

The Watauga Democrat,

D. B. Dougherty, Editor.
R. C. Rivers, Publisher

A DEMOCRATIC family newspaper devoted to the interests of County, State and Nation. Published every Thursday at Boone, Watauga County, N. C.

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The Millennium.

The study of prophecy by many theologians of to-day, have counted the time of the second coming of Christ to be near upon us. Dates have been set by the *Adventist* people for this great event. Preparations and expectancy by many people, for several years passed have come to naught, for we have passed those periods set by speculative men without any perceptible change. We have read with much interest the publications of Lieut. Totten of the U. S. Army on this interesting subject, that have been recently published. Mr. Totten has made this theme a study for several years and has been able, as he claims, to mathematically calculate and fix the year, (does not claim to know the day nor the hour) and says that the second coming will take place in 1899, he further declares that the last year of grace repentance is 1892. This is a startling revelation of Mr. Totten and is being extensively published and is causing many comments as he is able to demonstrate the mathematical reasoning from the prophecies of the Bible to establish his declarations. Many of our able theologians of different denominations have held the opinion that the end of the world (gospel age) is near at hand and that Christ will appear and reign a thousand years on earth and the millennium will be ushered in.

No doubt there is a period of time, for this occurrence, but when it is to take place, we do not, nor never will know, until it comes.

The Turnmire Trial.

Last week we published an account of the death of Welborn Turnmire, on Samson, this county, and that he was found dead in a burning heap in the new ground. He was buried and afterwards suspicion rested upon his brother, John, as having been the cause of his death. L. G. Turnmire, uncle of these young men, swore out a warrant against John. The Coroner was summoned to hold an inquest over the body of Welborn which had been buried two weeks. The body was disinterred and examined by the Coroner's jury, and Dr. L. C. Reeves. No fracture of the skull was found, (as had been reported) no violence that might have caused death, could be discovered, except the burned condition of the body, but circumstances under which he died caused the Coroner's jury to render a verdict against John, as he was the only person known to be with the deceased the night of his death. The jury believing a full investigation of all the circumstances, was necessary to have adjudicated. A number of witnesses for the State were summoned and the accused was brought before D. B. Dougherty J. P. and a trial had. There was no evidence implicating any

one as having caused the death of Welborn. The cause of the death is still a mystery. The young man may have had a fit of some kind and fell in the burning trash heap and burned to death.

The defendant was released after the examination of all the State's witnesses, none of the witnesses for the defense being brought to the stand.

GENERAL NEWS.

...President Harrison and party have returned to Washington after a month's swing across the country.

...The Legislature, of Mass. on the 19th, passed a resolution appropriating \$75,000 for the World's fair.

...Jackson Fla. had a very disastrous fire on the night of the 19th. One half a million dollars worth of property was consumed.

...The administration is being criticised sharply by the *New York Tribune*, in regard to sending the "Charleston" to capture the ship "Itata."

...Secretary Blaine has nearly recovered from his sickness. He has had an attack of the gout in New York. He will in a few days return to Washington.

...It is amusing to hear republican editors praise the late radical Congress for taking off the tariff on sugar, and that sugar is cheap. It is good to have cheap sugar. Why not have the tariff taken off of other necessities of life? Will these republican brethren please answer?

...Tenn. people held a convention at Harriman, Judge Butler was elected president. The object of the convention was ostensible for the purposes to raise funds and appoint representatives that the State may be represented at the World's fair. The Legislature failing to make any appropriation for the purpose.

...The late frost has been more general and destructive than was first supposed. Every State in the Union has been more or less damaged in crops, vegetables and fruit, and the damage has been severe and the loss very great. North Carolina alone has sustained heavy damages, corn, wheat and cotton, to say nothing of fruit and vegetables, have been seriously damaged.

...The third party move is on foot. The convention at Cincinnati recently organized the third party and we will have a booming campaign in 1892. It is hard to say at this time what effect this move will have, politically. The present outlook now indicate the destruction of the republican party in the western States and a split in the democratic party in the southern States.

St Louis, Mo.
May 21, 1891.

Editor Democrat:

According to promise I will pencil you a few lines from this City. Messrs. A. B. Mast, T. C. Land and myself took the train at Elk Park on the evening of the 18th inst, in company with the following named agents: Messrs. N. Haight, J. L. Milam and T. S. Patty, met us at the Park and B. A. Newland met us at Elizabeth City, all of whom treated us with all manner of kindness. Mr. Newland left us at Morristown, and Mr.

Milam left us at Knoxville, and Mr. Haight accompanied us to St. Louis, where we now are, and has shown us all the kindness possible.

This is quite a bustling City. Each one seems to have gotten a move on himself, and to be trying to see if he can't get there first. But I have neither time nor space to describe this City now, but suffice it to say, we have enjoyed our trip hugely so far, and are enjoying excellent health. We take the train here this afternoon for Kansas City.

Respectfully,
JOHN H. BROWN.

Wilkesboro *Chronicle* please copy.

FROM ZIONVILLE.

Much has been, and is still being said, upon the subject of education. The wisest of men may still think, write, and converse upon this subject for years to come, and yet be unable to reach its depth, height, or magnitude. The cry comes from the North, East, South and West that we should, yea, must, educate. Then we would at once conclude that the people are becoming aroused to a consciousness of their great need. But I fear that many of us in our eagerness to acquire an education, overlook the one thing so useful. Yes, I fear that many of us who have children and are putting forth every effort possible to have them educated, are not enough concerned about their moral training the education of the soul the immortal principle. I am inclined to think that we, as a rule, are not careful enough as to what kind of men, morally speaking, we have to teach our children. Our teachers make impressions, and implant principles upon the minds of our children, let them be good or evil, that are as lasting as time and durable as eternity. Yes, they have much to do in forming the characters of the young, and when I say characters I don't mean reputation. Therefore we should be careful as to how our children are instructed, for by so being, their feet may be well placed, and their course well directed. While on the other hand their feet are too often placed upon slippery ground and there they are unsafe. Now don't understand me to set forth the idea that sectarianism should be taught in our schools. I believe that would be quite improper, but I do think that our teachers should set such examples before, and give such advice to their pupils as to, indelibly, impress upon their minds the necessity and great importance of living christian lives. I think that our teachers should be devoted christians. They should be men and women who realize the great responsibility that actually, rest upon them. They should feel impressed with the fact that they are moulding characters not only for time but for eternity. They should be men and women who, on entering the school room at first and each morning successively, would call their pupils about them, read to them a portion of God's word and pray, earnestly and sincerely, for them, thereby showing their own appreciation of God's blessings and their interest for their pupils eternal welfare. I feel safe in saying that as soon as we have more devoted christian teachers, we will have more christian boys and girls, men and women too. I would like to say more but probably I have written enough for this time.
A. E. MORETZ.

A Diary Kept by J. W. Dugger and William Thomas While in the Confederate Service, and Members of the 58th N. C. Reg.

Our friends of the 58th Regiment, after having fallen back a mile, where we left them last week, on Sept. 26th 1863. That night at 12 o'clock were rallied and went to building breast-works. After working all night they established their line and remained quiet with the exception of some picket fighting. Went on picket that evening, Sunday, Monday the 28, still on picket. All still. Nothing going on. Scarce rations of bread and no meat; but nothing strange. Relieved from picket Tuesday, the 29th, and went back to camp. No news of note until Oct. the 5th still remained doing picket and fatigue duty. Commenced shelling the enemy Oct. 5th ceased at night. No damage done. No news until Nov. the 20th of importance but still remained in the valley of Chattanooga. Marched about two miles and camped. Next morning, the 21st, took up line of march towards Chickamauga valley and marched until about 12 o'clock; faced about and marched back to the valley of Chattanooga and camped at the big springs. Sunday morning the 22nd, they marched back to their line of breast-works and crossed Missionary Ridge. The enemy shelled their train in crossing. In the evening arrived at Chickamauga. On Monday the 23rd the division left on the train for Loudon, Tenn., except the brigade to which the 58th belonged. That day the Yankees made an attack on, our men in the valley of Chattanooga. In the evening were ordered back. They arrived at the breastworks in the valley of Chattanooga that night about 10 o'clock. The Yankees commenced shelling our lines soon next morning and about 10 o'clock an attack of musketry commenced on Lookout mountain and lasted until about 11 o'clock that night. The Yankees succeeded in taking the mountain; next morning at daylight cannonading commenced with musketry on the end of Missionary Ridge a hot fight. About 1 o'clock their heavy columns commenced advancing on our centre, our line being deployed, so it was not more than a line of pickets were ordered to deploy as skirmishers and fall back to the end of the ridge. There we joined another line. The enemy advanced in three lines Infantry and Cavalry in the rear. In quick time they charged up the Ridge. We whipped their front line but they rallied the second line and came again in desperate order. We held them in check until nearly sundown. We were flanked on our right and left, and compelled to retreat, we lost several pieces of artillery and a good many men captured. Reached Chickamauga, that night about 11 o'clock, where our men were tearing up and burning commissaries. They delayed a few hours at that place. Started again and marched until daylight, and all day the 26th, passed through Gaysville and Ringold, camped about two miles beyond Ringold. Took up line of march the 27th, passing through Tunnell hill, arrived at Dalton, Ga., at night and drew rations. About 7

o'clock moved about two miles to good timber, camped and remained until the 29th. Moved back about one mile to another grove and camped. Remained until Dec. the 2nd, moved about one mile and took up camp again and remained until Jan. the 2nd, 1864. [To be continued next week.]

The entering wedge of complaint that may prove fatal is often a slight cold, which a dose or two of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral might have cured at the commencement. It would be well, therefore, to keep this remedy in reach at all times.

Public office is a family snap in the eyes of the republican administration.

BRONCHITIS

Is an inflammation of the bronchial tubes—the air-passages leading into the lungs. Few other complaints are so prevalent, or call for more prompt and energetic action. As neglect or delay may result seriously, effective remedies should always be at hand. Apply at once a mustard poultice to the upper part of the chest, and, for internal treatment, take frequent doses of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

C. O. Lepper, brought, Fort Wayne, Ind., writes: "My little sister, four years of age, was so ill from bronchitis that we had almost given up hope of her recovery. Our family physician, a skillful man and of large experience, pronounced it useless to give her any more medicine, saying he had done all it was possible to do, and we must prepare for the worst. As a last resort, we determined to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and I can truly say, with most happy results. After taking a few doses she seemed to breathe easier, and, within a week, was out of danger. We continued giving the Pectoral until satisfied she was entirely well. This indisputable evidence of the great merit of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has given me unbounded confidence in the preparation, and I recommend it to my neighbors, knowing it cannot disappoint them."

"Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cured me of a bad cough and my partner of bronchitis. I know of numerous cases in which this preparation has proved very beneficial in families of

Young Children,

so that the medicine is known among them as "the consoler of the afflicted."—James Rufus Vidal, San Gabriel, San Domingo, D. R. "A short time ago, I was taken with a severe attack of bronchitis. The remedies ordinarily used in such cases failed to give me relief. Almost in despair of ever finding anything to cure me, I bought a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was helped from the first dose. I had not finished one bottle before the disease left me, and my throat and lungs were as sound as ever."—Geo. B. Hunter, Altoona, Pa.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢; six bottles, \$1.

NOTICE.

Parties putting papers in my hand for execution will please advance the fees with the papers and they will receive prompt attention, other wise they will be returned not executed for the want of fees.
D. F. BAIRD SHFF.

Notice

The Governor having ordered a special term of court for Watauga county beginning on the 22nd, day of June next and continuing two weeks for the purpose of trying both Criminal and Civil cases. All persons having business before said court either as witnesses or suitors will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.
J. E. FINLEY Chm. Brd. Coms.
Boone N. C. May 6th, 1891.

NOTICE!

I am just receiving a new stock of goods bought for cash down and will sell for strictly pay down, at prices to live and let live. You will do well to call and examine my goods consisting of boots, shoes, dry goods, notions, &c.
Yours truly,
T. A. CRITCHER,
Boone, N. C.

YOU WANT ONE

OF THE
CELEBRATED
JACKSON
CORSET WAISTS.
MADE ONLY BY THE
JACKSON CORSET CO.
JACKSON, MISS.

LADIES who prefer not to wear stiff and rigid Corsets, are invited to try them. They are approved by physicians, endorsed by dress makers, and recommended by every lady that has worn them.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
E. B. OSBORN, Southern Agent,
22 RICHARDSON BLOCK,
GAYASORS Wanted. CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

Spring Announcement

—OF THE—

Spot Cash Store.

We Are Head-quarters For
—This Part of The Earth—

DON'T You be the last to find out where the best goods are sold the cheapest. We are now opening and displaying the largest stock of reasonable goods of the highest merit ever brought to this town, which will be sold lower than ever. Our motto is good goods, fair dealings and low prices.

Dry Goods.

Consisting of Gingham and Prints in all the latest styles. Suitings, outer-cloth, Simpson's zephers; shirtings and lawns in all the spring colors, HENRIETTA cloth in the spring stripes which is all the go for spring wear.

LARGE STOCK of black

Sattines; Silk for trimming in all colors. All kinds of Laces in Hem Stitch and Vandike Points. Let us call your special attention to our 4-4 Fruit of the Loom Bleach Domestic at 10 cts per yard. Linen Shaws, both solid and striped. Our stock of ribbon is equal to a regular military department. Jeans, cottonades, Plaids, Domestic, Bed-ticking, and hundreds of things we cannot mention.

Shoes.

This department is very complete, and at the prices we are offering them they will not stay long, in fact, we didn't buy them to keep, and our customers have found that out judging from the way they buy them.

Clothing.

Now we hit you. In this department our stock is, without doubt, the choicest that has ever been offered to the people of the mountains. Prince Alberts, double and single breasted in solid black and fancy colors. FARMERS, we can fit you in anything you want in CLOTHING: Something nice and durable.

Croceries.

In this department you will find nothing but first class goods. We carry nothing but the best sugar and coffee. In flour we carry from a medium to the very best grades. Corn and meat at lowest prices. Salt hams Bacon and Lard always kept in stock.

Hardware.

In this line our stock is large. Nails, Iron, Plows, Hames, Trace-chains, Mattocks, Shovels and all kinds of self-hardware at prices that moves them.

We thank our many customers for raising our sales to the handsome sum of \$25,000, last year, and for the present year we have our figures placed at \$35,000, and by low prices, good goods and polite attention, we expect to reach the mark.

They all sing the same song:

We've found the store where buyers get the very best attention. With great variety of goods too tedious to mention. So low in price are they, they beat the lowest calculation, which makes us, as a family, sing out like all creation.

And that is the reason we trade with

JONES & VANCE,

ELK PARK, N. C.

March, 23, 1891