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PROFESSIONAL.

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Boone, N. C.

Resident Physician. Office
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DR. L. C. REEVES,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Residence.
Boone, N. C.

L. D. LOWE,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC,
BANNER'S ELK, N. C.

J. Q. WILBAR,
DENTIST,
ELK PARK, NORTH CAROLINA.
Offers his professional services
to the people of Mitchell,
Watauga and adjoining coun-
ties. *No Lad material used
and all work guaranteed.*
May 11 y.

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MARION, N. C.

Will practice in the courts of
Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDow-
ell and all other counties in the
western District. Special atten-
tion given to the collection of
claims.

Ed M. Madron,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Foscoe, North Carolina.

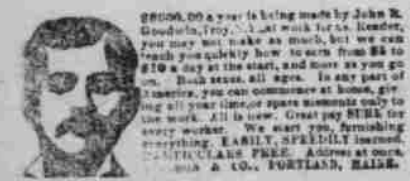
Offers his professional services
to the people of this and adjoin-
ing counties. All work promptly
done and satisfaction guaran-
teed.
Oct. 27, 3 mo.

NOTICE.
Hotel Property for Sale.

On account of failing health
of myself and wife, I offer for sale
my hotel property in the town of
Boone, North Carolina, and will
sell low for cash and make terms
to suit the buyer, and will take
real or personal property in ex-
change. Apply soon.
W. L. BRYAN.

NOTICE.
For sale, 900 acres of land,
on Rich Mountain, Watauga
County, on which is asbestos,
and fine land for sheep ranch.
Sales private. L. D. Lowe &
J. T. Furgerson, Ex'rs. of
Mrs. A. P. Calloway, decd.
Banner Elk, Nov. 15 '90.

NOTICE.
Parties putting papers in
my hand for execution will
please advance the fees with
the papers and they will re-
ceive prompt attention, other-
wise they will be returned
not executed for the want of
fees. D. F. BAIRD SHEFF.



BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
Cures Dyspepsia, In-
digestion & Debility.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Mr. Harrison is engaged in engineering another gigantic war scare, with the same old object in view; but as Secretary Blaine is having a fight with the grip, the little man in the White House is trying to run the machine alone, and there is danger that it may not work as it did in the Chilean business; it certainly will not if similar ultimatum buncomb is used by Mr. Harrison. Details are scarce as to why the country is in the great danger of war with Great Britain that the administration people say it is. All that is known is that Lord Salisbury has notified the department of State that he approved of the arbitration treaty that was signed by Mr. Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote last Monday, but that he declined to renew the *modus vivendi* for the coming sealing season in Behrings' Sea, and suggested in lieu thereof a close season within 30 miles of the Pribylov Islands.

There's no booming of cannon or sounding of the charge in that, so far as ordinary folks can see or hear, but it was enough to bring Mr. Harrison tearing home from his hunting trip and to cause him to call his cabinet hurriedly together for a night meeting, which was of itself enough to start the most sensational stories agoing over the newspaper special wires, and the mysterious hints dropped by those close to Mr. Harrison, of impending danger to the American Eagle, did the rest in a manner that was probably highly pleasing to that gentleman; but now that he has his war scare fairly on its feet, what will he do with it?

Do Treasury officials make a practice of withholding payment of contracts and other public expenditures between the middle and last of the month, in order to make a better showing than actually exists, in the monthly statement issued at the close of business on the last day of the month? Evidently Representative Butler, of Iowa, believes there is something in the charge that they do, for he has offered a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for a detailed statement of the requisitions for money for the public presented to the Treasury between Feb 15 and 29, and of payments made on the same prior to Mar. 1.

The legalizing of his "counted quorum" by the Supreme Court so puffed up the ex-Czar with impudence and conceit that even the patience of so even-tempered a man as Speaker Crisp was at last completely exhausted; and the man from Maine found himself being artistically flayed by the Speaker, to whom he had been trying to dictate. And the general verdict, joined by many republicans, is that it "served him exactly right."

The anti-Harrison republicans are somewhat at sea as

to who to take up for a candidate, and the names that are constantly being put forward in that connection are but feelers of the public pulse. The latest feeler is in favor of J. S. Clarkson, chairman of the republican national committee, the man who was backed by Quay and the entire national committee for a place in Mr. Harrison's cabinet, and yet was most promptly turned down. There is little doubt that Mr. Clarkson would take great pleasure in taking the nomination away from Mr. Harrison, if he could; but Mr. Clarkson's mental caliber is hardly large enough to make him a Presidential nominee even of the republican party.

The House Committee on Appropriations made decide to abolish two entire divisions of the Treasury department, those on Public Monies and Loans and Currency, because the work done by them is but a duplication of what is done by two divisions of the Treasurer's office. All that is necessary to abolish them is to leave them out of the annual appropriation bill upon which the committee is now at work.

Although the Pension Office investigation has just begun to get into the interesting stage, it has already been shown pretty conclusively that things are not conducted as they should be. It has been acknowledged by official witnesses that men recommended for dismissal, for cause, have not only been kept in office, but actually promoted; it has been acknowledged that the private Secretary of Assistant Secretary Chandler has regularly visited the Pension Office to push the claims represented by a certain attorney, and that an employe who feloniously broke the lock of the desk of one of his superior officers in order to see some papers therein was afterwards promoted. And there is more and more to come. Mr. Enloe has introduced a bill for the protection of witnesses in the employ of the Government, which, if it becomes a law, as it should, will add much important testimony which otherwise will not be obtained in this investigation.

Three appropriation bills passed in one week. Where is the man who accused the majority of the House of being slow.

Messenger: The colored people of North Carolina own over \$8,000,000 of property. That is doing fairly well, and we sincerely rejoice that they own so much. We hope before the century ends they will own at least \$40,000,000. Sobriety, energy, economy and industry will do a great deal for their mental and material improvement. In New Hanover county, of \$8,695,172 of property listed, the colored people have \$533,998, which is a very respectable showing.

The Charleston News and Courier sent out a circular letter. It has heard from 4,063 people who were interviewed. Preferences for Cleveland, 3,154; preferences for Hill, 362; other preferences 577; Cleveland's majority over Hill, 2,792; Cleveland's majority over all, 2,115.

Protection By the Tariff and Other Law.

BY CHARLES CARTER, M. D.

Mr. Editor:—Your offer to give a hearing on this subject is accepted by me, not because I lay claim to any more knowledge or better understanding of it than my fellow citizens; but simply to briefly state a few facts that have come to me from observation, reading and conversing with my friends and neighbors of all shades of opinions and views. The statements and conclusions presented are my own, for which I alone am responsible. If in any way they serve to elicit truth, or a better understanding of this highly important subject, I will be satisfied.

To my mind, Protection is simply and solely that which gives and guarantees to each and every individual the just fruits of toil whether such toil or labor be of the hand or brain. This country is very far in advance of any other within my knowledge in the enactment of laws to secure to persons the results of toil and labor. There are three kinds of protection which our laws foster, which comes to my mind just at present, that I would mention:—The Patent Laws, giving protection to the citizen for 17 years for any useful and valuable invention. The rewards to inventors have been very great and our country vastly benefited and advanced by these laws. Then there are the Copyright Laws protecting for many years the authors of books, etc. Writers of books and publishers have reaped a large compensation by brain work and taking advantage of the laws. Whoever writes a good book which it is believed will command a large sale, at once secures protection by a copyright. In fact our most popular writers on free trade who bring forward every possible argument against protection have taken advantage of the doctrine and practice they as sail and condemn, to the extent of securing a copyright and therefore protection on their writing. As many of those works like Henry George's have had an increased sale and a goodly fortune have accrued to the free trade writers. Thirdly, we have the tariff act; the so-called McKinley Bill. This beneficent law more fully than the others accords to our people the right to obtain the highest compensation and advantages possible for all our productions be it of the soil or the labor of our hands or brains.

The tariff acts in the past probably have done more than anything else to make us a self-supporting and a strong people and government. But to enter upon even a limited consideration of this great subject we are compelled to apply to other sections of our country for facts to show the great benefit accruing to our people by this form of protection. The best prepared by our generous laws has not been spread

in all sections of our land. It is true that there are now experiment stations, as it were, which have been and continue to be, started all over the West and South; and this kind of protection will advance still more in these sections in the future, in my humble opinion.

I regret that I cannot refer to any large manufacturing industries and plants in this region. If we had enough of them to employ all the people in our section who wished to engage in such various kinds of work, we would not only be able to show a rapid and great advance in wages, but a sure and certain consumption at good prices of all the produce our farmers choose to raise. We have very many favoring factors. Our climate is such that people can be steadily employed the whole year through. No need to stop in summer on account of excessive heat and our fuel supply is about for the brief winter. Then our water power is the finest of any section with which I am acquainted.

[To be continued.]

There is no wisdom or judgment in forcing Hill or Cleveland upon the democracy of North Carolina, when to nominate either at once imperils the State and makes it almost sure for Harrison of the republican nominee. Nominate a good Western man with Russell or some equally as good an Eastern man as running mate. Then you will win, provided, that the present Congress does nothing foolish to injure the democratic cause and the platform adopted is a good one, drawn upon sound democratic lines.

Hill has been urged upon the grounds of 'availability.' Humbug of the first water. Cleveland is stronger in New York today than Hill is, and neither is strong enough to carry that State, and thus secure the 36 needed electoral votes. Hill is not "available" in a single Northern State. We believe that or we would not so state. He is not probably "available" in Maryland or North Carolina. He is indeed a very weak candidate—the very weakest of the weak. Let us drop both Hill and Cleveland, unite the party, and then go for principles and victory.

It will be a most inexcusable blunder if any set of men force any candidate upon the country and cause the republicans to continue in office, not for one term, but perhaps indefinitely. — Wilmington Messenger.

Col. John D. Cameron heard Sam Jones lecture in New Bern and this is what he writes to the Asheville Citizen: "I heard Sam Jones last night and confess to be much pleased with his lecture 'Get There.' He has a better voice, better language, less of coarseness, more of real humor, more of pathos than have been ascribed to him."

For all derangements of the throat and lungs, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the speediest and most reliable remedy. Even the advanced stages of Consumption, this wonderful preparation affords great relief, checks coughing and induces sleep.

THE AURORA.

MR. EDITOR:—In a recent issue of your paper, you gave as the probable cause of the Aurora Borealis, the sun shining on the northern icebergs. No one knows what the true cause is, yet the majority believe that it is caused by electricity passing through the atmosphere at either pole of the earth; the light seen in the southern sky being called the Aurora Australis. It is a well known observation that the atmosphere that surrounds the earth gets lighter and lighter as we go up, and on such a supposition it is claimed that the air does not reach over one hundred miles above us, after the air gives out there is the ether which is claimed to penetrate every form of matter and to fill all space. Electricity passing through this ether is supposed to produce the various colors seen in the Aurora. The supposition is based upon an experiment which has often been performed in laboratories. Small glass tubes are filled with gas and then placed under an air pump and all the gas drawn out, or as much as possible, being almost a vacuum, with the exception of this ever-present ether. Through these tubes a current of electricity is passed which produces all the colors seen in the Aurora. At the time these Auroras are seen there is noticed to be great electric storms on the earth; often so much on the telegraph wires as to carry messages without the necessity of batteries. Supposing the earth to be a great magnet with these currents of electricity passing around it and there being an extra supply escaping at the poles and penetrating the air and then the ether, one can get some idea of the probable, though not satisfactory, causes of these beautiful "northern lights." There is connected with these phenomena, that of the sun spots. A very large sun spot was visible, with the aid of a smoked glass, at the time of the Aurora. As I looked at the spot which appeared no larger than a pea, I was surprised that to learn that it had been calculated to be 100,000 miles across, a dozen times the size of the little world from which it was seen. These sun spots appear at all times, but are greatest at periods of 11 years. Some have placed the cause of the widespread sickness and death to the above mentioned phenomena. More and more we are learning that this our little world occupies only a small place in the universe of worlds and is influenced by the action of the other worlds of the system.

When the Heart is Affected

By Rheumatism, or any of the muscles near that organ, it is like tampering with an electric wire, for death may come at any moment. If life is worth \$5, go to the druggist and get Dr. Drummond's Lightning Remedy, or send to the Drummond Medicine Co., 48-50 Maiden Lane, New York, and they will send you a large bottle by prepaid express. It is not as quick as electricity, but it will save your life if you take it in time.