

Watauga Democrat.

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PROFESSIONAL.

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Boone, N. C.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Residence.
Boone, N. C.

L. D. LOWE,
Attorney at Law
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC,
BANNER'S ELK, N. C.

J. Q. WILBAR,
DENTIST,
ELK PARK, NORTH CAROLINA.
Offers his professional services
to the people of Mitchell,
Watauga and adjoining coun-
ties. *No End material used
and all work guaranteed.*
May 11 y.

J. F. MORPHEW,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARION, N. C.

Will practice in the courts of
Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDow-
all and all other counties in the
western district. *Special atten-
tion given to the collection of
claims.*

Ed M. Macon,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Foscoe, North Carolina.

Offers his professional services
to the people of this and adjoining
counties. All work promptly
done and satisfaction guaran-
teed.
Oct. 27, 3 mo.

NOTICE.
Hotel Property for Sale.

On account of failing health
of myself and wife, I offer for sale
my hotel property in the town of
Boone, North Carolina, and will
sell low for cash and make terms
to suit the buyer, and will take
real or personal property in ex-
change. Apply soon.
W. L. BRYAN.

Notice.
For sale, 900 acres of land,
in Rich Mountain, Watauga
County, on which is asbestos,
and fine land for sheep ranch.
Sales private. L. D. Lowe &
J. T. Ferguson, Ex'trs. of
Mrs. A. P. Calloway, decd.
Banner Elk, Nov. 15 '90.

NOTICE.
Parties putting papers in
my hand for execution will
please *advance the fees* with
the papers and they will re-
ceive prompt attention, other-
wise they will be returned
not executed for the want of
fees. D. F. BAIRD SHEFF.

NOTICE.
The laws of the State re-
quire all weights and mea-
sures to be sealed, and I here-
by notify the people that I
am prepared to do such work.
You will find me in Boone at
the residence of D. B. Dough-
erty. J. H. Cook,
Standard Keeper.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Mr. Harrison is finding out
that the candidate who at-
tempts to run his campaign
according to his own will,
without regard to the opin-
ion of all the men who have
been regarded as party lead-
ers, and to make every one
else connected with the cam-
paign but humble agents to
carry out his orders without
asking questions or making
suggestions is a big contract.
The brainy men who go in-
to politics will not consent to
become any man's lackeys.
That is why Mr. Harrison
had so much trouble in get-
ting a chairman for the re-
publican National committee
and finally had to take Car-
ter, who was almost entirely
unknown outside of Montana
previous to the Minneapolis
convention, and was prob-
ably willing to accept Mr. Har-
rison's conditions.

A goodly crowd of demo-
cratic Senators and Repre-
sentatives will go over to
New York to be present at
the big demonstration which
is to accompany the formal
notifying of Cleveland and
Stevenson of their nomina-
tion.

Col. Oates, chairman of the
House committee which went
to Homestead to investigate
the labor trouble at the Car-
negie works, says the com-
mittee will make a report the
latter part of this week of
their visit to Homestead. It
is not positively known what
the nature of that report will
be, but it is believed that the
committee will take the
ground that the strike of
Carnegie's men is not a mat-
ter for Congressional inter-
ference and that it will ask
for authority to continue the
investigation of the Pinker-
ton detective system during
the recess.

The report of the Pension
Office investigation recom-
mending Raum's dismissal,
will be taken up in the House
this week, and if a quorum
of Democrats can be kept on
the floor it will be approved
by the House.

Those who saw the pur-
chase of a site for a new Gov-
ernment Printing Office post-
poned by the Fifty-first Con-
gress through the machina-
tions of that very expert lob-
byist, ex-Senator Mahone, of
Virginia, because the com-
mittee on the selection of a
site would not approve a
piece of ground owned by
him, and entirely unsuited
for the purpose, were some-
what surprised to see the
same tactics succeed in ac-
complishing another post-
ponement for the same rea-
son; and still more surprised
to such prominent democrat-
ic Senators as Vest, of Mis-
souri, Butler, of South Car-
olina, Blackburn, of Kentucky
acting in Mahone's interest
and getting the credit to hav-
ing their votes controlled by
him. Senator Cameron, of
Pennsylvania, has been from
the first one of Mahone's
most active agents on the
floor of the Senate, but that
surprised no body, as he is

generally credited with keep-
ing his seat in the Senate for
no other purpose than to
look after legislation affect-
ing interests—principally
Washington real estate—in
which he has money invest-
ed.

Public opinion has upset
one of the corrupt bargains
by which John C. New, se-
cured the nomination of Mr.
Harrison at Minneapolis.
The nomination of the negro,
William D. Crum, to be post-
master at Charleston, South
Carolina, which he practical-
ly admitted to the Senate
postoffice committee was given
him as the price of his
vote for the nomination of
Mr. Harrison, has been with-
drawn, because republican
members of that committee
told Mr. Harrison that after
Crum's statement and those
of other and more reputable
witnesses they would not
vote for his confirmation. The
South Carolina delegation in
Congress did good work in
bringing out the facts in this
disgraceful barter and sale of
such an important Federal
office, and not a few republi-
can Senators were glad of the
exposure, although they did
not care to make it them-
selves.

Representative Bailey, of
Texas has been looking up
precedents concerning the
drawing of salary for the
time they are absent by mem-
bers of Congress. He says
that previous to the war the
law providing for a deduc-
tion of pay when members
were absent from any other
cause than sickness was
strictly enforced, and he does
not understand why it should
constantly be violated now. He
says one member has drawn
\$7,000 in salary and been
present just three days, and
he thinks that too high a
rate of pay for any Congress-
man.

Only three appropriation
bills now remain to be finally
acted upon, and unless the
numerous and costly Senate
amendments to the sundry
civil bill shall bring about a
dead lock, Congress will ad-
journ within two weeks. If
this bill were disposed of it
might easily adjourn this
week.

Senator Harris, of Tennes-
see, usually the mildest of
men, lost his temper Satur-
day and called Senator San-
ders, of Montana, a blank
scoundrel, because of an ob-
structive amendment the lat-
ter offered to a local bill which
was in charge of the former.
Later there was an apology
and the bad language will not
appear in the record.

A republican Senator who
went to see Mr. Harrison in
the interest of one of his con-
stituents who he thinks ought
to have that vacancy on the
Supreme Court, told a friend
that he was satisfied that it
was Mr. Harrison's intention
to keep the place open until
after the election and then to
give it to Attorney-General
Miller.

Charlotte Observer.—This
has been a campaign thus far
of baby talk, mostly, but
nothing has been heard, as
yet, of the People's party baby
or the Prohibition baby.
Ten to one that Weaver's is
a rag baby and that Bidwell's
is being raised on the bottle.

DISCOVERED NOAH'S ARK.

A Greek Priest Claims to Have Seen
the Original House-Boat on Mount
Ararat.

San Francisco Examiner.

Dr. John Joseph Nouri, a
priest of the Greek Church,
claims to have seen and pho-
tographed the genuine ark
of Noah.

"Never before have I told
of the story for publication,"
said he, "and I never told it
to anybody, except to a few
people in India."

"I will tell you why I did
not announce it before. It is
because some people I told it
to laughed and would not be-
lieve it. Therefore, I said, I
will not tell it unless they ask
me, but when they do, I will
tell the entire story. Mean-
time, I will trust to the future
to verify what I have seen.

"It was on April 25, at a-
bout 2 o'clock in the after-
noon, that I finally saw the
ark upon the mountain.

"There were with me a Ka-
hraman, Augustine, Ahanna,
Assyrian Christians, men of
the desert and Mohammedans,
owners of the horses and don-
keys, or masters and guides
of the cavalry.

"We had journeyed slowly
and with great effort up the
side of the lofty cone, which
reached to a height of about
18,000 feet.

"We had previously attempt-
ed the ascension of both this
and the other peak, it was in
March and we went below to
the foothills and remained for
another month.

THE TOILSOME JOURNEY.

"On this occasion much of
the snow on the lower part of
the mountain had melted and
was trickling down. As we
got above this and on the
great layers of snow, we toiled
mainly with halpenstocks of
exceedingly hard and heavy
wood from Kurdistan, on the
boundary between Turkey
and Persia.

"I had got ahead and was
making my way persistently
as possible, my face being to-
ward the north east. I had
reached a height of probably
16,000 feet. Some of my
companions had left me at
about 15,000 feet, and I went
on entirely alone from the
point of 16,000 feet.

"I advanced about 1,000
feet more, and I had then be-
tween me and the very top—
the place of the ark—scarcely
another thousand feet.

"When I reached the height
of 17,000 feet I observed
with the naked eye, after a
great deal of very careful
looking, that there was some
peculiar colors among the
general white color of all the
mountains covered by the
snow and in the midst of the
top of the mountain.

"When I looked I was more
encouraged and began to use
the glasses. After advancing
between 200 and 300 feet, on
the snow and seeing more
clearly the dark or reddish
color, but without special
shape, I moved north east
and around the mountain,
walking in the snow and us-
ing the field glass.

APPEARANCE OF THE ARK.

"I began to see the pecu-
liar color assume shape—it

had simply been color before.
I saw the shape. It was that
of a great vessel—the ark.
The rear end, the one most
exposed from the snow, was
in view first. Going around
I saw it all.

"I know it was over three
hundred feet long, and it
stood up fully one hundred feet
high. There were some win-
dow-like turrets or protrus-
ions on top of it and one or
more at the sides. A roof
had evidently rounded and
covered it, but the snow had
crushed much of it in, and
three-fourths of it was cover-
ed and filled with snow. The
sun was shining with great
brilliance. It was really
warm, almost hot in its rays.
Below the snow was melting,
yet a cold wind blew on the
top.

"It was not, however, swirl-
ing the snow, and therefore
everything was as clear and
unobstructed as it is possible
to imagine it.

"I was almost overcome.
The sight of the ark, thus ver-
ifying the truth of the Scrip-
tures in which I had before,
no doubt, but which for the
sake of those who did not be-
lieve, I was glad, filled me
with gratitude.

GRATITUDE FOR THE SIGHT.

"I was transported and
triumphant in feeling, and
thanked God for His graces,
and for the proved truth of
His Holy Word.

"The top of the ark that
still remained, was covered
with a cap from five to ten
feet of snow, but in other pla-
ces, where the top had fallen
in, I judge the snow is from
thirty to fifty feet deep.

"I went clear around and
came back again, and looked
at the rear, or stern, critical-
ly, at length and with care.
Not a cloud, nor a rift of ev-
en fleecy snow obstructed the
view. It was all as clear and
plain as the clearest sunlight
could make it.

"Some of the rooms or tur-
rets of the ark were broken
half way by the snow and
protruded over. I paused for
quite a time, contemplating
with gratitude and awe the
complete circuit of the dome,
and had, with the utmost
care noted the great vessel
from many different points.

SEEN BY HIS COMPANIONS.

"I thoroughly assured my-
self, gazing long and repeat-
edly at different parts of the
great craft that once for
forty days and forty nights
had on board of it every living
and creeping animal and in-
sect, and every flying thing
in the world.

"At length I called the at-
tention of my companions,
who had been in the rear, to
it and they examined it criti-
cally, and all admitted that
they saw the vessel, the ve-
ritable ark of Noah, and were
thankful to the Almighty for
enabling us to see it.

"All of us were in the per-
fect and complete possession
of all our faculties. Nothing
in my life, or in their lives,
was plainer in all our experi-
ence."

Archdeacon Nouri will re-
main in San Francisco a few
days before journeying east-
ward.

General News.

The exact physical centre
of the United States is the
stone at Fort Riley, Kansas,
which marks the grave of
Major Ogden, who died of
cholera in 1855.

W. T. Stead, of London,
England, has 18 persons em-
ployed to translate the Bible
into the language of the com-
mon people.

There is a factory in Chica-
go which makes shoes for the
dead, almost always white
for women and children, and
black for men.

H. W. Crosby died recently
in his 78th year at Jones-
burgh, N. J. He is to be re-
membered as the inventor of
fruit canning.

W. F. Harrity, of Pennsyl-
vania, has been chosen chair-
man of the national demo-
cratic campaign committee.

Mike Easter, of Davie Co.,
aged 70 years, was returning
home with a load of still
slops, one barrel of which
rolled on the horses causing
them to run away, throwing
the old man out and instant-
ly killing him.

The latest snake story
comes from Rome, Ga. A
snake was seen lying in the
road asleep. A man passing
stuck his umbrella in it and
it flew away with out-stretch-
ed wings like a goose.

It is told of a man down in
Rockingham that he gave a
\$2,500 mortgage on his farm
and listed it at \$300 for tax-
es.

The report is abroad that
the B. C. R. has been sold,
and work will begin August
1st on the line between Mari-
on and Johnson City.

"Character is what a man
is when he thinks nobody is
watching him."

A boy was drowned near
Springfield, Ill., recently and
searchers found his body in
the following manner: They
tied a loaf of rye bread in
the lost boy's shirt and let it
float down the stream. It
sank near where they found
the boy.

The Carnegie company has
issued a call for non-union
men at their works at Home-
stead, Penn.

Hon. A. Leazer, of Moore-
ville, announces himself in
card as a candidate for Con-
gress in the Fifth District,
subject to the action of the
democratic convention.

Mr. E. D. Hill, Pres. N. C.
Confederate Vet. Association,
invites the Veterans to the en-
campment at Wrightsville,
commencing August 16. All
expense will be much reduced.

Hon. A. D. Stevenson, demo-
cratic candidate for Vice-
President, will make 5 speech-
es in North Carolina in the
near future.

In North Carolina there are
112 varieties of timber, all mar-
ketable. There is nothing in the
schedule of the census that is gen-
uine which our State cannot pro-
duce. To-day there are gold-min-
ing operations in 31 counties
and silver is mined in five coun-
ties. There are 176 different min-
erals found and it furnishes sev-
erals of the mica supply of the
United States.—Ex.