently by Secretary Houston and Herbert Hoover, the food administrator, to study a plan for removing large numbers of cattle, sheep and hogs from the West to feeding grounds in the South and East.

The situation and suggested remedies were presented by Secretary Houston, Mr. Hoover, W. P. Harding, of the Federal Reserve Board; Herbert Quick, of the Farm Loan Board; Daniel Willard, of the Advisory Commission of the Council of National Defense; Clifford Pinchot, of the Administration, and Department of Agriculture experts.

The meat supply would have to be given attention even if war had not broken out, Secretary Houston told the conference. The number of animals has decreased steadily in the last decade, he said, while the population of the United States was growing rapidly.

It was brought out at the meeting that there are about 3,000,000 head of cattle in Texas which will have to be thrown upon the market unless there are early rains or unless they are removed to other parts of the country.

At a session tomorrow under direction of the Food Administration the question of fixing of meat prices and that of emergency government control of meats and dairy products will be taken up.

RETAIL COAL PRICES ARE SOON TO BE FIXED

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ITALIANS RENEW THEIR OFFENSIVE AND SCORE GAINS

Austrians Unsuccessfully Make Stubborn Attempt to Check Advance Toward Triest

MANY OF THEM CAPTURED

Russians in Riga Region Are Retreating All Along the Line, Pursued by Germans

(Associated Press War Summary)

While the Russians continue their flight before the Germans in the region of Riga, the Italians, after a few days of comparative idleness, again have started their great offensive against the Austrians on the Bainsizza plateau and to the northeast of Gorizia.

In the south, however, from the Brestovizza Valley to the sea, the Italians have been compelled to withstand violent counter attacks by the Austrians, who are endeavoring to hold back General Cadorna's lines from a further approach to Triest. The Austrians at one place momentarily forced the Italians to cede territory. A counter attack by the Italians not alone retrieved the lost position, but resulted in the capture of more than 400 prisoners.

Nearly 6,700 Austrians Captured. In the Bainsizza plateau northeast of Gorizia the Italians have made further gains, capturing an important Austrian position near Ocrogio. No details have been vouchsafed concerning the battle which is in progress northeast of Gorizia, and no confirmation is at hand of the reported capture by the Italians of Monte San Gabriele, the last dominating position held by the Austrians north of Gorizia. Nearly 1,700 men have been captured by the Italians in the fighting in the Gorizia sector.

Again the Italians have sent their attack over Pola, the Austrian naval base in the Adriatic, dropping bombs the explosions of which have added materially to the damage done in previous raids.

Russians Pressed by Germans. In the region of Riga the Russians are retiring eastward and northeastward all along the line, pursued by the Germans. The army which evacuated Riga has crossed the Aa river in Livonia, while the army from the Ukull region is astride the Riga-Pskov-Petrograd railroad.

In the capture of the Duenamünde fortress at the mouth of the Vistula river, the Germans, it is asserted by the Berlin war office, secured intact the big coast defense guns.

The war vessels which were reported to be shelling the Riga coast line and which it was thought probably might be covering landing of troops to cut off the retreat of the Riga army, were submerged.

Artillery Continue Active. The operations on the western front in Belgium and France continue to be carried out mainly by the opposing armies. The French are making attacks against the French front on the Calais plain and the Aisne front were repulsed.

Recaptured air raids continue to be carried out by British and French German airmen at points far behind the fighting line. German aviators again have dropped bombs on French hospitals, this time in the region of Verdun. Eleven persons were killed and 62 injured in Tuesday night's aerial attack by the Germans on the southeastern English coast.

ALLIED ARMIES IN GERMAN EAST AFRICA FORM JUNCTION

London, Sept. 5.—A junction has been effected between an Anglo-Belgian column and a Belgium column operating in German East Africa, the two columns getting the front, and the junction was effected at an official statement today. The Belgians have crossed the Ulanga river near Mahenge.

MONTE SAN GABRIELE WAS UNDER FIRE THROUGHOUT DAY

London, Sept. 5.—Details of the Italian attack on the Monte San Gabriele on Monday, sent by Austrian correspondents at the front, and transmitted by the Central News correspondent at Amsterdam, state that the mountain on that day was continually exposed to a violent artillery fire which at times assumed the intensity of drum fire.

At six o'clock Tuesday morning the Italian infantry began a furious attack, the mountain being enveloped in dense clouds of smoke and dust.

1,600 MEN AND 86 OFFICERS CAPTURED BY THE ITALIANS

London, Sept. 5.—(British Admiralty Wireless Press.) The Italian official communication received here today tells of the resumption of the battle on the Julian front and the capture of an Austrian position on the Bainsizza plateau south of Ocrogio. In addition 86 officers and 1,600 men were made prisoner.

GERMAN SUBMARINE BOMBARDS COAST TOWN OF ENGLAND

Scarborough, Eng., Sept. 5.—During the prevalence of a thick mist a German submarine appeared about two miles off shore at 7 o'clock last evening and began to bombard the town. About a dozen shells were fired in quick succession, the shore at the time being crowded with visitors. British mine sweepers began an attack on the submarine and the attack on the town became deafening. The submarine soon submerged and was not seen again. The material damage inland was small, considering the fact that the bombardment continued for some time.

(Continued on Page Eight).