

Watauga Democrat.

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PROFESSIONAL.

W. B. COUNCILL, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Boone, N. C.

W. B. COUNCILL, M. D.
Boone, N. C.
Resident Physician. Office
on King Street north of Post
Office.

E. F. LOVILL
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Boone, N. C.

DR. L. C. REEVES,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office at Residence.
Boone, N. C.

L. D. LOWE,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC,
BANNER'S ELK, N. C.

J. Q. WILBAR,
DENTIST,
ELK PARK, NORTH CAROLINA.
Offers his professional services
to the people of Mitchell,
Watauga and adjoining counties.
No had material used
and all work guaranteed.
May 11 y.

J. F. MORPHEW,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MARION, N. C.
—(6)—

Will practice in the courts of
Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDow-
all and all other counties in the
western district. Special atten-
tion given to the collection of
claims.

Ed M. Madron,
DENTAL SURGEON,
Foscoe, North Carolina.
Offers his professional services
to the people of this and adjoin-
ing counties. All work promptly
done and satisfaction guaran-
teed.
Oct, 27, 3 mo.

NOTICE.
Hotel Property for Sale.
On account of failing health
of myself and wife, I offer for sale
my hotel property in the town of
Boone, North Carolina, and will
sell low for cash and make terms
to suit the buyer, and will take
real or personal property in ex-
change. Apply soon.
W. L. BRYAN.

Notice.
For sale, 900 acres of land,
on Rich Mountain, Watauga
County, on which is asbestos,
and fine land for sheep ranch.
Sales private. L. D. Lowe &
J. T. Furgerson, Ex'rs. of
Mrs. A. P. Calloway, decd.
Banner Elk, Nov. 15 '90..

NOTICE.
Parties putting papers in
my hand for execution will
please advance the fees with
the papers and they will re-
ceive prompt attention, other-
wise they will be returned
not executed for the want of
fees. D. F. BAIRD SHIFF.

NOTICE.
The laws of the State re-
quire all weights and mea-
sures to be sealed, and I here-
by notify the people that I
am prepared to do such work.
You will find me in Boone at
the residence of D. B. Dough-
erty. J. H. Cook,
Standard Keeper.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Boss Platt has been given his price, and he has agreed to help Mr. Harrison's man, Carter, try to elect the man he fought so bitterly at Minneapolis. Such is the story which reaches me from authentic republican sources. His price is the promise that he shall be made Secretary of the Treasury, if—the "if" is as big as a mountain in this case—Mr. Harrison is re-elected, and has not taken a verbal promise from a third party as he did from Steve Elkins in 1888, but he has it in his "inside vest pocket" in black and white over the autograph of Benjamin Harrison. Senator Quay, who is now in Florida on a fishing trip, has been partially, if not entirely, "placated". He told a friend, when he passed through here a few days ago, that he had promised to give the republican committee a month of his time before the election.

If these things show anything, they show that the republican bosses, such as they dislike Harrison, are going to do their level best to elect the republican ticket, and if there are any democrats who have been counting on republican defection as a serious factor toward democratic success, let them read the signs with profit, and remember that it is work, hard work, and lots of it, that elects candidates, and remembering that let them jump into the fray with enthusiasm and stir up all their lagging brethren and there will be no real doubts about results. There are dozens of good reasons why Cleveland and Stephenson should be elected and not a single good reason for their being defeated; but reasons do not count in the ballot box; votes are what carries the day, and in order to get out the voters every democrat must work, work, work from now until the victory is won.

Representative J. De Witt Warner, brings encouraging news from New York, where he says everything looks unusually bright for the democrats who he says are coming together beautifully. He finds that the sentiment throughout the State is all that any one could ask toward the National ticket. He also says that there is no good reason to suspect disloyalty from any democratic organization in the State, while there is every reason to expect that every democrat in the State, and he is satisfied that this means a good healthy majority of the voters, will do his best from now on for the ticket. He spoke lightly of the circular issued last week in Erie county, and said he did not think it would result in any harm.

There is no cholera panic among the officials of the Marine Hospital Service, which represents the national government, in dealing with the introduction or spread of epidemic diseases, but a commendable activity has been

shown in taking steps to prevent the landing of any cholera patients in our seaboard cities, and also to prevent the disease making its way in by way of Canada. The old revenue cutter, Ewing, is to be used as a floating hospital at the Cape Charles quarantine station, while another revenue cutter will aid in making inspections of European steamers.

It is understood in the General Land Office that no Commissioner will be appointed to the vacancy made by the resignation of Mr. Carter, to become chairman of the republican national committee until after the election; so that if Mr. Carter fails in his efforts to re-elect Mr. Harrison, which he is most likely to do, he can get a little consolation by having his old place given back to him, and by drawing the salary until Mr. Cleveland appoints his successor. Should Harrison win he is booked for Noble's chair.

It would be difficult to find a milder mannered gentleman than Vice President Morton, but according to a story that has floated over from New York, he recently made Mr. Carter's hair stand on end, by swearing a string of oaths that could only have been expected from a cowboy on a bucking broncho. The occasion upon which Mr. Morton lost his temper was when he was visited by Mr. Carter and asked to duplicate the check which he gave to Mr. Quay in 1888, to be used for campaign purposes. He did not duplicate that other check; nor draw a check of any kind; but he did give Mr. Carter his opinion, very freely, of the underhanded methods by which he was shelved to make room for Mr. Whitelaw Reid; and he also told him that Mr. Reid was the proper one to apply to for the duplication of the Morton check of 1888. It is well known in this town that Mr. Morton has a good right to complain of very shabby treatment from his party, and it is known also that the skirts of the men who now heads its ticket are not entirely clear.

Webster's Weekly:—The editor of this paper had the pleasure of a pleasant chat with John S. Wise, of New York, last week. He is satisfied that Cleveland will carry New York State, and that the chances of his election are more than good. Mr. Wise will be remembered by many as the republican candidate for Governor of Virginia a few years ago against Fitz Lee. He is still as pronounced a republican as ever.

Landmark:—In Madison county, Ga., three children of Mrs. Wilson were bitten by rattlesnakes and died in a few minutes. Mrs. Wilson was at the spring with her baby when she heard the screams from the house. Leaving the baby at the spring she hurried back and found two of the children dead and the third dying. In the meantime the baby had crawled in to the spring and was drowned.

The man Who Nominated Him.

The Goldsboro daily Argus contains the following open letter to the People's party candidate for Governor:

To the Hon. W. P. Exum, People's Party Candidate for Governor of North Carolina:

MY DEAR SIR:—After looking carefully over the field, I find every argument against the democratic party false. I looked carefully through the "political tickler" and I find the republican party is responsible for all the bad laws and only occasionally has a democrat voted for any of the bad laws. The republican party passed all the bad acts of financial legislation which we have had since '60, namely those acts explained in the "seven financial conspiracies" so truthfully by Mr. Emory, and when these measures went through Congress every branch was republican.

One of the leading facts our reformers now advocate is, that this legislation has been more harmful than even the iniquitous protective tariff laws, of which the republican party is also the author and advocate. When Mr. Emory's eloquence shook the faith of the Western republicans in their party, I am of the opinion that the enjoinment should have been, go to the democratic party which has so earnestly opposed all these conditions that now crush the laborer and farmer to almost a half existing state of livelihood. If the reformers now divide on verge of victory, is it not suicide—and especially so when they are to look to the republican party for assistance; and that party the acknowledged author of all the evils of which we complain? I see so many dangers ahead that I tremble for the destiny of our State, under the existing political condition of affairs.

The republicans are now taking a census of the voters to find out strength in the following way: First: To find out how many People's party men we have that have been democrats. Second: How many will return to the democratic fold in case they give us a three cornered fight. Now if they are assured of a victory to fight their own battle they rejoice at our division and will take advantage of the same. But as the last resort they will support our People's party ticket and a victory for reform, and only leave us at their mercy in 1896. Hence the very same fiction that pulls our load in '92 will turn on us and devour us in '96. And I see that victory for us now is a victory for the republican party in 1896, with the strong probability of their coming in the field in the eleventh hour this year even, and carrying the State by reason of the People's party. While I regret to be seemingly untrue to my friends in the People's party, there is a duty more sacred than personal friendship and that duty is to go in the cause that calls the patriotic sons of North Carolina to the standard banners of democra-

cy; and under this banner I am not only true to friends but to all other citizens of my State, because democracy is the true friend of all the people—the masses. I surrender all political ambition or prospects for what I conceive to be a more sacred duty, viz: voting the democratic ticket and thereby proving myself faithful to the best interests of my State and country. I assure you of my personal friendship, and also regret everything that shall prove detrimental to you, personally. But I assure you that the same motives that caused me to be your political advocate, caused me, upon accurate investigation, to be true to the party that opposes the great evils that now affect us.

Yours very respectfully,
DAL. M. HARDY.
Goldsboro, Aug. 29th.

WHY BUSINESS IS RETARDED IN THE SOUTH.

The central idea of Mr. Herbert's speech, at a recent meeting of the Boston Bank President's Association, was to point out the causes which retarded business in the South, and we refer to the speech again in order to keep the idea before the public.

It is evident that the industry of the Southern people will continue to prove unavailing against the financial policy which now regulates the business of the country. No people have been more industrious and no people have ever had their industry so little rewarded.

Mr. Herbert says that one third of all the money in the country goes each year into the Federal Treasury. Now if the government was administered so that a fair proportion of this money returned to the section from which it was collected for circulation again, the drainage would only prove temporary. But such is not the case, though under a fair administration it would be, and this is one of the complaints of the South.

The figures show that in 1892 the government collected and spent \$450,000,000, and of this amount \$135,000,000 were collected from the South. Now under the financial policy that has been inaugurated and maintained by the republican party only a very small proportion of this \$135,000,000 goes back to the South. The South is drained of such a vast sum of money for circulation in the North and West.

No wonder that the Southern people, when growing poorer in face of their unsurpassed industry, should inquire into the reason and demand to know it. The fact stated above is one reason, and a most important reason too. The Southern people may always expect business to be retarded in their section so long as the financial policy of the government is influenced by the republican party. There is no escape from such a dead weight on Southern industry until the republican party is driven from power.

Within the last 28 years, says Mr. Herbert, the tax-gatherer has gathered in the South for the Federal treasury the sum of \$1,400,000,000. This amount stands for the contribution of the South toward the support of the government, and no sooner has it, from year to year, reached the treasury than it is paid out never to return to the section from which collected. One fact will impress the force and correctness of what we have written. It is that every dollar of this largess which the South contributed to the support of the government, during the past 28 years, has been drawn from the treasury to pay pensions—sent to the North and West to pension the soldiers who fought or were in some way connected with the Federal army.

A people thus bearing an undue share of the burdens and receiving little of the benefits of taxation cannot expect to prosper. Can they vote for a political party which has imposed undue burdens?—Ex

Afraid of the Issue.

The National Watchman; the organ of the third party; says:

"Advice to all reform papers and speakers: Let the tariff alone; don't mention it speech of editorial. Keep talking and writing on the three great planks of the platform, land, transportation and finance. The crowds will be with you every time. The old worn out, thread bare tariff cannot and will not hold the people."

The farmers of North Carolina pay more than \$12,000,000 tariff taxes every year, and according to the third party organ such matters ought to be hushed up.

Probably this vast sum of money that governed at St. Louis when no reference was made to the repeal of the tariff in the platform adopted there by the third party.

Was there a special purpose for such omission? Is there a special purpose now? Would it be threadbare to save to the farmer of this State \$12,000,000 a year?

Taxing them to pay this large sum annually is making the farmers and other consumers threadbare. But nothing is to be said about the tariff, ah! Possibly to discuss the tariff would incur the displeasure of the protected manufacturers North, and the contributions to the third party campaign fund by republicans might be withheld.

Financial reform can be discussed, but nothing must be said of the tariff. Would it not be a good stroke of financial reform to save our farmers \$12,000,000 a year? We think it would, and this is why we favor the repeal of the republican tariff.—State Chronicle.

"We don't want and don't need this third party. We will elect straight republicans."—Dr. Wilcox accepting the Congressional nomination.