

Watauga Democrat.

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PROFESSIONAL.

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BANNER'S ELK, N. C.

J. Q. WILBAR,
DENTIST,

ELK PARK, NORTH CAROLINA.
Offers his professional services to the people of Mitchell, Watauga and adjoining counties. *No Lad material used and all work guaranteed.* May 11 y.

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MARION, N. C.

Will practice in the courts of Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDowell and all other counties in the western district. *Special attention given to the collection of claims.*

Ed M. Madron,
DENTAL SURGEON
Kingsport, North Carolina.

Offers his professional services to the people of this and adjoining counties. All work promptly done and satisfaction guaranteed.

NOTICE

Hotel Property for Sale.
On account of failing health of myself and wife, I offer for sale my hotel property in the town of Boone, North Carolina, and will sell low for cash and make terms to suit the buyer, and will take real or personal property in exchange. Apply soon.
W. L. BRYAN.

Notice.

For sale, 900 acres of land, on Rich Mountain, Watauga County, on which is asbestos, and fine land for sheep ranch. Sales private. L. D. Lowe & J. T. Ferguson, Ex'trs. of Mrs. A. P. Calloway, decd. Banner Elk, Nov. 15 '90.

NOTICE

Parties putting papers in my hand for execution will please *advance the fees* with the papers and they will receive prompt attention, otherwise they will be returned *not executed* for the want of fees.
D. F. BAIRD SHEFF.

NOTICE

The laws of the State require all weights and measures to be sealed, and I hereby notify the people that I am prepared to do such work. You will find me in Boone at the residence of D. B. Dougherty.
J. H. COOK,
Standard Keeper.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

The Harrison crowd are already beginning the task of letting their man down easy. They now acknowledge that he cannot be nominated on the first ballot, and they talk mysteriously about the possibility of his not allowing his name to go before the convention at all, or of his withdrawing in favor of Blaine after the first ballot. That Mr. Harrison will willingly withdraw in favor of Mr. Blaine is not believed by anyone in Washington; he would prefer seeing any other man in the world nominated.

It has just been learned from a most trustworthy source that Mr. Harrison proposes to make another effort to make a bargain with Boss Clarkson, who will be here this week, by which he hopes to secure his support—he probably can if he will make his offers tempting enough, and will give sufficient guarantees. Agents of Clarkson have already, according to advices received here, obtained control of a number of the negro delegates in the Southern States. If Mr. Blaine has not made up his mind to take the nomination, if he can get it, he is acting very strangely. He knows that his name is being used to weaken Harrison and he says not a word to stop it.

Comptroller of the Currency Lacy, who should long ago have been dismissed from office for the manner in which he dealt with the wrecked Philadelphia national bank, has gone to Chicago to organize the national bank of which he is to be President, but he did not resign before leaving Washington. No he. He will devote as much time as may be necessary to his private business, but he is too good a republican to forego drawing a salary from the government up to the last minute. He will not resign until the first of July.

Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, who has reported favorably from the Senate committee on Civil Service and Retrenchment a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution making the Presidential term six years and making a President ineligible for re-election, would doubtless like to have this amendment go into effect March 4, 1893, instead of March 4, 1897, as provided in the resolution. But he can console himself with the knowledge that a higher authority than the Constitution—the people—will prevent Mr. Harrison getting a second term.

The members of the joint Immigration committees which have been engaged in investigating the subject of immigration have not fully decided whether they will report in favor of abolishing the office of Commissioner of Immigration, in which ex-Congressman Owen has proven such a misfit, but they have practically agreed upon

some amendments to the present laws, intended to put an end to the evasions by which immigrants of the prohibited classes get into the States. These amendments will be incorporated in a bill that will shortly be introduced in both House and Senate.

The 'Att'y General' pleads ignorance, further than the newspaper accounts, concerning the Reading combine as an answer to the House resolution asking for information. That is precisely the same answer he gave the committee of the House the other day, concerning violations of the civil service law by Federal officials in Baltimore. The question naturally arises, why is he ignorant. He has under his orders a large force of special agents and other officials, covering every section of the country, and it is fair to assume that if he is really ignorant of such things it is because he wishes to be. The House has not decided what action, if any, it will take.

Of course the report of the sub-committee of the House which has been investigating the expenditures of the World's Fair in favor of a reduction of the large salaries now being paid to a few officials, and of the abolition of the expensive and useless department of foreign affairs has raised a howl from the holders of those 'soft snaps,' and their friends. Who ever knew of the holders of sinecures willingly turning them loose? Besides, these men feel they must kick up a big row over having their salaries reduced as a sort of pollution for the wasted money already paid to them. The report is in no sense a threat upon the Ex-president, as it distinctly states that the committee "expresses without reserve their confidence in the assured success of the Exposition. In every essential feature it stands unrivaled in all time."

It is said that one of the wealthiest republican Senators has placed in the hands of agents \$50,000 to be waged in sums of \$1,000 and upward that Harrison will not be nominated, and that he has offered to wager, in case Harrison is nominated, an unlimited amount, with odds of two to one, that he will not be elected.

Representative Blain, of Missouri, created a little flurry by expressing his willingness to repeal the dependent pension act.

LOOK BLAINEISH.

Roderick Random Butler, the erstwhile congressman from the First Tennessee district, arrived in the city yesterday. He has been on a trip to Cincinnati and points in Kentucky since the republican convention two weeks ago. In speaking of republican politics Judge Butler said to an American reporter that things look a little Blainish, and further ventured the opinion that if the name of the Plumed Knight should come before the convention, the Tennessee delegation would go for him. "There is also some disposition toward Sherman," said Judge Butler, and Alger will have a strong following.—Nashville American.

The Gray and the Blue.

BALTIMORE, May 21.—Col. Chas. Marshal, who served on Gen. Robert E. Lee's staff during the war has been invited by the U. S. Grant post, G. A. R., of Brooklyn, to deliver an oration at the memorial day exercises at Gen. Grant's tomb. Col. Marshal has accepted and will leave Sunday night for New York. Col. Marshal says: "I am very glad to be able to assist in honoring the memory of Gen. Grant, because I consider his services to the country, both North and South, in the terms made at the surrender of Appomattox, unworthy of honor. It rested with him at the moment the Confederate forces were overcome there whether the North and South should assume relative positions of brothers or of conquerors and conquered. He had no one to advise him, but, acting upon his own lights, he made such terms of surrender that the Southerners went to their homes feeling that their honor had not been impaired. Most profound peace was the result. Never has a war been brought to such an abrupt and complete ending. Had he caused the Confederate forces to give up their arms or required other equally harsh terms of surrender the result would doubtless not have been the same. Then when the Government wished to try Gen. Lee, Gen. Grant insisted that his parole be not violated and threatened to give up his commission if the trial was persisted in. The trial, as everybody knew, did not come off. Politicians and non-combatants are the only ones who have waved the bloody shirt since the close of the war. These soldiers with their sides have been guilty of any expression will. In three months after Appomattox the armies on both sides had disbanded. The gallant men who fought on either side went back to their vocations and only the seats of war were left. I attribute the greater part of this restoration of good feeling to Gen. Grant and it is for this reason that I say I shall be glad to be able to assist in honoring his memory."

It continues to be said by many that Mr. Cleveland can not carry New York, and to be admitted by all that the democratic candidate for President cannot be elected without the vote of that State, and yet one State convention after another is going ahead electing Cleveland delegates to the national convention, and if the thing goes on much further he will be nominated before the convention meets. The reaction against him which, it was thought, might set in again, as it did some months ago when Cleveland feeling was so strong does not set worth a cent, and unless there is a radical change in public sentiment within the next month history will repeat itself and the name of the ex-sheriff of Buffalo will float this year from the Landmark's mast-head as in '84 and '88.

PLANS DISCOVERED—NOW OR NEVER.

Washington Messenger.

No the third party is regularly organized in North Carolina despite the many protests of Polk that he was being misunderstood and misrepresented as to his intentions and plans all along. The full machinery of this new agrarian and revolutionary conglomerate—the chief advocate now of centralization in the Federal Government and of seizing the private property of hundreds of thousands of people—will soon be at work in all the townships, counties and districts of the State. It clearly means business, and its chief purpose seems to be to confer a barren honor on Polk who plans himself squarely on the infamous St. Louis platform, the principles of which are only worthy of Anarchists and Socialists. The black and tan party will soon organize for work, just as soon as the third party gets fairly under way, and its prospects are somewhat revealed. The calculation is simple enough. The democratic majority is probably not more than 18,000 when fully united, as in 1884 when Vance had about 16,000. But there is no Judge Settle to lead the black hosts now. If the third party can draw off 10,000 votes from the democratic party it will become a very interesting race indeed as to who will reach the goal of victory first.

There is one advantage—a very great one—the demograts have in North Carolina. It is this. There are not less than 40,000 whites in the State who did not vote in 1888, as may be seen by comparing the actual vote with the census of whites twenty-one years of age or more. The safety and success of the White Man's party to some extent depends upon inducing white men to vote—to get the indifferent the inconsiderate to become fully apprised of the great issues at stake and to be thus persuaded and led to vote for the safety of North Carolina, and free popular institutions in this country.

To bring out the great reserve white electors is the work before the democracy. While the press will do its duty actively, earnestly, and bravely, as it always does, the speakers, managers, politicians generally, including office holders, must stir their stumps and be very active and instant in season and out of season from now until the election.

Clubs should be organized promptly in every township and active work should begin without delay.

But the way to win is to organize. Elect ex-Governor Jarvis Chief Organizer for the whole State, with ample salary for three months, and let him do the work as he did it in Pitt county when he rescued it from the radicals, and the State will go democratic by 20,000 in spite of the Polk hungry gang and all other enemies to the State.

ESCORTED AT HOME.

FARROW, May, 21.—[Special]—Edgewood gave Elias Carr a rousing reception today upon his arrival from Charlotte. He was met at the train by the Edgewood Guards, a large number of mounted men and a multitude of citizens in vehicles and on foot. Amid shrill blasts of whistles, cheer after cheer from the throngs, pealing of bells, the waving of flags, handkerchiefs and everything shakable, the blast of trumpets and resonance of drums, he was escorted through the town in a rainbow array with red, white and blue. The school children greeted him on the way, hailed him as the next Governor, and literally filled the carriage in which he, Mayor Fountain and the editor of the Southerner were riding, with flowers. He was happily welcomed and introduced to the vast assemblage from the balcony of the Hotel Farrow by Judge Phillips. He was visibly affected when he rose. His speech was short. He expressed his thanks at the royal welcome given him and promised, if elected to be Governor of the people of N. C., and not any faction.

Henry C. Bourne, the silver tongued orator of the county followed. Then ex-Governor Jarvis and J. J. Laughlinhouse. Jarvis' speech was a happy effort and it is yet being praised. No such demonstrations have ever been witnessed here. There is a closing up of the democratic ranks here and an advance all along the line.

The International Silver Conference.

LONDON, May 21.—The Standard's Vienna correspondent says: "The invitation to the International Silver conference has embarrassed the Financiers Ministers of Austria and Hungary because it strengthened the opponents of the currency reform. Austria will follow Germany, but is disinclined to enter the conference. There is a belief here that the continuous fall in silver is a clever device of the American silver kings to force the price so low that the Indian difficulty will compel England to co-operate with America to 'rehabilitate' silver and then to let the price rise high enough to compensate speculators. Mr. Goschen's acceptance of the invitation is regarded as a trump card of the American 'kings.'"

The brain of the tortoise was once supposed to contain a wonderful stone, which was efficacious in extinguishing fire, and when placed under the tongue would produce prophetic inspiration. Another stone possessing the latter property was found to be in the eye of the hyena.

A full-grown cow caribou was captured alive near Redington, Me., recently by Bernard J. Smith, a woodsman, who threw the animal on her back in the deep snow and bound her feet with his belt. The caribou now lives contentedly in a box stall, munching moss and grain.

A woman in Pennsylvania has died from a wound inflicted by a pet hen.