

Watauga Democrat.

VOL 3

BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY, 29, 1891.

NO. 27.

S. F. Lenoir & Co.,

—DEALERS IN,—

General Merchandise,

We have now, on hand a complete line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

—CONSISTING OF,—

- [Dry Goods.]
- [Notions.]
- [Groceries.]
- [Shoes.]
- [Hats.]
- [Hardware.]
- [Tinware.]
- [Glassware.]
- [Crockery.]
- [Medicines.]

of which we are offering at **Lowest Prices,**

We also take in exchange for goods,

- Wheat,
- Corn,
- Rye,
- Oats,
- Chicken
- Eggs,
- & etc.

SO GIVE US A CALL.

S. F. LENOIR & CO.,

May the 15th. 1890.

W. B. COUNCILL, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Boone, N. C.

W. B. COUNCILL, M. D.
Boone, N. C.

Resident Physician. Office on King Street north of Post Office.

E. F. LOVILL
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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DR. L. C. REEVES.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Residence.
Boone, N. C.

L. D. LOWE,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC,
BANNER'S ELK, N. C.

J. Q. WILBAR,
DENTIST,
ELK PARK, NORTH CAROLINA.

Offers his professional services to the people of Mitchell, Watauga and adjoining counties. *No Lad material used and all work guaranteed.* May 11 y.

J. F. Morphew. E. S. Blackburn.
Marion, N. C. Je rson, N. C.
MORPHEW & BLACKBURN
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Will practice in the courts of Ashe, Watauga and Mitchell counties, also in the Federal courts of the Dist., and Supreme Court of the State. Collection of claims solicited. April, 10.

Notice.

For sale, 900 acres of land, on Rich Mountain, Watauga County, on which is asbestos, and fine land for sheep ranch. Sales private. L. D. Lowe & J. T. Furgerson, Ex'trs, of Mrs. A. P. Calloway, decd. Banner Elk, Nov. 15. '90.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent

Mr. Harrison has succeeded by persuasion, bull-dozing and promise of patronage in getting the republican Senators to make a last desperate effort to perpetuate the power of the republican party by passing the Force bill, and the fight is now on which is to result either in striking a deadly blow at the liberty of the American citizen, by the passage of a measure without a parallel in American annals, in the final defeat of the bill.

Finding it impossible to unite the republican Senators in support of the revolutionary gag rule proposed by Senator Aldrich the republicans have adopted the tiring out process, and hope by a continuous night and day session of the Senate to succeed in compelling the democrats to accede to a vote on the bill. This, it is not believed, they can do. The session which began last Friday morning has been in continuous session every since, except on Sunday, and is to continue until the republicans tire of it or succeed. The democrats are making a grand fight in talking against time and express confidence of being able to win.

How the democratic Senators feel in this matter may be judged from the following extract from a speech of Senator Reagan, which reflects the sentiments of his democratic colleagues, and shows that they will never willingly surrender: "As dear as my life is to me, as God is my Judge, if I could save the American people from the pending measure by giving up my life, I would surrender it as freely as I ever performed any act of my life". It was an imposing sight to see Senator Reagan as he stood, every feature showing his earnestness and sincerity, and spoke these words, and it was not surprising that they were greeted by an outburst of deafening applause from the galleries, which Mr. Morton was quick to reprove by threatening to have the galleries cleared.

Senator Stewart on Saturday gave notice of a motion to recommend the election bill with instructions to the committee to report it back with a provision for the election of members of Congress on days when no other elections are held in the several states; and this motion may be made the excuse for getting rid of the bill quietly when the republicans discover their inability to pass it, for if it is recommitted to the committee it will never get before the Senate again.

Notwithstanding their having made speeches against the Force bill Senators Teller, Wolcott and Stewart are now acting with and voting with their republican colleagues in their efforts to pass the bill. This is significant, in as much as it shows that the democrats need expect

no help from republicans in defeating the bill.

Mr. Harrison's henchmen are now trying to prevent the passage of Senator Vest's free coinage bill, which was adopted last week by the Senate as a substitute for that hodge-podge of absurdities known as the republican caucus financial bill, by the House by talking veto. The bill, which is now before the House committee on Coinage, is in far more danger from Speaker Reed's opposition than it is from a Presidential veto. Reed has the audacity and the nerve to resort to any methods to defeat it, and if he doesn't attempt to do so, it will only be because he prefers seeing Mr. Harrison, whom he dislikes very much, weaken and sign it, as I believe he will, if it passes the House. Mr. Harrison has made threats before, but his spinal column has always wilted when the time came to carry them out.

Another erstwhile prominent republican is in the toils of the law. W. P. Canaday, who for many years, because of his ability to control the North Carolina delegation to republican national conventions, held the position of Sergeant-at-Arms of the United States Senate, has been arrested for obtaining money under false pretenses. And ye gods, how cheap he sold his character. The amount he obtained on a worthless check was just \$35.

Some startling exposures will shortly be made by the House committee which is investigating the silver pool charges, unless the witnesses among whom are Senator Stewart and Journal Clerk Smith of the House, shall refuse to tell the committee what they are alleged to have told to private parties.

The democratic leaders of the House are carefully watching the proceedings in the Senate and should the Force bill pass that body they are prepared to make a desperate fight on it in the House when it goes there for concurrence in the Senate amendments.

George Bancroft, the historian, who was Secretary of the Navy during the Polk administration, when he established the Naval academy at Annapolis, died here Saturday afternoon in his ninety-first year.

Senator Quay has taken the trouble to deny the rumor that he intended resigning his seat in the Senate. It was entirely unnecessary. Everybody knows that he isn't one of the resigning kind.

The House committee on the world's Fair think the officials connected with that concern are drawing too much money and recommends a cut in salaries.

The First Woman to Hold office.

Mrs. E. Wilson was elected superintendent of public schools for Carter county at Elizabethton, Monday. She is the first lady to hold office in Carter county, and is said to be fully capable of discharging the duties of the position. She is a widow and dependent upon her own resources for a living.—*Bristol Courier.*

MAJOR-GENERAL B. F. BUTLER.

He Will Return to the South for the First Time since the War.

It seems hardly necessary to say anything of the history of Gen. B. F. Butler. No man in the whole nation has been more constantly in the public eye for the last four decades than he. As a successful lawyer and influential politician before the war, as a patriot who was first to respond to the country's call at the firing upon Fort Sumter, as the man who gave New Orleans the best government the city ever had, as Commander of the Army of the James, as a Representative in Congress and a leading politician since the war, he has had public attention constantly heaped upon him. No man in the country has received more praise or more abuse than he, and no man has more warm, personal friends and admirers. Many of the people of the South have been particularly bitter against him, and have tried to make his name a synonym for all that was detestable. He is now about to return good for evil, and heap coals of fire upon the heads of his detractors by a great enterprise to help restore prosperity to the region which suffered so severely from the ravages of the war. He is at the head of the great Georgia-Alabama Investment Company, which is made up of capitalists whom he has associated with himself in a scheme to build and develop large portions of Dixie. Early next month he intends to make a tour of the South, visiting that section for the first time since the close of the war—twenty-six years ago. He will go to New Orleans, and to all other prominent points, and survey the field of operation of this company carefully, to inform himself personally as to the possibility of each locality. There is something phenomenal in such a tour by a General whose first visit was sword in hand, but who now goes as a restorer. It will be watched with great interest by all sections of the country.—*National Tribune.*

The *News and Observer* says: the United States is to have a factory for the manufacture of Dr. Koch's celebrated lymph, and it is to be under the charge of Dr. Joseph Kinyoun, a nephew of Mrs. H. C. Eccles, of Charlotte. Dr. Hamilton, Surgeon-General of the United States Army, says that the factory will be established at the Marine Hospital, at Stapleton, as soon as Dr. Kinyoun returns from Berlin, last December. Says Dr. Hamilton: "He was to return in March next, but now that Dr. Koch has made his important disclosure as to the formula of making the lymph it is possible that he may be ordered home sooner than was first anticipated. If Congress does what we anticipated it will do—appropriate \$10,000 in the sundry civil bill at this session—we will commence the erection of a laboratory in this city and manufacture lymph here also.

TRUE DEMOCRACY.

The speech of ex-President Cleveland at the gathering of Jacksonian democrats in Philadelphia Thursday evening, says the *Baltimore Sun* was in his best vein. Responding to a toast eulogizing "the principles of true democracy," the ex-President undertook to demonstrate the proposition that "they are enduring" because they are right, and invincible because they are just." Much wonder is expressed at times by students of our political history at the staying qualities of the democratic party. Its record goes back almost to the foundation of the federal government. It has outlived a number of its competitors and promises to outlive its present competitors. Its opponents have several times pronounced it dead. But adversity seems to quicken it. After defeat it soon re-appears in the field, hopeful and vigorous to renew the fight and down its adversary. What is the secret of this perennial vitality and spirit? Mr. Cleveland finds it in the identity of the traditional principles of the democratic party with the interests of the masses of the people. As understood by the ex-President, "these comprise equal and exact justice to all men; peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations—entangling the alliance with none; the support of the State governments in all their rights; the preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor; the jealous care of the right of election by the people; absolute acquiescence in the decision of the majority; the supremacy of the civil over the military authority; economy in the public expenses; the honest payment of our debts and sacred preservation of the public faith; the encouragement of agriculture, and commerce as its hand maid, and freedom of religion, freedom of the press and freedom of the person." The party tenet, "justice to all, favor to none," is at the bottom of its opposition to the present protective tariff. Its respect for the constitution as a sacred compact explains its opposition to many fanciful schemes which are advocated by persons indifferent to the fundamental law. Mr. Cleveland sees in his party the true friend of the farmer, whose interest lies in just and economical government. The Force bill and debauchery of the ballot spring, in his view, from one and the same vicious political source. It is the duty of good democrats to fight both. The recent election in Mr. Cleveland's view, demonstrates the fact that the public conscience is now awake. Right and justice today have a hearing the land. Sophistry and chicanery are at a discount. The democracy, as the party of right and justice has every reason, he thinks, to rejoice that such is now the case.

WHERE WILL IT END!

It would be well for the people of this country, and especially those of them who still support the policy of the republican party, says the *Philadelphia Times*, to pause and consider what is likely to become of our free institutions if the theory that might gives right to continue to prevail. The spectacle presented yesterday in New Hampshire, where the defeated party has taken possession of the government of the State by a flagrant usurpation of political power, is an application of the same policy embodied in Speaker Reed's control of the House of Representatives in the Federal election bill that was approved by a caucus resolution at Harrisburg the other day. It was the same policy that stole two United States Senators from Montana and has led to the present scandal of a double organization of the Assembly of that State and threats of revolutionary action in three or four other States in the West.

It has come to be almost an accepted fact that it is not the votes of the people but the degree of daring of those in power that determines the result of an election. The people of New Hampshire elected a majority of democrats Representatives; the Clerk of the House deliberately nullifies the election by making up the roll upon a purely arbitrary basis, excluding democrats unquestionably elected and adding republicans elected only conditionally, if at all, in such manner as to give the republicans a majority. And partisans will applaud this revolutionary sharp practice, without stopping to consider that such action is destructive of all constitutional security.

If people knew that they are living under a Czar or Dictator or a revolutionary committee, in the South American style, they can arrange their affairs accordingly; but if they expect and agree to live under a government of law they must insist upon maintaining the law or they cannot expect to maintain their government.

The meanest man on earth, says the *Jackson Whig*, is the fellow who gets behind a year or two with his county paper and then declines to take it out of the postoffice. Although the publisher trusted him, he never writes, never drops in and pays or promises to pay what he justly owes, but he takes advantage of his distance and the smallness of the sum involved and coolly pockets what he knows belongs to another. Burns had this very fellow in view when he said: "Ah Tam, ah Tam, thou'lt get thy farin. In hell they'll roast thee like a herin."

If you want to discontinue a paper, do it like a man. "Honesty is the best policy" in every line of life, whether applied to your grocery bill or your news paper.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, use
DR. ROWEN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it. \$1 per bottle. Genuine has
trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.