

Rain Wednesday, somewhat colder west portion Thursday colder and probably fair.

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WILSON'S CABINET IS DEADLOCKED ON WAGES OF MINERS

Basis of Calculating Advance and Increase Cost Production Points of Difference

TO MEET TODAY WITH FUEL ADMINISTRATOR

No Official Statement After Session, But Member Sees Ray of Hope

Washington, Nov. 25.—Like the operators and miners, whose trouble was trying to adjust, President Wilson's cabinet tonight seemed hopelessly deadlocked on the question of a wage increase in the bituminous coal industry.

The proper basis of calculating the proposed wage advance, and the ratio of dividing the consequent increase in cost of production of coal between the operators and the public, are understood to have been the points of difference among the cabinet members.

Case Not Hopeless. No statement was forthcoming after the meeting, except an announcement by Dr. Garfield that the cabinet would meet again tomorrow and that he would not see either the miners or operators meanwhile.

Secretary Wilson's estimate that the cost of living had increased 79 percent over 1914, was accepted, but it was understood that a difference of opinion arose as to the application of this and other figures in computing an increase in wages.

Secretary Glass said tonight that he might have some very interesting figures tomorrow emphasizing that they had been compiled for the public and not for the cabinet.

Disputed Points. Significance was attached to this announcement in view of the fact that the amount of profit made by the coal companies during the last two years, and the percentage of increase in any possible wage advance which the operators might be asked to bear, have been the most bitterly disputed points in the controversy.

The statements of former Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo charging that some coal concerns made enormous profits during his incumbency came in for discussion at the cabinet meeting. It was learned, but no one would say what form the discussion took.

The Lever food control act was not mentioned at the meeting, it was said. Owing to the time consumed on other matters, it was not believed that the cabinet discussed methods of enforcing its decision in case the verdict should not be acceptable to workers or mine owners.

Operators' Statement. Before the meeting this morning Attorney General Palmer said that if the figures as to the operators' profits given yesterday by Mr. McAdoo were correct, it was not likely Dr. Garfield would permit an increased price for coal.

In a statement bearing on this issue, the operators said: "That conditions in 1917 were abnormal" but that as Mr. McAdoo was "ignorant" of conditions in 1918 and 1919, his message "carries no weight and requires no answer."

The operators said they welcomed an investigation of current tax returns; that they had been urging a board of arbitration or a tribunal of investigation, but that the miners refused to agree to it.

Neither operators nor miners were hopeful tonight of a settlement before next week. While the sub-scale committee plans to remain in session, adjourning from day to day, many operators have arranged to spend Thanksgiving day at their homes.

Charging that former Secretary McAdoo had been "studiously malicious," George H. Cushing, managing director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, in a statement tonight explained that the 2,000 percent complained, was not figured on either volume of business or capital stock.

In connection with Dr. Garfield's (Continued on page two)

Thanksgiving Messages For Baptist Church

(Special To The Star.)

Raleigh, Nov. 25.—Recognizing that Thanksgiving day comes in the midst of the last few days before the statewide canvass for pledges and cash for the Baptist 75 million campaign fund and that there is need of state wide thanksgiving, Dr. W. R. Cullom, campaign-organizer in charge of the work in every church of the state, sent out this message to the Baptists:

"Thanksgiving is a national day with you. It should always emphasize great things. How pre-eminently true this is for the present year. Every institution in the whole earth is in the melting pot. What manner of life are we to have in the future? No mighty sets of forces are at work among us in the moral sphere. One of them is negative, corrective, remedial, the other is positive, aggressive, constructive. One looks toward preventing and correcting wrong, the other looks toward stimulating and establishing righteousness. One is a fight with death in all of its malignant and hideous forms, the other is an effort to initiate and stimulate life in all of its strength and glory. One is law or an effort to follow the essential principles of the world about us; the other is the gospel, or the announcement and assurance that an all-wise omnipotent and ever merciful God is working in us and about us for our eternal good and for his own eternal glory. The one side thinks more or less in abstract terms; the other thinks in terms of the incarnate life and glory of God in His son Jesus Christ. The thought of Jesus was and is to reconstruct society on the basis of God's fatherhood, and of man's brotherhood. Was there ever a time when the world needed to have the spirit and principles of Jesus injected into its life and institutions more than right now?"

For Constructive Task. It is not necessary to insist that our campaign looks toward bringing to pass all that is involved in the positive constructive, gospel side of the above propositions. There may be differences as to the method of doing some of the things contemplated; but surely there can be no difference of opinion as to the need of doing the things herein suggested.

Let us be as thankful on this occasion, as we have been highly favored; and let us show our gratitude to God by giving ourselves without reserve to the beneficent task of establishing His reign in the hearts of men everywhere.

Dr. Walter N. Johnson, campaign director, has also a message at this time. He says: "Thanksgiving this year calls for unusual gratitude from Baptists. A spirit of militant service has been kindled among them. A larger vision has filled their eyes. Thousands of independent local churches are swinging together throughout the south in the 75 million campaign. Thousands of men and women are dedicating their lives to special religious work. The financial resources are coming to hand to train them for their work and support them in their work. Baptists are the apostles of spiritual democracy and the world headed towards democracy calls now deeply for a spiritual interpretation of it. Baptists today thank God for their opportunities of the ages, we greet the Christians of all other names and lay our hands to the task of the times."

Find Large Quantity of Chemicals Hidden In Secret Room of House

New York, Nov. 25.—A large quantity of chemicals which could easily be converted into explosives were found in a secret room in the headquarters of the United Russian Workers in East 15th street, raided late today by detectives attached to the bomb squad. One bottle which was found was labeled TNT. The detectives who made the raid were armed with federal warrants for several men.

None of them was found and no arrests were made. While sounding the wall of the room in the rear of the parlor, a detective found a door leading into the secret room in which the chemicals were concealed. On a table there were 50 or 60 small bottles containing the chemicals.

The bureau of mines in Washington will be asked to send a representative to examine the chemicals. The detectives found three large books containing names thought to be the membership roll of the organization, as well as several copies of Bread and Freedom, a Russian newspaper.

MARSHALL DECLARES HIS FAITH IN SOUTH

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 25.—Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, in an address delivered here tonight under the auspices of the Loyal Order of Moose declared upon the south, free from the problems that face the people of the north.

WILLIAM ELLISON DEAD

Richmond, Va., Nov. 25.—William Ellison, president of the foreign mission board of the Southern Baptist conference and secretary of the Virginia state mission board, died here tonight. He was a brother of former Gov. J. Taylor Ellison and the third member of this family to die within the past year.

GENERAL RAILWAY STRIKE DENIED BY NATIONAL LEADERS

Will Not Accede to the Demands Made by Various Locals

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Reports that national leaders of the four railway brotherhoods in session at Cleveland were holding secret discussions as to whether a strike of railway workers in the United States should be called by December 1, and which gained wide circulation and considerable credence in Chicago railway union circles, were denied tonight by W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and by Timothy Shea, acting president of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen.

President Lee, however, admitted having received a telegram from the Kansas City local saying that the trainmen and yardmen there had decided to strike tomorrow, and that he had warned them that if they thought they were "bigger than the United States government" he had no advice to give them.

Knowledge of the Kansas City situation and of similar pressure from other locals is what gave impetus to the reports which spread so rapidly tonight.

DENIAL BY SHEA. Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 25.—Timothy Shea, acting president of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen, commenting tonight on reports of a threatened railroad strike, declared that it is neither the purpose nor the spirit of the Cleveland conference to discuss a strike.

"All we will consider here," asserted Mr. Shea, "is Mr. Hines' time and a half proposal for overtime. I know that discussion or action on a general strike to force general wage increases is not on the program here. I believe I can say safely that it will not be possible if indeed it is attempted by any faction or group to stampede this conference into a vote on a general strike."

MALONE IS LINKED IN RADICAL WORK

Martens, Self-Styled Soviet Ambassador, Relates Ex-Port Collector's Actions

New York, Nov. 25.—Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, who calls himself ambassador of the soviet government of Russia, admitted today that he paid Cuddy Field Malone, former Collector of the Port of New York, \$1,000 on September 12, "for help in a commercial transaction." He told the joint executive committee investigating radical activities that it was for advice in trying to arrange a \$9,500,000 shipment of boots, meats and chemicals to be paid for on delivery in Petrograd.

Martens denied he knew that Malone had formed or was forming "a corporation to do business with soviet Russia and declared that his "embassy" was not specifically interested in such an organization. He did not know that Malone had "been speaking in behalf of the soviet government of Russia, either before or after he paid him \$1,000, he said, and denied that he and Malone had spoken from the same platform in Madison Square Garden here last June.

Malone Special Agent. Malone was not regular counsel for the soviet bureau, Martens said, but was employed solely as special agent in plans to buy a ship to Russia \$200,000 worth of goods and \$4,500,000 worth of other supplies.

Martens asserted in reply to questions asked him by Attorney General Newton that 25 percent of his activities here are devoted to propaganda for recognition of the Russian soviet government by the United States, "or publicity work to impress upon the American people that the Russian soviet form of government is desirable."

Inquiries based on the committee's announced efforts to find out if Martens is or is not in reality chief of the communist radicals trying to spread revolution throughout the United States, brought no definite affirmative results today. Martens admitted having a branch office in Detroit in charge of a Dr. Rovin, which has been established for the past four or five months, with a small force of workers.

Wanted Ford Trucks. The reason for this sub-bureau, Martens said, was because of plans looking toward the purchase of motor cars and trucks for the soviet. He had negotiated with the Ford Motor Co., but had not actually bought anything of them, he said. He admitted he knew all the time that he could not ship anything in large amounts to Russia.

Martens said since April he had received about \$90,000 for his use here, all from the soviet government. No contributions had been solicited or received from any other source, he said. Couriers brought as much as \$200,000 at a time in secret and carried back correspondence in the same way. He flatly refused to tell how they came and went, who they were or where they could be found.

OX DRIVERS STRIKE

Louisville, Miss., Nov. 25.—Drivers of teams employed to haul logs by a lumber company operating here struck today for higher wages. This is believed to be the first strike of ox drivers in the country.

REQUEST IS MADE OF INDUSTRIES TO CLOSE FOUR DAYS

Regional Coal Committee Asks Stores and Offices Stop Business at 4 P. M.

HOUSEHOLDERS REDUCE TO MINIMUM USE FUEL

Declares Situation Is Far More Critical Than General Public Realizes

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 25.—Request that all industries that can do so without heavy loss close down from tomorrow evening until Monday morning, that all stores, business houses and offices close daily at 4 p. m. and that householders reduce to a minimum the use of fuel and lights in homes was made tonight by the regional coal committee.

Such additional steps to curtail coal consumption are imperative, the committee stated, and it added that, under instructions from E. L. Winchell, regional director of the railroad administration, federal managers of railroads in the south are being passenger trains which could be discontinued "without serious inconvenience to the public." Should the coal shortage continue and it be necessary to curtail train service, this could be done on telegraphic instructions, the committee added.

Where Does Not Apply. The closing down of industries and as far as practicable, of all mercantile establishments, office buildings and other such concerns, over Thanksgiving does not apply, the announcement said, to "those performing continuous operations of manufacturing which cannot stop without heavy loss."

After stating that "we are faced with a situation far more critical than the general public has yet realized, and that since the soft coal miners went on strike November 1 the country's coal production has been below one-third of normal," the committee added:

Appeal to Patriotism. "This is an appeal to the patriotism of every citizen, co-operation of mayors, city commissions, sheriffs and other municipal and county officers through the 'southern' region which embraces practically all the territory east of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio rivers is asked.

Refusal of coal to all except the first five classes on the fuel priority list has not enabled the situation to be met, and Martens says as there is not enough coal being mined to supply these consumers which include public utilities and other actually essential enterprises.

GRACE IS AGAIN NAMED NOMINEE

Charleston City Committee Acts

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 25.—At a meeting of the city democratic executive committee tonight, John P. Grace was declared the party's nominee for mayor of Charleston over Tristram T. Hyde, incumbent by a strictly partisan vote, the two were met, and it was again declared that Grace's majority in the primary election of August 19 was fourteen votes.

In substance this committee by its partisan vote confirmed its action in declaring Grace the nominee when the results were canvassed August 22. Major Hyde then appealed to the state supreme court, which declared that Grace was not legally found to be ineligible, and instructed the committee to go about the nomination according to law. Hyde supporters assert that the supreme court's ruling was not fully complied with by the committee tonight.

Before challenged votes were considered on the night of August 22 Major Hyde had an apparent majority, on the face of the returns of one. The committee by a vote of 12 to 12, the chairman breaking the tie, declared Grace the nominee with a majority of fourteen. It is very probable that the case will be carried to the state supreme court again.

BANDIT IS KILLED OVER DIVISION RANSOM MONEY

Presidio, Tex., Nov. 25.—Jesus R. Cortera, the bandit who obtained \$1,000 for the return of the U. S. aviators, Lieut. Davis and Peter, was killed by another bandit at Arizoz Springs, Mexico, in a fight for division of the ransom money, according to apparently reliable reports from Mexican sources received today.

NOTICE TO PATRONS AND SUBSCRIBERS

Commencing today (Wednesday, November 26), The Morning Star turns to its former policy of selling Want Ads. until 10:30 p. m. except on Saturdays, when they are received until 5 p. m. Cash must accompany the order.

If your paper is not delivered promptly and regularly, or you have any complaint to make of your delivery service, the management and the carrier appreciate it if you will call 51.

Tobacco Brings \$121.59 Per Hundred Pounds In New Bern Market

(Special to The Star.) Newbern, Nov. 25.—All records for tobacco sales were smashed here Monday when Sam Moore, a prominent Fort Barnwell farmer, marketed a lot of 320 pounds for the sum of \$474.20, or a clean average of \$121.59 per hundred pounds. Included in Moore's lot was a pile of only four pounds of very fine and highly graded wrappers which brought him the unexpected price of \$6 per pound, or \$24 for the pile. A few of the buyers have departed for the Kentucky markets to be in readiness for the opening there next month, but there are many here who are "after the weed" at good prices.

ANGELES RECEIVES DEATH SENTENCE

Counsel for Condemned Villalieu Appeal to Mexican Supreme Court

Juarez Mexico, Nov. 25.—General Felipe Angeles and his two companions, Major Nester Enclaco de Arce and Soldier Antonia Trillo, captured near Parral, Chihuahua, Nov. 15, by Major Gabino Sandoval were found guilty by a court martial at Chihuahua City this morning and sentenced to be shot at noon today, according to information received by Judge Gonzales Medina of the Mexican federal court here this afternoon.

The sentence was not carried out, it was said, because the attorneys for Angeles appealed to the federal court at Juarez and the supreme court of Mexico City for a stay of execution by applying a writ of habeas corpus.

The Juarez court denied the appeal, Judge Medina holding his court had no jurisdiction and the supreme court was the only tribunal which could act. Besides the supreme court, President Carranza also could save the condemned man with a pardon.

It was said by court officials that if the supreme court grants the application it simply means that court will only review the proceedings of the court martial and that if no errors are found it will mean carrying out of the sentence unless Carranza intervenes. Carranza already has many petitions seeking clemency for Gen. Angeles.

Gen. Angeles, intellectual leader of the Yucatan movement, and famous throughout the world as an artillery expert, went to trial yesterday morning.

For three hours Gen. Angeles faced the military court of four Carranza generals and defended the actions of himself and his companions. Two of the four men captured with him already have been executed by Carranza soldiers. The soldier Trillo on trial with Angeles, is but 17 years old.

Couriers brought the story of the trial to the border tonight. Attempts to obtain telegraphic information failed.

During his address to the court, Gen. Angeles praised America and Americans. In this connection he was reported to have said: "The Mexican people always viewed with dislike and appreciation the great American nation; being brought up to believe in the efforts of our neighbors are harborers of our conquest. Nothing more."

Praises Will. "Our great neighbor, headed by its great president, has only the kindness and our welfare in mind here that the American people are entirely satisfied with the present armistice in existence, in flower and in fruit."

Angels' appeal before the supreme court in 1918. In reply to the appeal, the supreme court said: "A most serious attack upon the United States government is being made by the United States army."

APPEALS FOR COAL BECOME INSISTENT WITH WINTER NEAR

Reports Show Less Than 40 Per Cent of Normal Output Since Strike

CRIES OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR FUEL ARE LOUDER

Railroad Administration Issues Statement on Condition In Various Sections

McADOO'S STATEMENT SHOWS UP OPERATORS

New York, Nov. 25.—A showdown on profits made by bituminous operators is needed for the American people to form a just opinion on the coal situation, William G. McAdoo, former secretary of the treasury, declared late today.

Mr. McAdoo's statement was made after he had been read an Associated Press dispatch from Washington giving the substance of an open telegram addressed to him by the operators criticizing him for "injecting himself into the wage controversy." Mr. McAdoo had not received the telegram itself.

"The question is whether or not the coal operators are making excessive profits," said his statement. "Their income tax returns filed under oath will give an understanding, truth and the facts. If they are making excessive profits, as they were clearly making in 1917, then any increase of wages that may be made to the miners should not be passed on to the public in the form of increasing prices for bituminous coal. A situation will enable the American people to form a just opinion."

Washington, Nov. 25.—With less than forty percent of the normal output of bituminous coal being produced, the nation is facing its most serious period since the strike of soft coal operators was ordered.

Reports received today from the railroad administration in various cities, the number of failed operations is rapidly falling.

Officials here and while nobody seemed to know what the next day might bring forth officials said they would not be surprised to hear that Jenkins actually had been released.

Meanwhile the government has checked up on the official and private record of Jenkins and has given him a high class rating. Officials declared there was no foundation for the charge that he had conspired with bandits to obtain information.

CABINET MEMBERS DISPLAY FEELING IN JENKINS CASE

Situation Serious and Relations With Mexico Are Now Becoming Strained

CONSULAR AGENT STILL CONFINED IN PRISON

Nothing So Far Heard From Carranza—Jenkins Given High-Class Rating

Washington, Nov. 25.—The new face up over the Mexican problem growing out of the Jenkins case was given serious consideration today at a meeting of the president's cabinet.

There was no intimation as to what this government might do in event President Carranza refused to answer the note from the state department demanding immediate release of William O. Jenkins, consular agent at Puebla, held on a charge of conniving with bandits who kidnaped and held him for a \$150,000 ransom.

No attempt was made to conceal the feeling that the situation was serious and that relations between the United States and Mexico were strained. Officials said the departments, state, war and navy, were ready to meet any eventuality and deal with any situation arising out of a more defiant attitude by the Carranza administration toward the United States.

Advices Are Lacking. In the absence of advices from the embassy at Mexico City, officials were not inclined to put much faith in reports coming by way of Laredo, Tex., that the release of Jenkins "was momentarily expected." There was no word to the department from the Mexican embassy here and while nobody seemed to know what the next day might bring forth officials said they would not be surprised to hear that Jenkins actually had been released.

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