

JAPAN AGREES WITH AMERICA ON RUSSIA

Send Soldiers to Help Czechoslovaks.

Many Japanese Leaders, However, Feel That More Emphatic Military Steps Should Be Taken Against Hun.

Tokio, July 16.—According to information in Tokio the plans of the United States in Russia are two-fold: First, military assistance to the Czechoslovaks, and, second, giving general economic help to Russia.

The United States is described as being of the feeling that the Czechoslovaks should not be abandoned while they are striving to reach their aim. It is said there is no desire on the part of the American government to intervene in Russian affairs, but that it favors the dispatch of sufficient forces to leave the Czechoslovaks free to insure the safe arrival of their comrades from the interior.

The impression here tonight is that Japan in a spirit of co-operation with her allies will follow the suggestion and like the Americans, send troops, Great Britain and France, it is said, also will send small contingents so as to make the movement inter-allied.

GREAT VICTORY THRILLS AMERICA AS TALE UNFOLDS

(Continued From Page One.) Allies did not expect the attack where it actually took place and that the laconic army communique did not state whether the Germans were able to utilize the factor of surprise, adds:

"It will only be possible to perceive the strategic intentions of the German army command from the further course of the battle."

Gen. Von Ardenne also considers it probable that the German attack will not be confined to the sector near Rheims.

"Victory yet is not a complete one," he concludes, "but the Fatherland has hopes that it will become so."

The military critic of the Deutsche Tageszeitung says the only certainty is that Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is again taking the initiative; that the Entente allies are being weakened and that everything which happens during the course of the fighting had its good grounds.

Yesterday the Cologne Gazette considers the number of prisoners taken a high one when it is borne in mind that there was no question of a complete surprise attack. The Entente allies did not allow themselves to be outbanned or cut off.

The correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung also refers to the difficulty of utilizing the factor of surprise "without which" it adds "success can hardly be expected."

Foch May Deal Major Blow The most promising consideration of the counter-attack officers believe, aside from renewed proof of the fighting abilities of the Entente, is the fact that Gen. Foch has now sufficient force to unleash a major counter-stroke, for the blow today is nothing less than that, however limited its fixed objective for today may have been.

Whether the present counter-stroke will enlarge into an allied offensive cannot be known until the events of the next few days are known. If the present Franco-American thrust should realize all the possibilities seen in it by observers abroad and force the Germans out of the whole Aisne-Marne salient it seems highly probable to officials here that General Foch might feel warranted in expanding that success through offensive operations on other fronts.

Stopping the Invasion A narrower construction on today's events fixes the stopping of the German drive west of Rheims as the purpose of the allied attack. In that case it is already certain that what has been accomplished today will go toward heading any menace the German assault might still have.

line would have. In effect, General Foch struck at the rear of the enemy columns hammering at the French lines south of the Marne and there is little possibility of any serious effort to press forward there while the Franco-American drive is unchecked.

In any event, the reserves employed in and supporting today's drive stand between the enemy and Paris on the direct road. They hold the inside lines of the Champagne salient, which is regarded here as the sore point of the whole German campaign.

Signs have not been lacking that Gen. Foch had in mind some such enterprise as that launched today even before the German drive of last Monday began. The front from which he struck covers that upon which French "ribbling" tactics have been steadily employed for several weeks with good local gains regularly recorded.

Successful raids and improvement of positions were reported yesterday and today. The Germans apparently are becoming aroused over the British enterprises for the dispatches tell of increased artillery fire in those sectors.

It was suggested tonight that a thrust from the British front on a far wider scale than anything attempted there since the great German assault began last March might develop as a companion piece to the Franco-American effort. In that case, it was said, it would be clear that the tide of battle has turned and the German drive of 1918, their greatest military effort of the war and the campaign on which they have counted to achieve victory by arms, had been defeated.

ALLIED ATTACK WAS SHOCK TO GERMANS

(Continued From Page One.) barrage ended, shells from the American guns were deluging the enemy's positions. The playing havoc with his forces, whether those in retreat or reserves endeavoring to come up.

It was open warfare with all the attending excitement and through the gaps made by heavy guns and infantry, French cavalry dashed beating down those in their path. Terrific losses were inflicted at all points on the enemy. The tanks did all that was expected of them. The great lumbering engines rolled along in front of the infantry driving the Germans before them with streams of bullets and clearing away many obstructions that had escaped the artillery.

The enemy early began to bring up strong reinforcements. Fresh troops have appeared at various points and a heavy counterattack will probably have to be withstood.

One the line south of Soissons the American troops carried all their objectives in the second attack with the same dash as the first, even proceeding further than had been expected.

The enemy was routed and for the most part fled before the American advance, abandoning even light guns and ammunition. Only here and there along the line was strong resistance offered and at these points the Germans were attacked with rifle and bayonet, before which they retreated steadily.

So far has the attack progressed that tonight the enemy in the vicinity of Chateau Thierry is considered to be in a somewhat dangerous position—one in which he will have to act quickly.

The American troops, including those returning, bandaged, are in high spirits. The Americans have received warm expressions of thanks from the French commanders.

GERMANS SO SURPRISED THEY WHEELED "KAMERAD" AT ONCE On the French front in France, July 18.—(By The Associated Press).— Noon.—When the Entente allies' attack began at dawn today the Germans were surprised and offered slight resistance in the advanced lines, many immediately throwing up their arms and shouting "Kamerad!"

The barrage fire preceded the waves of infantry, but one of the heaviest storms of shells in the history of the war was directed against the Germans had taken shelter in their dugouts from the deluge and the Entente allied troops were among them with grenades and bayonets which they had time to turn round.

Many prisoners are coming in. The Entente troops are displaying the utmost fervor in the attack, their desire being to strike a strong blow in return for the recent German assault.

It is the first time this year that the Entente allies have counter-attacked on such a big front. Their operation directly affects the position of the German western flank and probably will cause the German crown prince to hurry some of his reserves to the scene of the fighting from the Marne and the Champagne where yesterday and today everything was quiet.

The Germans have widely announced that their armies were engaged in an offensive war movement. This operation gives them the other side of such warfare, in which the allies have taken the initiative.

ATTACK CONTINUES WELL, SAYS FRENCH CAPITAL DISPATCH Paris, July 18.—The counter-attack of the French and allied forces on the battle front between the Aisne and the Marne rivers continues under favorable conditions, according to the dispatches received here at this hour from the army headquarters in the field.

NEWS YESTERDAY AFTERNOON WAS GOOD WORK CONTINUED Paris, July 18.—3:50 p. m.—Unofficial news from the zone of the French offensive since the communication was issued by the war office today shows

PERFAC ENABLES YOU TO RID YOURSELF OF STOMACH, KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES. SOLD AND ENDORSED BY ALL GOOD DRUG STORES

DISCUSSION OF SITUATION IS WIDESPREAD NOW IN JAPAN

London, July 18.—Discussion of the question of Japanese intervention in Siberia has become general in Japan and is occupying public attention to the exclusion of all other topics, says a Tokio dispatch dated Tuesday, July 16, to the Daily Express.

The impression is growing, the message says, that Japan is about to take action. Japanese business interests are chary regarding intervention and the stock market in Tokio on Tuesday was depressed, and early decision in favor of sending an expedition being expected.

Various Japanese political parties have held meetings to consider the attitude of the Kensei-Kai and Selyukai groups, both these parties having hesitated to take a definite stand. They are more inclined, it is said, to oppose intervention than to accept it.

Viscount Kato, former foreign minister, in an address to the Kensei-Kai while not opposing intervention and declaring that if the entente allies were in agreement and relied upon Japan's good faith, Japan must not refuse, said, nevertheless, he doubted the possibility of an expedition reaching the Ural mountains and feared that an advance only as far as Irkutsk would not achieve the object for which intervention was undertaken.

SWAM ACROSS THE MARNE AND IS AWARDED WAR CROSS With the American Army in Lorraine, July 18.—(By the Associated Press).—General Pershing has awarded the distinguished service cross to Lieut. Walter Flannery of Pittsburgh, who swam the Marne under heavy fire on the night of June 3 and brought back wounded soldiers who had escaped from their German captors, but who were unable to get across the river.

For this rescue Lieutenant Flannery recently received the French war cross. Distinguished service crosses also have been awarded by General Pershing to Lieut. Joseph J. Brown, Sergeant James Hyde and Corporal Henry Willard for gallant conduct in Belleau wood, and to Sergeant Charles Cunningham for driving off an enemy raid in Alsace after he had been wounded.

CAMP TRANSFERRED FROM WEST POINT TO FAYETTEVILLE (By The Associated Press.) Washington, July 18.—Because of difficulty encountered in getting land at West Point, Ky., the war department is considering transferring to Fayetteville, N. C., an artillery training camp planned for the Kentucky town. This rescue Lieutenant Flannery recently received the French war cross.

ARMY OFFICER DIES FROM WOUND MADE BY HOST Baltimore, Md., July 18.—Major John R. King, a designing engineer at the United States proving ground, Aberdeen, Md., died at 8:30 o'clock tonight from a bullet wound inflicted by Charles Halward Johnson, 34, last night, in whose home Major King had a room.

State's Attorney McComas took a deposition from Major King, which is said to be in part as follows: "Johnson shot me. He came to my room and told me to leave the house. I said I could not leave on such short notice. Johnson slammed the door to my room. I told him that was a very unmanly thing to do. We had words and Johnson said I would go and go tonight. The shooting followed."

Johnson, who was released on \$10,000 bail, will be re-arrested. It is understood he will plead self-defense.

WELL FOR THE LAND SAKE! On Board Battleship Nine Months and Didn't Know It. Cumberland, Md., July 18.—Benjamin L. Martin, Jr., of the U. S. Army Corps, and his brother, Edward W. Martin, water tender, both of the U. S. S. Arkansas, traveled on the ocean aboard the same ship for nine months neither knowing that the other was aboard.

The boys met recently when they were leaving the ship at the same time to go on a furlough.

The brothers had not seen each other for nine years, prior to boarding the Arkansas—one as a marine and one as a sailor.

BARNEY OLDFIELD WINS WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP UNLINTOWN, Pa., July 18.—Roy Chevrolet today won the 112-1/2 mile independent automobile derby on the Unlinton road. He finished one minute ahead of Omar Holt, who took second place. Chevrolet's time was 1:11:22.45, an average of 95 miles per hour. Eddie Hearne was third.

Barney Oldfield won the international world's championship over Arthur Dury in a five-lap race. He averaged 101 miles per hour, finishing the race despite the fact that Dury was forced out of the third lap by tire trouble.

COLLISION WITH TREE CAUSES AVIATOR'S DEATH San Antonio, Tex., July 18.—Flying so low that their plane collided with a tree, Second Lieut. Cary L. Waples, Hyde Park, Mass., and First Lieut. T. H. Highley, figured in an unusual accident ten miles from Kelley field this morning. Waples was killed instantly, while Highley was uninjured. The airplane caught fire after the collision.

AMERICANS HAVE TAKEN OVER 4,000 GERMANS AND MANY GUNS

London, July 18.—French troops have gained the ravine at the river Crise running into Soissons on a five-mile front down to the east of Bucancy which means a maximum advance at this point of five miles, according to news received in London tonight.

The Americans operating in the region west of Soissons, the dispatches add, have taken 4,000 prisoners, 30 guns and much other material which has not yet been estimated.

GERMAN EMPRESS AND PRINCE VISIT WOUNDED SOLDIERS Geneva, Switzerland, July 18.—The German empress, accompanied by the Prince Joachim, has been visiting the hospitals in the Rhine towns since Sunday by way of Basel. The hospitals are said to be crowded with wounded mostly Prussian soldiers from the zone of the German offensive along the Marne. Bavarian and Saxon wounded are being sent into the interior.

The empress is reported to have broken down and wept at seeing so many wounded at Strassburg. Large new wings, the advices say, are being added to the hospitals at Cologne and Mannheim. In the meantime the Wolf Bureau, the German semi-official news agency, continues to announce that the German losses have been very insignificant.

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT ACCEPTS PLAN TO SEND SOME TROOPS Tokyo, July 18.—(By the Associated Press).—Japanese newspapers today publish the terms of an American proposal to send American troops to Siberia. The newspapers declare that the Japanese government has decided to accept the suggestion made by the American government that Japan also send troops.

London, July 18.—The Japanese government has reached a decision which was the outcome of proposals from the United States, says a dispatch from Tokyo to the Times under date of July 18, on the joint American-Japanese intervention in Siberia. The American proposals, the dispatch adds, were different from those made by the Japanese.

Roosevelt Pleads for Lofty Ideals in Nation's Homes (Continued From Page One.) they shall come home to the nation which we by our actions have made a nation they can be proud to have fought for and to have died for.

Besides Colonel Roosevelt's address the convention listened to a patriotic keynote speech by former Representative J. Sloat Fassett, elected him temporary chairman named a platform and credentials committee and received and referred to the platform committee several resolutions. One of these demanded that United States Senator Wadsworth support the federal reserve bill, and that the platform committee or resign. Another called for a referendum on Sunday baseball.

The platform committee subsequently elected Miss Mary Garrett Hay of New York, she being compromise candidate acceptable to the rival factions. The platform committee continued at work tonight.

GERMAN COMMENTS ARE CONSERVATIVE (Continued From Page One.) ed counter-attack against the whole of our front south of the Marne.

"By evening the battle was decided in our favor. The enemy's attack broke down with the heaviest losses. Our counter-attack threw the enemy out of small places southeast of Marcellin lake which he had temporarily penetrated.

"On the north bank of the river, the enemy also endeavored vainly to contest our success.

"In storming the ridge south of Pourcy we took its defenders and regimental commander prisoners and captured several guns.

"Twenty-three enemy airplanes were shot down yesterday."

SPEEDY AMERICANS CATCH HUN PLANES (Continued From Page One.) looking Fontenoy on the extreme left and had progressed to Mont de Paris, within a mile of the city of Soissons.

The French are on the western outskirts of Chouy and Neuilly-St. Front and from there to Belleau wood the average depth of the advance is about three miles.

East of Rheims the allies have captured Prunay.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS At Fuchs' Cash Dep't Store DRESSES Big reduction in Voile Dresses for this week-end. \$11.00 Voile Dresses reduced to \$8.50 \$9.50 Voile Dresses reduced to \$7.48 \$7.50 Voile Dresses reduced to \$6.48 SILK SWEATER COATS SPECIALS Pretty Sweater Coats in a large range of colors, also purple, \$10.00 values, reduced to \$7.48 SMALL NOTION BARGAINS Angorina Knitting Cotton, in all colors, also Khaki, per ball 15c All sizes in Milward's Needles, 25 to the package, for 15c All collar edges in Stiver Trimmings, a bolt 10c Large can talcum, 1 pound net weight, Airfloat, special per can 25c Oval can Jap Rose Talcum, per can 10c Mosquito Talcum, pleasant odor, will drive off mosquitoes, special per oval can 10c Kirk's Olive Soap 10c Kirk's Cocoa Hard Water Soap, Castile, special, a bar 10c White Seal Laundry Soap, special 5c Kirk's Spring Boquet 10c, three bars for 25c Imperial Shaving Sticks, special for, each 10c BIG LINE OF SHOE POLISHES AND SHOE CLEANERS Muffy White Kid Cleaner 35c Chain Lightning White Cleaner, each 25c White Right of Paste Cleaner, box 25c Everlasting Black Kid Dye, bottle 25c All Polish, 2 in 1 and Albo Polishes, per can 15c MEN'S DEPARTMENT 25c Men's Sox, a pair 15c 35c Men's Sox, all colors 25c 50c Men's Fancy Silk Collars, at 35c Men's Lyon Brand Laundered Collars, each 20c Men's White Soft Collars 20c Men's and Boys' Wash Ties, big assortment, each 10 and 15c Men's all Silk Ties, from 50c to \$2.50

J. W. H. Fuchs' Dep't Store THE STORE FOR SERVICE

ALLIES IN STRONG OFFENSIVE THAT MAY INFLUENCE THE WAR

(Continued From Page One.) dawn today along the western side of the salient formed by the German advance in May and drove back the enemy pell-mell everywhere or made them prisoners.

The depth of the advance cannot be exactly determined tonight but it certainly is several miles on the average.

The allied commander-in-chief had permitted the enemy to exhaust a large portion of his forces in striking the blows on both sides of Rheims

BAPTIST MINISTER ARRESTED FOR SEDITIOUS UTTERANCES

Gaffney, S. C., July 18.—Dr. F. G. Hickson, Baptist minister and osteopathic practitioner, was arrested here this morning charged with making seditious utterances. He was committed to jail, default of bail in the sum of \$2,000. Hickson is alleged to have said in several conversations that President Wilson should have been assassinated for getting the United States into the war. He denies making the statement. The defendant is a candidate for county superintendent of education and announces that he will conduct his campaign from the jail and will make no effort to give bond.

Middle Aged Women Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. In Such Cases LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND has the greatest record for the greatest good. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. Lynn, Mass.

