

PROGRESSIVES DO NOT LIKE PROPOSED SLATE FOR HARDING CABINET

Harding Pays Less Attention to Progressives Now Than in Campaign

THEY ARE DIVIDED

Trouble With the Former Bull Moosers Is That They Can't Get Together

By MARK SULLIVAN
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Star.)

Some of the recent visitors to Marion have expressed an almost truculent feeling that in the tentative cabinet states Senator Harding does not show as much consideration for the progressive faction as he did in the campaign.

None of the six or seven men now accepted as final were identified with the progressive party. The weakness of the progressives is that they are not united. If the progressives could agree on a list of candidates for the cabinet, they could undoubtedly get into the White House.

But the line-up which the progressives held five to eight years ago on domestic progressive issues has been crossed at right angles and other wise through into chaos by late issues dealing with foreign relations. The two senators who were officially connected with the Progressive party, Johnson of California and McCormick of Illinois, are still now progressive but not with the old progressive issues but with implacable opposition to the league of nations or any variation of it.

On the other hand, a large number of the backbone of the Progressive party, the college communities, and the class that the politicians call the "church people" are steadily favoring the league of nations. The great bulk of these people would regard Hoover in the cabinet as representative of their views. Harding would like to put Hoover in his cabinet but Johnson, the senator from Illinois, would not regard that appointment as a personal affront.

Farmers Don't Want Hoover
And even if Harding were willing to disregard the prejudices of the power senator from Hoover's own state, there are large numbers of farmers from those western states which were the backbone of the Progressive party who would bitterly oppose Hoover because of what they take as unfair treatment of their interests by Hoover's administration. For example, Henry C. Wallace, the Des Moines farm paper editor, who is practically certain to be in the cabinet himself, has been sharply critical of Hoover in his paper.

Another appointment which would be objectionable to the numbers of progressives is General Wood. But, again, Senator Johnson, who ran for vice-president on the progressive ticket with Roosevelt for president, resents the suggestion that Hoover attempt to capture the presidential nomination on the theory that he was the true heir to Roosevelt. A powerful group of progressive leaders have wanted Wood as secretary of state. The two senators, Johnson and McCormick would regard that appointment as anathema. These two senators based on their present position on foreign relations, would like Knox for secretary of state, although in the old progressive line-up on domestic economic interests Knox was of the inner circle of standstillers.

In these and other ways the old progressive leadership is so torn to pieces that it isn't easy for Harding to satisfy them, however he would like to. Without a prevailing "old guard" cabinet is going to cause a good deal of discontent; and it is certain as any future thing can be that there will arise in the west the coming year a sentiment of discontent so strong that it will menace the party in power as much as the old progressive party did.

Senator Harding's way about going about his cabinet making has, among the disadvantages, the disadvantage of causing just this kind of factional protest to arise. Not only are the old progressives active, but many other groups as well; strong representations have been made that the south should be given an appointment, that the Pacific coast should be given one, and that the Democrats should be given one. Some of the advocacy behind certain names rests on the theory that the cabinet should include a Jew.

Catholic Urged for Cabinet
Harding has been strongly urged to appoint someone who is a Catholic, the urging coming from party leaders. Their argument is based on party policy. After the election, it turned out that not only did the Irish Catholics vote for Harding, but also, in New York and elsewhere, quite generally registered as Republicans, which is a more significant thing than merely voting for Harding. The Republican strategists say this means the Irish anchor in the Democratic party have determined to try the Republicans a while, and they urge the Harding administration to give them a sign of welcome by putting one of them in the cabinet. If Harding should decide to follow this advice, the field in which it would be most easy to find a man who is first an Irish leader in his line, and also an Irish Catholic, would be in the selection of a secretary of labor.

Harding has by now got all the candidates to be had from this sort of widespread discussions of trial balloons for the cabinet, and has experienced some unexpected embarrassments that attend it. The trouble with it is that the discussion is not on ability, but on expediency. Potential names are discussed in terms of expediency. From now on Harding may be expected to tend toward the practices of the predecessors in cabinet-making. He has said that he would follow the advice of those who claim he should announce the slate and treasury appointments early; but the balance of the cabinet will probably be reserved until March 4. There may be one or two surprises in the final list. In connection with Wilson's cabinet, these two incidents happened: On March 2 two leading citizens of St. Louis David H. Francis and Frank Houston, rode together to Washington and camped about politics on the way. The next day, March 5, Mr. Francis read the name of Houston in the newly announced cabinet. That was the first that Mr. Francis or any other outsider knew about it. And two weeks before Franklin actually took office Wilson's cabinet the two men never met.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL IS ANXIOUS FOR INQUIRY

Says He Wants Sweeping Investigation of Department of Justice

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Star.)

Insistence of Attorney-General Palmer that a sweeping congressional investigation be made of charges that department of justice agents, in rounding up alleged radicals last winter, were abusive and disregarded the legal rights of the accused, brought assurance today from a senate judiciary subcommittee that it would hear first hand both the agents who supervised the raids and their critics.

The attorney-general appeared today before the subcommittee, which was considering the advisability of granting an amnesty to persons convicted of violating the espionage act and other war time laws.

Mr. Palmer told the subcommittee that an amnesty proclamation would not affect an immediate and wholesale release of persons confined in prisons for violations of war time statutes, because each case would have to be gone into on its merits to see whether it came within the pale of the proclamation.

Mr. Palmer discussed the charges made against his department by the National Civil Liberties League. These charges were drawn up, he declared by a group of attorneys, "many of whom were counsel for persons arrested for deportation on charges of being alien radicals." Then asserting that "the time has come when we need something more than blind allegations, hearsay evidence and loose charges" on the part of persons "who are not disinterested," the attorney-general asked that an attempt be made to ascertain the facts.

"I have nothing to go on but the reports of department of justice agents of illegally selected men who have sworn to abide by the laws and tell the truth," said Mr. Palmer. "Naturally I believe them. As far as my men have obeyed the instructions given them by the department, I'll stand by them. If they have exceeded the authority or used high handed methods, I want to know it."

Senator Sterling, chairman of the subcommittee, announced that on next Tuesday it would hear Professor Zachariah Chafee, of the Harvard law school faculty, one of the attorneys who preferred charges against the department of justice in the name of the National Civil Liberties League. The attorney-general was requested to have special agents who supervised last winter's round-ups, also on hand Tuesday.

FARM WAGES HIGHEST EVER KNOWN DURING 1920 SEASON

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Star.)

Wages of hired men on farms have more than doubled in the last 10 years, tripled in the last 20 years and were more than four times higher last year than they were in 1879. These changes are shown by statistics of the department of agriculture.

Wages paid by the month, without board, averaged \$64.95 for the country as a whole last year; 10 years ago they averaged \$27.50, and in 1879 they were \$10.42.

Day labor at harvest time last year averaged \$4.36 without board and other than harvest time labor was paid \$1.82 and at other than harvest time \$1.38. In 1894 harvest time day labor was paid \$1.33 and non-harvest time labor \$1 cent a day.

California and Nevada farmers paid their labor the highest prices for labor without board, the average in those states last year having been \$107 a month. The lowest average was in Mississippi where \$41 was paid. The average for the country as a whole was \$64.95, the northern Atlantic states averaged \$75.54, the south Atlantic \$50.56, the northeast central states, \$70.08; the northwest central states, \$79.79; the south central states, \$51.94 and the far western states, \$99.43.

For harvest time labor without board North Dakota paid the highest rate with \$7.40 a day, while at other than harvest time South Dakota paid the highest rate with \$5.90 a day.

WORCESTER SUFFERS A HEAVY LOSS BY FIRES

Two Sections Visited by Fire of Undetermined Origin

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 19.—(Special to The Star.)

The origin of the fire that caused more than \$1,500,000 property damage in the business district of this city today had not been determined tonight. While millitia companies were held at the armories in readiness for assistance to the exhausted firemen in case of new fires, state police searched the ice-shrouded ruins for clues.

The flames started in the Knowles building at Main and Chatham streets, and shortly afterward a building on North Foster street, more than three-quarters of a mile away, was discovered ablaze. Efforts were made tonight to determine whether this second fire was started by burning embers from the first, and numerous witnesses were examined in the hope of learning how the blaze in the Knowles building had gained such headway before discovery.

The heaviest losses were suffered by business firms in the Knowles building on the opposite side of Main street, both of which were destroyed, and by the M. K. Smith corporation, whose woodworking plant was burned.

There were no fatalities or serious injuries, but several firemen were slightly hurt by falling glass and toppling walls. Firemen from Boston and from towns nearby assisted the local department in preventing a further spread of the flames.

The total loss was estimated at \$1,552,000 with insurance of \$85,000.

STREETS OF THE CITY WERE SWEEPED BY BULLETS, THE INHABITANTS HAVE BEEN LIVING IN FEAR AND TREMBLING

THE WARNING OF MAJ.-GEN. SIR EDWARD STRICKLAND, THE MILITARY COMMANDER, THAT DRASTIC MEASURES WOULD FOLLOW ASSASSINATIONS OF MEMBERS OF THE CROWN FORCES, HAS SERVED TO INCREASE THE GENERAL FEELING OF UNEASINESS.

AUTOMOBILE PLANT TO BE SET UP AT FAYETTEVILLE

(Special to The Star)

FAYETTEVILLE, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Star.)

Fayetteville is to become an automobile manufacturing center, according to plans of the Armond Motors company, chartered by the secretary of state with an authorized capital stock of \$100,000 and \$5,000 paid in. The incorporators are G. D. Gravelly, of Baltimore, said to be an experienced automobile manufacturer, and B. D. Hume and N. L. Sasser, of this city.

Mr. Gravelly is expected to arrive here within a few days, ready to go to work, and plans for the beginning of operations are awaiting his arrival. Gravelly has been elected general manager of the company. Mr. Hume, who has been for several years the Fayetteville manager for Armond and company, will be president of the motor company. Miss Sasser is now an employee of a wholesale company here.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after first application. 60c.—(Adv.)

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Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Musterole.

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WOMAN IS ELECTED PROBATE JUDGE IN SOUTH CAROLINA

(Special to The Star)

GREENVILLE, S. C., Jan. 19.—The first woman county official in South Carolina was elected here today in a special election held to choose a successor to Probate Judge Walter M. Scott, who was killed in an automobile accident the day after Christmas.

Judge Scott's widow, Mrs. Fannie C. Scott, who had served as clerk in that office for a number of years, was unopposed candidate for the place. Mrs. Scott is to assume the duties of the office within a few days.

TERROR GRIPS CORK PEOPLE WHILE FIGHTING CONTINUES

CORK, Jan. 19.—Terror, equally as intense as that which prevailed before martial law was enforced, grips the people of Cork. The black and tans and auxiliaries, who were withdrawn from the city after the fires, are more in evidence than ever, and since Saturday and Sunday nights, when the

WINNERS in the EVEREADY FLASHLIGHT \$10,000 Contest

EVEREADY
The Light that says "There it is!"
Eveready Batteries fit all flashlights

who got that \$10,000.00?

WHAT did the letter say? Who are the winners in the big Eveready Flashlight Contest? One man won \$3,000. A woman won \$1,000. One man and two women won \$500 apiece. \$4,500 divides among the remaining 99 contestants, in units ranging from \$250 down to \$10.

A spirited contest. 309,462 entries. The judges (the editors of "LIFE") in making their decisions, stated that the entries revealed "Daylo's greatest usefulness lies in the broad field of danger in the dark, since no one specific use exceeds in importance all other uses."

Go to the nearest electrical, hardware, auto-supply or drug store that sells Eveready Flashlights and batteries. The complete list of winners and their answers is in the windows of Eveready dealers, on a poster like that shown herewith.

Find out who won. Look for the posters in dealers' windows. Learn the message of the mysterious letter in the famous contest-picture.

Take your flashlight along and see if it needs a new battery. Eveready Batteries fit all flashlights. Be sure your flashlight IS ever ready to banish darkness and its lurking dangers.

A fresh, strong Eveready Battery is tonic to tired flashlights. See an Eveready dealer today.

See the Poster in your Dealers' Window

EVEREADY PRIZE WINNERS' WEEK JAN. 20th TO 27th

Keep Your Flashlight on the Job with a fresh EVEREADY Battery

We Carry a Complete Line

EVEREADY Flashlights

See Our Window for List of Winners

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Creomulsion is guaranteed satisfactory in the treatment of chronic coughs and colds, bronchial asthma, catarrhal and other forms of throat and lung diseases, and is excellent for building up the system after colds or the flu. Increases appetite and body weight. Ask your druggist. (Adv.)