

Fair Monday; Tuesday fair in east, showers and cooler in west portion.

DECISIVE ASCENDANCY FOR THE ALLIES ON THE FLANDERS FRONT CLAIMED BY SECRETARY BAKER

Points to Victories of Past Two Weeks as Conclusive Proof of Superiority.

WEEKLY REVIEW IS ISSUED

German Submarine Bases on Belgian Coast Threatened by the British Drive.

SUPREME TEST IS NOW ON

Air Control and Shell Supply Big Factors in Victories.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Decisive ascendancy for the Allies in the supreme test of battle fronts now taking place on the bloody fields of Flanders is claimed by Secretary Baker in the weekly review of war operations issued tonight by the War Department.

Predicts Repeated Victories. While it may be premature to assert that the British war machine has forced a decision over the Germans, Mr. Baker says, the victories of the past fortnight, threatening the submarine bases on the Belgian coast, are conclusive indications of Allied superiority. With favorable weather, he thinks, these victories will be repeated and extended.

The review, which is for the week ended last night, makes no reference to the great preparations for war going forward at home. "The attention of the world," it says, "is focused on the titanic struggle now going on in Flanders. The battle raging there is proving an engagement of wholly unprecedented scope and potentialities."

German Effort Futile. "At the beginning of the week, owing to bad weather, the Germans were able to launch counter-attacks on the positions recently gained by the British. Notwithstanding the fact that the Germans made use of smoke screens, liquid fire and brought into action an imposing array of artillery in their attack against the advanced British lines between the Tower Hamlets and Polygon wood, as well as along the Meuse front, their efforts proved futile. "It is significant, on the other hand, that while the British were sustaining the shock of German assaults successfully, they were able to bring up sufficient fresh troops in order to launch an offensive on an even larger scale than the preceding one in the face of the enemy's onslaught."

Slow But Sure. "Slowly, but therefore the more irresistible, the Allied drive at the heart of the German line in the west is sweeping onward. "The wisdom of the British in maintaining a great density of front would appear justified by the results achieved during the past week. It must be borne in mind that it is due to the depth of the British line as much as any other one factor, that while the enemy is still reeling under one blow, the allies are ready to deliver another and still a third."

It has been characteristic of the campaign in Flanders hitherto that neither belligerent has attained what we may call a decisive success.

Sound Strategic Move. "The Germans have massed their greatest war strength along this battle front. To attack them at their strongest point of resistance is sound strategy. "The defeats inflicted upon them during the past fortnight are conclusive indications of Allied superiority. In the light of past experience it may be premature to assert that the British have succeeded in forcing a decision, but it may be stated with emphasis that in no engagement hitherto has such vigor, energy and concerted speed of action been displayed."

The full success of these operations means that the Belgian coast, with its numerous submarine bases, will become untenable to the enemy. Zeppelins, Ostend and the system of cables leading out of Bruges are threatened.

Supreme Test Taking Place. "The supreme test of the battle strength of the contending belligerents is taking place. Allied ascendancy will appear decisive. "The two immediate contributing factors of this success are: Air control and shell supply."

The former made it possible for the Allies to locate enemy concentrations, the latter to break them up before they could develop into serious offensive actions, at the same time permitting their own concentration of men and work to be carried out with clockwork regularity, unhampered by enemy interference.

The British are thus able to report that since July 31st, last, they have not lost a single gun, while they have captured 322 field and heavy guns and 51,435 prisoners. During the fighting of the past two days they have added 4,446 prisoners, including 114 officers, to this imposing total.

Enemy Realizes Danger. "The enemy realizes the danger he is facing. "We may expect him to counter-attack."

British Guns Blazing the Way For Another Big Drive

(Associated Press War Summary.)

Through squalls of rain and under low-hanging clouds, Field Marshal Haig is blazing away with his artillery for another raid into the German line in Flanders.

Since the great advance of the mid-week the British infantry has kept to the trenches and shell craters, except where forays were called for to realign the new front or counter-attacks were necessary to hold back weak German attempts to capture lost terrain. But the big guns never ceased their activity, and day in and day out great masses of steel have been blasting the German points which are mapped out for capture when the new drive is launched. The Germans are answering the British fire on various sectors.

Particularly heavy at Pontoise. Particularly heavy is the bombardment in the region running from

Lanzenarck and Zonnebeke, and especially to the east of the latter town where the wedge of the British has been pushed to almost within striking distance of the Ostend-Lille road. When the new offensive will start cannot be predicted. Several days must elapse before Marshal Haig has sufficiently pounded the Germans to warrant sending his men across No-Man's-Land to the objectives assigned to them for capture or the process of demolition already may have advanced to the point where the first grey streaks of dawn on Monday may see its commencement.

French Inflict Heavy Losses. The army of the German Crown Prince in Champagne again has endeavored to dent the French line but again has failed with considerable losses in men killed or made prisoner. The heavy artillery duel continues along the eastern bank of the Meuse river in the Verdun sector.

Comparative quiet prevails on the (Continued on Page Two.)

TEN NEGROES GET 14-YEAR SENTENCES

Charged With Killing Deputy Sheriff in Connection With East St. Louis Riots.

ONE PRISONER COLLAPSES

Charges Against the White Men Who Are Charged With Complicity in the Riots Are to Be Arraigned For Trial Today.

Bellefonte, Ill., Oct. 7.—Ten of the thirteen negroes who have been on trial here for a week charged with the murder of Detective Samuel Coppedge on the morning of July 2 last which precipitated the East St. Louis, Ill., race riots were convicted today and sentenced to fourteen years each in the penitentiary.

One collapsed when the verdict was read. He had offered an alibi, claiming he was at a funeral when Detective Coppedge was killed. The jury, which was given the cases at 11:30 o'clock last night, announced at 1:30 this afternoon that an agreement had been reached. Judge Crow was summoned from his home. Only court attaches, the prisoners and newspaper men were in court to hear announcement of the verdict.

When the blacks filed into the courtroom the verdict was handed to Judge Crow by the foreman of the jury. None of the attorneys for the defense was present and for this reason the judge polled the jury, asking each if the verdict was his verdict. All replied in the affirmative. Special Assistant Attorney General Farmer, representing the state, after the verdict was read told the court that the state had other charges against the three negroes who were acquitted and Judge Crow ordered them remanded to jail with those who were convicted.

Attorneys for the state expressed satisfaction at the verdict, the cases of the negroes being the first of the riots cases tried. Tomorrow the hearings in the case of the white men indicated in connection with the riots will be opened. Three circuit judges each in his own court will hear the cases against the white men. It probably will require several weeks to complete the hearings.

A. P. WORKED CIRCUIT 28,000 MILES IN LENGTH

While the Sox and Giants Were Hitting World's Greatest News Service Was Also Making a "Hit."

Chicago, Oct. 7.—During the Saturday and Sunday games for the world's series the traffic department of The Associated Press duplicated its feat of last year in setting up the longest continuous telegraphic circuit ever operated for any other than experimental purposes. Approximately 600 daily newspapers which take the leased wire service were connected directly with White Sox park and "Hap" Felsch's home run on Saturday was being cheered and Faber's attempted steal of an occupied base was being jeered by millions of "fans" throughout the country before the former's hit had landed in the bleachers or the crest-fallen pitcher had realized his mistake.

Altogether about 28,000 miles of wire constituted the circuit, which extended from Bangor, Maine, to San Diego, California, and from Galveston, Texas, to Duluth, Minnesota. In addition to the newspapers served, the lengthy baseball wire was extended to several army cantonments, where it was manned by former operators of The Associated Press who are in the national service. Thus the men of the National Guard units and the new National Army received their baseball returns "straight from the front."

CONGRESS EXODUS IS IN FULL SWING

Many Members Are Already at Home, While Most of the Others Are On the Way.

BRYAN VERSUS L'FOLLETTE

May Testify As to Knowledge of Mutilations Being Aboard Lusitania, Charged By the Senator in His St. Paul Speech.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Trailed by echoes of six months' momentous achievement, the annual exodus from the capital, following adjournment of Congress yesterday, was in full swing tonight. Most members either were already at home or speeding thence.

Because of the recess, unless the new session opens December 3, some members of both branches are remaining here. Others will stay a few days to clear up a few private and public odds and ends, including matters of special interest to constituents neglected during the rush of recent legislation.

Investigation by a Senate Privileges and Elections Committee of Senator LaFollette's alleged disloyal speech at St. Paul, Sept. 20 before the Non-Partisan League promises to be brief. The committee, headed by Senator Pomeroy, with Senators Walsh, James, Dillingham and Fall will hold a preliminary meeting tomorrow to determine the procedure. They expect to conclude the inquiry within a week or ten days because of its limitation solely to the accuracy of the recorded speech and of Senator LaFollette's statements made. Whether public hearings will be held is to be determined tomorrow.

Senator LaFollette and former Secretary Bryan may be the principal witnesses as to whether Mr. Bryan knew the Lusitania had munitions aboard at New York and urged President Wilson to detain the vessel, as stated by the senator, is the chief point of fact in issue. Mr. Bryan already has publicly denied the statement.

Mr. LaFollette was working tonight on a statement regarding the controversy. Tomorrow he hopes to submit to the congressional committee a correct transcript of his St. Paul speech.

Another investigation during the recess will be the Newland commission's railroad inquiry, to be resumed at San Francisco November 1. Most of the members of Congress plan to go on to the stump throughout their districts for the second Liberty loan and to discuss the causes and objects of the war. Members of the Senate and House Naval committees plan to visit naval establishments during the recess, while members of the military committee hope to inspect many of the army's activities.

FEW FLOUR MILLS SEEK TO PILE UP EXCESSIVE PROFITS

New York, Oct. 7.—A warning that summary action may be taken against a few flouring mills in the United States which are seeking to accumulate profits in excess of that allowed by the Food Administration where specific instances of such violations are discovered, was issued here tonight by the milling division of the Food Administration. Aside from a few violations the statement is made that James F. Bell, chairman of the division, is highly gratified by the "patience and cheerful co-operation" shown by the milling trade at large in fulfilling the program mapped out by the division.

ORATORS OF NOTE GO ON THE STUMP FOR LIBERTY LOAN

Taft, Bryan, Billy Sunday And Many Others Make Speeches During the Week.

MR. McADOO IS OPTIMISTIC

Says West Is Enthusiastically For Loan—Congress Members to Tour Districts.

Washington, Oct. 7.—A country-wide speaking campaign by widely-known orators, including former President Taft, William J. Bryan, members of the cabinet and scores of other men prominent in public life, will feature the second week of the \$5,000,000,000 drive for the second Liberty loan beginning tomorrow.

While Secretary McAdoo, on his swing to the Pacific coast is speaking in Spokane tomorrow, Secretary Baker and Treasurer Burke will be addressing a mass meeting in Washington. Mr. McAdoo will cover the coast and part of the Southwest during the week. Various other speakers will be working their way out through the country to all dates and on Saturday night Mr. Taft will speak at a mass meeting in the Coliseum at Chicago.

Scores of members of both houses of Congress, stirred by Secretary McAdoo's appeal to enlist in the oratorical campaign for the loan, today began making speaking engagements for the vacation period of Congress. Most of them will appear in their own states and districts, feeling it their duty to point out the urgent need of the loan to their constituents, but many will accept outside dates.

Billy Sunday has volunteered his services to speak for "Liberty Loan" and will speak at San Francisco, Oakland and Berkeley, California, on October 22.

From coast to coast have come reports of vigorous activity on the part of workers, but all realize that tremendous efforts must be put forth to reach the amount which must be subscribed.

"The West is enthusiastically for the loan," telegraphed Secretary McAdoo today from McIntosh, S. D., at the end of the first week of his campaign. The secretary reported indications that the farmers would get behind the loan strongly.

STOCKBRIDGE'S STATEMENT REPUTATED BY MR. STRANGE

Washington, Oct. 7.—An unfavorable response by Dr. D. E. Stockbridge, of Atlanta, Ga., president of the Farmers' National Congress, to an appeal for aid in the second Liberty loan campaign, has been repudiated by Joshua Strange, chairman of the congress' executive committee. In a letter to Secretary McAdoo, made public here tonight, Mr. Strange says he deems the request a recognition of the farmers and that the executive committee was in no way responsible for Dr. Stockbridge's action. In connection with this letter the Treasury Department gave out a statement explaining that Secretary McAdoo withdrew his request after Dr. Stockbridge had notified him that "the appeal meets with little response from the farmers." Mr. Strange said he had favored it, that was any reason for refusing to assist in selling (Continued on Page Two.)

HE WAS PROUD TO DIE GOING "OVER THE TOP"

"You Will Be Proud of Me," Capt. Tupper Wrote Father.

His Letter Made Public By Liberty Loan Committee As Illustration of Lofly Sentiment of Men Killed in Battle.

New York, Oct. 7.—As an illustration of the lofty sentiment possessed by men who die on the European battlefields in the war for democracy and a reminder for Americans who may be backward in contributing to the second Liberty loan for the same cause, the Liberty Loan Committee made public tonight the last letter written by Capt. V. G. Tupper of the Canadian Scottish Battalion to his father, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, before his death at the battle of Vimy ridge last April. The soldier wrote:

"My dear Father: I am writing one of these long letters for the third time and of course I hope you never will have to read it. If you are reading it now you will know that your youngest son went under as proud as Punch on the most glorious day of his life. I am taking my company 'over the top' for a mile in the biggest push that has ever been launched in the world and I trust that it is going to be the greatest feat toward peace. "Dad, you can't imagine the wonderful feeling; a man thinks some-

White Sox Roll Over Giants Like a Baseball Juggernaut

WAR BULLETINS

Cold Wave in France.

Paris, Oct. 7.—A cold wave is moving over Eastern France. Snow has made its first appearance of the season on the frontier heights of the Vosges.

Seize German Air Chief.

Petrograd, Oct. 7.—Russian scouts from the Caucasus army in a daring raid captured General Count von Moyer, head of the German air service in the Black Sea district, says an official announcement today.

Soldiers Disorderly.

Petrograd, Oct. 7.—Eight thousand soldiers at Gomel in the Province of Mohilev after a meeting refused to go to the front, says a telegram from Gomel. The soldiers later became disorderly and to prevent excesses they were surrounded by Cossacks when they promptly surrendered.

Germany Shipping Silver.

Copenhagen, Oct. 7.—The Germans are now shipping silver instead of gold out of the country in an effort to improve exchange rates. Three cars of silver bars in charge of imperial bank officers, crossed the Danish frontier at Vamdrup yesterday. Exchange now is 4475, as compared with 8839 par.

BUILT BONFIRE IN FRONT OF PULPIT

Crowd of Soldiers and Women Drown Out Religious Tunes With War Songs.

PACIFIST MEET BROKEN UP

Pastor of English Church Is Pulled Down From the Pulpit By His Coat-tails and Thrown Out at Back Door.

London, Oct. 7.—A crowd of soldiers and women broke up a meeting which pacifists attempted to hold in the Brotherhood Church at Kingsland today by lighting a bonfire on the floor in front of the pulpit. The flames were extinguished by the police after considerable damage had been done.

This church was the scene of several similar disturbances last July. There was a cordon of police around the building when the meeting opened today but the crowd outside succeeded in gaining access to the auditorium and in crowding out the organ and the singers with war songs and cheers for the soldiers. Then the crowd rushed to the pulpit, pulled the pastor down by his coat-tails and threw him bodily across the auditorium and out the back door.

Other demonstrators were lighting a bonfire while cries of "burn down the church" were heard. The police then cleared the house and beat out the flames with their coats.

SOLDIERS WILL UNDERGO PSYCHOLOGICAL TEST

Will Be Introduced in National Army As Intelligence Sifter and Applied Scientifically.

Washington, Oct. 7.—Psychology, scientifically applied, will be introduced in the new National Army as a sifter of intelligence. Leading psychologists have devised a series of tests for ascertaining the mental abilities of America's soldiers.

The work will be started at Camp Devens, Lee and Taylor, where 160,000 men will be examined with a view to determining their qualifications either for promotion or for assignment to special lines of work. The efficacy of the formulas has been demonstrated by comparing successfully the ratings obtained under the psychological process with those arrived at by the usual military methods.

The system was framed by a special committee of the American Psychological Association and was privately financed until the recent establishment of a section of psychology in the War Department's office. Tests at each of the four camps will be under direction of a special commission, including four officers and six civilians.

WILL TRAIN NURSES IN THE COUNTRY NURSING SERVICE

Washington, Oct. 7.—The Richmond (Va.) School of Social Economy has been chosen by the Red Cross town and country nursing service as one of the training centers at which scholarships in public health nursing will be offered this fall. To encourage trained nurses to take these courses and qualify for public work, a series of scholarships of \$250 each have been established at various schools throughout the country. A statement issued tonight by the Red Cross says the work at the Richmond school will include courses in prevention of disease, anti-tuberculosis work, field work with public health nursing agencies of Richmond and will be in charge of Director Henry H. Hibbs. All applicants must be registered nurses.

Yesterday's Win Put American Champions Half Way To World's Series Victory

GIANTS USED 4 PITCHERS

Only Two of Their Seven Twirlers Remain to Be Tested By Rowland's Clan.

THE SCORE WAS 7 TO 2

Sox Superior On Both the Defensive and Offensive.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—The Chicago Americans are half way to victory in the world's series clash with the New York Nationals. Today the White Sox defeated the Giants 7 to 2. In the second game of the titanic struggle. The teams are speeding eastward toward New York, where, on Tuesday, the series will be resumed, and if the local team continues to play the type of game it has displayed here, supporters of the Comiskey clan are convinced that the Sox should at least break even with the Giants in the two contests at the Polo grounds.

The White Sox rolled over the Giants today like a baseball juggernaut, leaving disaster and dismay in their wake. The victory was far more impressive than that of yesterday when the teams left the field, the Chicago club was subcharged with confidence, while the New York combination was badly shattered, both physically and in morale.

The National League champions were obliged to use no fewer than four pitchers this afternoon and at the close of the second day of play the White Sox had sampled, with satisfactory results from their standpoint, the service of five of the seven whippers who form the twirling corps of the Giants. Only Benton and Demaree remain unscorched and it will be a problem for Manager McGraw to select a pitcher who can hold the Chicago batters in check even on the home diamond.

Each hit and in the field the White Sox maintained the impressive advantage which they showed in the opening game. The offensive and defensive methods and play of the American League standard-bearers was far superior to that shown by the New York club, and in no department of the national sport did the Giants appear to have the edge on their rivals. Some idea of this superiority is gained from a comparison of the figures of the two games to date.

The White Sox have scored nine runs to three for the Giants; twenty-one hits to fourteen, which have netted the local club 26 bases to 17 for the Giants; while in stolen bases the Sox lead 4 to 1. The superiority of the White Sox alone do the New Yorkers have the edge, for Robertson, Holke and McCarty have reached the 500 mark in batting, with only two White stick wielders have reached or surpassed this standard. John Collins has led the batter with a percentage of 600 and Joe Jackson is second, 100 points behind his pace-making teammate.

There are features of the double victory which cannot be expressed in figures and these have been on outstanding elements which have encouraged the adherents of the Chicago team to believe that ultimate complete demonstration of their claim regarding the superiority of the White Sox team is but a matter of a few days.

In field strategy, native shrewdness and individual and collective dash the men of Rowland have outshone the New York players led by McGraw. It will require a remarkable effort when it reaches its home grounds to check the Chicago team in its imperious run for the championship. Some of the Giants believe such a feat is possible once the team appears on its home ground, before thousands of fans who will encourage the Giants to their highest efforts. If they can overcome a lead of two straight victories, even the Sox will require a remarkable effort to stand off the Chicago team.

In the two games played at Comiskey Park, the Chicago team had the greater portion of vocal support but the Giants have not been without their rooters who rose manfully at every opportunity to urge on the Nationals.

There were not as many occasions for this vocal encouragement in the second game for, with the exception of a few moments early in the game, the Sox held a commanding lead and their cohorts monopolized most of the cheering. While the official attendance was announced as identical with that of Saturday, several thousand more persons pressed the play, although they did not contribute to the coffers of either club for the privilege. Every building, fence or tree overlooking the park carried a much larger burden of fans than was the case yesterday and their cheers mingled with those of the spectators within the wall.

The official figures of the National Commission gave the attendance as an even 33,000 and the gate receipts as \$73,152. Of this amount the Sox received \$39,502.08; each club \$13,167.36 and the National Commission \$7,212.10.

The weather conditions were favorable for play today, than on Thursday, but the game consumed considerably more time. The eight and a half innings were played in two hours and thirteen minutes, as compared with one hour and forty-eight minutes for the first victory. While there was absence of extra base hits which (Continued on Page Eight).

LITTLE URUGUAY ARRAYS HERSELF AGAINST GERMANY

Chamber of Deputies Votes For Rupture and German Envoy Is Handed Passports.

WAS NO DIRECT OFFENSE

Action Taken To Espouse The Cause of the Defenders of Justice and Democracy.

Montevideo, Oct. 7.—Uruguay has severed diplomatic relations with Germany. A presidential decree announced the rupture following a vote in favor of it by the chamber of deputies, 74 to 23. The German minister has been sent his passports. The vote in the chamber was taken at 2 o'clock this morning.

President Viera in his message to the parliament declared that the Uruguayan government had not received any direct offense from Germany, but that it was necessary to espouse the cause of the defenders of justice, democracy and small nationalities.

PERU ORDERS ITS MINISTER HOME

AT BERLIN TO RETURN HOME. Lima, Peru, Oct. 7.—The Peruvian government, which yesterday handed his passports to the German minister, today ordered the Peruvian minister to Germany, A. Von der Heyde, to leave Berlin. The government also ordered the withdrawal of all Peruvian consuls in Germany.

SIX KILLED AS MOTOR BUS IS HIT BY TROLLEY

Five of the Dead Are From the Same Family—Bodies of Three Victims Buried 150 Feet.

Connellsville, Pa., Oct. 7.—Six persons, five of whom were members of one family, were killed instantly and three others were injured, one probably fatally, late today when a trolley car on the West Penn railway struck a motor bus near Juniata, five miles west of here. The bodies of three of the victims were found more than 150 feet from the scene of the accident.

The dead are: Mrs. Rachel Thorpe, aged 35, and four children, of Bitner, Pa., and Nellie Washington, a negro, Joseph Thorpe, aged 13, was probably fatally injured and James Thorpe, aged 20, driver of the bus, received serious injuries. Although the trolley car was crowded and descending a sharp grade at high speed, none of its passengers was seriously injured in the collision.

THIRTY-THREE ENEMY ALIENS ARE REMOVED TO OGLETHORPE

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Oct. 7.—Thirty-three enemy aliens who have been interned at Ft. McPherson, Atlanta, arrived at the prison camp here today. Fritz Idtel, Friedrich to Ft. McPherson. The Government plans to intern only civilian aliens at Ft. Oglethorpe while the prison barracks at Atlanta will be given over to prisoners of war exclusively.

KERENSKY ADDRESSES BODY OF DEMOCRATS

Gives His Idea As to What Will Save the Country.

Says This Rests Upon the Union of the Bourgeoisie and Democratic Elements—Terestchenko Urges Reconstruction.

Petrograd, Saturday, Oct. 6.—When a committee of the democratic congress visited Premier Kerensky today he addressed the committee as follows:

"The growth of anarchy, the condition of political ruin which confronts the country, the extravagant demands of various groups and strivings in certain quarters to restore the former regime force a recognition of the necessity of union and coalition. Only the union of the bourgeoisie and democratic elements can save the country." Minister of Foreign Affairs Terestchenko pleaded for a reconstruction of the nation's forces so that "the delegates who will participate in the Paris conference October 15 may point out to the Allies that our fighting force has been renewed and that our boast of strength is no myth. "Owing to the vacillating character of the congresses which one day welcome the war minister with his aim for reconstruction of the army and the next day applaud the Bolsheviks (Continued on Page Two.)