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PROFESSIONAL.

W. B. COUNCILL, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Boone, N. C.

W. B. COUNCILL, M. D.
Boone, N. C.

Resident Physician. Office
on King Street north of Post
Office.

E. F. LOVILL
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Boone, N. C.

DR. L. C. REEVES.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
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DENTIST.

ELK PARK, NORTH CAROLINA.
Offers his professional services
to the people of Mitchell,
Watauga and adjoining coun-
ties. *No Lad material used
and all work guaranteed.*
May 1 1 y.

J. F. MORPHEW,
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MARION, N. C.

(-o-)
Will practice in the courts of
Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDow-
ell and all other counties in the
western district. Special atten-
tion given to the collection of
claims.

Ed M. Madron,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Foscoe, North Carolina.

Offers his professional services
to the people of this and adjoining
counties. All work promptly
done and satisfaction guaran-
teed.
Oct. 27, 8 mo.

NOTICE.
Hotel Property for Sale.

On account of failing health
of myself and wife, I offer for sale
my hotel property in the town of
Boone, North Carolina, and will
sell low for cash and make terms
to suit the buyer, and will take
real or personal property in ex-
change. Apply soon.
W. L. BRYAN.

Notice.
For sale, 900 acres of land,
on Rich Mountain, Watauga
County, on which is asbestos,
and fine land for sheep ranch.
Sales private. L. D. Lowe &
J. T. Furgerson, Ex'ts. of
Mrs. A. P. Calloway, decd.
Banner Elk, Nov. 15 '90.

Money to loan.
Persons wishing to bor-
row money, who can secure
it by mortgage on good real
estate, can be accommodated
by applying to
J. F. Spainhour, Boone, N. C.
or A. J. Critcher, Horton, N. C.
4, 24.

NOTICE.
Parties putting papers in
my hand for execution will
please advance the fees with
the papers and they will re-
ceive prompt attention, other-
wise they will be returned
not executed for the want of
fees. D. F. BAIRD SHFF.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our Regular Correspondent.

The next Speaker of the house will be Mr. Mills—Crisp—McMillin—Springer—Hatch, just as certain as the caucus meets next Saturday. As a prophet with a reputation to maintain, there are no signs visible that would justify your correspondent in dropping any portion of this composite name. In plain everyday talk, these five gentlemen and their friends are engaged in conducting one of the liveliest and the most uncertain campaigns for the Speakership ever known. Each of them is apparently confident of winning. It is conceded by the other candidates that Mills and Crisp are well in the lead, but they contend that neither of them can get votes enough to get nominated and that after two or three ballots are taken without result, there will be a stampede to other candidates. Mr. Crisp's friends boldly claim his nomination without fail on the first ballot, while the advocates of Mr. Mills say that he will be nominated on the second or at the outside the third ballot.

It is believed that more than one hundred unpledged members have arrived within the last forty-eight hours, and that half as many more will be here within the next two days. Many of these men are entirely new in National politics, and a goodly percentage of them are personally unacquainted with a single one of the candidates. It is the votes of these new men which will settle the Speakership, and at this writing no man can say with any truthfulness how they will vote, much will depend upon the impression made upon them by the candidates and their friends, and there is little doubt that some of the candidates are being injured by fool-friends. The caucus, which will probably be held next Saturday, will include all of the Farmers' Alliance men from the South and perhaps some of those from the West, although Jerry Simpson says none of the Alliancemen will go into the democratic caucus. 235 would be about the number if there was a full attendance but it is safe to deduct five or six on account of absence because of sickness or other reasons, so that it may be set down as a reasonable certainty that the man who can get 115 votes will be nominated.

The canvass for the minor offices of the House is quite as spirited as that for the Speakership, and the number of candidates is much greater, and not a few of them are ex-Members of the House. Turner, "the iceman" is making a typical Tammany struggle for the doorkeeper-ship; Pennsylvania has two candidates for Clerk, and Virginia two for postmaster. But these positions are usually settled in the last hours of the campaign by means of combinations with the win-

ning speakership candidate.

While Mr. Harrison was cogitating on the free trade treaty which has been negotiated with Hawaii and wondering what the people would think of his signing such a treaty after refusing to even receive the commissioners sent to Canada to negotiate for an enlargement of our trade relations, Mr. Blaine slipped over to Philadelphia to see Claus Spreckles, who is the virtual owner of Hawaii, and find out what he thought about this high protection administration endorsing a treaty of absolute trade. Meanwhile Mr. Harrison will hold the treaty until he can sound public opinion; if favorable, he will sign it and send to the Senate for ratification, if unfavorable he will "pigeon-hole" it. That is statesmanship of the Harrison brand.

It is said that Senator Sherman has complained to Mr. Harrison of Mr. Blaine's meddling with his Senatorship campaign in Ohio, and requested his aid in having it stopped.

Just as has been predicted all along the Pacific Mail Steamship Company will gobble up the greater part of the money paid out under the Postal-subsidy act of the last Congress. Mr. Wanamaker has signed eight contracts for carrying the mails under that law, and the Pacific Mail Co gets three of the best of them, being for ten years each and to begin the first day of Jan 1892, while the others will be given at different dates between March the first 1892, and December the first, 1894. It seems to make all the difference in the world when you call a plain, every-day subsidy grab of government money "expediting our ocean mails." One of the greatest national legislative scandals ever brought to light in this country was the exposure of the methods used to pass the Pacific Mail Subsidy bill through Congress a few years ago, an exposure that drove a number of republicans from public life. Now the same thing has been accomplished and if any one dares to protest that he is charged with being instigated by political prejudice, and with trying to prevent the extension of our foreign commerce. Odd, isn't it?

It looks as though there was to be a revival of the trouble between Wanamaker and Roosevelt, originated by the latter that the former had been guilty of carelessly handling the truth. Give them room and let them fight it out.

Messenger: Third Lieutenant Polk is back in Raleigh and has not heard anything of a third party. All was lovely and serene in the Indianapolis Alliance Convention. There was not a ripple of discord. Not a word has said or heard of a third party. Well Well! Just as we thought. And yet how does all this tally with the dispatches from Indianapolis sent out all over this great country and were never contradicted. Very like a whale. Or is it a weasel?

Expectancy and Hope Aroused.

The Farmers' Alliance was a necessity. It was really marvelous that the Southern farmers did not long ago organize for the purpose of mutual interest and protection. We urged this necessity upon the attention of our friends long before such an organization was effected. The movement was wise and grew out of pressing demands. There was no harmony of action among them, and often they supported men who were not their real friends. In the North they voted for candidates and measures that oppressed them. The financial and economic systems of the Republican party that controlled the country, were hostile, oppressive and ruinous to their best interests.

So there was real need of a change in the party controlling the country, and a consequent change in public policy. To aid in this good work and obtain redress, assistance and relief, it was necessary that the farmers of the country should take counsel together and unite for common advantage and protection.

The controlling aim of the Alliance in the initial movement was wise and excellently taken. It was not to run the political parties, split up the Democratic party in the South or form a new party. It was to organize for mutual aid and instruction. It was to bring to bear upon the policy of the country the influence and power of the great farming community. Nothing could be more useful, needful and becoming. But what has happened.

Every intelligent member of the Alliance in North Carolina can answer that question. The Alliance has drifted away, and is now floating on the storm-tossed great political deep. It has been captured by self-seekers, extremists and demagogues. It is threatened with ruin in many Southern States. It not only is damaging itself, but it is becoming a mere Annex and Assistant of the rotten Radical party. This is the case in North Carolina so far as those who favor a Third party can make it so.

To split up the Democratic party simply means in North Carolina to lose the State to the white men and put Sambo and Cuffee in the saddle with a few scallawags and adventurers behind to pull the strings, lay the pipes and obtain the whole loaves for themselves. It means that and nothing else.

Draw off 30,000 or 40,000 voters from the Democrats and you bind North Carolina and all of its precious interests fast in the iron shackles of the unfaithful, incapable and robber party that between 1867 and 1870 well nigh ruined the credit and interests of North Carolina for all time. Is this to be gone over again? Divide the white men of the State and that will happen as certain as fever consumes or the tides run.

If the Farmers' Alliance will

stand fast by the first plans and go for the reforms actually needed, but within the lines of the Democratic party, it can do an immense work for good. Let them put down the hostile movement to divide the white vote that the negroes and their hungry and almost despairing white allies may get in the trough once more.

There are manifest signs that the old white Radical survivors are again lifting their heads and looking towards the corn-crib, and are mumbling and moving their "chops" in aroused anticipation and hope that through the folly of men and the vanity and ambition of trusted leaders the white will go to pieces and the "good old days" of reconstruction will again return. Their expectancy and hope are awake. —Messenger.

There are so great many "curious things" connected with the taking of the census by Mr. Porter, but the most arbitrary of all is the reported attempt to assign to an American citizen a domicile not his, and as charged for partisan ends.

The case in point is that of Senator Brice. Mr. Brice has been elected United States Senator from Ohio, but it appears that the Republicans in Ohio would like to prove that he is not a resident of that State in order that the next Ohio legislature, which is Republican, may elect two Senators in lieu of one.

It is generally conceded that Mr. Sherman will be his own successor, but Mr. Foraker must be provided for, and hence the conspiracy against Mr. Brice.

It is said that Senator Sherman has expressed himself as being unwilling to move before the Senate for the retirement of his colleague, because of his alleged ineligibility, as this would wound his sense of Senatorial courtesy, but with the next breath he advises how Mr. Brice may be made to walk the plank. Let the Republican legislature, says Senator Sherman take action in the case of Mr. Brice and then it will shield me. In other words, just keep John Sherman out of sight and he will then push Brice out of the Senate as readily and with as much force as he can command. While feigning a feeling of courtesy for his colleague, he at the same time throws a bait to his opponent, Mr. Foraker, in the Senatorial race, and while apparently unwilling to open the gate himself, he is ready to counsel as to how it may be opened. This line upon which Mr. Sherman is now moving is similar to the one upon which he moved when he secretly demonetized silver. If it is possible to defraud a Senator out of his seat, or to fraudulently seat a Senator, the dark act may be confidently intrusted to the Republican party.—News and Observer.

Many persons are taken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile and cures indigestion. Get the genuine.

The Alliance and Mr. Cleveland.

The following letter is from the "New Bern Journal" and was written by a citizen of Jones county who is endorsed by the Journal as one of the largest farmers of eastern North Carolina and a man of high standing:

I see from your paper of recent date an account of a speech made by Col. L. L. Polk, in which he states that North Carolina, and especially the Farmers' Alliance, were not in favor of Cleveland for President. While I cannot speak for the Farmers' Alliance of the whole State, I do know the sentiment of those in Jones county, and I have never yet heard a single one speak unfavorably of Cleveland, and in fact a very large part of those are in favor of him for President.

We, the farmers and members of the Alliance are now and ever have been a conservative people, and we do know that Cleveland is a friend to the great mass of working people of every section of this mighty Commonwealth, and knowing and appreciating this fact we intend to stand by and for him whenever his name is presented to the people. I have frequently noticed that when the great (?) Polk speaks, he does it in such a manner as if he knew what the Alliance was in favor of, when in truth and in fact he cannot be but little acquainted with the tone and real sentiments of great masses of our people. We have been made tools of too long already, and I think it time for us to assert our manhood and have the courage to stand for our convictions. I, for one, a member of the Alliance and able to speak for a large part of our people, say we are for Cleveland, Polk to the contrary notwithstanding.

J. B. Banks, Sr.

The Exposition.

The Exposition is a thing of the past. It will go into history. That history will depend in a great degree upon what is written and said of it now.

It has cost a vast amount of money, incalculable brain work and a strain upon those intimately associated with the exposition.

That mistakes have been made, which experience would exclude from future management by the same parties, is a fact that the managers of the exposition would be the first to admit and foremost to correct in future occasions of the kind. No one is infallible. It is only by a knowledge of the fact that we are best calculated to conform to the demands of the present or future.

We think we reflect the sentiments of this community and that portion of our State who have felt interest enough in the exposition to have a representation here, to declare the exposition a creditable success.

In the language of one of the speakers last Saturday, Mr. Patrick's efforts "have set the world to thinking—and like a talisman, caused the very lightning to speed our fame, 'till far and near, the Press took up the theme and made it known through all lands."—News and Observer.