

WARFIELD ATTACKS RAILROAD CONTROL

Utters Warning of Paternalism Running Into Autocracy and Revolution.

SPEAKS AT LAND CONGRESS

Director McAtee Scored for Withdrawal of Support from Land Organizations Maintained by Railroads of South.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Savannah, Nov. 11.—In a striking address before the southern land congress here this afternoon, met to consider southern development and the placing of returning American soldiers on southern lands, S. Davis Warfield, of Baltimore, president of the Southern Settlement and Development Organization, declared that agricultural and industrial development in the south, as throughout the country, must depend now that the war is over, upon the rapidly and the plans under which the people are to be permitted to resume control of their own affairs.

The congress was called under the auspices of four large land associations which were organized by the Southern Settlement and Development Organization, and which have some 3,000 members and represent 25 million acres of land. Fourteen states were represented. Mr. Warfield gave a brief history of the organization which he stated had, prior to government control, been mainly supported by the railroads operating in southern territory. He said he was not here to discuss the railroads except as they related to these organizations and their work.

The railroad administration policy of declining to continue former railroad contributions for the prosecution of development work, Mr. Warfield declared, means that if these organizations and agencies are to accomplish their ambitious and constructive aims for the development of these millions of acres of productive lands, the restoration of sanely regulated private management of the railroads is essential.

He stated that notwithstanding the appeal made in a petition signed by 27 southern senators from 15 states, that the national railroad administration continue the railroad contributions to the development organization; notwithstanding the outright offer to turn this organization over to federal control in order that its activities might be continued, the director general declined both propositions on the ground that contributions should not be made to a "private organization not under government control." Mr. Warfield said here that the organization had been chartered by the state treasury, thus attesting its public character. He continued:

"It is indeed unfortunate when an agency like this, which is admitted by the administration to be meritorious one, must be discontinued on a mere pretense in order that autocratic methods may be firmly entrenched, to replace those which have been the means of developing the southern country and which will continue to do so to a greater extent in proportion to the rapidly with which you have restored to you the management of your own affairs.

"For the financial support of this organization to be withdrawn from the one alleged, is not reassuring—what other single agency has done more or could do more, or as much, in providing the very beef and food asked for by one department of the government, and now assisting another department in providing for our returning soldiers? If one governmental department to make a comparison of a comparatively small amount of money, established this policy in times of war, when the products of our work are deemed essential to conduct it successfully and are called for by other departments, what have you to look forward to in the times of reconstruction you now face?"

"It may be natural that those in power should wish to perpetuate their great power, but recently granted to them, or as many of them as they can hold. But such an autocracy as the congress was compelled, under conditions of war to temporarily set up, was not undertaken for the purpose of creating conditions; and it may be safely believed that the congress intended it for no other purpose. Take care lest we now create in this country the very conditions which the lives of millions of men has been shed to destroy in other countries."

Asserting that for this very reason, questions arising from the two schools of thought—privately or government ownership of railroads, it is believed to be made political issues, and very soon occupy the attention of the two great political parties." Mr. Warfield said:

"The people of the country must decide upon one of two courses—one, for those who own the railroads to proceed along lines that will secure all that can be obtained for them through negotiation with government under prospective government ownership; and thus accept government ownership without regard to whether this is the best interest of the people as a whole; the other course is to treat the question as a public and an immediate issue which the railroads administration are now forcing upon the country, and must meet the issue by deciding whether the people are better served under a plan which will retain to them the property regulated private management.

DOCTORS SAY CALOTABS ARE BEST FOR COLDS

According to the world's greatest physicians and medical experts, Calomel is the best and only dependable remedy for breaking up a cold overnight or cutting short an attack of sore throat, deep-seated cough, influenza or a gripe. Now that science has purified Calomel of all its noxious and dangerous qualities, the new Calomel, called "Calotabs" is even more popular than the old style.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with your diet, work or pleasures. Next morning your cold has vanished and your whole system is purified and refreshed. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your druggist recommends and guarantees Calotabs and will refund the price if you are not delighted with them—adv.

ment of their properties, and preserve to them the benefits of individual initiative. "My own judgement is that only through comprehensive plans of control and regulation under private management and initiative, can the best results be obtained from any of the great industries of the country. It is earnestly to be hoped that the initiative of the American people and those characteristics known to the world as Americanism shall not be destroyed by a governmental policy of control or ownership that stifles individual effort and incentive."

Concerning the vital interests of the shippers of the country, in these problems, Mr. Warfield said:

"The shippers and land owners of the country are much concerned in the questions issue whether the railroads are owned and operated by the government or under private ownership and operation as any interest involved. The securities of their own companies, if they are corporations, are affected and if they are not corporations, their business is affected, by the sympathetic effect of any action that adversely affects the billions of railroad securities outstanding. More over the success of the shipper and land owners is dependent upon adequate and proper railroad and development service.

Labor has also to consider whether its interests would be protected under a system that would retard its expansion and subject it to all the evils made possible by a political control which changes every four years. "The question of the relations of the railroads of the south to the organization to your association and to the development of the southern country, during federal control, and the future, are very vital to you and to the whole country. For, if there is to be created as now indicated, a governmental autocracy in the conduct of the affairs of these great trade arteries of the nation, with \$17,000,000,000 securities outstanding, employing two million men and controlling 250,000 miles of railroad, it will not stop there. The system of paternalism thus established under a desire for more power and control, would be extended to all industrial activities and, perhaps into the private business of the individual, the gradual encroachment of such a system upon property rights and upon personal liberty, the restraint intailed thereby, and entailed thereby and the political control thus made possible, must finally result in a one party country, the forerunner of a form of governmental autocracy that could be finally overturned only by revolution. If there is a people to whom the very idea of such a system of paternalism must be repugnant, it is those of us who live in the south."

It was indicated by the congress that the large land associations would continue the development organization, Mr. Warfield co-operating.

CAPTURE WHISKEY STILL

Found in Operation in a Negro's Home in Brooklyn.

James Singletary, a colored man about 40 years of age, who has had the misfortune of having both of his legs cut off near the knees, was arrested last night about 7 o'clock by Policemen D. W. Coleman and Leon George after they had discovered a five gallon whiskey still in operation in the negro's home on Thompson's alley, Brooklyn. Florence Williams and Katie Singletary, who were in the house when the raid was made, were also placed under arrest.

The still was a sort of a patched up affair, it being a lard can converted into a still. When the officers made the raid they found it in full operation, with the two women standing beside it and the negro man bottling up the spirits, of which there was about two quarts. The still, whiskey and negroes were carried to city hall.

Singletary has been in the law's toils on several occasions, but has been shown leniency on account of his misfortune.

REACHES THE LIMIT

It will no doubt be considered "the limit" for a man to sell a quart of whiskey for \$17 in perfectly good money, but even that isn't quite the limit. At least one white man in this town thinks so. He alleges that he paid a negro named James McCoy that price for a quart yesterday, and that McCoy turned right around and stole it from him. McCoy will be heard this morning on the charge of selling the whiskey and likely on the charge of larceny also.

PEACE CONFERENCE IS NEXT IN ORDER

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ject of contact with the European nations and geographical re-arrangements which must be made. The world's business demands restoration of the old channels of trade or creation of new ones and employment must speedily be found for the troops that are being demobilized, else there may be anarchy and great suffering. Therefore it is believed to be probable that the effort will be made to assemble the formal conference possibly before the end of January.

One of the most weighty problems connected with geographical re-arrangements—the future of Alsace-Lorraine—already practically has been settled by the acceptance of President Wilson's declaration for righting the wrong of 1870 which means unconditional return of the province to France.

President Wilson has insisted that a league of nations must be organized in connection with the peace conference; that the subject cannot safely be left for agreement afterward. In his address to congress today in connection with the armistice President Wilson himself indicated another very serious problem that must engage the attention of the peace conference—the question of the stability and competency of the governments with which covenants of peace are to be made.

GERMANY HAS MET FATE THAT WAS INEVITABLE

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time for the cessation of hostilities arrived. Not one whit less exact in their sportsmanship were the American artillerymen behind the lines who awaited to the second the time for the calling off of the fighting and then loosed from their big guns—a thousand and of them—a rain of shells as a parting salute to the defeated foe.

POINCARÉ CONGRATULATES FOCH

Paris, Nov. 11.—(Havas.)—President Poincaré received Marshal Foch today and congratulated him warmly on the signing of the armistice.

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC RESTORES VITALITY AND ENERGY BY PURIFYING AND ENRICHING THE BLOOD

For one soon to its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 50c. adv.

HOLLAND DOESN'T WANT EX-KAISER

Government to Object to His Residing There.

Officials Reported to Be Conferring Regarding His Status—Another Report Has It That He Will Be Interned.

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—The Handelsblad says it learns the Dutch government will object to the former German emperor residing in Holland.

FIELD MARSHAL HINDENBURG IS NOT WITH EX-EMPEROR

Washington, Nov. 11.—A German radio message picked up by the American station, confirming the report that William Hohenzollern is in Holland where he is stated to be awaiting a decision by the officials of the Netherlands government as to his status, says Field Marshal Von Hindenburg is not with the former emperor but has remained at the headquarters of the German general staff.

IS REPORTED THAT FORMER RULER WILL BE INTERNED

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—It is stated on good authority here that William Hohenzollern, the former German emperor, will be interned in Holland.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS HAVE GONE TO FRONTIER

Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—By the Associated Press.—Officials of the Dutch government and the government minister at The Hague have gone to Eysden, on the Dutch frontier, to meet the former German emperor.

WHAT THE "FORTY-EIGHTERS" FOUGHT FOR NOW REALIZED

New York, Nov. 11.—William Hohenzollern's flight was hailed tonight by the American Friends of Democracy as a "complete vindication of the distinction our society has always believed to exist between the real German people and their late government."

"In this solemn hour when the German people are to be delivered from the bondage of dynastic interests, whose forefathers were 'forty-eighters,' look back at the inspiration that permitted our success and see the vindication of their efforts in the freedom that victory will bring to the German people of today," read a statement issued by the society and signed by its president, Frank Sigel.

"Had the German democrats and republicans of 1918 been victorious, the unspeakable crimes for which imperial Germany will be held responsible would have been spared us."

CELEBRATIONS OF PEACE ARE NOISY

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citizens went wild with joy today celebrating the victory over Germany. From everywhere along the coast came the same story.

Tonight the celebration continued undiminished and public dances and fireworks everywhere were being made a part of the festivities.

FAYETTEVILLE BEGAN TO CELEBRATE AT 4 A. M.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, Nov. 11.—Fayetteville has been celebrating the victorious ending of the world war since 4 o'clock this morning when the news was received here in an Associated Press dispatch and was greeted with shouting, whistles and ringing bells.

The impromptu celebration continued until well into the day when the council of defense took charge of the program of joy. A half holiday was declared and thanks giving prayer services were held in all the churches of the city at noon. At 3:30 there started the biggest parade of the kind ever seen in Fayetteville when a mile of automobiles wound its way through the city with the participants working every noise-making device that could be begged, borrowed, or commandeered.

The parade led to the LaFayette Theatre where a monster mass meeting celebrated a new winning of the war by America and the allies. Here speeches were made by John A. Oates, chairman of the council of defense; Mayor McNeill, who read the list of Chamberland and died of disease, and Col. C. W. Breedwood who made the memorial address for these 19 heroes who have given their lives for freedom.

The last portion of the meeting was turned over to the united war work committee and after appeals from District Chairman Chas. G. Rose and Dr. W. E. Hill, the audience responded with pledges for \$3,500.

PHILADELPHIA CELEBRATES AS SHE NEVER DID BEFORE

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—Demonstrations such as have never before been seen in Philadelphia welcomed the signing of the armistice. From early morning until late tonight the city was in almost a frenzy of excitement and patriotism. Parade after parade came through the central streets which were jammed with shouting crowds that threw confetti, blew horns and whistles and used many other means to make noise. Factory whistles blew continuously from before dawn until midnight.

A general holiday was declared. There were hundreds of neighborhood celebrations. At these, victory song services were held and nearly every one of them wound up with the hanging in effigy of the former emperor of Germany.

NEW ENGLAND CELEBRATES WITH GREAT ENTHUSIASM

Boston, Nov. 11.—New England threw off its traditional self-restraint today and celebrated the signing of the armistice from long before dawn until long after dark with more enthusiasm, noise and procession than ever marked its most glorious independence day observances.

Boston streets were jammed all day. There were more processions in a day than ever tramped its pavements in a year.

ALL SORTS OF NOISES ARE MADE AT RICHMOND

Richmond, Va., Nov. 11.—Every available noise-making contrivance was brought into use early today when Richmond began celebrating the signing of the armistice. Shortly after 3 a. m. the signing was announced by the ringing of bells and the sounding of whistles. Immediately the populace left their homes and hurried into the streets. Those of religious inclination went to the churches where special thanksgiving services were held. All day the noise continued with band after band parading along the streets.

Use plenty of BAKED APPLES

USE plenty of baked apples. Cooked fruits are recommended by the Food Administration.

How baking does bring out the delicious flavor in a baked apple—it's improved 100 per cent over the raw apple.

We use the same idea to improve the flavor of tobacco—offer it to you toasted instead of raw. Try Lucky Strike Cigarette—it's toasted.

LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

Open your package this way

LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTES

It's toasted

SAVE the TIN-FOIL from Lucky Strike Cigarettes and give it to the Red Cross

The American Tobacco Co.

Tonight there is no cessation of the merry-making. This evening the celebration was suddenly turned into a drive for the war fund campaign. Speakers were active and a substantial sum was raised.

NORFOLK CEASES WORK AND STAGES BIG DEMONSTRATION

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 11.—All government activities ceased, scores of industrial plants closed and business suspended this afternoon in order to permit the people to celebrate the victory of the American and allied armies over Germany. Early in the afternoon thousands of sailors, as many more civilians and practically every school child in the city united in a noisier victory and war work parade, waving flags, shouting and keeping an accompaniment with every conceivable noise-making contrivance available.

GREENSBORO'S CELEBRATION BEGINS AT 4 IN THE MORNING

Greensboro, Nov. 11.—When at 4 o'clock this morning the fire bell recorded an alarm from court square, and a moment later the court house bell began ringing, expectant citizens of Greensboro received notice that the world war was over and began celebrating. Within a few minutes other bells and whistles added to the noise. Soon the streets were filled with automobiles, on which were bells, tin buckets and anything else that would make a noise. Horns were blown by children and adults carrying flags. When daylight came hundreds of automobiles were in the streets, many of them gayly decorated and all loaded with yelling, joyous folks.

666 cures Headaches, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, foul breath, or that tired aching feeling due to Malaria or Colds.

It removes the cause.

WANTED!

Several young ladies for stockkeeping and sales position. Experience not necessary. Good pay to start; bonus and insurance features. Good opportunity for advancement and permanent positions. Apply at once.

S. H. Kress & Co.

KERMON HAS CLOSE CALL

Negro Attempts to Shoot Policeman and Then Makes Hasty Retreat. The fact that the revolver failed to fire is all that saved the life of Policeman W. H. Kermon yesterday afternoon when a negro, whose name could not be learned, leveled his pistol at the officer and pulled the trigger.

The trouble occurred near the corner of Sixth and Red Cross streets. There had been a great deal of rowdiness among a few of the young colored boys in that vicinity. They had been discharging revolvers and Officer Kermon went there to disperse the crowd. It was stated that he was talking with several of the colored boys when one, with his back to the officer, suddenly turned and snapped his pistol at him at a distance of only

LYNCHBURG FOLKS HAPPY

Lynchburg, Va., Nov. 11.—Dawn following hard upon the ringing of bells and whistles, found upon the streets the advance guard of a riotously happy crowd celebrating the end of war and the beginnings of peace. The celebration, which was the greatest ever seen in Lynchburg, continued until midnight. There were two accidents, one fatal.

about three feet. Realizing that was in bad the negro ran and succeeded in getting away from the officer.

PEACE ON EARTH GOOD WILL TOWARD MEN

The happiest hour for the entire world has come. The gladdest news of all the ages is declared.

---PEACE IS RESTORED---

Let us all rejoice and give thanks to Almighty God, that the world is freed from the horrible condition of war.

Let us again rejoice and praise God that the United States and her allies have emerged victorious from the strife and that German Militarism—that curse to Humanity, and Civilization, has been permanently and everlastingly crushed.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

6 Bell-Ans Hot water Sure Relief

Make our desserts delicious with Blue Ribbon Vanilla or Lemon by the best cooks. Sold by the grocers.—Adv.