

BRITISH KEEP FRENCH WARSHIP OUT OF NAZI HANDS

Wallace Proclaims Tobacco Quota

556,000,000 Pounds Limit May Be Hiked

Plan Increase To 618,000,000 Pounds If Three-Year Plan Approved

WILL VOTE JULY 20

Marketings In 1941 Will Be Uncontrolled If Quotas Are Disapproved

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Secretary Wallace proclaimed today a five-year tobacco quota for the 1941-42 marketing year of 556,000,000 pounds with the proviso that the quota be increased to 618,000,000 pounds if growers approved by referendum marketing quotas for three years.

Wallace set the referendum for July 20. Growers will vote on:

1. Adoption of marketing quotas for the three-year period, 1941 through 1943.
2. Adoption of quotas for 1941 only.
3. Rejection of quotas.

A two-thirds majority vote will be necessary for adoption of quotas.

The 556,000,000-pound quota is ten percent less than that in effect for the 1940 crop. The 618,000,000-pound quota is the same as that for 1940.

J. B. Hutson, assistant administrator of the agricultural adjustment administration, said the 618,000,000-pound quota plus the normal production on the increase previously made in allotments for small farms actually meant a total quota of about 650,000,000 pounds. "This quota," Hutson said, "compares with an estimated level of normal consumption of United States flue-cured tobacco prior to the outbreak of the war in Europe of about 775,000,000 pounds. Therefore, if the 618,000,000-pound quota plus the increase for small farms is maintained for the four years, 1940 through 1943, it will mean production at a level about 100,000,000 pounds below the present estimated world consumption level and should result in elimination of the surplus of about 400,000,000 pounds which resulted from the extremely large crop in 1939".

Large Supplies

Hutson pointed out that as the current marketing season opened, growers were confronted by the large supplies remaining from 1939 and further complications of the export situation. Indications were, he said, that buyers for the trade with Great Britain and continental European countries would not operate in this year's market unless some arrangement similar to the purchase and loan plan of 1939 was put into effect. Such arrangements, he said, would not be made unless growers adopted marketing quotas in the referendum.

"If quotas are disapproved," he said, "marketings in 1941 will be uncontrolled as in 1939 and there will be no price protection for this year's crop".

Balloting in the referendum will be secret. Local committees will designate polling places. Three local growers will be in charge of each polling place. Any bona fide owner, operator, tenant or shareholder who receives a share of the proceeds of the 1940 flue-cured tobacco crop will be eligible to vote.

WEATHER

FORECAST

North Carolina and South Carolina: Mostly cloudy, light scattered showers Wednesday and in west portion Tuesday.

(Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 7:30 p. m. yesterday.)

Temperature	High 75	Low 53
Humidity	71	71
Wind	7:30 a. m. 71; 1:30 p. m. 85; maximum 85; minimum 68; mean 76; normal 79.	
Precipitation	High 12.57p	7.53a
Total for 24 hours ending 7:30 p. m.	10.49a	4.38a
Since first of the month	11.82a	4.57p
Since first of the year	10.49a	4.38a

Surprise 5:05a; sunset 7:26p; moonset 10:22p.

(Continued on Page Three)

Young Rookies Receive Oath



"You are the vanguard of the able-bodied men of this nation, gladly submitting to discipline and training for a brief period that you may be secure in your freedom." Col. Julius Ochs Adler told a unit of C. M. T. youths at Plattsburg, N. Y. military training camp. Above, the color guard gets regimental and American flags, gifts of Col. Adler.

Jones Is Named Leader Of Local Defense Body

Wilmington took a step in the direction of protecting itself in case of emergency last night when the Local Defense Co-ordinating council was organized and Sheriff C. David Jones was placed at its head. The council was formed at a meeting in the city council chamber. Jones will appoint an executive committee to complete the organization of the council and will announce his appointments within a few days. The executive committee will in turn appoint sub-committees to carry out the work of the organization. The membership of the council was appointed by Mayor Thomas E. Cooper and Addison H. Hewlett, chairman of the county board, at the request of the Wilmington Engineers' club.

Germans Seized LeHavre Ahead Of Their Schedule

Germans planning an attack on Le Havre, France first dropped pamphlets advising the residents when they would arrive, Mrs. Pat Wylie, wife of the American consul at the French seaport, who returned to this country a few weeks ago, said here yesterday. Mrs. Wylie is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Louis Orrell at their home at 318 Orange street.

Tells of Bombings

Recounting the terror of the "blackouts" and the two bombings she experienced before she fled Le Havre for Paris, Mrs. Wylie said that although she did not see the pamphlets, numerous residents told of having picked them up after they had been dropped by German planes. "But they got there two days ahead of the announced date," she said. There were 22 people killed in the first air raid on Le Havre, Mrs. Wylie said, the first raid coming on May 19 and the second the next day. She left for Paris on May 21, continuing on to Italy where she and her son boarded the liner Manhattan, a vessel delegated for the evacuation of Americans, for the United States. "There wasn't any panic among the people at all during the bomb-

France Nears Totalitarian Form Of Rule

Premier Petain Is Expected To Head New Dictator-Type Of Government

LEBRUN WILL RESIGN

Vichy Spokesman Says France Does Not Plan Hostilities Against Britain

GENEVA, July 8.—(AP)—Nazi-vaquished France, the cradle of republican freedom in Europe, appeared tonight on the threshold of a virtual totalitarian dictatorship headed by Premier Marshal Henri Philippe Petain, the man who surrendered to Germany.

Dispatches from Vichy, seat of the German-mastered French government, said the 84-year-old premier would head a new regime under the fuhrer-like title of "chief of state" but without the personal power of Adolf Hitler.

Lebrun May Quit

These devices also forecast the resignation of President Albert Lebrun to make way for a new Nazi-Fascist government under Petain, the World War "hero of Verdun" who capitulated to Nazi legions in mid-June.

As described in the censored French press, Petain would take "only the title of executive power"—presumably as a figurehead—under this arrangement, with the government dominated by a triumvirate consisting of General Maxime Weygand, former Allied commander-in-chief; former Premier Pierre Laval, and former Labor Minister Adrien Marquet.

The reshaping of France's long-time republican government into the totalitarian model was expected to begin Wednesday or Thursday at a meeting of the French parliament in Vichy.

Travelers from France said many of the conquered nation's republican leaders were so "dazed by defeat" that they manifested little interest.

The French press described the new constitution as "corporative"—a term Fascists apply to Mussolini's Italian government.

Premier Petain was said to have been "tremendously impressed" by reconstruction plans for Spain mapped out by his old pupil, Generalissimo Francisco Franco, and that when discussing France's post-war problems with his aides, the aged marshal frequently declared: "But we must have his (Franco's) power."

Since Petain became head of the French government, upon the resignation of Premier Paul Reynaud, who refused to capitulate to Germany, the semi-Fascist Croix De Feu ("Cross of Fire") organization of Col. Francois De La Rocque had reportedly gained powerful influence among army, navy and air force officials.

Meanwhile, a French spokesman in Vichy was quoted as saying that France planned no hostilities against Great Britain, although the Petain government has broken off diplomatic relations with her former ally over Britain's attack on the French fleet to keep it from German hands.

Resolution Approved

Havas, French news agency, reported from Vichy that a large number of deputies had approved a war-guilt resolution.

Admiral J. O. Richardson, commander of the fleet, arrived in the capital unannounced from Hawaii and was a White House caller today as President Roosevelt worked on the final draft of his new call for expenditure of \$5,000,000,000.

what purpose had brought the commanding officer of the navy's fighting force secretly 5,500 miles from the fleet's present base was not disclosed. He merely told reports that he discussed "routine fleet matters" with the President.

Since the collapse of France, there has been increasing spec-

ulation that the fleet might return to the west coast to be nearer to the Panama Canal, or perhaps be transferred to the Atlantic. In response to questions, however, Richardson said he knew of no disposition to shift the warships from Hawaii.

Admiral Richardson's visit afforded opportunity for the President to discuss with him the naval projects to be included in the rearmament recommendations.

These projects, together with the army's requests, were gone over during the day at a White House conference attended by Louis Johnson, acting secre-

Police Guard Her Against Killer



Mrs. Marjorie Rosser, of Jackson Heights, L. I., switchboard operator at the British Pavilion in the World's Fair, who received warning of the recent bombing which killed two New York policemen, is under 24-hour police guard. Following the bomb explosion, an unknown man phoned her home, threatened to kill her.

REGISTRATION BILL OPPOSED BY KUNZE

Caustic Criticism Greeted Bund Leader At Hearing Before Sub-Committee

WASHINGTON, July 8.—(AP)—Caustic criticism greeted G. Wilhelm Kunze, German-American bund leader, when he appeared before a senate judiciary sub-committee today to protest a bill which, he said, would force the bund out of existence.

Senator Connally (D-Tex.), chairman of the sub-committee, commented that effect of the bund was to arouse prejudice and race hatred.

"I know many thousands of patriotic and loyal Americans of German blood," the Texan said, "and I believe that organizations like yours are doing them more harm than anything else that could possibly happen."

At one point in the hearing, Kunze testified that the bund had no membership list because of fear of persecution and boycott of its members if the list became public.

"I think that if we'd put about a dozen of you in jail, maybe you'd be a different man," he said.

(Continued on Page Three)

REPORT 'SUCCESSFUL' ACTION AGAINST NEW, POWERFUL RICHELIEU

HITLER KEEPS QUIET

Next Move Remains Secret As Planes And Subs Stab At British Isles

AXIS TIES IMPROVED

Ciano To See Hitler Again When He Returns From Scene Of Campaign

BERLIN, July 8.—(AP)—Where and how Adolf Hitler will hurl his Nazi thunderbolts in Europe next stayed a secret tonight as German warplanes and submarines continued stabbing at the British Isles and sea lanes.

Not even Nazis usually in the know could say when the Fuhrer would give the word or what it would be.

But they were confident of three things:

That whatever Germany's next step may be, it will be a blow aimed at Britain; that Hitler and Italian Premier Mussolini will see eye to eye; that the twelfth of the Rome-Berlin axis partners is seeking or wants any help from France.

May Pull Surprise

As far as Germany is concerned, Hitler—and Hitler alone—is deciding the nation's course in its reshaping of Europe. This time it looks as though he may surprise even those who think they know his mind.

Whatever it is that Germany and Italy have up their sleeves, no announcement of it or how they hope to achieve it is likely to be made before Wednesday, when Italian Foreign Minister Count Galeazzo Ciano will return from a two-day visit to the scene of the western campaign.

Ciano, who conferred secretly with the Fuhrer here Sunday, is scheduled to see him again when he returns. Dienst Aus Deutschland, German news service with close official connections, said Ciano later would be entertained successively by Field Marshal Hermann Wilhelm Goering, the Fuhrer's chief aide; Rudolf Hess, Hitler's deputy for party affairs, and Capt. Hans von Tschammer und Osten, Prussian state councillor.

Do Not Need Aid

Of the possibility that France might join forces with the axis, informants commented that Germany and Italy are well able to settle their scores unaided and that Hitler's permission to the French fleet to resist the British was an act

(Continued on Page Three)

Ex-Chief Of British Naval Intelligence Arrested In London

LONDON, July 8.—(AP)—Admiral Sir Barry Domville, former director of British naval intelligence, was arrested with Lady Domville today under the defense regulations.

The admiral was taken to Brixton prison and his lady to Holloway prison. Nature of the charges was not disclosed, but it was reported that they would be interned.

The admiral, who retired in 1936, went to Germany in 1937 to shoot camouls with Heinrich Himmler, head of the Nazi Gestapo (secret police). Twice before he was a guest of Adolf Hitler. He was at Salzburg a month before the war was declared last fall.

He was chairman of the pro-German organization, "The Link," but some time ago announced that it had been dissolved. He is 62 years old.

WOMAN CAPTURES NAZI IN ENGLAND

Takes Armed Aviator Who Parachuted To Earth After Plane Downed

LONDON, July 8.—(AP)—An unarmed British housewife put on her "fiercest frown" today and captured a German aviator who parachuted from his disabled plane into her front yard and gave up his pistol when she demanded his surrender.

His plane was shot down by British Spitfires in a fight over north-eastern England.

Mrs. Nora Cardwell's husband, away from home at the time, said afterwards:

"I think she did very well. "But Mrs. Cardwell, five feet, eight inches tall, didn't want to make a "song and dance" over what she called "the affair."

She just marched up to the German, demanded his gun and sent him hustling along to internment when help came later.

"I was convinced he was a parachutist when I saw him floating to the ground," she said. "I went straight to the telephone but it was out of order. So I told a boy to go on a bicycle for the police."

(Continued on Page Three)

DESTROYER IS SUNK

Action Against Richelieu Continuation Of British Policy Of Seizure

SHARP BLOWS TRADED

England Estimates 1,760,000 Men Are Ready To Beat Off Nazi Invasion

LONDON, July 9.—(Tuesday)—(AP)—British sources today claimed a "successful" action by the British fleet to keep from enemy hands France's mightiest battleship, the 35,000-ton Richelieu launched at Brest but still not completed for service with the fleet.

There was no indication of the scope of the engagement, nor whether it was connected with the loss of the 1,760-ton British destroyer Whirlwind, which was sunk by a submarine yesterday.

The action against the Richelieu—presumably sunk, seized or damaged—was said to have taken place early yesterday.

A more detailed account of the action was expected later today. Continuation of Seizure

The operation was described as a continuation of the seizure of French warships started last week to prevent fulfillment of the armistice pacts between France and Italy and Germany.

Under those terms the French fleet would have been assembled in French ports and placed under control of Germany and Italy.

Prime Minister Churchill has told commons he had no faith in Axis power promises that the ships would not be used against Britain.

The Richelieu was the nearest completed of France's newest class of four mighty warships intended to dwarf the 26,500-ton Dunkerque and Strasbourg. Both of them were damaged in last week's fight off the Algerian coast.

Although the Richelieu had been launched, it was understood her armament had not been completed. Other ships of her class still incomplete are the Clemenceau, Jean Bart and Gasconne.

The two nearest completion, the Richelieu and Jean Bart, were reported in German hands after the Germans occupied France's Atlantic coast.

Fast Vessel

The Richelieu went down the ways at Brest in January, 1939. Her speed exceeded 30 knots and she was armed with four 15-inch guns, 16 six-inch quick firing guns, and 18 smaller guns for defense against aircraft. The Richelieu's armor included a waterline belt 16 inches thick, and deck armor eight inches thick.

The first British naval action to round up the French fleet came in a surprise move last Wednesday. Churchill announced that most of the French warships were seized or put out of action, or bottled up.

Because of wartime precautions there has been no authoritative information recently on the whereabouts of the Richelieu.

The most recent word came last week. At that time it was said the battleship had put out from Brest into the Atlantic, possibly on a trial run.

Meanwhile bomb-battered Britain announced last night the loss of the destroyer Whirlwind, traded Germany blow for blow in war from the air, and estimated that

(Continued on Page Three)

Japan's Troops May Move Upon Hongkong Colony

Carl Bowman Held On Hit-Run Driving Count

HICKORY, July 8.—(AP)—Carl Bowman, 24, was bound over to superior court under \$2,000 bond today on charges of manslaughter, drunken driving and hit-and-run driving growing out of the death Thursday night of Hubert Eugene Allen, 32.

Deputy Sheriff Glenn Allen said the principal witness in the case was Carl Hysinger of Salisbury, who was a hitch-hike passenger in Bowman's truck, and the officer said, told the story of running over Vall because he was "conscience-whipped."

(Continued on Page Three)

QUARREL OVER ROAD

Japanese Ministries To Study British Rejection Of Latest Demands

TOKYO, July 9.—(Tuesday)—(AP)—It is quite possible that continued refusal of Britain to close the Burma road to China may result in armed Japanese action against the British crown colony of Hongkong, persons close to the Japanese government declared today.

The war, navy and foreign ministries scheduled immediate emergency conferences to discuss the British rejection yesterday of Japanese demands that this last link between the Chinese nationalist forces and the outside world be shut off.

"Drastic Action" Looms

Reliable sources said the Japanese would take "drastic action" if the British stand were not changed.

Foreign Minister Hachiro Arita yesterday told British Ambassador Sir Robert Leslie Craigie that his reply was not satisfactory and urged him to advise London to reconsider.

The Japanese press unanimously asserted that "an understanding" with the United States and Russia preceded Britain's rejection of the Japanese demand and repeated previous charges that the

(Continued on Page Three)

ROOSEVELT TALKS WITH FLEET CHIEF AS HE PREPARES NEW ARMS REQUESTS

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These projects, together with the army's requests, were gone over during the day at a White House conference attended by Louis Johnson, acting secre-

tary of war; Lewis Compton, acting navy secretary, and Harold Smith, budget director.

It was indicated afterward that the President's message recommending the new program probably would go to congress tomorrow. There was a possibility, however, that final navy estimates might delay it until Wednesday.

In either event, the message will arrive in the midst of busy legislative activity on other defense matters.

It is the intention of Senate leaders, once the cabinet nominations of Henry L. Stimson and Col. Frank Knox have been

disposed of, to call up the house—approved \$4,000,000,000 naval expansion bill.

The army and navy high commands will testify before the senate military committee tomorrow on the question of compulsory military training, and are expected to endorse it.

The navy expansion bill, proposing 200 additional warships to make the fleet strong enough to meet simultaneous threats in the Atlantic and Pacific, was formally reported today by the senate naval affairs committee.

(Continued on Page Three)

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