

20 MORE U-BOATS ARE SURRENDERED

This Makes a Total of 59 So Far Handed Over.

One Submarine Was Sunk At Night On Its Way From Germany—Correspondent Tells of the Delivery of the Vessels.

London, Nov. 20.—(British Wireless.)—Twenty more German submarines were surrendered to Admiral Tyrwhitt, off Harwich this morning. This makes a total of 59 submarines thus far handed over. There would have been 21 surrendered today but one sank during the night.

The correspondent of the wireless service with the British naval forces says that just before noon a cruiser came into sight, followed by the German submarine and a German transport. The transfer took place in the harbor on account of the heavy sea running. The majority of the submarines were large and nearly all were fitted with wireless equipment.

When the Germans arrived it was noticeable that the revolutionary element was decidedly present. Some of the officers had removed the Prussian eagles from their caps and replaced them with a sort of badge that recognizes the authority of the sailors' and soldiers' council. The men took very little notice of anything their officers said to them. One shouted: "No officer—no officer."

Some of the Germans were exceedingly anxious to air such English as they possessed. One German officer, who was inclined to be communicative, attached himself to the correspondent and said he worked in London before the war. He added:

"I had an intimation, as many of us had, that we should be wanted in the summer of 1914, so I went back to Germany a month or two before war was declared. I was not in the submarine service at first, but volunteered for it and had a fair share of luck. You British say it was not fair fighting, but we Germans believe that the end justified the means. Then you complain that we shoot your men while they are in the water. Why not? The men might be saved and fight us another day. We should be fools to let them."

The crew of one submarine, with the exception of an officer, were all intoxicated.

CIVILIANS OF BRUGES WANT THE GERMANS CRUSHED

Bruges, Nov. 22.—(By the Associated Press.)—The civil population of Bruges is much more bitter toward the Germans than the soldiers who have fought them for more than four years. Terms of bitter hate and a demand of revenge come from the civilians alone; the soldiers grin soberly. The correspondent entered a cigar store where an old lady sold him a villainous cheroot, a relic of German occupation. She launched into a violent denunciation of the invaders. "The war must not end like this," she declared. "We must go into Germany. We must make them suffer and expiate their crimes." On the day of departure, she said the Germans had robbed her store of \$500 worth of the best cigars and cigarettes.

NEW RUSSIAN DICTATOR ISSUES FIRST PROCLAMATION

Vladivostok, Nov. 21 (Thursday).—(By the Associated Press.)—The first proclamation of Admiral Alexander Kolchak as dictator and commander of the anti-Bolshevik army and fleet, is addressed to the people of Russia. It is dated at Omsk, November 19, and declares the aims of the dictatorship. These aims are: "The reorganization of the Russian army, the conquest of bolshevism, the organization of right and order, so that the people can select the form of government they desire without hindrance, and be able to achieve their ideals of liberty."

CLYNES WILL NOT ACCEPT OFFICE IN NEW GOVERNMENT

London, Nov. 22.—Speaking at Nottingham tonight John R. Clynes announced that in accordance with the demand of the labor party he would not accept office under the new government.

LABOR DOING ALL IT CAN FOR MOONEY, SAYS GERMANS

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 22.—The American Federation of Labor is doing all in its power to secure a new trial for Thos. J. Mooney, according to President Mooney, of that organization, who arrived here today on his return to Washington from the Mexican border. He declined to discuss the litigation for a general strike.

Panic On Berlin Bourse.

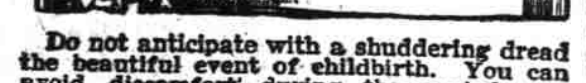
London, Nov. 22.—The greatest panic on the Berlin bourse in three years occurred Thursday when it was reported that the extremists in several German cities had usurped the power of the local authorities, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

Influenza in Mexico.

Mexico City, Nov. 10.—(Correspondence.)—Spanish influenza struck Mexico hardest in the state of Guanajuato. Official reports state that, in one city of 50,000 inhabitants, 40 per cent. of the inhabitants were afflicted and for three days, there were 100 deaths a day.

Coming Events Cast Their Shadows

Prepare Now to Withstand the Crisis.



Do not anticipate with a shuddering dread the beautiful event of childbirth. You can strain at the source during the period and put yourself in splendid condition for the time.

HOMEWARD MOVEMENT OF TROOPS IS BEGUN

Construction of All Kinds in France Has Stopped—Soldiers Being Removed to Ports.

Headquarters of the American First Army, Nov. 22.—(By the Associated Press.)—5 p. m.—While as an effective military force the American army remains intact, the homeward movement has already begun. Construction of all kinds has been stopped and contracts and deliveries canceled where possible and the men whose services have been in these and other lines of activity are either en route to ports or plans for their embarkation are under way.

The first to go will be the sick and convalescent wounded. These will be sent home by the greatest possible expedition. Certain divisions, exhausted by replacement drafts until only the skeletons remain, are also going home. One of the biggest of the problems is the land transport of the wounded. With the coming of winter the French need almost the entire capacity of their railroads to distribute fuel, food and other supplies throughout the country. This will delay the transportation of Americans.

KING ALBERT DUE IN BRUSSELS YESTERDAY

Troops and Gendarmes Reach the City and Restore Quiet—Peace-Time Activities Resumed.

London, Nov. 22.—King Albert and the Belgian government left Bruges Thursday and were expected to make official entry into Brussels today, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Brussels. Belgian troops and gendarmes reached the capital yesterday and restored quiet. The newspapers resumed publication and flags are flying everywhere in celebration of the return of the King.

HAIK'S OFFICIAL REPORT ON ADVANCE OF BRITISH

London, Nov. 22.—Field Marshal Haik's communication dealing with the progress of the British army of occupation, issued this evening, says: "The day ending our advanced detachments occupied Namur and crossed the Meuse south of the town. Today the march has been continued along the whole front. Our troops have reached the line of the river Ourthe and are approaching Andenne and Ambrin. Hundreds of German guns and a number of machine guns and trench mortars passed into our possession in the course of our advance yesterday."

AMERICAN ARMY OFFICERS RECEIVE JAPANESE MEDALS

Washington, Nov. 22.—The Emperor of Japan has conferred decorations on several American army officers, including Generals March, Bliss and Pershing. Secretary Lansing was informed by the Japanese ambassador. The decoration to be received by Generals March and Bliss is the grand cordon of the Rising Sun. General Pershing is to be decorated with the grand cordon of the Paulownia.

MEMORIAL TREES IN HONOR OF DEAD SOLDIERS URGED

New York, Nov. 22.—Directors of the American Forestry Association meeting here today sent messages to the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia and to Mayor Hylan of New York, urging the planting of memorial trees in honor of soldiers killed on European battlefields. It was suggested that the Washington board select an appropriate place for planting the trees for the conditions, while the New York executive was requested to have "victory oaks" or "victory elms" planted as a part of the city's memorial to her soldier dead. The forestry association offered to cooperate in such work.

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Washington, Nov. 22.—Congress today started on a 10-day vacation, its first complete suspension since the session which adjourned yesterday sine die began December 1, 1917. The members will be at leisure until the new session begins December 2 next, several committees will work during adjournment on legislation to be presented then. Leaders and many members also are preparing for the great re-construction and appropriation program which must be squeezed into the session ending March 3 next.

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London, Nov. 22.—Twenty-seven mine-sweeping vessels passed out of German possession on Monday, according to a Central News dispatch from the sterdard. They arrived in Dutch waters from Belgium and were interned.

Scheidemann Resigns.

Basel, Nov. 22.—Philipp Scheidemann has resigned as minister of finance in the new German government and his place has been taken by Herr Landburg, secretary of publicity, art and literature, according to a Berlin dispatch.

FOOD COST ADVANCED 2 PER CENT IN YEAR

Some Articles Advanced Many Times More, While Others Declined, Bringing Average Down.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Washington, Nov. 22.—Retail prices of food as reported to the bureau of labor statistics for October, 1918, show for all articles combined, an increase of 2 per cent as compared with September, 1918, and an increase of 16 per cent as compared with October, 1917.

In the year from October, 1917, to October, 1918, sirloin and round steak, rib and chuck roast, and plate boiling beef show increases ranging from 24 to 30 per cent. During the month from September 15 to October 15, these five cuts declined in price 2 per cent, each, with the exception of rib roast which declined only 1 per cent. Hens also show a decline of 1 per cent in October, yet since last October they have increased 25 per cent. Fifteen of the 28 articles for which monthly prices are secured were cheaper in October than in September. Flour was 2 per cent cheaper than it was in September, and 4 per cent cheaper than it was a year ago. The greatest advances in the month are shown in dairy products in the following: Cornmeal, 3 per cent; butter 10 per cent; and cheese 7 per cent. Sugar increased 10 per cent. The greatest decreases were in potatoes and onions.

A comparison of prices for the 5-year period shows that food as a whole was 75 per cent higher in October, 1918, than in the same month of 1913. Every article increased 54 per cent or more. Five articles increased over 100 per cent, as follows: Cornmeal, 119 per cent; lard, 115 per cent; bacon, 108 per cent; flour, 103 per cent; and pork chops, 102 per cent. Based on the average price for 1913 and the retail index number for all articles of food combined for the United States on September 15, 1918, was 178 and on October 15, 1918, was 181.

"DRY" LEADERS PLAN DRASTIC ENFORCEMENT

Will Insist That Congress Enact Prohibition Enforcement Law If Amendment Is Ratified.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 22.—The drastic features of a federal prohibition enforcement law on which dry leaders will insist on congress enacting in case the federal prohibition amendment is ratified by the states was outlined today by E. Wheeler, national counsel for the anti-saloon league, to state anti-saloon league superintendents and dry workers at the conclusion of the world-wide prohibition conference here.

SECRETARY WILL QUIT TWO GOVERNMENT JOBS

(Continued from Page One.)

McAdoo, in his usual tones, explained further: "Copies of the correspondence with the president will explain the reason why I have been compelled to take this action, and there isn't any other reason than I did it."

Just a few minutes before the press conference, Mr. McAdoo had called in his treasury advisers and broken the news to them. Utmost surprise was expressed by his co-workers. There has been a sudden change in the possibility of Mr. McAdoo's resignation and that was to the effect he might be appointed secretary of war while Secretary Baker went to Europe as the president's emissary. That appointment was specifically denied at the time and it was said that Mr. McAdoo had no immediate intention of quitting either as secretary of the treasury or as director-general of railroads.

WOMEN ARE GIVEN FULL LAITY RIGHTS

(Continued from Page One.)

South Georgia Conference Fails to Grant Laity Rights. Valdosta, Ga., Nov. 22.—The motion to grant women of the Methodist Episcopal church, South, laity rights failed of passage by the South Georgia Conference today. The vote was 187 to 83, and the four-thirds majority necessary for passage. This question was passed down to the annual conference by the general conference which met in Atlanta last May. A three-fourths vote of all annual conferences is required to make the grant a church law.

PARIS EXPECTS PRESIDENT TO ARRIVE ABOUT DEC. 12

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Put on a Regal shoe, \$6.50. Geo. S. Nevins & Son, 121 Market St.—adv.

HON. J. F. GRAYDEN QUICKLY STOPPED KIDNEY TROUBLE

Another South Carolinian Testifies to Remarkable Efficacy of New Herb-and-Root Medicine. Gives Signed Interview.

When the kidneys hurt and the back feels sore, don't get so mad and nervous to load the kidneys with a lot of drugs that excite the kidneys and irritate the entire urinary tract. Keep the kidneys clean like you keep the bowels clean, by flushing and stimulating the kidneys with a natural medicine which will remove the body's urinous waste and stimulate the kidneys to their normal activity. The function of the kidneys is to filter the blood. They receive the air from the lungs. It is absolutely essential they be kept in healthful condition at all times.

J. F. Grayden, of Simpsonville, S. C., seems to have found a good natural way for taking the kidney trouble out of his system in good healthful condition. In a signed interview he says in part: "I was run down in every way. I suffered terribly from kidney and bowel trouble and was also very bilious. I lost my appetite and could not sleep. I saw in the newspapers where this new herb medicine Drecto was doing so much for people in the same condition that I was, that I decided to try it. I bought a bottle. This first bottle of Drecto has helped me more than anything I ever took. Although I am 60 years old, I feel like a young man. I am now using a Drecto machine and I will tell everyone what a wonderful medicine Drecto is."

Drecto, referred to in the above statement is purely a combination of the most powerful natural herbs and mineral acids or dangerous salts. It is easy to get, pleasant to take and its effects are quick, safe and sure. Drecto is now dispensed by best drug stores and is also available at the recommended in Wilmington by Hardin's drug store.—adv.

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Mr. McAdoo received \$12,000 a year as secretary of the treasury, the uniform salary of cabinet members, and nothing as director-general of railroads. His family expenses are known to have been heavy in the last few years. He has not taken a salary in the past almost no part in the little capital society that remained.

Repeatedly the secretary has referred to small salaries of government officials, though he did not refer to his own case. In fixing the salaries of his assistants in the railroad administration he allowed heads of divisions \$25,000 a year and even the minor assistants received \$12,000, or \$15,000. He has not taken a salary in the past almost no part in the little capital society that remained.

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war expenses have been his principal concern.

As a leading builder of the federal reserve system, an early advocate of a great government-built merchant marine, and a developer of the federal farm loan system, Mr. McAdoo was known particularly. Promotion of closer political and commercial relations of the United States and Latin America was another subject in which he was interested.

Mr. McAdoo's department had charge of the collection of four billions in taxes last year and the raising of nearly eighteen billions in liberty bonds and war savings within the last 19 months.

Mr. McAdoo was married May 7, 1914, to Eleanor Randolph Wilson, daughter of the president, in the White House. They have one daughter. Mr. McAdoo also has three sons and three daughters by his former marriage. The three sons are now serving in the navy.

SECRETARY M'ADOO'S LETTER OF RESIGNATION

(Continued from Page One.)

I am relieved of my present responsibilities. I am anxious to have my retirement effected with the least possible inconvenience to yourself and to the public service, but it would, I think, be wise to accept my resignation now, as secretary of the treasury, to be done effectively upon the appointment and qualification of my successor, so that he may have the opportunity and advantage of participating promptly in the formation of the policies that should govern the future work of the treasury. I would suggest that my resignation as director-general of railroads become effective January 1, 1919, or upon the appointment of my successor.

"I hope you will understand, my dear Mr. President, that I will permit nothing but the most imperative demands to force my withdrawal from public life. Always I shall cherish as the greatest honor of my career the opportunity you have so generously afforded me to serve the country under your leadership in these epochal times. Affectionately yours, "W. G. M'ADOO."

The President's letter of acceptance, dated November 21, follows:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: I was not unprepared for your letter of the 14th because you had more than once, of course, indicated your intention to resign. I have long made it a serious personal sacrifice for you to remain in office. I knew that only your high and exacting sense of duty had kept you here until the immediate tasks of the war should be over. But I am none the less distressed. I shall not allow our intimate personal relations to deprive me of the pleasure of saying that in my judgment the country has never had an able, more resourceful and yet prudent; a more uniformly efficient secretary of the treasury. And I say this, remembering all the able, devoted and distinguished men who preceded you. I have known you for a number of days, in order to suggest, if I could, some other solution of your difficulties than the one you have now felt obliged to resort to. But I have not been able to think of any. I can not ask you to make a sacrifice of your serious as the loss of the government will be, in your retirement. I accept your resignation, therefore, to take effect upon the appointment of a successor, because in justice to you I must."

"I also for the same reason accept your resignation as director-general of railroads to take effect, as you suggest, on the first of January next, or when your successor is appointed. The whole world admires, I am sure, as I do, the skill and executive capacity with which you handled the great and complex problem of the unified administration of the railway under the stress of war uses, and will regret, as I do, to see you leave that post just as the crest of its difficulty is passed. For the distinguished, disinterested and altogether admirable service you have rendered to the country in both posts and especially for the way in which you have guided the treasury through all the perplexities and problems of transitional financial conditions, and the financing of a war which has been without precedent alike in kind and in scope, I thank you with a sense of gratitude that comes from the very bottom of my heart. Gratefully and affectionately yours, "WOODROW WILSON."

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Weakness After Grip Or Influenza

The Wonderful Tonic Properties of QUININE and IRON undoubtedly, have saved thousands from the ravages of Grip and Influenza, and the value of GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC in the treatment of Colds, Grip and Influenza could hardly be estimated.

To Save and Rebuild Strength when attacked by Cold Grip or Influenza is the real problem, and this is accomplished by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. After Grip, Influenza or Pneumonia, the weakened system needs building up, and

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic

should be taken regularly until you have fully regained Strength, Healthy Color and a Good Appetite.

The Specially-Prepared QUININE and the Specially-Treated IRON in GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC make it an Exceptionally Good, General Strengthening Tonic for the Child, the Mother or any of the Family young or old. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. It is acceptable to the most delicate stomach, and does not cause nervousness or ringing in the head. Pleasant to take. Price 60c.

Choosing clothes wisely---

The length of time a suit will wear depends on two things: fabric and workmanship.

Poor fabrics are poor investments; they wear out quickly. Good fabrics, combined with superior workmanship, give double wear.

are skilfully made from the best fabrics obtainable. They are built for long-time serviceability. Measured in number of days of service, they are truly economy clothes.

If you want to practice thrift this Fall, make your Fall suit or topcoat a Kuppenheimer garment.

A complete showing of Kuppenheimer clothes for Fall.

\$30 \$35 \$40 \$45 \$50

Our own make Suits or Overcoats, \$15 to \$28. We have a full line of Gloves, Suit Cases, Underwear, Trunks, Hats and Caps.

J. M. Solky & Co. 9 North Front Street.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Local



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