

## HIGHEST COURT ASKED TO BAN JC TOURS FAR WEST

WASHINGTON, D. C. — The Supreme Court was asked on January 7 to prohibit the segregation of Negro and white students in public education systems.

While the argument, made by of Tulsa, Oklahoma, and Thurgood Marshall of New York City, concerned itself with the refusal to admit Miss Adas Lois Sipuel to the law school of the University of Oklahoma, the attack was really upon the system of segregation in education and it maintained that there could be no equality within the meaning of the Constitution under a segregated system.

The attorneys said equality of educational opportunities was required by the 14th Amendment and declared "equality under a segregated system is a legal fiction and a judicial myth."

Miss Sipuel appealed to the highest court because the Oklahoma Supreme Court had declared that the state Constitution and law prescribe a policy of segregated education.

"Oklahoma's reliance on the separate but equal doctrine in this case has amounted to total exclusion of Negroes seeking a legal education," said NAACP attorney.

"This case highlights the impossibility of obtaining equality in education under segregated statutes."

## 4-H CLUBS OBSERVE QUARTERLY BANKING

One hundred and sixty of Wake County's 4-H Club enrollment observed another of their quarterly banking dates recently in company with their community 4-H Club leaders; says W. C. Day, expert, County Agent, and Mrs. A. H. Alston, both of the State College Extension Service.

Eleven of the county's 15 4-H Clubs were represented and the boys and girls opened up new savings accounts and added to already established accounts in the amount of \$462.13 as a result of savings from their yearly 4-H Club projects.

This brings the total 4-H bank savings of Wake County 4-H boys in excess of the \$5000 goal they set for the year ending December and girls up to \$567.44 which is 1947. These savings are in the members' individual names and they are striving to achieve greater success in 1948.

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## RESIGNS PASTORATE



Pastor above is the Rev. L. W. White, pastor of the Nebu Baptist Church near Murfreesboro, following the close of his last regular morning services at the historic church on Sunday, January 4, at which the Rev. C.

M. Creasy was installed as pastor of the church.

The Rev. White resigned the pastorate of the Murfreesboro church after six years of service to accept the pastorate of the Zion Baptist Church at Asheville.

## ACLU Backs Sipuel In Suit To Enter Oklahoma U.

NEW YORK (AP)—A new attack on segregation of Negroes in separate schools was made last week by the American Civil Liberties Union in a brief filed in the United States Supreme Court, supporting the claim of Ada Lois Sipuel who sought admission to the school of law at the University of Oklahoma.

The ACLU, acting as friend of the court through its general counsel, Arthur Garfield Hays supported by Prof. Walter Gillborn of Columbia University Law School and Osmond K. Fraenkel of the New York bar, is intervening in the case of Ada Lois Sipuel with

NAACP Schedules Five Regional Meetings

NEW YORK—Plans are being completed for NAACP spring regional conferences. Gloster B. Current, director of branches announced last week:

February 21-22 San Francisco will be held in Indianapolis, Ind.

Five such training conferences Cal., March 5-6-7 Pine Bluff

Ark., March 13-14 Tuskegee, Ala., March 20-21 and New York City, April 3-4.

**Well Known Minister Dies In Good Shepard Hospital At New Bern**

New Bern—The Rev. F. T. McVey died here in Good Shepard Hospital shortly before noon Saturday following a long illness. He was 57.

He was a native of Cummock and at the time of his death was pastor of the St. Augustine AME Church at Kirston.

He is survived by his wife, four daughters, four granddaughters and two sisters.

**New Orleans Changes Freedom Train Plans**

NEW ORLEANS, La.—After a conference over protests lodged by the local branch of the NAACP, officials with the Freedom Train changed the plans that had been made for visiting the train with the result that Negro and white school children of this city saw the traveling exhibition of famous documents without segregation.

The blaze apparently started between the walls near the chimney while the parents were at work and two adopted boys about 12 were away at school.

**Fire Destroys Home On S. Haywood Street**

The entire belongings of the family of Herbert Chappell were destroyed Saturday morning when fire swept through his Chappell home at 1113 S. Haywood St.

Chappell arrived at 9:00 as the flames were sweeping thru the interior of the home in which all furnishings were damaged beyond repair and only the frame of the home was saved.

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**St. Augustine's Cagers Defeat St. Paul, 40-37**

St. Augustine's and St. Paul romped the hardwood of the college gym Saturday night in an attempt to draw the cage blood of each other but St. Augustine's displaying definite basketball skill finally succeeded in drawing the battle to a close with a 40-37 edge.

St. Paul went ahead in the first half, 9-3, but three field goals near the end of the stanza put St. Augustine into the lead, 18-15.

St. Paul knotted the count in the second half 26-26 and played on even terms until the last few minutes when St. Augustine's shoved ahead 39-36.

It was the only case heard and the second prosecution in court for violation of the North Carolina law which prohibits shooting of fireworks in the State.

**MAN DRAWS FINE IN FIRECRACKER CASE**

ELIZABETH CITY—Elwood Williams of Newland was found guilty of shooting a firecracker on December 18 and ordered to pay a fine of \$10 and costs in the Wednesday session of the Perquimans County Recorder's Court here last week.

It was the only case heard and the second prosecution in court for violation of the North Carolina law which prohibits shooting of fireworks in the State.

**Local Farmers Get Three Purebred Bulls**

Three purebred registered bulls have recently been placed on farms in Wake County and the farmers are looking forward to breeding up the stock on their farms and in their communities, according to W. C. Davenport, County Agent, and E. E. Evans, Assistant County Agent of the State College Extension Service.

The prize animals have been placed on the farms of Peter McCoy of the Poplar Springs Community, Ulysses Dunn of the Riley Hill Community, and J. A. Perry also of the Riley Hill Community. The bulls were purchased from the prize herd at A. and T. College.

## USES ASKS JOBS FOR FARMERS IN FARM HANDBOOK

WASHINGTON—(AP)—The United States Employment Service, in formulating the policies, regulations, approvals and procedures governing the operation of the program for agriculture and related industries, has specifically requested that Negro farmers be given proper consideration in the farm placement program.

The new handbook is a farm placement service, which became effective the first of the year, clearly states that it is the policy of USES and affiliated state employment services, "to serve all agriculture employers and all agriculture workers without discrimination or preference, except as may be required by law."

On the question of recruitment, the handbook suggested that minority group organizations be consulted along with other social, civic, veterans, professional and church groups, if it became necessary to use community resources to obtain workers.

The employment service further insisted that orders for agricultural labor workers should reflect accurate information on qualifications, wages, including wage differentials, length of job and manner of payment required.

It is assumed that this statement was necessary because Negro workers in certain sections of the country receive less wages for the same type of work than do workers from other groups. If this be the case, USES insists in knowing the facts on wage differentials.

## COURT DECISION MAY AFFECT EDUCATION SOUTHERN STATES

Atlanta, Ga.—Almost every Southern state may be affected by the Supreme Court decision granting a Negro right to attend in the University of Oklahoma.

The union's brief challenges the constitutionality of segregation in education. Asserting that to require a Negro to seek a new school, possibly for a single student, puts him at an initial disadvantage as against white students, it argued that even if there were a separate school, Miss Sipuel would be denied the "educational value of contact with other students."

"She is entitled, contended the union, to a legal education equal to that of the white students, who could contribute to her education w. h. of their own."

The ACLU lawyers challenged the constitutionality of any segregated education and argued that segregation was intended as a "deed" which no state to prevent equal accommodation could diminish.

"Segregation in itself serves no educational purpose other than that found in the asserted inferiority of Negroes," said Oklahoma botany professor.

Missouri's Jim Crow law school, which was set up to comply with a Supreme Court decision received only four applicants during a two-year period and had to be closed.

Virginia has no law school for Negroes and under Virginia Jim Crow laws Negroes may not be admitted to white schools.

There is a private law school in Louisiana, but the state does not provide law or medical training for Negroes except a \$50,000 annual stipend for out-of-state tuition.

Florida pays out-of-state tuition for Negro law students.

Mississippi and Tennessee provide no law training for Negroes.

Alabama makes an annual appropriation to pay the expense of Negro students at out-of-state professional schools.

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