

THE MORNING STAR
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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1918.

GERMANS HAVE THREE DAYS TO ANSWER AS TO ARMISTICE.

The German armistice delegation met and conferred with General Foch yesterday morning and received from the allied generalissimo the conditions of the armistice sought by representatives of the German government. The German representatives formally requested an armistice with a view to arrange for a conference of the belligerent nations to bring the war to an end.

General Foch furnished the delegation with the armistice conditions but they were not given out for publication. They were supplemented with the amendments and reservations specified by the allied war council, which left to General Foch the conditions and arrangements for an armistice should the Germans agree to his conditions. The delegation was given seventy-two hours in which to confer with the German government and answer. That means three days grace for the Berlin government's answer.

Doubtless, the matter will be decided before Monday morning, as it is stated that the reichstag met last night to give all parties an opportunity to consider the armistice conditions and the amended allied terms and to determine what course is to be taken with reference to the conditions.

It is also stated in the dispatches that at Spa, not very far back of the German line, Government representatives are gathered to receive and consider the conditions of General Foch. Evidently that arrangement was made to facilitate action on the part of the Germans with regard to the arrangement for an armistice. The Kaiser himself is said to be at Spa, which is German grand army headquarters.

Tensely has the world waited for this momentous day. The people of all nations manifest keen anxiety as to the result of the German parley with General Foch. All day long yesterday the people of this country momentarily expected a prompt answer from the Germans. No answer came, however, but it is bound to come between now and Monday morning. What will the answer be?

GREAT WAR INDUSTRY IN FULL BLAST.

One huge industry that cost the United States government millions of dollars is now in full blast, having begun operations about two weeks ago. It is the government cyanamid-nitrate plant at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, known officially as United States Nitrate Plant No. 2. It is a great hydro-electric plant and will annually turn out about 250,000 pounds of high explosives, worth about \$45,000,000.

This was one of the rapidly built war emergency plants of the government. An article in the Manufacturers Record state that the first ground for this immense industry was broken February 6, 1918, or a little more than eight months ago.

Under ordinary conditions the construction would have required about three years. The work represents an outlay of approximately \$50,000,000. More than 22,000 men were employed in the handling and erecting of 30,000 tons of cement, 14,000 tons of machinery and other materials, making up an aggregate of 700,000 tons of freight delivered to the site between January and October of this year.

The unique character of the plant developed many intricate problems, including the recruiting of industrial labor on a large scale, the building of a temporary village for the construction force and a permanent village with all modern conveniences, steam heat, electricity, sewers, stores, churches, schools, hospitals, etc., and the feeding of a great army of workmen three times a day.

The plant site covers an area of approximately three square miles. The plant proper is about a mile long and three-fourths of a mile wide. A steam turbine electric generating plant produces 40,000 horse-power. The balance of the power requirements will be taken from the Alabama Power Co. The lime-kilns, which burn over 1,000 tons of limestone per day for use in the process, are the largest in the world, as are also the plants for making carbide and liquid air.

By way of explaining the need of this plant, the Manufacturers Record says: "Owing to the vast amount of explosives called for by the military program, the Ordnance Department in 1917 faced a serious problem because of the lack of nitrate in this country, which form the basis of all military explosives. The shortage of ships prevented the movement of adequate quantities of nitrates from South America, and even if the nitrate could have been obtained, the country's capacity of sulphuric acid for converting the nitrate to nitric acid and the base for the fixing of nitric acid were wholly inadequate. The only alternative was to utilize the nitrogen of the air as a source of both ammonia and nitric acid, used in making high explosives. There was only one organization on this continent with practical experience in the art of fixing air nitrogen, namely, the American Cyanamid Co., with plants at Niagara Falls and Warners, N. J., the former in operation since 1909, the latter since 1918. On the request of the Ordnance Department this organization formed a subsidiary company known as Air Nitrates Corporation to act as the agent of the United States for the construction of three air nitrate plants employing the cyanamid process. The first and largest of these was located at Muscle Shoals. The other two are under construction at Cincinnati, O., and Toledo, O."

The Muscle Shoals plant will be needed, war or no war, and it will not be shut down. It will be a money maker, for whether the government needs its product or not the farmers of the country will require nitrates for fertilizing their fields and for increasing America's crop production.

FIFTY PER CENT INCREASE IN PORK.

Mississippi is pulling a fifty per cent increase in pork production for the coming year. It is proposed to do it through strongly financed boys' pig clubs and already 10,000 boys have been enlisted in the work. The boys were furnished with pigs this fall and they will be fed and looked after under the supervision of the farm demonstration agents. Next spring there will be a big census and plans have been arranged for distributing next year's pigs into sections that want them. Plans are already taking shape throughout the state and bankers, merchants and business men in every community are heartily financing the boys and farmers as well. The whole state is working for a fifty per cent increase in hog production next year. Mississippi also will raise the pasture and feed crops that will take care of her great hog industry. Her hog production already is large and last season Mississippi hogs were shipped to Wilmington's packing house market. Both of Wilmington's packing houses are now in the market for hogs and beef cattle.

SUNDAY SERVICES

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., pastor—Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath school at 3:30 p. m. Junior Christian Endeavor at 10:30. Intermediate Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. Senior Christian Endeavor at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. Seats free. A welcome to all.

Immanuel Presbyterian church, Front and Queen streets, Rev. D. T. Caldwell, pastor—Sabbath day services: Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sabbath school, 3 p. m. Christian Endeavor, 7 p. m. Mid-week prayer service Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Brotherhood and Ladies' auxiliary Tuesday night at 7:30. Friends welcome.

The Church of the Covenant (Presbyterian), Fifteenth and Market streets, Rev. J. Oscar Mann, pastor—Services Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Sunday night service at 8 o'clock. Mid-week prayer service Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend services at this church.

Third and Orange streets, Rev. John M. Wells, D. D., pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Dr. Wells will preach at both services. Subjects, morning, "Our Enemies' Greeting, 'The Tongue.'" Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Christian Endeavor, 7:15 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. All are cordially invited to these services.

John H. Felt Avenue Methodist church, Rev. J. H. McCracken, pastor—Preaching 11 a. m., subject, "How Jesus Spent the Sabbath in Nazareth, His Old Home." Preaching 7:30 p. m., subject, "The Importance of Redeeming the Time." Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Epworth League Tuesday, 8 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 p. m. All strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend all the services.

Church of the Good Shepherd (Episcopal), Sixth and Queen streets, Rev. F. D. Dean, rector—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Holy communion and sermon at 11 o'clock by the Rev. Duval Gwathmey, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church. Evening prayer, 5 o'clock. Song service and address by the rector at 8 p. m. Mid-week prayer service and choir rehearsal Wednesday at 7:45 p. m. Strangers and visitors invited to all these services.

Church of the Ascension (Episcopal), Third and Marstell streets, Rev. F. D. Dean, rector—Sunday school, 9:45 a. m. Evening prayer and address by H. Edmund Rodgers at 8 o'clock. Mid-week prayer service and choir rehearsal Tuesday at 8 p. m. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services at this church.

Calvary Baptist church, J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Sunday worship at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sermon subjects, morning, "I Myself Am Also a Man;" night, "We Cannot Deny It." Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; J. W. Hollis, superintendent. Junior B. Y. P. U., 8:45 p. m. Sunbeams, Monday 2:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night, home prayer meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

Advent Christian church, Fourth and Church, Rev. J. T. Johnson, pastor—Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11, subject: "Toiling in the Word of Life." Night service at 7:30. Subject: "The Kingdom of God, Where, When?" Ladies' sewing circle Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at No. 423 South Front street; mid-week prayer service in the annex, Thursday night at 7:30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend these services, and a special invitation is extended shipyard workers.

Bladen Street Methodist church, Fifth and Bladen, Rev. E. C. Bell, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., subjects, morning, "Faith That Triumphs;" evening, "The Sin of Deception." Sunday school at 3:30 in the afternoon. All are invited; strangers, visitors and newcomers will find a hearty and home-like welcome.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, 16th and Market, Rev. D. L. Gwathmey, rector—Twenty-fourth Sunday after Trinity; holy communion at 7:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:45; morning prayer and sermon by Rev. E. D. Dean at 11 a. m.; evening prayer and address by the rector at 8 p. m.; meeting of "Little Helpers" Monday 3:30 p. m.; service of intercession every Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Visitors are cordially welcomed.

St. Matthew's Lutheran church—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 3:30 p. m.; Luther League Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Seats are free and all are welcome.

Corporal George Sloan of Battery B, 4th artillery, has reached the other side safely, friends will be glad to hear. Word of his landing was received yesterday.

Grace Methodist church, Fourth and Grace, Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor. Services at 11 and 7:30 by the pastor. Subject at the morning hour, "Who is Sufficient for These Days?" Sunday school at 9:45. All are invited.

I am Sincere! Stop Calomel!
I Guarantee Dodson's Liver Tone

Listen to me! Calomel sickens and you may lose a day's work. If bilious, constipated or headachy read my guarantee.

Every druggist in town—your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling-off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it, while Dodson's Liver Tone is perfectly safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle costs but a few cents, and if it fails to give easy relief in every case of liver sluggishness and constipation you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant tasting, purely vegetable preparation, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and you will feel fine; no biliousness, no headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't grip the next day like violent calomel.

TOP OF THE MORNING

God keep ye safe for me,
 Christ watch ye in your sleeping,
 Where ye have died for me
 And when ye'll be my own
 soundeth.
 All the dead world's dust awak-
 ening,
 Ah, will ye look for me?
 Bravely we'll stand together
 I and my sons with me.
 —From "The Gray Mother," L. Mac-
 Lean Watt.

Flying rumors can't beat the flying Hun.

Oh, well, what's a few patches between friends?

The complexion of congress does not look good to us.

A new era is about to set in. Will it set you back?

Everything that went up will be obliged to come down.

Sow that wheat and you won't have to worry about cotton's annual trouble.

It becomes more evident every day that the Austrians have cut their eye-teeth.

Every day between now and Thanksgiving day brings more for us to be thankful for.

Teddy sees himself playing autocor over the next congress. When he does, the fun will commence.

Some men pit their opinions against each other. Others divide up in accordance with their imaginations.

The big drive for \$170,500,000 for the war relief organizations will begin next week. We must come across for the boys.

The Philadelphia Public Ledger suggest "a cure for Prussianism." Gosh! The allies have given Prussianism the proper dose.

"Of agin, on agin, gone agin, Flinnigin." Here we go. The election is over. The next thing on the program is going right ahead.

You don't know what a day may bring forth. The world lives in expectancy of the best. It is the unexpected that makes the most startling news.

Among other things you have got to think about is how early you can do your Christmas shopping without having to pay a dollar for something worth a quarter.

The republicans got the most votes in Tuesday's election for first one reason and another. The vote was not all republican. Lots of it was pro-German—anything to go against President Wilson.

North Carolina is all right but indifferent men who did not go to the polls and vote last Tuesday didn't have a thing to do with it. They will do more kicking than anybody else during the next two years.

Retrenchment and reform will be the order of the day when the new republican congress gets under way in December next year. When the prices of commodities tumble and wages slump from the high scale they will have to take the blame.

What has become of all those millions of bushels of wheat that they used to tell us was shut in Russia on account of the closing of the Dardanelles? Even Russia is asking us to hurry and send them something to eat before it is too late?

John Stuart Mill said: "Popular opinions are often true, but seldom or never the whole truth." Popular opinions depend for sanity upon the intelligence of the populace. In Russia Bolshevick opinion prevails because Russia is mostly Bolshevik.

On Tuesday, Chile's merchant marine was increased by the addition of 84 ships. The ships belonged to Germany but Chile seized them to prevent their crews from doing damage to them. Chile also needed a few ships right away.

The republican slogan in the election was "win the war." Wilson had already won it. The allies had the matter of peace and the terms of surrender, whether unconditional or not, in hand, and we will have peace their way long before the republican congress will begin to function more than a year from now. As an issue, "unconditional surrender" had about as much business in the recent election as what will be done with Germany's colonies in Africa, Great Britain, France and Italy will look on that as their job.

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 Christ watch ye in your sleeping,
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MORE GERMAN "SOAP."

Letter after letter from the boys in the 30th division, the boys who smashed "Hindys" line at the famous canal tunnel September 29, is being published in papers all over the state and numerous writers bear witness to the story of the "rendering out" of the dead bodies of Hun soldiers, to get grease. This story, first printed months ago, has gone about the world, shocking even the people least surprised at any story of Hun barbarity and savagery. Frankly, the world couldn't quite believe it. It surpassed belief that any human beings had so little human feeling in them as to take the bodies of their comrades and cook them up for fat.

Nevertheless, if any confirmation were needed, the 30th division has loads of it. A very fair sample of what these men are writing back home is contained in a letter from Sergt. J. T. Allen of Gibsonville, N. C., to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Allen, and published in The Daily News of Greensboro. Hear him:

"Before closing I will tell you of the most horrible thing I have ever seen. You remember reading in the papers several months ago about the Germans making soap from their dead. It sounded incredible, didn't it? But it is true, for I have seen with my own eyes the horrible places where the process is carried out. It was in a tunnel in old channel that we captured. I did not believe it so I went in and saw for myself. There were vats connected by a pipe. One contained the dead bodies. The other the liquid extract from the dead bodies. On leaving the Germans made an effort to camouflage their dirty work but we were too close on their heels. By the side of the vats there was a pile of dead Germans ready to be put through the process. Again I want to say that no rumors, it is what I have seen with my own eyes. I do not believe that you will doubt my word. But it sounds so incredible that one can hardly believe."

CURRENT COMMENT

J. G. Blake, who didn't get to be clerk of court, was in town yesterday. We never could understand why a man who could raise as big potatoes as Mr. Blake, could want to be clerk of court. He was merely a desire to become citizen of dear old Burgaw.—Fender Chronicle.

John Motley sure did cut a dash in the election. With all of his glaring ads and "ball" he only received 31 votes in New Hanover county, and the republican vote in this county two years ago was near 600. Tuesday last only 363 of the faithful "John" men. Going to try again, John!—New Bern Barnian.

The prohibition clause that was tacked on to the food stimulation bill is still in conference, and the question now arises as to its necessity and appropriateness in view of the approach of war. There was no justification for it, except as a war measure, and it is practically closed. The further manufacture of distilled liquors has already been prohibited and the brewing of malt liquors is to cease on December 1 by the president's order. The prohibition, however, proposed to go further. It provides that the sale of all alcoholic beverages shall cease June 30, 1919, and that the manufacture of wines and beer shall be stopped January 1, 1919. The president's order makes this enactment superfluous. Food saving, and the rider will simply have the effect of forcing prohibition on the country by congressional fiat. As the constitutional amendment is now before the people of the country for ratification by the state legislatures, why should this rider have the right of way and be used as a means of securing snap judgment for prohibition? Why not let the congress return to Washington and dispose of the rider with a sober second thought with respect to the subject, in accordance with the changed situation.—Baltimore Sun.

Daily as telegrams received by relatives announcing the deaths of North Carolinians killed in action September 29 continue to grow in number, grows the certainty that the Thirtieth or "Old Hickory" Division in breaking the Hindenburg Line at Cambrai was literally shot to pieces by the Hun. The Tar Heels, South Carolinians and Tennesseans broke through the line at its strongest point, they got what they went after, and that is a soldier's job. Never were braver men, and the stories filtering through show that the only reason the dead did not die in their tracks, as the saying goes, was that they left these tracks and crawled forward after the Hun. When they came to grips with the Hun they made their presence felt, and the Hindenburg Line thereabouts was broken never to be restored. The old Third North Carolina Regiment appears to have been the hardest hit. There are various reports and rumors concerning the fearful casualties in B. company of Raleigh. No doubt these reports are exaggerated; but the best is had enough and hourly messages come pouring in of the death of the boys of this community. Company of Raleigh county went in with 208 men and came out with 67 effectives. It lost by death Capt. Ben Dixon, formerly of this city, but more recently of Asheboro, and its first lieutenant, gassed as well as wounded. In an English hospital letters home, however, tell of one of these taking eight Huns single-handed. The Thirtieth went through, which is what it was ordered to do. Other divisions of the army, no doubt, have done and will do as well; but none have or can do better. And it was only the other day that some pusillanimous partisan politicians were attempting to prove by the casualty lists that the Southern men in France were not being killed as fast as the Northerners! It very much looks as if shrapnel, bullets and gas do not ask an American soldier whether he lives north or south of the Mason-Dixon line when he attempts to break the Hindenburg Line. Anything that we at home can do to complete the winning of the war and to aid in establishing a just peace necessarily look small compared to sacrifices made by our boys in the 29th of September.—Raleigh Times.

MAJOR SEDMAN TRIUMPHANTLY RE-ELECTED.

In all the war and election excitement that has prevailed, we shall not forget to extend our congratulations to the democrats of the fifth congressional district for re-electing Representative Charles M. Sedman by an overwhelming majority over John W. Kurfess, republican. The whole district stood grandly by its distinguished and able congressman and the howls of prejudice emitted during the campaign against him all came to naught, just as we expected they would.

Kurfess, a drummer, thought he was running for congress a few weeks ago but he knows better now. Over and above the eminent merits of Major Sedman, we rather think Kurfess helped to roll up his majority by launching into an attack on one of the democrat's most reputable and popular statesman, a man whom all North Carolinians ought to honor, whether they be democrats or republicans. Kurfess' campaign was so palpably based on unprincipled misrepresentation that it must have disgusted the good republicans of the fifth district. Upstarts in politics generally come to the end of their row by putting their foot in it.

The friends of Major Sedman all over eastern North Carolina rejoice that the intelligent people of his district are loyal to him and have done themselves proud in honoring him. All honor to our former beloved Wilmingtonian.

When the newspaper man analyzes the election news he writes in the headlines the summarized facts that are apparent. The republican chairman and the democratic chairman each summarizes his hopes and tries to put the best light on the situation.

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 INSTANTLY RELIEVED WITH
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 OR MONEY REFUNDED ASK ANY DRUGGIST

"POPULAR FOR GENERATIONS"

PLANTEN'S
 C & C OR BLACK
 GAPSULES

FOR THE TREATMENT OF DISEASES
 KIDNEY, BLADDER & MUCOUS MEMBRANES
 —AT YOUR DRUGGIST—
 Ask for BY NAME ONLY, avoid imitation.

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Keep Up Buildings!
Roofing Costs Down

Electile (slate-surfaced, asphalt) Strip Shingles are long-lasting, fire-resisting and reasonably priced.

Supplied in individual shingles and strips, they can be put on easily and in less time than most other forms of roofing. Electile Roll Roofing is another convenient form of the same material.

Electile Slate-Surfaced Shingles and Roofing

Electile Slate Surfaced Shingles and Roll Roofing require no painting. They come in natural colors, dark red or grayish green, which are attractive and permanent.

Electile Shingles and Roofing are approved by the National Fire Underwriters and backed by our guarantee. For valleys and ridges use the Electile roofing in rolls.

Write or wire to roofing headquarters for prices and name of nearest dealer in Electile Shingles and Roll Roofing.

Carolina Portland Cement Co.
 Charleston, S. C.
 Atlanta Birmingham Jacksonville New Orleans

DAVID'S

HOW many days of service do you get for every dollar spent for clothes?

That's the only basis on which you can figure clothes economy. That's why we say Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are lowest priced; you get more wear and satisfaction for every dollar spent than in any others.

We Guarantee It.

The A. David Co.
 The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Clarkton, N. C., Sept. 18, 1918.

Mr. A. B. Croom, Jr., District Manager, The Mutual Life Ins. Co. of New York, Wilmington, N. C.

Dear Sir:—Referring to the fifteen year Endowment Policy No. 1386546 for \$2,000.00 matured by me in the Mutual Life on August 27, 1918, I take this means to express to you and through you to your Company my gratification at the splendid results shown under this policy.

I have received from you the Mutual Life Insurance Company's draft for \$2,602.74 in settlement of the Endowment and the dividend of \$602.64 apportioned on the policy.

I have calculated that this settlement amounts to a refund of all the premiums paid on the policy, and practically 3 per cent. compound interest on the premiums. In fact, if the dividend had been \$64.58 more, this settlement would have amounted to exactly a return of all the premiums and 3 per cent. compound interest.

When I consider the fact that I have had \$2,000.00 of insurance under this policy from the date of its issue, that I have had no taxes to pay on it, together with the absolute safety of the Mutual Life, I do not believe I could have obtained the same results with the same outlay in any other way.

Yours very truly,
GEO. H. CURRIE.

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COTTON OIL MILL BURNED WITH LOSS OF OVER \$200,000

Samson, Ala., Nov. 8.—The Douglas cotton oil mill was totally destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning entailing a loss of over \$200,000 to the property. It is believed that a small scrap of iron passing through the linting machine caused the spark which started the conflagration destroying machinery, a great quantity of cottonseed and caused the loss of a large amount of oil and other by-products.

23,000 LIMITED SERVICE NEGROES AT WORK AT BRAGG

Washington, Nov. 8.—The war department announced today that 23,000 negro draftees are to be furnished with work on extensions at Camp Bragg, N. C.

TURKEY AND TRIMMINGS FOR THE ALLIES

They'll see it.

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