

# Watauga Democrat.

VOL 6

BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY AUGUST 23, 1894.

NO. 45.

## Are You--

out of employment, or in a position that you do not like? Possibly the soliciting of Life Insurance is your special forte. Many people have, after trial, been surprised at their fitness for it. To all such it has proved a most congenial and profitable occupation. The Management of the

### Equitable Life

in the Department of the Carolinas, desires to add to its force, some agents of character and ability. Write for information.

W. J. Roddey, Manager,  
Rock Hill, S. C.

### PROFESSIONAL.

W. B. COUNCILL, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Boone, N. C.

W. B. COUNCILL, M. D.

Boone, N. C.

Resident Physician. Office on King Street north of Post Office.

J. F. MORPHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

MARION, N. C.

(-o-)

Will practice in the courts of Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDowell and all other counties in the western district. Special attention given to the collection of claims.

W. B. COUNCILL, M. D., T. C. Blackburn,  
Boone, N. C. Zionsville, N. C.

Council & Blackburn,

Physicians & Surgeons.

Calls attended at a 11

hours.

June 1, '93.

E. F. LOVILL, J. C. FLETCHER.

LOVILL & FLECHER

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BOONE, N. C.

Special attention given to the collection of claims.

L. L. GREENE, & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AG'TS.

BOONE, N. C.

Will give special attention to abstracts of title, the sale of Real Estate in W. N. C. Those having farms, timber and mineral lands for sale, will do well to call on said Co. at Boone.

L. L. GREEN & CO.

March 16, 1893.

### NOTICE.

Hotel Property for Sale.

On account of failing health of myself and wife, I offer for sale my hotel property in the town of Boone, North Carolina, and will sell low for cash and make terms to suit the buyer, and will take real or personal property in exchange. Apply soon.

W. L. BRYAN.

### NOTICE.

Parties putting papers in my hand for execution will please advance the fees with the papers and they will receive prompt attention, otherwise they will be returned not executed for the want of fees.

D. F. BAIRD SHFF.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

When Senator Faulkner, in response to a characteristic snarl of "little Bely" Chandler's about the tariff bill being at the White House said: "I will say to the Senator from New Hampshire that although the tariff bill is not at the White House now, it will be there very soon to receive the signature of the President," there was a deafening round of applause from the crowded galleries of the Senate which showed in a manner not to be mistaken the trend of public sentiment, and which should not have been lost upon certain Democratic Senators whose sections have brought the tariff bill to the most critical stage of its existence. It is now, according to the ideas of some of the best Democrats in Congress, no longer a question of what sort of tariff bill we shall get, but whether we shall get any tariff bill at all.

I will not report the scandalous charges of bad faith made by Democrats against Democrats in connection with the failure of the conferees to reach an agreement, but if the attempts to defeat all tariff legislation, now being either directly made by Democrats or indirectly assisted by them, shall succeed these charges will be shouted from the housesteps in every section of the country until they become so familiar that certain men will find it difficult to show themselves upon the most lonely country road without being pointed out as traitors to their party. It is impossible for the present crisis to continue much longer. The tariff bill will either be passed or permanently hung up this week.

Had the action taken during the past week by the Governors of Maryland and Virginia, in breaking up the camps of the Coxeyites tramps in their respective states, been taken by Gov. McKinley last March the fool movement would never have been started. The House decisively put itself on record as favoring the appropriation of \$200,000 to aid the exposition at Atlanta Ga., and it is now certain that the appropriation will get through all right. It pleased the Southerners in the House to find Representative Pence, of Colorado, and Everett, of Massachusetts, among the most earnest advocates of the appropriation.

In addition to being a common nuisance, Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, will get himself widely known as a fool if he introduces a few more resolutions like the one proposing that the Senate committee on Elections and Privileges should investigate the recent Alabama State election, so as to ascertain whether it was full, free, fair and honest, and whether it resulted in the choice of a legislature entitled to elect a U. S. Senator. It is generally admitted that the new Alabama law, under which the

State election was held, makes fraud very difficult, if not absolutely impossible, and that there is no stronger reason for the cry of "fraud" raised by the Kolbites than a desire to let down easy the eastern Republicans who contributed their money to the campaign fund. But even allowing that the election had been as full of fraud as Chandler is of "gall," there would still be no authority for an investigation by a committee of the United States Senate. It was a State election and the Senate has no more to do with it than with an election for members of Parliament in any part of Great Britain.

The House very properly refused to agree to the Senate amendment to the Sundry Civil appropriation bill, providing that \$250,000 be appropriated for the purchase of what is known as the Mahone lot, owned by ex-Senator Mahone, of Va., as a site for a new Government Printing Office. There are two good and sufficient reasons for the action of the House the Mahone lot is unsuited for a site and the price asked is excessive.

Public Printer Benedict is out in another appeal to Congress insisting that something be done towards lessening the dangers which surround the 3000 employes of the Government Printing Office before adjournment. He reminds Congress that even if the troublesome question of the selection of a site for the new G. P. O., were settled at this session; which it isn't likely to be, it would require four or five years to build a new office, while there is urgent necessity for some immediate relief. He suggests that this may be had by purchasing ground and erecting a building alongside of the present office that will meet the requirements until the entire new building is put up, which must be in the near future.

The Senators are glad that the Chinese treaty, which has been before the Senate so long, has at last been disposed of. There has been little doubt at any time of what the final result would be. Still it is a satisfaction to the Democratic administration and the Senators that it has been officially settled.

Wilkesboro Chronicle: From all reports, Col. Romulus Zacharia Linney's speech at the court house here last Thursday was one of the most learnedly, eloquently bad and extremely bitter which that distinguished fellow citizen of spasmodic temperament ever delivered within the memory of man, except the one delivered at Boone about two years ago in trenchant denunciation of the Alliance and third party.

### The Ramps on Your Face

Are caused by impure blood, and will never be well unless you cleanse it as I build it up in richness and purity. Botanic Blood Balm, the great blood purifier and tonic, is what you need. One bottle will clear your complexion and purify your blood. Try it. Price \$1.00 per bottle. For sale by druggist.

### THE STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Resolved 1st, that we reaffirm the doctrine of the party as enunciated by the Chicago Convention of 1892; and desire to signify as follows what is the construction placed by us upon the section thereof relating to silver, viz:

We hold that it is the duty of the law-making department to the government now in the hands of Democracy, to take immediate steps to restore by legislation the equal privilege of silver with gold at the mints, by the issue of unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, such being the ratio of coinage which has heretofore held in the United States.

Resolved 2nd, That we urge upon the said law-making department of the government the abolition of the constitutional and prohibitive tax of 10 per cent. upon the issue of State banks.

Resolved 3rd, That in view of the depleted condition in which the Republican administration left the Treasury of the United States—presenting as it did such a lamentable contrast to the overflowing condition in which it was delivered by Mr. Cleveland's first administration to its republican successor—we urge upon the said law-making department, the immediate enactment of an income tax.

Resolved 4th, That we emphatically approve the tariff doctrine enunciated in the Chicago platform.

Resolved 5th, That while we are opposed to the slightest qualification, in favor of the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on State bank issues, we nevertheless advocate as a matter of State policy such regulation and restriction of the issues of the banks chartered by North Carolina as will secure a sound currency.

Resolved 6th, That we admire the courage and lofty patriotism of the President, and that we most heartily commend his prompt and effective action under the law for the suppression of the alien anarchists to disturb, by force and violence, the true relations of labor and capital; his sturdy efforts to secure the enactment of tariff reform as called for in the party platform; his prompt approval of the bill repealing the Federal election law; the notable reduction of the expenses of government under his administration, and the freedom from scandal which has been such a marked feature of his return to the head of affairs.

We point with pride to the record of the Democratic party in North Carolina and endorse the present State administration. For eighteen years this party has had full control of the State government. It has administered it with the greatest economy and at all times with an eye single to the best interests of the people. Coming into power at the end of a reign of de-

bauchery and crime, it addressed itself to the work of rehabilitating, and its record is one which challenges public admiration. It has rebuilt our public school system; established asylums for the care of our unfortunates; administered justice; promoted our public works; fostered every public enterprise; reduced taxation, and in all respects justified the confidence of those who have trusted it. It has afforded security to life and property, protected both capital and labor in its rights, and done all that government can do for a people. No scandal has attached to its administration of public affairs. We congratulate our citizens upon their well-reposed trust in it; we congratulate them upon the friendly relations existing between the masses; upon the prospects of boundless crops and retreating prosperity. With the record before them we appeal to them for a vote of confidence this year in the Democratic party.

Resolved 7th, That we favor abolition of the internal taxes on spirits and tobacco as soon as practicable; and if this cannot be done that the harsh and unjust feature of the law for its collection be modified.

### How the Government's Books Stand.

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, the Government's revenue from tariff taxes was \$132,234,242; from internal taxes, \$146,945,778; from miscellaneous sources, \$17,720,315 making a total income of \$296,960,336, as against \$385,819,628 in the preceding year. The total expenditures in the year just closed were \$366,593,359, this amount being made up from the following items: Pensions, \$141,177,284; civil and miscellaneous, \$101,403,475; war, \$54,357,600; navy, \$31,527,195; Indians, \$10,286,416; interest, \$27,841,405. The total expenditure was some \$17,000,000 less than in 1893 and the income some \$89,000,000 less. The deficit, which is \$70,000,000, would have been nearly \$100,000,000 but for the economies practiced by the House.—Baltimore Sun.

### Strait Republicans Will Not Surrender.

Winston Republican.

The question to be decided by Republicans is whether co-operation or coalition, or whatever name may be given the combination, is practicable or possible under the circumstances; indeed whether desirable. Speaking for the piedmont and central section of the State, the Republican knows that the Republican masses are opposed to it. They are Republicans from principle. They believe in a straight fight every time. They have faith in the "old flag" and will never surrender. Overpowered by superior numbers they may be, but surrender—never. Whenever a State convention asks Republicans to vote for Democrats, Republicans so asked will want the privilege of choosing the Democrat.

### MARRIES HER ONLY RIVAL.

How an Enterprising Young Woman Won the Nomination.

FORMAN, N. D., August—Miss Emma F. Bates, of Valley City, who was nominated for Superintendent of Public Institutions by the Republican State Convention, has for some time held a reputation as one of the foremost educators of the State. There were numerous obstacles in the way of Miss Bates' nomination. Several prominent gentlemen wanted the nomination. Her most formidable opponents were: J. M. Devine of Lamour county and Prof. J. G. Holland of Traill county.

Miss Bates had charge of her own campaign and was very active among the members, finally slaying both her opponents. Her affability and pleasing ways made her an easy winner of the younger delegates. She easily side-tracked Holland by going into the Young Men's Republican Press League and making herself solid with the members.

When she came to do battle with Mr. Devine she met an unmarried man, a skillful campaign speaker, and one with a fund of wit and repartee.

Here was an opportunity. In Devine she recognized a powerful opponent, and she recognized the necessity of not only slaying him politically, but of bringing him into her own camp to help her fight her battles during the campaign.

And here comes a fine grain of romance.

Miss Bates demanded an unconditional surrender, which was refused. Then active negotiations were entered into which resulted in the following combination:

Devine surrendered unconditionally, and pledged himself to stump the State for Miss Bates. In consideration of his services faithfully performed, and when she is safely elected and duly installed in the high office of State Superintendent of Public Instruction she pledged herself to wed her vanquished foe and make him her deputy.

This is conceded by the oldest politicians to be the shrewdest political deal ever entered into. There is little doubt that Miss Bates will be triumphantly elected.

### NOTICE.

By virtue of a Mortgage executed by W. D. Clark and wife A. S. Clark to the Citizens Building and loan association of Lenoir, N. C. and Registered in the Register's office of Watauga county in book "C" of mortgages pages 571, 72-73, I will offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder at the court house door in the town of Boone on Monday the 3rd day of September next said Clark's interests in eighty five and one half acres in a tract of land lying in Watauga county at or near Blowing Rock also one town lot in the town of Blowing Rock adjoining lots of W. M. Younce H. C. Martin and others to satisfy said mortgage and costs of sale. This the 30th day of July 1894.

J. R. Wingo, President.  
Citizens B. & L. Association,  
W. W. Scott Sec. & Treas.

One dollar pays for the Democrat one year.