The Weather

Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; somewhat warmer in east portion Wednesday.

Stage of river at Fayetteville at 8 a. m. yesterday, 4.5 feet.

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

Wilmington's Only Leased Wire Associated Press Newspaper

VOL. CVII.—No. 92. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1921. OLDEST DAILY IN THE STATE.

SIMMONS HAS INVITED PRESIDENT ON BEHALF OF STATE LEGION MEN

Advises Commander Hogue He Has Delivered the North Carolina Invitation

WATCH CITY ITEM

Both Senator Simmons and Representative Lyon for Custom House Provision

(Special to The Star)

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Senator Simmons sent the following letter to Cyrus D. Hogue, North Carolina commander of the American Legion, Wilmington, today:

"In response to your communication of June 2, I have taken great pleasure in extending to President Harding a very warm invitation to address the state convention of the American Legion at Hendersonville during the months of August. I have told the President of the delightful summer climate of the country in which your convention will be held, and of the great inspiration that will come to your organization and people from a visit from the chief executive of the nation. I hope very much that the President may find himself able to accept the invitation and upon receiving his decision, I shall communicate with you again without delay."

Among the graduates of the National Cathedral school this year was Miss Margaret Thorpe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Thorpe, of Wilmington.

William Roberts and Dudley Howell, Wilmington boys who attended Davidson college last year, are here with Mrs. Mary D. Roberts, mother of Roberts. They may get positions here for the summer.

Representative Brinson spoke at the East Carolina Teachers Training school at Greenville today.

Senator Simmons and Congressman Lyon appeared today before the conference committee on the sundry civil bill and urged the conference committee very earnestly to retain in the bill the item placed in the bill by the senate authorizing the secretary of the treasury to purchase certain premises adjoining the custom house at Wilmington for the purpose of safeguarding that splendid new structure from danger by fire.

Senator Simmons hopes very much to be able to retain the item in the bill in conference and is doing everything he can to guard the item from successful attack. It is said that there is a very serious effort on the part of members of the majority to eliminate this item and another somewhat similar to it providing for the purchase of additional property at Salt Lake City, Utah. This is the same provision that Senator Simmons got inserted as a senate amendment in the sundry civil bill in the preceding congress, but which by some misunderstanding or mistake, was lost in the conference between the two houses.

At a late hour tonight there was doubt as to whether or not the Linney hearing would take place tomorrow. Senator Ernest, chairman of the subcommittee before which it is scheduled to occur, will have to go to Kentucky with the remains of Republican National Committeeman Hert, who died here today. Both sides are here ready for the show. Among those on hand to testify for Mr. Linney are I. D. Tucker, Whiteville; John M. Morehead, Charlotte; J. A. Giles, Hillsboro; John T. Page, LaGrange; and Frank A. Linney himself, and Marion Butler. Mr. Linney did not go to the white house today. He was not scheduled to go.

ALVIN T. HERT DIES AT CAPITAL OF APOPLEXY

He Was National Committeeman From Kentucky

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Alvin T. Hert, of Louisville, Ky., Republican national committeeman from that state, died suddenly today at the New Willard hotel here.

Mr. Hert, who was 56 years of age, had come here to attend the meeting of the Republican national committee tomorrow. Death was said to have been due to apoplexy. He was taken ill on a train while coming here Sunday night for the meeting and since had been confined to his room.

Only recently Mr. Hert had declined to consider appointment by President Harding as ambassador to a foreign country or as the President's representative on the government reorganization commission.

During the last political campaign he was a member of the Republican executive committee of five and at the national convention at Chicago was a floor leader for Governor Lowden of Illinois. He also had been prominently mentioned after the election as a cabinet possibility and later as the next Republican national chairman, but he declared he could not accept the latter if it was tendered to him. In the 1919 presidential campaign he was western manager for the Republican party.

Congressmen Langley and Robison of Kentucky and John M. Chilton, a personal friend, were with him when he died. He had remarked that he was feeling better and started to sit up, it was said, when death came. Funeral arrangements have not yet been made. Mr. Hert is survived by a widow.

MIKE GIBBONS IS WINNER

NEW YORK, June 7.—Mike Gibbons, of St. Paul, scored a technical knockout over "Silent" Martin of Brooklyn, tonight, when the referee halted their 10-round bout in the 10th round. Gibbons weighed 156¼ pounds and Martin 162¾.

Danger of Pestilence Over At Pueblo, Health Man Says

Situation in Sorely Stricken Colorado Town Is Rapdly Improving—Quantities of Supplies Being Received and Army of Men Is Cleaning Up Town Under Military Direction—Electricity, Gas and Water Soon Available

PUEBLO, Colo., June 7.—(By Associated Press.)—Danger of pestilence, following last Friday's disastrous flood, has passed, according to officials of the United States public health service. There is plenty of food; shelter has been provided in a refugee camp to remove the congestion in churches, schools and private homes, and an army of men has been at work clearing the streets of debris, removing dead animals and clearing out the business places.

Part of the city again is electrically lighted and the gas company is nearly ready to supply gas for heat and light. The city water plant is functioning and tomorrow a water purifier will prepare for human consumption five million gallons of water daily.

Dr. John C. Cornell, head of the United States public health service for this district declared that presence of contagious and infectious diseases is rarer than in the days prior to the disaster.

The military order compelling all able-bodied men to work has brought out an army of laborers. They have been unloading trucks of food, carrying blankets for refugees, transporting cots and equipment to the new camp for refugees and shoveling mud and debris and carting it away all day.

Few arrests have been made for looting. Every patrol within several blocks of the shooting last night which caused the death of E. E. Withers, prominent business man, was examined. The weapons and ammunition of each guard were inspected and showed that no shot had been fired from any of their guns.

Partial resumption of railway service between here and Colorado Springs made possible transportation of food supplies and troops into the city. No general resumption of railway service, however, will be possible for weeks, railroad officials said. Communication with South Pueblo was interrupted today when military officers considered that the main street viaduct was unsafe. About half of the concrete structure over the railroad yards has been sagging since the floods. Communication was restored over the Union avenue viaduct.

The city has a plentiful supply of meat from a local packing plant. It was said fresh fruit was needed more than meat at present. Ice could be obtained today for the first time since the flood.

A civilian committee of 20 was appointed today to assist the Red Cross in co-ordinating relief work.

James F. Frier, manager of the southwestern division of the Red Cross, who handled the Ohio floods of 1913 and other disasters, accompanied by A. W. Jones, of St. Louis, director in cheif of the Red Cross at the Corpus Christi disaster, arrived in Pueblo this afternoon to take charge of the relief work of the national organization.

CONGRESS DIRECTS THE WAR DEPARTMENT TO GIVE HELP

WASHINGTON, June 7—A joint resolution was adopted late today by the house and senate authorizing the secretary of war to extend all possible relief to Colorado flood sufferers.

Previously, Senator Phipps, of Colorado, had announced that he and Representative Hardy, of the state, would seek an appropriation of $1,000,000 for flood relief.

The resolution directs the secretary of war to take all possible sanitary measure to safeguard the health of the population in the flood district; to furnish subsistence and shelter, and to give all other forms of aid.

LANGLEY FIELD SCENE OF AIRPLANE DISASTER

Two Cadets Killed Instantly When Plane Hits Tree, Causing Explosion

HAMPTON, Va., June 7.—Flying cadets Noel R. Thompson and C. A. Bowen were killed instantly at Langley field this afternoon when a De Haviland 4-B plane, in which they were making a bombing flight, struck a tree top and became ignited. Three of four bombs being carried in the carriage were detonated and blew the machine to bits, burning and terribly mutilating the bodies of the two aviators.

Pieces of the plane were thrown great distances by the first explosion, which occurred about a minute after the machine took a straight dive into an oak tree which stands on the edge of the flying field. Efforts had been made by Cadet Thompson, pilot, to extricate his machine from the tree even after flames had broken out by the engine.

Ambulances which hurried to the scene arrived after both cadets were dead.

Cadet Thompson, whose home is at 822 South Main street, Jacksonville, Ill., and Cadet Bowen, of Quitman, Ga., had come to Langley field only a few weeks ago from Kelley field, Texas. They were considered safe pilots and had been participating since their arrival in preparations for army-navy bombing experiments to be conducted later this month. Neither of the cadets had been in charge of any of the larger bombing types of planes and on the flight which resulted in their deaths they carried small bombs containing gun powder for light target work.

Immediately after the accident, Col. William H. Hensley, commanding officer at the flying field, ordered a complete investigation of the cause, and named a special board of officers to conduct it.

Pending the board's report no official comment is offered.

Bodies of the dead cadets, who would have been placed on the officer's reserve list upon the completion of their training course, were turned over to a local undertaker to be prepared for shipment to their homes.

MARION BUSINESS MEN IN CAROLINA PORT CONVENTION

(Special to The Star)

MARION, June 7.—A delegation consisting of the following citizens, E. T. Hughes, R. J. Blackwell, W. H. Cross, John Gasque, F. E. Watson and J. W. Blackwell, has gone to Charleston to attend the South Carolina port convention.

Prominent business men from all over the state are in attendance upon this convention, the purpose of which is to reveal the advantages and facilities of South Carolina's port and to strengthen the commercial relationship between port and hinterland.

DEMPSEY WOOD, OF KINSTON, DIES SUDDENLY ON A TRAIN

(Special to The Star)

KINSTON, June 7.—Dempsey Wood, sportsman and retired business man, died on a train shortly after leaving this city today for a fishing trip. He was prominently connected and well well known in this part o the state.

HOLD MEMORIAL SERVICES

(Special to The Star)

MARION, June 7.—A memorial service was held Sunday afternoon in the Episcopal church in honor of Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Davis, of this city, who died June 5, one year ago. Mrs. Davis was a diligent civic worker and did much for the town of Marion, and Mr. Davis' genial personality won for him many friends here.

SENATE ACCEPTS PLAN FOR A 170,000 ARMY

Advocates of Economy and a Smaller Personnel Again Licked in Senate

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Committee provision for a minimum of 170,000 men for the next fiscal year was accepted today by the senate in considering the army appropriation bill.

The vote was 34 to 30, two Democrats, Senators Fletcher, of Florida, and Myers, of Montana, joining with the Republican majority, and 11 Republicans voting against the committee amendment. The Republicans voting against the 170,000 total were Borah, Idaho; Harreld, Oklahoma; Jones, Washington; Kenyon, Iowa; Ladd, North Dakota; LaFollette, Wisconsin; McNary, Oregon; Norbeck, South Dakota; Norris, Nebraska; Smoot, Utah, and Townsend, Michigan.

The vote on the amendment followed two days of heated debate, precipitated by a group of senators who advocated economy in governmental expenditures and argued that the United States at the present time was not in need of an army of 170,000 men. This group after today's roll call said they would seek another vote on the provision governing the size of the army.

The army at present has an enlisted strength of about 220,000 men and the bill as passed by the house provided for an average of 150,000 men. The bill, which, as reported by the senate military affairs committee, covers a total of $355,000,000. Chairman Wadsworth was tonight hopeful that a final vote might be obtained before adjournment tomorrow.

Withdrawal of American troops from Germany was touched on at some length today by Senators Reed, Missouri, and Watson, Georgia, Democrats. Both decried delay in passage of the resolution establishing peace with Germany and Austria.

DR. PEACOCK ON STAND IN HIS OWN DEEFENSE

Can't Recall Incidents on Day of Killing

LEXINGTON, June 7.—Examination of Dr. J. W. Peacock, of Thomasville, his wife and a number of other witnesses, testifying for the defense, occupied today's session of Davidson county superior court, in which the physician is on trial, charged with killing Chief of Police J. E. Taylor, also of Thomasville. Several physicians and alienists are expected to testify for the defense tomorrow after which the state is to present its testimony.

"I positively do not remember any of the incidents of the morning before that moment," Dr. Peacock insisted during examination and cross-examination, referring to the morning and the moment when he shot Chief Taylor as he passed his office. He said he had no recollection of anything that took place from the time his barn was burned long before daylight in the morning of the tragedy until some time after the killing, when, he testified, it all came to him "like a dreadful dream or awakening from a nightmare," that he had been shooting and that Chief Taylor was dead.

He and other witnesses described injuries he received in the fire while attempting to save his dog and cow. He also testified to long standing fear that Chief Taylor would carry out alleged threats to destroy his home and do him injury.

TREATY OF COMMERCE AND FRIENDSHIP FOR MEXICO IS PROPOSED

In It Mexico Will Agree to Safeguard Rights of American Citizens

TALKED IN CABINET

Secretary Hughes Makes General Announcement—Withholds Obregon Reply

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The American government has proposed a treaty of amity and commerce with Mexico, it was announced today at the state department, in which Mexico will agree to safeguard the rights of property in that country held by American citizens before the constitution of 1917 was promulgated. The signing of the treaty automatically would accomplish American recognition of the Mexican government.

Formal announcement of the administration's policy toward the southern republic was made after the subject had been discussed at the regular cabinet meeting. President Harding and his advisors had before them a communication from President Obregon relating to the proposed treaty, which was presented to the Mexican president by George T. Summerlin, the American charge at Mexico City, May 27.

The text of Obregon's reply has been withheld and administration officials decline to discuss it or to make any comment as to the relation to it of the announcement of policy made public by Secretary Hughes. It is understood, however, that Obregon referred to the negotiations which are proceeding with Mr. Summerlin and indicated a willingness to carry them forward. It is known that he has summoned to the capital Ministers Calles and De La Huerta, who, are reported to have counselled against the signing of such a treaty, at a Mexican cabinet conference held after it had become known in Mexico City that a treaty of this character would be proposed by the United States.

Secretary Hughes' announcement contained no reference toward the attitude assumed by Obregon, but said that if Mexico did not contemplate a confiscatory policy with regard to property, the American government could "conceive of no possible objection to the treaty."

It was stated that the proposed treaty contained "the conventional stipulations as to commerce and reciprocal rights in both countries," that it provided for the conclusion of a convention for the settlement of claims for losses of life and property, and also a provision for a "just settlement of boundary matters."

The department's statement said the fundamental question which confronted the American government in considering its relations with Mexico was the safeguarding of property rights against confiscation. It was emphasized that this question should not be confused with any matter of personalities or of the recognition of any particular administration and the declaration was made that when Mexico was ready to give assurance that she would perform her fundamental obligation in the protection both of persons and of rights of property validly acquired, there would be "no obstacles to the most advantageous relations between the two peoples."

BREMEN COTTON RECEIPTS SHOW VERY BIG INCREASE

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Cotton arriving at Bremen during the first quarter of the year totaled 360,000 bales, as against 4,000 bales during the first three months of 1920, according to advices to the commerce department today. The cotton arriving this year, the advices said, consists for the most part of cotton already sold and contracted for during the fall months.

SHIP BOARD PERSONNEL IS TO BE ANNOUNCED AT ONCE

WASHINGTON, June 7.—President Harding's long delayed nominations of members of the shipping board are expected to go to the senate within the next 48 hours as a result of a series of conferences today between officials here and A. D. Lasker, of Chicago, who has been selected for the board chairmanship.

Mr. Lasker had two long conversations with the President during the day and although he said afterward a conclusion was yet to be reached, the impression in administration circles was that he would accept the appointment. He will call at the white house again tomorrow and a formal announcement on the subject is expected to follow.

Phone 51 for the Want Ad Department of The Morning Star Wants received by phone until 7 P. M.

North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs Convenes

Principal Feature of the Initial Session at Wrightsville Beach Last Night Was the Address of Mrs. C. C. Hook of Charlotte, President—Practically Every Club in the State Represented—the Proceedings

With practically every club in the state represented, the annual convention of the State Federation of Women's clubs opened at Wrightsville Beach last night, the principal feature of the session being an address by Mrs. C. C. Hook, of Charlotte, president of the federation, during which the determination of the women of the state to continue the fight for censorship of motion pictures, raising of the age consent and the adoption of a secret balloting law was expressed.

Likewise did the address of Mrs. Hook disclose the fact that during her administration of two years, 68 new clubs had affiliated with the federation, bringing in 2,000 members and raising the total membership to more than 10,000.

The opening session was held in Harbor Island auditorium and was attended by some 250 to 300 delegates, many club women of the city, friends of the clubs and a number of men. Invocation was asked by Rev. J. M. Wells, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, which was followed by a solo by Mrs. M. A. Spooner. Rev. Frank D. Dean, taking the place of Mayor James H. Cowan, who was unable to be present, delivered the address of welcome from the city of Wilmington, while Thomas H. Wright, mayor of Wrightsville Beach, added weight to the hearty welcome given by Rev. Dean.

Mrs. R. W. Hicks, president of Sorosis, the club formed in her home and out of which grew the federation, welcomed the convention in behalf of the organization she heads. The response, an exceptionally able effort, was delivered by Mrs. Thomas Lenoir Gwyn, the recording secretary. "You are treating us just as we thought you would," she told the audience in voicing the thanks of the federation for the welcome extended.

The federation song by the assembly came just before the receipt of greetings from other state women's organizations. Mrs. A. M. Waddell spoke for the Colonial Dames and stressed the necessity of all organizations working for Americanization and co-operation. Mrs. Hyman spoke for the U. D. C.'s and asserted that the remarks of Mrs. Waddell were exactly what she had wished to say but that she would speak regardless. She emphasized co-operation and education as the two chief ingredients of Americanism and asserted the organization she represented was working for their promotion.

Mrs. T. F. Malloy, a quiet little woman, of Asheville, mother of "Thagg" Malloy, one of the heroes America furnished in the world war, walked to the front of the stage to bring greetings from one of the newest organizations, the War Mothers. Every person in the house stood as she reached a point even with the chair of Mrs. Hook, presiding, and then declared the attention had made it easier for her to speak. Her message concerned the duties of women of the state to the sick and wounded American soldiers, and it was a message that went home.

Miss Gertrude Weill, of Goldsboro, represented the North Carolina League of Women Voters, and she gave an idea of women's duty in the field of politics. Miss Elsie Riddick, representing the Business and Professional Woman's federation, told of the work being done to better conditions among working girls and women, while the North Carolina Forestry association's message was delivered by Miss Julia Thorne. A vocal solo, "If All My Ships Come Home From Sea," by Mrs. Siveley, which was so well received that an encore was demanded and given.

The address of Mrs. Hook, for the past two years president of the federation, was the outstanding feature of the opening session. After declaring the defeat of the legislative matters favored by the women of the state in the last legislature was not crushing and that the effort would be renewed on a greater scale than ever, she told of the growth of the federation and its increased prospects for greater usefulness to the people and homes of her state. The safeguarding of the home and the necessity of ceasing the practice of believing that it is "the other woman's child" who needs correcting were stressed by Mrs. Hook who, at the close of her address, brought her little girl forward and introduced her as "one who has been inconvenienced during the time I have been your president but who will some day, I hope, appreciate the honor bestowed upon her mother, although it has been hard in the past to reconcile her."

During her regime, Mrs. Hook reported, she had visited 12 of the 13 districts in the state, some of them as many as four times, and had visited many local clubs. Progress made, she said, was due to the efforts of district officers who arranged the meetings so that she could attend them at a minimum loss of time and at a minimum expense to the federation.

Following the address of the president, the delegates, club women and friends returned to the Oceanic where a reception was tendered the federation by Sorosis. This was the first social event of the meeting of the representatives of the federated clubs and was largely attended. At noon yesterday the executive committee held a meeting at the home of Mrs. R. W. Hicks, while at 1 o'clock Mrs. Hicks and Miss Gibson were hostesses at a luncheon to the board. At 4 o'clock the trustees met at the Oceanic hotel, and at 4:30 the directors met at the Oceanic.

Today the delegates, among other things, will witness the second presentation of the "Pageant of the Lower Cape Fear." The program for the day follows:

9 a. m., presentation of credentials.
Invocation, Mrs. Andrew J. Howell.
Music, federation song.
Report of committee on rules and regulations.
Appointing of special committees.
Reports of officers.
Report of trustees.
Report of credentials committee.
Election of nominating committee.
Report of membership committee.
Introduction of new clubs, Mrs. Henry A. White.
Report of finance committee, Mrs. A. H. Powell.
Election of delegates to the biennial of 1922.
Report of chairman of legislation, Mrs. Palmer Jerman.
2:30 p. m., address: "Community Service," Frank R. McNinch.
United States Training Camp for Women, Mrs. Thomas W. Bickett.
Address: "Recreation," E. C. Lindeman.
Open discussion.
5:45 p. m., cars leave for Wrightsville, where the delegates will be met with automobiles for a ride through the country, including Wilmington.
7 p. m., supper will be served at the home of Mrs. Walter Parsley on Masonboro sound, courtesy of the Colonial Dames and Daughters of the Confederacy.
8:30 p. m., "Pageant of the Lower Cape Fear" in Wilmington, courtesy of the citizens of Wilmington.

At the close of the pageant suburban cars will return the delegates to Wrightsville Beach.

At 8:30 last evening the delegates registered at the Oceanic hotel were:

Carrie L. McLean, Charlotte; Mrs. J. M. Brown, Albermarle; Mrs. R. Z. Linney and Miss M. E. Boyer, Charlotte; Edith M. Thomas and Ida V. Nosser, Raleigh; Mrs. J. J. Purdey and Mrs. A. C. Sprill, Oriental; Mrs. S. S. Numinger, Hamlet; Mrs. H. A. Carter, Washington; Mrs. W. P. Horton, Pittsboro; Mrs. R. B. Nixon, Mrs. Clyde Ely, Mrs. M. M. Marks, Mrs. K. E. Spencer, New Bern; Mrs. Thomas H. Shipman, Brevard; Mrs. William R. Kirk, Hendersonville; Mrs. R. L. Gwyn, Mrs. E. F. Reid and Miss Annie L. Bell, Lenoir; Mrs. George Lay, Mrs. A. J. Cook, Beaufort; Mrs. G. W. Thompson, Mrs. E. L. Vinson, Mrs. H. L. Blue, Fairmont; Mrs. O. G. Falls, Kings Mountain; Mrs. T. H. Harris, Mt. Gilead; Mrs. Palmer Jarman, Raleigh; Mrs. Clarence A. Johnson, Mrs. R. M. Albright, Raleigh; Mrs. W. T. Bost, Miss Nell B. Lewis, Raleigh; Miss Julia A. Thorne, Ashboro; Mrs. J. A. Alderman and Miss Dobie Colt, Raleigh; Mrs. A. A. Basye, Wilson; Mrs. J. W. Daniel, Goldsboro; Mrs. W. T. Carter, Winston-Salem; Mrs. J. D. Hay, Black Mountain; Mrs. J. L. Graham, Mrs. Grady Mailer, Miss Margaret Blair and Miss Marion Blair, Winston-Salem; Mrs. T. F. Malloy, Mrs. J. G. Stikeleather, Miss Alice Hazzard and Miss Dorothy Parker, Asheville; Miss Elizabeth Schwartzburg, Hickory; Mrs. H. O. Steele and Miss Celeste Henkel, Statesville; Mrs. N. R. Wild, Canton; Miss Margaret L. Gibson, city; Mrs. P. M. Albright, Raleigh; Mrs. R. E. Copeland, Mrs. Dan Quinerly, Kinston; Mrs. George E. Weeks, Miss Gladys Collins, Mayosville; Mrs. W. E. Stone, Boardman; Mrs. Lewis Dorsett, Mrs. D. G. Ridenhour, Mt. Gilead; Mrs. W. N. Hutt, Southern Pines; Lucile M. Elfert and Grace Donaldson, West End; Mrs. J. F. Thompson, Gastonia; Mrs. Olive Webster Perry, Siler City; Mrs. E. K. Proctor, Mrs. John L. MacNeill, Lumberton; Mrs. E. E. Randolph, Raleigh; Miss Mary Randolph, Charlotte; Miss T. Whitehead and Mrs. John Whitehead, Salisbury; Miss Annie Perkins and Mrs. Annie R. Long, Farmville; Mrs. F. H. Brooks and Miss Ruth Brooks, Smithfield; Mrs. Harry McMullen, Miss Patsy McMullen, Mrs. John A. Rodman and Miss Adeline Mayo, Washington; Mrs. Lee Johnson, Mrs. H. V. Bounds and Mrs. S. B. Pierce, Weldon; Mrs. J. L. Fleming, Farmville; Mrs. W. A. Finch and Mrs Ashe Harris, Wilson; Mrs. Lewis R. Giddens, Goldsboro; Miss Evelyn Lee, Waynesville; Mrs. E. T. Smith, Goldsboro; Mrs. W. W. Boyette, Wilson; Mrs. Charles F. Lambeth and Mrs. Lee Rice, Thomasville; Mrs. H. W. Chase and Mrs. S. E. Leavitt, Chapel Hill; Mrs. W. H. Newell, Mrs. J. B. Goode and Mrs. L. D. Bullock, Rocky Mount; Mrs. N. Buckner, Asheville; Mrs. J. W. Dailey, Wilson; Mrs. Kenneth Gant, Neuse; Mrs. O. L. Ray, Raleigh; Miss Ruth Burke and Miss P. V. Hardy, La Grange; Mrs. E. T. Redding, Lucama; Mrs. W. B. Ramsay and Mrs. K. W. Barnes, Hickory; Mrs. H. Brantley and Mrs. A. F. May, Spring Hope; Mrs. R. R. Cotten, Bruce; Mrs. W. L. Beasley, Mrs. E. C. Brooks and Mrs. F. M. Register, Raleigh; Mrs. Fred Bahnson and Miss Emma Fry, Winston-Salem; Mrs. James R. McClamroch and Mrs. C. D. Kellenberger, Greensboro; Mrs. C. C. Hale and Mrs. Reid Jackson, Mount Airy; Mrs. M. G. Lovett and Mrs. B. T. Brittain, Ashboro; Mrs. E. R. Brinklet and Miss Lucille Moore, Elm City; Mrs. John L. Gilmer and Mrs. Thomas Masten, Winston-Salem; Mrs. Thomas O'Berry, Goldsboro; Mrs. J. S. Collier, Pikeville; Mrs. C. C. Hook, Charlotte; Mrs. J. P. Fearing, Elizabeth City; Mrs. W. L. Parson and Mrs. N. P. Leak, Rockingham; Mrs. D. G. Bell, Morehead City; Mrs. A. C. Lineberger and Mrs. W. B. Pruett, Belmont; Mrs. James Pardo, Sanford; Mrs. O. J. Sikes and Mrs. J. R. Anderson, Albemarle.

WEATHER FORECAST BY STATES

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Mississippi: Local thundershowers Wednesday and Thursday, little change in temperature.

Tennessee, Kentucky: Partly cloudy in east, local thundershowers in west portions Wednesday; Thursday unsettled, probably thundershowers, not much change in temperature.

Virginia, North Carolina: Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; somewhat warmer in east portion Wednesday.

South Carolina, Georgia: Generally fair Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy, probably becoming unsettled, little change in temperature.

Extreme northwest Florida, Alabama: Partly cloudy Wednesday; Thursday unsettled, probably local thundershowers, little change in temperature.

Louisiana: Wednesday and Thursday partly cloudy; scattered showers in southwest portion.

Arkansas, Oklahoma: Wednesday and Thursday partly cloudy, probably scattered showers.

East and west Texas: Wednesday and Thursday partly cloudy; probably showers in north portions.

PAGEANT AN INSPIRING SPECTACLE FOR GREAT CROWD WITNESSING IT

Early and Recent Historical Events of Cape Fear Section Re-Enacted

HUNDREDS IN CAST

Talented Performers Stage a Wonderful Exhibition On Historic River Banks

All the principal events of the early and recent history of this section were re-enacted last night in "A Pageant of the Lower Cape Fear," with 500 participants taking several times that number of spectators back to the days when the Indians claimed the country, bringing them through peaceful and stormy scenes, up to the present, and then giving them an insight into the future.

The spectacle, as was predicted, proved an education in local history for the immense crowd that saw it, and likewise, by virtue of its historical value and the almost faultless manner in which it was enacted, was both a revelation and an inspiration to its beholders.

The pageant had for its setting the back gardens of Dr. James Sprunt's home on South Front street—and a more appropriate place could not have been found in the Cape Fear country. A touch here and a touch there and the placing of seats, and the result was a real amphitheater. In the background the Cape Fear river, with its waters glistening from electric illumination, held in its lap craft of long gone days and of 1921, all of which had a part in the exhibition. In mid-stream were anchored, brightly lighted by the coast guard cutter Seminole, the United States naval sub-chaser 201, and two modern seaplanes, silent reminders that now, as always in the past, America is as mighty with fighting power as she is fond of peace.

Directly on the river bank was the stage, surrounded with the most typical of scenery, transplanted pine trees. To one side, hidden by the pines but for the electrics, a sweet-toned orchestra was seated.

There was scarcely a hitch in the entire performance, and this fact, together with the talent displayed by the performers, the lighting effect, which was almost faultless, and the splendid training of the actors and actresses, given them by the pageant director, Miss Elizabeth Grimball, and her aides, went to spell an evening that will not soon be forgotten by those who enjoyed it and profited by it.

Money Island

In episode 3 a pirate ship of years long gone passed slowly along the river back of the stage, the piratical ones aboard, including Edward Teach (Blackbeard), singing their pirates song. The chief, Teach, ordered all to land, and where Wilmington had been founded he decided to deposit a part of his huge store of gold, giving the place the name of Money Island, and entrusting the keeping of the valuable metal to four of his trusted ones. He took his men back to ship to work out plans for the secret deposit. "Ho, for Money Island" being the parting shout as the antiquated vessel passed on.

Colonial-Revolutionary Period

In Part 2 of the program, the Spirit of Wilmington, attendant spirits and Courage introduced Colonial and Revolutionary Wilmington, the first episode being a brilliant reception to Flora Macdonald in 1774. It made a decided hit, with the Colonial gentlemen and ladies appearing in real colonial costumes and doing all the graceful bows and promenades common to those times. There was a graceful and beautiful dance of the days of long ago, and then the guest of honor for the refreshment table. Episode 2 had to do with Resistance of the Stamp Act in 1766, in which were featured the exhibition of a souvenir captured from an English ship, and the taking of an oath by a band of continentals to stand up for their rights at the expense of their lives and their fortunes. Followed then the assembling of the continental troops, which preceded the Battle of Moore's Creek in 1776. Just as the troops were about to go forth to battle a courier arrived and said the tide of battle had been turned in favor of the Americans, whereupon an order was issued for all to go and prepare for a service of thanksgiving and praise.

The pageant is to be repeated this evening and tomorrow morning and evening, the daylight presentation having been planned especially for the school children of the city.

Spirit of Wilmington

The program opened with the orchestra playing "America," with the audience standing. Then appeared on the stage the Spirit of Wilmington, in a lovely costume of gold and white, followed by attendant spirits and Venture, all beautifully costumed. Heralds with their bugles and a large blue banner announced "A Pageant of the Lower Cape Fear." Part one depicted early inhabitants, settlers and adventurers, the first episode being the Springtime Gathering of the Indians, which was carried off with credit by all taking part, from the Big Chief down to the youngest Indian boy and girl. The make-ups and costumes were so effective that one felt creepy for fear some treacherous red-face might make him target for his tomahawk or bow and arrow. Indian songs and dances made the audience recall all it had read of early days on the American continent. Leaders among the pale-faces visited the chief and his followers, smoked the pipe of peace with the head of the tribe and promised him many gifts, including fire water, and good treatment for his people in return for land. As the Indians danced their way off the stage applause loud and long showed them that the audience thought they carried off their parts to perfection.

Founding of Wilmington

The next event was the Founding of Wilmington in 1735. As the founders appeared upon the stage they were hailed and hooted at by "the man in

(Continued on Page Two)