

The Weather

Fair Wednesday and Thursday, except probably showers Thursday extreme west portion.

THE EVENING STAR

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WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1920.

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SIMS AND PITTMAN IN VERBAL CLASHES ENLIVEN HEARINGS

Cross Examination Of Naval Officer Has Now Been Concluded.

ADMIRAL CRITICIZED FOR BRITISH LEANINGS

Committee Attempts To Place Responsibility For Alleged Naval Failures.

Washington, March 23.—Cross examination of Rear Admiral Sims was concluded today by the senate committee investigating his criticisms of the navy department's methods of conducting the war.

Admiral Sims was charged by Senator Pittman, democrat, Nevada, with a desire to "turn over the whole American navy to the British during the war regardless of protection of the coasts of the United States."

The testimony before this committee proves to my satisfaction that you relied very largely on the British admirals for your opinions and recommendations, declared Pittman. "You talked freely to Americans abroad during the war of your belief that the American expeditionary force's transport system had broken down, and on November 1, 1918, you still thought General Pershing's supply arrangements behind the Argonne front had broken and you never expected him to succeed there."

"That is the very kind of officer," retorted the admiral. "No officer of my experience, not to say record, would allow himself to be governed by any such policies."

The hearing today was confined largely to technical questions regarding the placing of responsibility for alleged failure to adopt the convoy system earlier in the war. Senator Pittman asserted that the blame did not rest entirely with the United States and asserted that the admiral had been "hoodwinked" in charging the "murder of 500,000 men to the navy department" because of the alleged lack of prompt cooperation by the United States.

Frequent verbal clashes between Senator Pittman and the witness enlivened the hearing for the spectators. At one point the senator shook his finger at the officer.

"You are not on the bridge of a ship," retorted the senator. "We will follow senate procedure, not navy methods, here."

"Well, you don't need to use police court methods," replied Admiral Sims. Captain Horace Lanning, assistant chief of the bureau of navigation during the war, and for a time acting head of the board, is expected to testify tomorrow.

Bliss Enters Denial The controversy started by Rear Admiral Sims' criticism of the navy department's war activities was broadened tonight by the entry of the war department to deny the admiral's statements regarding the land forces.

General Bliss, American representative in the supreme court, not only denied categorically that he had recommended the brigading of United States troops with foreign armies, as testified to by Admiral Sims, but declared "the truth is exactly the reverse."

General Bliss made his denial in a letter to Secretary Baker, who transmitted it, together with a copy of the original order assigning General Pershing to command the forces overseas, to Secretary Daniels, and he, in turn, sent both on to Chairman Hale, of the senate naval committee, at the same time making all the correspondence public.

"Not only at no time did I make any recommendation for the brigading of American troops with the British army," General Bliss said, "but the truth is exactly the reverse. The only thing that I ever came in contact with Admiral Sims in Europe were while I was in London in connection with the mission (the so-called House mission) between the 8th and 22nd of November, 1917. During that entire time American troops with foreign armies had not, as far as I know, entered the heads of any one, nor did I ever make such a suggestion, much less a recommendation."

Point Became Settled General Bliss said he told the supreme court that such a thing as permanent amalgamation of American units with the British or French would be "intolerable to American sentiment," which led the presiding officer, Mr. Clemenceau, to declare that this point was settled, and nothing was heard thereafter on the subject. In General Pershing's orders as commander-in-chief of the American expeditionary forces it was specifically provided that no American troops were to operate as individual units.

FARMERS TO MAKE DIRECT APPEAL TO PRESIDENT WILSON

Perishable Foodstuffs Rotting on Seaboard on Account Longshoremen's Strike.

New York, March 23.—The only solution of the strike of 8,000 longshoremen engaged in coastwise traffic is "a direct appeal to the white house," R. M. Squires, of the national adjustment commission, announced tonight.

The announcement followed receipt of telegrams from the Charleston, S. C. chamber of commerce and from planters and farmers in other southern districts demanding information of steps taken to settle the strike by arbitration.

The text of the telegrams were not disclosed, but Mr. Squires said they urged that an appeal be made to President Wilson unless there was an indication of a speedy adjustment of the situation by the wage commission.

Planters Are in Distress Planters in the districts about Charleston, Hampton Roads, Va.; Jacksonville, Fla., and New Orleans have hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of perishable foodstuffs on seaboard and inland piers waiting shipment to New York, according to telegrams. Further delay of these shipments, they said, would cause "a very serious situation."

These foodstuffs represent the year's work of the farmer and the spring's supply for a number of seaboard and inland cities, Mr. Squires said, and producers and consumers must depend upon coastwise steamships to move them. "The strikers who are demanding that the strikers be granted wage increases and shorter hours, today asserted the coastwise steamship managers' association 'has persistently refused to enter into any scheme looking toward the settlement of this longshoremen using the commission as an arbitration machine.'"

E. R. Richardson, chairman of the steamship managers' association, said coastwise companies have lost \$50,000 daily since the strike was called ten days ago. Rather than meet the present situation through arbitration, he declared, "the coastwise companies will stand pat, even if forced to suspend operations altogether."

Managers Will Stand Pat The managers maintain wage increases cannot be granted unless freight rates are raised and that even then the wage increases could not be made retroactive. The longshoremen favor increased freight rates, but demand a retroactive wage increase.

Mr. Squires announced that the national wage adjustment commission tomorrow would issue a statement outlining the position of the commission in the dispute. Incorporated in the statement, he said, will be "information regarding the position taken by the longshoremen and the coastwise managers' association."

Ninety-nine ships operating in coastwise trade have been made idle by the strike and a large number of men employed in the offices of the steamship companies have been thrown out of work, Mr. Richardson said.

LONG NON-STOP FLIGHT Charleston, S. C., March 23.—Three naval seaplanes arrived at the Charleston navy yard this afternoon from Rockaway Beach, Long Island, N. Y., without a stop. The first of them actually arrived at 4:45 o'clock. They will leave tomorrow morning for Pensacola by way of Jacksonville.

WOMAN'S FREEDOM VERY SHORT LIVED

Mrs. Innes Re-arrested Immediately After Her Release From State Farm.

Macon, Ga., March 23.—Mrs. Ida May Innes, who, with her husband, Victor E. Innes, was tried and acquitted of the charge of murder of the Nelms sisters in San Antonio six years ago, spent tonight in the county jail here after she obtained a continuance of her hearing before United States Commissioner Martin, following her arrest on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

She had just completed a three-year term at the state farm on a charge of larceny from the Nelms sisters. Her husband is serving a seven-year term. The hearing is set for Friday morning.

Mrs. Innes' son by a former marriage and her mother back to his home in Portland, Ore. He was present when she was rearrested as she stepped from the state farm.

I "wanted to see my children before I died," said Mrs. Innes.

Doctors state that Mrs. Innes, by her long confinement in prison, two years at San Antonio, two years in Atlanta and has contracted tuberculosis. She has six children residing in Portland, the youngest ten years of age.

WHOLESALE GROCERS WILL REDDEN COMPLAINT Chicago, March 23.—Dissatisfaction with the recent government decree, limiting the business activities of "the big five" packers, the national wholesale grocers' association announced today that its case against the packers should be reopened before the interstate commerce commission. The hearing is to be held in Chicago beginning March 26.

PRESIDENT STOPS CONTROL OF FUEL WITH A WARNING

Operators Are Told That Profiteering Will Not Be Tolerated.

ORDERED TO NEGOTIATE WORKING AGREEMENT

Bituminous Situation Is Reported To Status Existing Prior To November 1.

Washington, March 23.—With a warning against profiteering, President Wilson today ordered abandonment of government control over bituminous coal prices and asked miners and operators to negotiate a general working agreement on the basis of the majority report of the coal strike settlement commission.

Price Control Terminates The President ordered termination of price control on April 1, when the working agreement becomes effective. This will permit at least partial absorption in coal prices of the increase in miners wages, established at twenty-seven per cent. by the commission's majority report. The working agreement, the commission estimated, will entail an added annual cost of \$200,000,000 and includes the fourteen per cent. increase awarded the miners in settling the recent strike.

The operators, however, were reminded by the President that unreasonable prices must not result from the relinquishment of price control and the addition of increased wages to their expenses.

The date of the joint conference of operators and miners to formulate a new wage agreement had not been set tonight. John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, while awaiting a conference with officers of his union on the matter, issued a statement saying that the miners were ready and willing to participate in a meeting with the operators.

The majority and minority reports of the coal commission also were made public at the white house, and both were included by the President in his letter to the operators and miners. Notwithstanding the lack of unanimity in the commission's findings, the President said it was to be assumed that the two groups would regard the majority award as binding. The minority report would be left before them, he said, for their guidance in reaching an agreement.

The President, in rescinding control over prices, restored the fuel situation so far as bituminous is concerned to the status existing prior to November 1, when the bituminous miners went out in a nation-wide strike. The executive order, however, does not affect the tide-water coal exchange, which controls export of coal.

DEFEAT OF TREATY TOLD TO PREACHERS

Up To President To Decide To Accept Reservations.

Springfield, Mass., March 23.—Senator Lodge, in a telegram to the Hampton Association of Congregational Ministers here today, in reply to one from the association criticizing senators for failure to ratify the peace treaty, said: "Reservations were placed upon the treaty which a decisive majority of the senate felt were necessary for the protection of the independence, the sovereignty and the peace of the United States. The President's followers in the senate, under his direction, refused to ratify the treaty with those reservations. The treaty can be ratified with those reservations, but not without them, and it is for the President to determine whether he is ready to accept them in order that the treaty may be ratified."

STATE PRINTERS ASK INCREASE ON CONTRACT

Have To Pay More For Labor And For Material.

(Special To The Star.) Raleigh, March 23.—Raleigh concerns, who have the contract for the state printing, have asked for a conference with the printing commission for the purpose of getting an increase on the contract because of jumps in the prices paid printers for their work. All contracts for state printing carry the provision that the printing concern may ask for an increase on the contract provided there is an increase in the pay of printers of as much as ten per cent. in all the states of the southeastern territory. Several months ago the printers gave notice that they would ask for this increase.

NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL GOES TO THE SENATE

Washington, March 23.—The naval appropriation bill, carrying approximately \$425,000,000, passed the house today without a roll call and now goes to the senate. It includes provisions aggregating \$104,000,000 to carry on construction of new ships authorized in the 1918 three-year program and for an enlisted personnel averaging 125,000 in the navy and 20,000 in the marine corps. There was no provision for new construction in addition to vessels already authorized and contracts for which have been awarded.

NOMINATION CONFIRMED Washington, March 23.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of William Martin Williams, of Alabama, to be collector of internal revenue, vice Daniel C. Roper, resigned.

WOOD LEADING; LOVENDEN IS SECOND, IN SOUTH DAKOTA

Johnson Is Closely Pressing Illinois Governor For Second Position.

Sloux Falls, S. D., March 23.—The contest between General Wood, Senator Hiram Johnson, Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Illinois, and Senator Miles Poindexter for the republican presidential indemnity at the South Dakota primary election today became one of fluctuating successes tonight so far as the first three were concerned. Returns from 234 out of 1740 precincts showed Wood leading Lowden by 1322 votes and Johnson closely pressing the Illinois candidate, with only 100 votes for Poindexter.

Returns from the 234 of 1740 state precincts in thirty-five of sixty-four counties, gave Wood 10,364; Lowden 9,041; Johnson 3,941.

The returns included most of the precincts in all the leading cities of the state except Huron. General Wood carried Sloux Falls City by seventy-seven votes over Johnson, who was followed by Lowden, over Wood, by twenty-five votes. In Minnehaha county, outside of Sloux Falls, Johnson had a lead of several hundred votes. The California senator polled a tremendous vote in Lincoln county, and a lead of about 1,000 in that county.

Johnson was leading in Yankton on the face of incomplete returns. Scattering returns for United States senator and governor showed leads for Felix W. Coudrey and W. H. McMaster, republican candidates endorsed by the state convention at Pierre December 2nd.

NEW YORK GIANTS ENTER TRAINING

Second String Will Be At Rocky Mount

(Special To The Star.) Rocky Mount, March 23.—Announcement of the selection of Rocky Mount and the local ball lot for the second training camp of the New York Giants was received in this city today from Sam Houston, manager of the club. Houston had completed training arrangements and made hotel reservations for seventeen players here.

These players are to be drawn from his second string, now in training at San Antonio, and after arriving here March 31 will train until about April 10. It is understood that these players will be sent north from the Texas training camp under the tutelage of one or more of the older heads of the Giants club, in all probability Christy Mathewson. They will continue their training here until April 10 and will probably go to New York to rejoin the Giants regulars on April 11.

NEW YORK TENANTS AFTER "RENT HOGS"

Legislation To Curb Profiteering In The Legislature.

Albany, N. Y., March 23.—The hearing before a legislative committee accorded New York landlords and tenants on legislation designed to curb rent profiteering wound up tonight with a racket equaled only by that heard at a world series game tied in the ninth.

Charges and counter charges, blases and counter blases, and frantic clapping of hands mingled with cries of "Put him out" as opposing factions clashed in debate before the special joint legislative committee considering the proposed rent measure.

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DAYLIGHT SAVING LAW WILL AFFECT BUSINESS

New York Legislature Has Refused To Repeal Bill.

New York, March 23.—Operation of the state daylight saving law, which becomes effective at 2 a. m. next Sunday, through the refusal of the legislature today to repeal the bill, is expected materially to affect business hours and conditions in stock and trade markets throughout the country. An official of the stock, cotton and other exchanges here, together with all local banks, announced that they would operate under the new time schedule, which makes "official New York time" two hours ahead of Chicago. Instead of one, with a corresponding increase of the standard time in other sections of the country.

WILLIAM HOBENSOHLER CONTINUES TO SAW WOOD

Amerongen, March 23.—For the second time former Emperor William, of Germany, was deprived of the customary religious services at Bentinck castle Sunday. Because of the new restrictions the German minister from Zelt, who usually presided at the services at Bentinck castle, was unable to enter. Today the former emperor moved with anxiety his wood sawing operations, sticking at his task for four hours.

AMERICAN LEGION PREPARES TO FIGHT FOR SERVICE MEN

Has Agreed Upon Drastic Bill For Procurement Of Soldier Relief.

NASHVILLE POSTOFFICE IS BONE OF CONTENTION

Alleged Discrimination Will Be Taken Direct To President Wilson.

(Special To The Star.) Washington, March 23.—At the conference of the national executive committee of the American legion, which is being held in Washington, steps are being taken for safeguarding the rights of ex-service men in their rights at the hands of the federal government and for the procurement of relief for them through the enactment of equitable laws.

Tentative bill was agreed upon providing for land settlement, vocational training, home loan and adjustment of compensation at the rate of \$1.50 a day. A committee from the legion will appear before the ways and means committee Wednesday to urge a bill of this character. The most drastic measures taken at the conference were those looking to the proper enforcement of the civil service laws and observance of the soldiers' preference law.

Resolutions Adopted. Inspired in their action by what they term is discriminatory treatment against a soldier for postmaster at Nashville, Tenn., they passed resolutions unanimously calling for the removal of the postmaster at that place. It is pointed out that the civil service commission certified the name of an ex-service man as the highest qualified eligible for the position, but that the postmaster general, in violation of law, regulation and executive order not only failed to submit to the President the highest certified eligible, but on the contrary submitted instead for the name of another applicant not entitled to the benefits of the soldiers' preference law.

It is further pointed out that two requests for a hearing in this case were refused by the postmaster general by officials of the American legion, the first of which was ignored and the second denied and immediately following a request for a hearing the resolution was rushed through the senate within twenty-four hours, which is without precedent where a contest has developed.

The resolution declared that the action of the postmaster general is irregular and illegal and that it constitutes an act and establishes a precedent most discriminatory against ex-service men and women.

That the President be earnestly requested to rectify this injustice and discrimination by declaring vacant the office of postmaster at Nashville and by directing that the name of the highest eligible, as determined by the civil service commission, be forthwith submitted for confirmation is requested.

It is furthermore asked in the resolutions that congressmen take such action as may be necessary to secure for ex-service men and women the benefits now provided for them in law regulation and executive order.

Not only the American legion but their friends are aroused over the treatment that has been accorded ex-service men in matters of this character. There are numerous similar cases throughout the country, but the Nashville case has been selected as a test and a relentless and bitter fight is being waged.

It is expected that action in congress will at once be taken to determine whether the soldiers' preference law and the executive order relating to the appointment of ex-service men and women to office shall be adhered to or be regarded as measures of deception.

HUGHES INTERPRETS SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN

Says Reading Of State Constitutions Will Not Interfere.

New York, March 23.—Claims of anti-suffragists that the Anthony amendment to the constitution, if ratified, would be ineffective in states where state constitutions restrict suffrage to "male" citizens until such constitutions had been amended, are erroneous, according to an opinion obtained from Charles E. Hughes, former justice of the United States supreme court, by the National American Woman Suffrage association. Judge Hughes also advised the association that in his opinion claims that in any case would confer only the right to vote for senators and representatives was equally erroneous.

TERMINATE SPANISH STRIKE

Madrid, March 23.—The government, in order to terminate the railroad strike, proposed tonight to guarantee the increase in wages demanded by the strikers and it is considered highly probable that the railroads will return to work tomorrow. The government has promised the companies to do everything in its power to secure the passage of the bill providing for increased rates.

CORK POLICE INVOLVED

Cork, March 23.—An inquest was opened today into the assassination of Lord Mayor MacCurran, who was killed in his home here early last Saturday morning. Mr. Lynch, attorney for the next of kin of Mayor MacCurran, said evidence would be adduced tending to show that the police are concerned in the murder.

FIFTH DISTRICT CONGRESSMAN MAY HAVE OPPOSITION

Republicans Consider Putting Candidate In Field Against Major Stedman.

(Special To The Star.) Raleigh, March 23.—That there will be opposition to Major Charles M. Stedman, congressman from the Imperial Fifth district, is the rumor that reaches Raleigh from well authenticated sources, which say that former District Attorney A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem, has been agreed on as the man to run against the confederate veteran.

It is said that Mr. Holton's name was agreed on at the state convention by a number of the republicans from the fifth district, and that a special effort will be made in the coming election to eliminate Major Stedman, who has represented the district in congress for ten years.

Has Some Strong Points. The fifth district attorney is a fighter, is strong for the income tax amendment and is not opposed to the principle of revaluation, it is said. He also makes a special appeal to the labor element in his district. It is believed that he will make a special effort to poll the labor vote in the fifth district, which embraces the big manufacturing centers of High Point, Greensboro, Winston-Salem and Durham. The labor unions are strong in all of these places, or rather the labor element is strong, and the union leaders are exerting every effort to get the labor vote lined up for the union ticket.

Mr. Holton ran against James A. Gray for the state senate last year, and made a special appeal in his attacks on the big tobacco companies. Senator Gray defeated him by about 1000 votes. The labor unions are strong in all of these places, or rather the labor element is strong, and the union leaders are exerting every effort to get the labor vote lined up for the union ticket.

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Mr. Holton is the strongest man in the district, and that if there is any chance to beat Major Stedman, Holton would be the man to beat. He is a democrat, and that it will be possible to more strictly line up the labor unions against Major Stedman than they were lined up against Senator Gray.

Republicans, it is said, believe that Mr. Holton is the strongest man in the district, and that if there is any chance to beat Major Stedman, Holton would be the man to beat. He is a democrat, and that it will be possible to more strictly line up the labor unions against Major Stedman than they were lined up against Senator Gray.

FIGHTING IS HEAVY ON THE POLISH FRONT

Bolsheviki Advance Countered And Enemy Driven Back.

Warsaw, March 23.—Extremely heavy fighting is reported on the Polish front. A communication issued today announced that after the greatest artillery preparation yet experienced the bolsheviki infantry, under the command of the bridge-head at Zwethel, aided by tanks and armored motor cars. "After a sharp engagement, the Polish troops launched a counter attack with bayonets and machine guns driving the enemy far from the Polish line," said the communication.

ASK PRESIDENT FOR NEW PEACE TREATY

Flood Declares Knox Resolution A Nullity Because Of Impossible Conditions.

Richmond, Va., March 23.—Congressman H. D. Flood, called here to participate in the West Virginia debt case stated tonight that as soon as he returns to Washington he will offer a resolution instructing President Wilson to write a new peace treaty. Mr. Flood said that this resolution will ask the President to declare the United States at peace with all powers.

The preamble of the proposed resolution reads: "The President be and is hereby requested and authorized to enter into negotiations with the government of Germany and her allies and with the powers associated with the United States in the European war with a view to concluding a settlement of all controversies between the United States and Germany and her allies and to conclude, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, any and all international acts or agreements necessary to reach a definite adjustment with all the powers engaged in the European war in respect of any questions or controversies relating to the conflict."

Referring to the Knox resolution, Mr. Flood declared that it "imposed conditions Germany cannot fulfill because indemnities and reparations called for in the treaty of Versailles were available when three of the high contracting parties had ratified the treaty. Four have now ratified. It would mean that this country would have to deal not only with Germany, but with the allied and associated powers in respect to these indemnities and reparations, therefore the Knox resolution is a nullity."

"Technically," Mr. Flood said, "this country is at peace with Germany, following the lifting of the embargo last July, after which trade relations were resumed."

GERMAN LEADERS IN RECENT REVOLT ARE UNDER ARREST

No Definite News Is Available As To Whereabouts of Kapp.

DECREE OF ABOLITION OF ALL COURTS MARTIAL

Insurgents Have Captured The Palace In The Town Of Schleswig.

Berlin, March 23.—Major General Von Luettwitz, the military commander in the Kapp revolt, has been arrested, it is officially announced. Admiral Von Trotha, chief of the admiralty, has also been arrested. There is no definite news of Kapp's whereabouts. It is supposed he is on his estate in east Prussia.

Soon after his return to Berlin, President Ebert ordered the imperial court at Leipzig to bring action against the leaders of the revolution, including Kapp, Von Luettwitz, Von Jagow and Admiral Trotha.

Courts Martial Abolished. Berlin, March 23.—President Ebert today decreed the abolition of drum-head courts martial, expressing confidence that order would not be further disturbed. Order has not yet been re-established at Nordhausen, Saxony, and the situation at Barchhausen and Koburg is worse. The demand for disarmament of volunteers in those places having been rejected. The extremists have armed themselves.

Duplication Of Russia. Rotterdam, March 23.—The conditions in the Rhine province, where virtually every town is in the hands of the workmen, rapidly are approaching a duplication of the conditions prevailing in soviet Russia.

According to the Rotterdamische Courant, the first step following the proclamation of soviet republics was the opening of prisons and freeing not only political prisoners, but also common prisoners. Coming closely upon the heels of the revolution, an invitation to the bourgeoisie to surrender all firearms. Emphasis was laid on this by an announcement that failure to comply would entail prosecution by the revolutionary tribunal.

The correspondent says that the hardest tasks of a soviet government would be to maintain rationing; that failure in this respect would not be improbable owing to the existing scarcity of foodstuffs and that a compromise with Berlin would be necessary.

Town of Schleswig Captured. Berlin, March 23.—Insurgents have captured the palace in the town of Schleswig, capital of the province of Schleswig-Holstein, according to a dispatch received here. A self-styled committee of action is in control of Schleswig, the dispatch says.

Regulars Are Rejected. Copenhagen, March 23.—Regarding the situation at Wesel, a special Berlin dispatch says that six thousand regulars within the fortress are beset by 25,000 spartacists. The troops are using heavy guns.

Eastern Situation. Berlin, March 23.—Latest dispatches from Halle says that after very stubborn fighting the troops are master of the situation. The workmen retired to the environs of Halle. Passenger traffic to Berlin was resumed today.

GRIFFIN MADE MEMBER STATE BOARD EXAMINERS

Is One Of Best Known Educators In North Carolina.

(Special To The Star.) Raleigh, March 23.—The board of education today named I. C. Griffin of Shelby, a member of the state board of examiners, to fill one of the two vacancies on the board that has existed for some time. Mr. Griffin is a well known educational leader of Cleveland county, and he comes to the state board with the recommendation of Dr. E. C. Brooks, superintendent of education, and many other endorsements of his ability and qualifications. His appointment is effective immediately.

PROVINCIAL GRAND LODGE ROYAL ORDER OF SCOTLAND

Washington, March 23.—Provincial grand lodges of the Royal Order of Scotland, one of the highest Masonic bodies, were announced here today by George E. Corson, grand master for the province of the United States. John L. Thomas, New York, was named deputy grand master; Sterling Kerr, Washington, secretary; Leroy A. Goodard, Chicago, treasurer; Perry W. Waldner, Los Angeles, senior grand warden; Thomas R. Morrow, Kansas City, junior grand warden and Canon William T. Snyder, Washington, chaplain.

ITALIAN SHOT TO DEATH

Birmingham, March 23.—Paschal Pirrone, an Italian, was shot to death and the body thrown from a rapidly moving automobile near the end of Norwood boulevard tonight. Several automobilists saw the body thrown out, but the car was going so rapidly it escaped.