

Generally fair today and Thursday; little change in temperature.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1921.

OLDEST DAILY IN THE STATE.

WAR PREPARATIONS IN WEST VIRGINIA ARE ON AN ELABORATE SCALE

Sheriffs of Counties in District of Uncertainty Get Arms and Munitions

PATROL ALL ROADS

Lines of Defense Have Been Established as in Regulation Field Warfare

LOGAN, W. Va., Aug. 30.—Extraordinary preparations went forward today and continued tonight following reports of a gathering of armed men at Jeffery.

It is feared that the men would cross the hills to the Logan county side, companies of ex-service men were being formed today to reinforce detachments of deputy sheriffs and state police now guarding the border.

For the first time since the Logan and McDowell men took up arms to repel a possible invasion, a newspaperman today was permitted to view part of the defense works on the Logan county side.

Other roads leading from Logan into Boone county are guarded by state troops under command of Capt. J. R. Brooks, summoned from here to the Logan county side by Sheriff Don Chaffin.

While everything was reported quiet on the Logan side today, it is believed that much restlessness on the part of the armed band just across the ridge.

A special train, one coach of which was loaded with arms and ammunition, arrived here at 7 o'clock tonight coming from Charleston, where the armaments were guarded by deputies.

After being unloaded the munitions were taken to the courthouse where a men began cleaning the weapons.

While the men were cleaning the weapons, the detachment was moved from the building and taken to the border hills to reinforce the border patrol.

President Commands West Virginia Miners to Disband

Issues Proclamation That All Persons Engaged in Insurrectionary Proceedings Be in Their Homes By Noon Thursday

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—President Harding, in a proclamation late today, commanded all persons engaged in "unlawful and insurrectionary proceedings" in the West Virginia coal fields to disperse and retire peacefully to their homes before noon of Thursday, September 1.

Unless there is prompt compliance, the administration let it be known that martial law would be declared and Governor Morgan's appeal for federal troops granted.

Meanwhile, Brig.-Gen. H. H. Bandholtz, who made a preliminary investigation around Mingo district last week, was ordered back to West Virginia to watch the situation and advise the war department how the proclamation was received.

The proclamation was issued by the President after a day of conferences with Secretary Weeks, General Bandholtz and Major General Harbord, assistant chief of staff.

Whereas, the legislature of the state of West Virginia has represented that domestic violence exists in said state, which the authorities of said state are unable to suppress; and

Whereas, it is provided in the legislative code of the United States that in the union, on application of the legislature, or of the executive when the legislature cannot be convened, against domestic violence, it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, on application of the legislature of such state, or of the executive when the legislature cannot be convened, to call forth the militia of any other state or states or to employ such part of the land and naval forces of the United States as shall be judged necessary for the purpose of enforcing the laws and causing the laws to be duly executed; and

Whereas, the legislature of the state of West Virginia is not now in session and cannot convene in time to meet the present emergency, and the executive of said state, under Section 4 of Article 4 of the constitution of the United States, has made due application to me in the premises for such part of the military forces of the United States as may be necessary for the purpose of enforcing the laws of West Virginia and the citizens thereof against domestic violence and to enforce the due execution of the laws; and

Whereas, it is required that whenever it may be necessary in the judgment of the President to use military forces of the United States for the purpose of enforcing the laws, he shall, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peacefully to their respective homes within a limited time; and

Whereas, I, Warren G. Harding, President of the United States, do hereby make proclamation and I do hereby command all persons engaged in said unlawful and insurrectionary proceedings to disperse and retire peacefully to their respective abodes on or before 12 o'clock noon of the first day of September, 1921, and hereafter abandon said combinations and armaments, and to return to their homes and constitute themselves as good citizens of said state; and I invoke the aid and co-operation of all good citizens thereof to uphold the laws and preserve the public peace; and

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this thirtieth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-sixth.

AGAINST FISH DUTY

resident Housewives' League Protests Proposed Tariff on Fish Imports

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Representatives of industries of two counties presented arguments before the Senate Finance committee today striking at rates in the Fordney tariff bill.

From England came a delegation to urge revision downward of rates on high priced fish, higher rates on flour and mill feeds were sought by domestic millers, and representatives of the fishing industry appeared both to defend and denounce import taxes on their products.

Mr. Moses asserted that the milling industry was making no profits and that its position in the business world would be more perilous without the protective duty.

If you give us rates which will keep us running," he said, "we can and will furnish the people of the United States flour at the cheapest price of any people on earth."

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MILLERS WANT TARIFF ON FLOUR TWICE THAT FIXED BY THE HOUSE

Assert Milling Industry Now Is Making No Profit and Must Have Protection

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Republicans of New Hanover Name Rival Executive Bodies

Meeting in Pursuance to a Call of Former State Chairman Linney, They Divide Into Two Groups, Each One Selecting a Committee; Session in County Courthouse Featured by Charges of Steam Roller Tactics

The threatened party split, a near physical clash, the arrival and performance of the famous political steam roller, a pronounced division of the Republican party in New Hanover county into two widely separated committees, one on the mass or general convention plan and the other on a basis of precinct representation in a county gathering, with one delegate for each 25 votes cast for John J. Parker in the 1920 gubernatorial campaign—these were the outstanding features of one of the most torrid political gatherings Wilmington has known in years.

All of which resulted from the call issued August 15 by Frank A. Linney, at that time chairman of the state Republican executive committee, for a gathering of New Hanover Republicans to name an executive committee.

The war is not over—in fact the rejection of the executive committee has just been started, and both the "mass" and the "precinct" groups are now in a state of active warfare.

The split was not only pronounced; it was emphatic, and the old guard, or what was declared to be the "de facto" organization, scored a triumph in the precinct meeting last night's meeting, and those who contended the precinct principle should be followed in nominating the executive committee, left the hall, called in the downstairs auditorium, and then returned to the courtroom to hold a second convention, which resulted in the naming of a second executive committee.

The anticipated ruckus materialized, not once, but numerously. E. H. Freeman, a "war horse" and recognized leader of the "mass" side, presided at the meeting, and the "precinct" side, led by H. S. Trotter, member of the "other side," arose and asked Fred T. Tucker to read the letter from Chairman Linney.

George H. Cannon, who secured the chair again later on, arose and offered H. S. Trotter for chairman. Then came the vote—and the split that showed New Hanover Republicans are

divided into two camps, camps as far apart as Dan and Beersheba. A rising vote followed and the counters announced it as King 25, Trot 76.

From the nomination, election and seating of Mr. King, the war was on, and on in earnest. Cries of "steam roller," and the heated grasping of the chairman's arm when he asked for the vote on whether the meeting was to name the executive committee in mass formation or on the precinct principle were merely instances showing the width of the breach existing between the two factions.

There were three reasons for this outpouring of Baptists: The evangelistic campaign, rally of the Wilmington Baptist association; the annual Sunday school picnic of the churches adjacent to Burgaw, and the district B. Y. P. U. rally.

SMOOT DRAFTS SIMPLE MEASURE FOR REVENUE

Would Draw Federal Income from Six Sources Only, Getting Near Four Billion

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—A basis of taxation to take the place of the house revenue measure and practically all present tax laws was prepared today by Senator Smoot, Republican, Utah.

The use of only six sources of taxation, including tax on manufacturers' profits, instead of the more than 30 now on the statute books, was advocated by Senator Smoot. The six wells from which the Utah senator proposed to pump revenue are:

Income taxes (maximum rate of 32 per cent), \$330,000,000.

Ten per cent tax on net corporation profits, \$445,000,000.

Tobacco taxes (present rates), \$25,000,000.

Estate taxes, \$150,000,000.

Manufacturers sales tax (2 per cent), \$1,200,000,000.

Import taxes (tariff), \$400,000,000.

Smoot estimated that the other \$615,000,000 would be obtained for collection of unpaid taxes, receipts from war salvage and the old tax on withdrawals of liquor from bonded warehouses. Unpaid taxes, he figured, should add \$340,000,000 to this year's revenue, war salvage receipts should be around \$200,000,000 and the liquor tax should produce another \$75,000,000.

BAPTIST HOSTS CROWD INTO BURGAW FOR THE BIG RALLY AND PICNIC

Plan for Association's Share in South-wide "Every-One Win-One" Campaign

By W. B. MUSE. BURGAW, Aug. 30.—The Baptist hosts of this section of the state literally took Burgaw by storm today. They were here by the thousands. They began to pour into town early this morning. They came in horse-drawn conveyances, in motor vehicles, by rail, and many of them who had only a short distance to travel, came afoot. By 10 o'clock the streets and the courtyards square of the capital of Pender were swarming with the visitors.

There were three reasons for this outpouring of Baptists: The evangelistic campaign, rally of the Wilmington Baptist association; the annual Sunday school picnic of the churches adjacent to Burgaw, and the district B. Y. P. U. rally.

The first event of the day was the executive committee meeting of the association. This meeting was presided over by the moderator, Rev. W. G. Hall of Wilmington. The object of the gathering was stated by Rev. J. H. Powers, who is superintendent of evangelism of the Wilmington association, and to whom a large part of the success of the rally is due. He said, in part, that they had met together for the purpose of organizing the association for an evangelistic campaign during the month from September 1 to October 1. This campaign is known as the "Every One Win One" campaign, and is a southern-wide movement which will endeavor to win one soul each to the Kingdom of God.

At 10:45 o'clock the young people, led by the Burgaw concert band, marched from the courthouse square to the Baptist church for the B. Y. P. U. rally. The rally was held under the auspices of the northern, middle and southern Wilmington association B. Y. P. U. of which Miss Bertha Houghton, of Ashton, is vice-president. When the song service was started by Rev. J. H. Powers, Winter Park, the church was packed with young people and others interested about 800 persons. They had all introduced the new vice-president, Miss Houghton, to the assemblage, after which there was a short devotional service led by Mrs. E. H. Freeman, vice-president of the association.

Speeches full of interest and inspiration were delivered by L. F. Gore, president of the state B. Y. P. U. convention, "What is Not," by Mrs. E. H. Freeman, "What is Not," by Miss Effie Rose, Junior leader of Wilmington; and "Training of Young Church Members," by Prof. Walter L. Burdette.

From every point of view, this was one of the most successful and enthusiastic B. Y. P. U. rallies ever held in the association.

At 1 o'clock, what to most of the large crowd present was the crowning event of the whole day, was "pulled off" or rather "spread out." This was a picnic dinner in the form of a grove adjacent to the courthouse. The square is nearly two blocks in size and when the signal was sounded for the picnic, it was literally packed with hungry humanity. One who is a good judge of crowds estimated that there were 2,200 people who partook of the good things.

For some days past the housewives of Burgaw and vicinity have been preparing for this great event and when the tables were spread out on the two long tables, each one block in length, it was evident that they had all put forth their best efforts for this occasion.

The picnic dinner was given to the Burgaw Baptist Sunday school for their victory over the Wallace Sunday school in an attendance contest which has been waged for some time past, and was won by the former. To show that they are unselfish in the limit the victors invited the Sunday schools of the churches at Riley's Creek, Watha, Willard, Riverside and Long Creek to enjoy the festivities with them. The Sunday schools of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches of Burgaw also participated.

After an hour or so of social intercourse, a large part of the crowd went to the Baptist church where a meeting was held to discuss and lay before those present the plans of the evangelistic campaign. This meeting was in charge of Rev. W. G. Hall, of Wilmington. The first speaker was Rev. J. A. Sullivan, of Wilmington, who spoke on "The Method of the Campaign." Mr. Sullivan said there are four ways of winning people to Christ: First, the personal touch method. This is the method whereby a Christian works closer in personal touch with a sinner. The second is the prayer method, which means that one by earnest, persistent intercession prays some one in whom he is interested into the Kingdom of God. The third is the indirect method. This means reaching the sinner through some one else. And the fourth method is the mail or correspondence method. By this method one

TAXPAYERS WARNED TO LEAVE 'FORMULAE' SEVERELY ALONE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Taxpayers were warned tonight by the internal revenue bureau against attempting to reduce their tax payments by the use of "formulæ" styled "income tax advice" which the bureau said, are advising taxpayers that from 20 to 40 per cent of their income can be saved by the use of "formulæ" such as "deducting all earnings in excess of \$10,000 as capital employed" and "deducting all expenses as good business" is advised the matter is being explained, while as a result of the misrepresentation harm is being done to the government and the taxpayers.

CAMP DIX SOLDIERS RECEIVE ORDERS TO BE IN READINESS

CAMP DIX, N. J., Aug. 30.—Orders were received from Washington today by the 26th regiment of the first division in camp here to prepare immediately for field duty. While the orders contained no specific instructions, officers of the camp expressed the belief the regiment would be held in readiness for duty in the mining fields of West Virginia.

THINK STEAMER FOUNDERED

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug. 30.—Hopes for the safety of the government steamer Canadian Importer and not when the steamer Candian Winnax, which has been searching for the missing ship since Saturday, wireless telegraphed that the importer was found. As the weather has been heavy and seas high for the past three days, it is believed the 33 members of the crew which have been unable to get the boats away.

GLASS WORKERS TAKE CUT

CLEVELAND, Aug. 30.—An agreement was reached here today between the National Window Glass Workers' association and the National Association of Window Glass manufacturers when the union, according to Joseph Neenan, president, accepted a 23 per cent reduction in wages. Approximately 15,000 men and 80 factories are involved.

MAURICE LAY'S BODY IS RECOVERED FROM RIVER

Greensboro Victim of the ZR-2 Disaster

NEGRO 'SPECIAL EXPERT' TO LOOK AFTER NEGRO SOLDIERS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Appointment of Dr. J. R. A. Crossland, negro, of St. Joseph, Mo., as "special expert" in the veterans' bureau, to look after the interests of negro soldiers and sailors entitled to benefits under the relief laws, was announced today. A force of negro clerks and stenographers will be employed, under the direction of Dr. Crossland, it also was announced, to receive claims for compensation, war risk insurance, vocational training and medical attention.