

The C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

ANNOUNCEMENT!

The C. W. Polvogt Company, because of an increased demand of rent of 100 per cent., and other excessive increases in operating expenses, also the future impossibility to secure floor coverings, have decided to retire from business and will dispose of our large and valuable stock of household furnishings at less than the present wholesale cost of same, offering great inducements on all goods.

Sale to begin Monday morning at 9 o'clock and continue until every item is disposed of. No goods will be charged; every item to be sold for cash. No goods sent on approval. Two deliveries daily.

Customers owing us accounts are kindly asked to pay same as early as possible and help us wind up our affairs. Housekeepers will do well to lay in a year's supply. Prices on a majority of our stock will be lower than the present wholesale prices.

Are you going to furnish a room or two for the newcomers? If you are you will find bargains here.

Respectfully,

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.



Leather Goods

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES

An Opportunity to Buy Your Luggage at a Big Saving

\$75.00 Wardrobe Trunks	\$60.00
\$65.00 Wardrobe Trunk	\$55.00
\$60.00 Wardrobe Trunk	\$50.00
\$30.00 Dress Tray Trunks	\$22.50
\$25.00 Dress Tray Trunks	\$19.50
\$20.00 Dress Tray Trunks	\$15.00

Steamer Trunks at Closing Out Prices.

Leather Suit Cases, Leather Hand Bags, Fiber Suit Cases, Fiber Bags, Straw Suit Cases, Straw Bags. All at Closing Out Prices.

SALE STARTS AT 9 O'CLOCK MONDAY

Lace and Scrim Curtains, suitable for any room in the house, at closing out prices. These are all displayed with reduced prices marked on them. Special \$2.50 Lace Curtains\$1.50

WINDOW SHADES. Stock sizes and shades to order at closing out prices. Cream and white shades, 3 by 7 feet, today's price \$1.00; closing sale price 60c Green, white and ecru linen shades, 6 and 7 feet lengths, worth today \$1.25 and \$1.50; closing price 90c and \$1.00 each 42-inch Cream Opaque Shades, worth today \$2.50; closing up price \$1.50

Sheets, Pillow Cases, Spreads and Towels
\$2.00 full size sheet, sale price\$1.65
50c Pillow Cases, sale price 40c
\$2.00 Bed Spreads, sale price\$1.68
\$2.50 Bed Spreads, sale price\$2.00
\$2.75 Bed Spreads, sale price\$2.25
\$4.75 Bed Spreads, sale price\$3.75
60c Bleached Turkish Towels 40c
35c Bleached Turkish Towels 25c
30c Bleached Turkish Towels 20c
25c Bleached Turkish Towels 15c



Crex and Grass Art Squares Smaller Rugs to Match

Green, Brown or blue, 9x12 Art Squares bordered in several patterns, today's price \$15; sale price	\$10.00
6x9 size, sale price	\$7.50
54x90 size, sale price	\$4.50
36x72 size, sale price	\$2.35
30x60 size, sale price	\$1.75
27x54 size, sale price	\$1.35
8x19 Art Squares, with borders; today's price \$12.50; sale price	\$8.50

CARPETS

\$2.50 Velvet Carpets, suitable for room, hall and stairs, closing out price\$1.50
\$2.00 Velvet Carpets, suitable for room, hall and stairs, closing out price\$1.25
\$2.00 Brussels Carpet for room, hall and stairs, closing out price, per yard\$1.00
\$1.25 Crex Hall Runner, 36 inches wide, in green or brown, closing out price...\$1.00
\$1.00 Crex Hall Runner, 27 inches wide, closing out price

CARPETS

ing out price 75c
50c Matting in plain white or fancy China, closing out price 35c
\$6.50 Straw Art Squares, 9x12, closing out price, each\$5.50
Straw Rugs 50c and 75c each
Cretones, Serims and Lace Nets, an excellent showing and we assure you they will not last long at prices they are marked.

RAG RUGS

In all colors and sizes to match the floor covering for bedrooms, cool and washable.
\$18.50 Rag Rugs, 9x12, pink, blue, green, tan or gray, sale price\$14.00
\$16.50 Rag Rugs, 8x10, in all shades, closing price\$12.50
7.6x10.6, sale price\$10.00
\$12.50 Rag Rugs, 6x9, in all shades, closing price\$8.50
\$3.00 Rag Rugs, 36x72, sale price\$2.35
Smaller sizes at reduced prices.

CONGOLEUM RUGS IN ALL SIZES

\$17.00 size 9x12 Congoeum Rug, closing out price\$12.50
\$14.50 size 9x10.6 Congoeum Rug, closing out price\$10.00
\$7.50 size 6x9 Congoeum Rug, closing out price\$5.00
36x72 Congoeum Rug, today's price \$2.50, closing out price\$1.50
36x72 Congoeum Rugs, today's price \$2.85; sale price\$1.50
36x54 Congoeum Rugs, today's price \$2.10; sale price\$1.10
Congoeum, two yards wide today's price \$2.00 per yard; sale price, a yard\$1.50
Inlaid Linoleums and Cork Carpet at reduced prices.

After 35 Years Must Retire From Active Business

This Is Your Chance to Secure Goods Impossible to Get Until the Great Overseas Struggle Ceases.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMP'Y

PLANNING TO FIGHT INDUSTRIAL HUNS

Not Neglecting Them While Fighting Military Forces.

Allies Will Not Lend Capital or Buy Masked Exports as They Have in the Past—War After War to Extend Commerce.

Washington, June 15.—While the allies are engaged in the struggle with German autocracy, the problem of meeting industrial aggression after the war also is receiving attention. France is debating regulations to compel registration of nationality by manufacturers and trades people, so that the nation which has borne the brunt of the German assault may not unwittingly send gold to provide funds for another war. Italy has issued a decree requiring declarations of nationality. Others of the allied countries are discussing similar measures, despite opposition in some official quarters to anything favoring of an "economic war after the war."

tries that Germany may attempt to market her goods when peace comes by means of "masked exports" giving the impression that they originated elsewhere. Official dispatches, quoting financial writers, say that it is to be expected France for some time after the war ends will be dependent upon imports, because the most important industrial districts have been devastated by the invaders and in order to prevent unwitting buying of enemy goods, three measures have been suggested, as follows:
1. To establish a personal register.
2. To establish a trade register.
3. To demand the national mark put on all goods imported into France.
With regard to the personal register it is the intention to make one for each community, containing the names and addresses of all the inhabitants, their birthplaces and the names of their parents. All storekeepers shall hang in their shops a sign plainly stating their nationality. On the basis of this personal register, a trade register shall be kept, as in Italy, Spain, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Switzerland, Hungary and Germany.
There is no intention of boycotting German goods. Economists have pointed out that such a step would be a senseless thing to do and the intention in France is only to control the German imports and keep them within bounds so they will do no harm. To that end the French syndicates have suggested that it be made obligatory for all imports to bear the national trade mark of the country of origin.
Writers in neutral European countries have pointed out that such international protective system would do away with all suspicion regarding the origin of goods, make access to the big

markets easier and protect them against being monopolized by the more powerful states.
Germany is not missing any chance to prepare for business after the war, plans in the making including one of such tremendous proportions as a canal between the Black Sea and the Baltic. The Lubeck chamber of commerce has reported that the canal would shorten the transportation of petroleum from Batoum to Hamburg by 3,000 kilometers, new markets for German goods would be opened and Russian products could be obtained by Germany at much cheaper price than heretofore.
RYAN SAYS NOTHING BUT HE SAWS WOOD
Man in Charge of Airplane Production Has Sent Drafted Men to Forests to Get Out the Timber.
Washington, June 15.—John D. Ryan, financier and copper magnate, has been saying nothing ever since he took over direction of aircraft production, but considerable evidence has accumulated that points toward definite accomplishment in one direction that military men say it would be most dangerous to neglect.
That is the production of Airplane spruce.
War figures are all large, too large for most people to digest, but lumbermen say that Mr. Ryan has demanded 15,000,000 feet a month from the Cascade forests, and little things like the drafting of 9,000 men, the planning of logging railroads, and the mobilization

of rather large existing industry for war production, indicate that he intends to get it.
The consoling fact is that if American factories are late in making airplanes, so long as the raw material flow to France and England is maintained, the allies will have machines. Mr. Ryan's first move was to call in Colonel Disque, head of the spruce division, from Portland, Ore., and thereafter something was started. There had always been less criticism of the spruce production efforts than of anything else that had been done, largely because the expected consumption of the raw material did not develop. About 8,000,000 feet of spruce was the by-product of normal fir and other lumber cutting in the northwest each month. The allies were getting all of that from the open markets, and it was a simple matter for the American government to step in and take it all. It was also comparatively simple to increase prices a trifle, and double the normal production.
But when it comes to running the output up to the mark Mr. Ryan is credited with setting, a task is projected that is immense when compared to even the inflated standards of war work. It is because of the peculiar qualities of Sitka spruce that it maintains the stresses of high speed airplanes better than any other substance the world knows, and it is because of its peculiar distribution and habitat that the United States is finding it a difficult task to get enough of it. It had but low esteem as a commercial wood in the pre-war days, most of it getting into the waste piles of sawmill yards, though a little of the best and thickest, specially prepared, went into sounding boards of pianos. Queerly

enough, Germany was always a buyer of that portion of the product.
Now that the world needs spruce, a lot of Americans will have to buy Liberty bonds and keep on doing it indefinitely just because the Sitka spruce has a retiring disposition and its flanks about the places where it grows. It grows only when surrounded by trees of a different species, which habitat the lumberman is describing when he says that from 5 to 40 per cent of a given timber stand is the best that spruce shows. It likes the sea-fog from the Pacific ocean, and grows to valuable size only in scattered belts where the fog comes regularly.
Lastly, only about 35 or 40 per cent of the wood in the trunk has the strength, toughness, and resiliency that airplane struts and spars require. It takes special machinery and special handling in hundreds of mills, small and large, to get out this 35 per cent.
It isn't practicable or possible, the lumber operators find, to take out the spruce unless surrounding trees are also removed. All the logs are immense in size and it takes railroads, motor trucks, or donkey engine cables to move them. Working out the problem means that to get the 15,000,000 feet or airplane spruce will require the handling of at least 100,000,000 feet of other timber monthly. It will involve also problems concerning the disposition, present and future of the unused fir and other timber that comes out with the spruce.
But immense as the task is, there are signs that it is being done. Mr. Ryan continues his refusal to talk about the method. And it only takes 200 board feet of spruce to make one airplane.

WAR KILLED THIS INDUSTRY.

Mexican Women No Longer Dress Up Fleas for the Market.
Juarez, Mexico, June 15.—War in Europe has crushed another small business in a neutral country. Dressing fleas for market is no longer a profitable business in Mexico and the little insects have disappeared from the show cases of curio stores that line Calle Comercio in this rambling border town.
Dressed fleas were long a staple article in the stores and shops here frequented by tourists. In little boxes, no bigger than the blunt end of a lead pencil, these adorned fleas could be seen through reading glasses in all the glory of their wedding or christening finery. Mexican women toiled for days in dressing these diminutive insects, using the point of a needle to attach the bits of bright cloth and lace

to the bodies of these wee pests. Through the microscope these dressed fleas appeared as miniature persons with hats, dresses and suits covering their tiny forms.
When the United States government limited passports to persons on necessary business, the tourist travel to Juarez ceased and, automatically, so did the demand for dressed fleas.
Jumping Mexican beans, another offering of the curio stores, have ceased to be sold for the same reason. Hundreds of these little, wormy, beans were sold to travellers from the United States when the port was open.
Drawnwork, pottery, hand carved canes, mantillas and Mexican confections are rapidly disappearing from the shelves and many of these curio stores have closed their doors since the tourist embargo became effective.

You Can't Rub It Away; Rheumatism is in the Blood

Liniments Will Never Cure.
If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will?
Do not try to rub the pain away, for you will never succeed. Try the sensible way of finding the cause of the pain, and curing it. Remove the cause, and here you can obtain it. You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has never had an equal as a blood purifier and scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of rheumatism, and removed all traces of the disease from their system.
Get a bottle of S. S. S. at your drug store, and get on the right treatment to-day. If you want special medical advice, you can obtain it free by addressing Medical Director, 23 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.