

Watauga Democrat.

VOL 7

BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C. THURSDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1894.

NO. 3.

You Don't Have To Die

To get your insurance under the Tontine Plan of the **EQUITABLE LIFE**. It is a simple and absolutely safe means of investing your earnings for future emergencies and acquiring the benefit of Life Insurance at the same time. It insures you a means of support in after years and insures your family against want in case of your death. The name of the

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alone is an ironclad agreement of safety. Its security; its contracts; its surplus and resources are not excelled in the world. We will make all this as plain as day to you if you will send your address to **W. J. RODDEY, Manager,** Department of the Carolinas, ROCK HILL, S. C.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Boone, N. C.

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Resident Physician. Office on King Street north of Post Office.

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Will practice in the courts of Watauga, Ashe, Mitchell, McDowell and all other counties in the western district. Special attention given to the collection of claims.

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Boone, N. C. Zionsville, N. C.

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Calls attended at all hours.
June 1, '93.

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Special attention given to the collection of claims.

L. L. GREENE, & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AG'TS.
—BOONE, N. C.—

Will give special attention to abstracts of title, the sale of Real Estate in W. N. C. Those having farms, timber and mineral lands for sale, will do well to call on said Co. at Boone.

L. L. GREEN & CO.
March 16, 1893.

NOTICE.

Hotel Property for Sale.

On account of failing health of myself and wife, I offer for sale my hotel property in the town of Boone, North Carolina, and will sell low for cash and make terms to suit the buyer, and will take real or personal property in exchange. Apply soon.

W. L. BRYAN.

NOTICE.

Parties putting papers in my hand for execution will please advance the fees with the papers and they will receive prompt attention, otherwise they will be returned not executed for the want of fees. **D. F. BAIRD SHEP.**

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our Regular Correspondent.

President Cleveland will return to the White House this week and it is presumed, although not yet certain, that Mrs. Cleveland and the children will accompany him. The White House has been cleaned from cellar to garret, a force of men having been working from the day the President and his family left until Saturday night, to brighten up things for the winter season.

Secretary Carlisle has almost consented to deliver several speeches in Indiana and New York and the pressure is so great that there is little doubt that he will in the end succumb. It was not because he had any objection to making speeches or doing anything else that is proper to aid the Democratic party that he at first declined to make these speeches, but because he is very busy and expects to continue so until after the meeting of Congress, and because he was so modest as to be unable to see the importance that Democrats all over the country will attach to his speeches. The last is the hardest to overcome. By working overtime he can make up for the time lost, but it is difficult to convince a man as free from anything approaching the big head as Secretary Carlisle is that anything he may say or do will be a powerful factor towards the success of his party.

Secretary Gresham, who returned from Chicago a few days ago, says he found the Democrats of Illinois in better shape than he expected from newspaper accounts of the situation, and that he thinks the party will hold its own in the Congressional districts and will control the legislature, which will elect Senator Cullem's successor. Now for a surprise. I have just learned from a trustworthy source that there is a strong probability that Secretary Gresham will speak, both in Illinois and Indiana, before the close of the campaign.

Mr. T. O. Towles, a prominent official of the House, has just returned from his home in Missouri. He has carefully investigated the political situation in the State and his judgment is regarded good by all who know of the accuracy of the predictions he has made in previous contests. He says that the Democrats are now working harmoniously all over the State and are certain to hold their own in Congressional districts, and have a good fighting chance to send a solid Democratic delegation to the next House. Missouri is one of the States in which the Republican campaign committee has been figuring, or at least claiming to figure, on big gains.

Every Democrat who has been in Washington for the last two or three days endorses the action of Senator Hill, in allowing the Democratic State ticket to be printed

ed on the Union or anti-Tammany municipal ticket, as well as on the Tammany ticket, as not only good politics, but under the circumstances absolutely necessary politics. They feel that Senator Hill was perfectly right in declining to make the success of the State ticket dependent upon the election of the Tammany ticket, as it would have been had the State ticket been printed only upon the Tammany ticket. While the reports from New York are far from satisfactory, most Democrats are still confident that Hill will win.

In view of the action of Judge Lacombe, of N. Y., in denying the application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Mr. Morton's English coachman, who has been ordered deported for having come to America in violation of the alien contract law, and deciding that the Secretary of the Treasury alone had the authority to decide whether the claim made, that the man was Mr. Morton's domestic servant and therefore exempt from the law in question was valid, Secretary Carlisle has directed that the immigration board of review at Ellis Island make a thorough investigation, and report to him, in order that he may finally decide the case. There is no politics in it so far as Secretary Carlisle is concerned. He regrets the decision of Judge Lacombe, believing that it puts more authority in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury than the framers of the law intended that he should have, but will, of course, make the decision.

The Congressional campaign committee has about completed its work, so far as the sending out of democratic literature is concerned. Its work from now until the election will be mostly of an advisory nature, although it will also keep the democratic district managers posted as to any new schemes put out by republicans to catch votes. Members of the committee think the Congressional situation in New York City which has been awfully complicated in nearly all the districts because of there being two democratic candidates—Tammany and anti-Tammany in each, has been greatly helped by the withdrawal of Straus and the substitution of ex-Mayor Grant as the Tammany candidate for mayor. The Congressional committee wants democrats elected to Congress and doesn't care a fig whether they are Tammany or anti-Tammany, and it is working to prevent the running of two democratic candidates in any one district, believing that it is foolish to thus give seats to republicans which rightly belong to democrats.

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the *Gazette*, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy. I can recommend it to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough, with the best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by **W. L. Bryan.**

The Situation As To Silver.

Washington Post.

There are very few persons in the United States who are opposed to bimetalism. The almost universal belief of the people of this country is that silver should be used for money to the extreme limit of safety. The greatest desideratum and most urgent necessity of the country is an early and permanent settlement of the silver question, and the financier who will suggest a plan including free coinage and the maintenance of the party will be hailed as a benefactor of his country and of all mankind. No other question is so urgently demanded adjustment as that of the mutual relations of gold and silver, the extent to which, and the conditions on which, the latter shall be used for money.

The opponents of free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 assert, with undoubted sincerity, that the adoption of such a policy would result in silver monometallism; that it would cut the purchasing power of the dollar in two; that it would contract the volume of the currency to the extent of the \$600,000,000 of gold we now have in circulation, and that such a contraction would be ruinous, would bring on "hard-times" unexampled in our experience. The advocates of unlimited free coinage profess to disbelieve this forecast, although some of them admit that their policy, until it should be adopted in Europe, would make gold a commodity as it was prior to resumption. But they contend that England and Germany would be forced to follow our lead, and that other European nations are already desirous of the proposed change.

In France and the other countries of the Latin Union, both gold and silver are full legal tender to any amount, but the coinage of silver is limited. No addition to the legal tender silver coinage of France has been made for years. Worn pieces are replaced by new ones, leaving the aggregate unchanged. No country has unlimited free coinage and unlimited legal tender—the conditions demanded by the advocates of free coinage in the United States.

The opinion that the business of the commercial world is too great to be successfully maintained on a gold basis, and that, therefore, both of the money metals must be employed, is steadily gaining grounds in Europe, as it has always been the dominant sentiment in this country. Whether we must wait for the growth of this feeling on the other side of the Atlantic to bring about an international agreement as to ratio, or go ahead along to adjust the money problem, is bound to be the great issue in the next Presidential campaign. It is a significant fact that many leaders in the two parties are manifesting an earnest desire to conciliate the people of the silver States.

What the Democratic Congress Did.

It removed from the statutes the Federal election law, the most odious and undemocratic measure ever enacted and thereby restored to the people of the sovereign States full and complete control over their elections, free from the intervention or supervision of Deputy Marshals whose sole duties, under Republican supremacy, has been intimidate, arrest and imprison electors before they had cast their ballot.

It has reduced the expenditures of the Government below those of the last Republican Administration more than \$28,000,000, thereby relieving the people from the payment of that immense sum into the Federal Treasury to stimulate extravagant jobs.

It reformed abuse in the various departments, and by the aid of the heads of the same dispensed with useless positions, thereby reducing the salary list more than \$1,000,000 annually.

It repealed that most obnoxious, ill-formed and oppressive measure called the McKinley law, and substituted in its stead a measure of revenue reform that will revive trade and restore prosperity.

It destroyed the policy of paying out of the public funds in the Treasury, derived from taxes collected from the people, millions of dollars annually in the way of bounties to aid private individuals in the prosecution of their private industries.

It provided for taxation by States, counties and municipalities, more than three hundred millions of taxable values which had heretofore not only been exempt from taxation; but had enabled the unscrupulous persons, by fraudulent practices to escape from their just share of the burdens of domestic government.

It placed upon the statute books the most drastic measure against combinations, trusts, monopolies engaged in foreign commerce ever enacted.

It provided for an income tax upon the wealth of the country, thereby placing upon the shoulders of the rich a due share of the burdens of Government.

It recognizes the dignity of labor by providing by a law a national holiday in the District of Columbia upon which the working people may cease from toil and unite in a peaceful celebration of their achievement and triumph. It enacted more than two hundred laws for the benefit of the people in different sections of the country.

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis and Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., says: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by **W. L. Bryan.**

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

Put Him in the Dock.

The great and good St. Louis Republic discoursing under the above heading makes some very pertinent remarks on McKinley and McKinleyism as follows:

McKinley is coming forward for the next National Republican Convention. Patriotic Democrats can do good to the country by helping his backers to get him on the ticket.

While McKinley does not possess any of the qualities which men associate with great reputations, his name has come to stand for the ultra-protective principle of taxation, and if he were nominated the country would settle forever the criminality of McKinleyism.

For it is a crime to destroy the right of a citizen to buy what and where he pleases. To prevent an American wife and mother from getting a dollar's worth of honest wool for her dollar is a crime. To throw barriers across the path of American products to consuming markets is a crime. To corrupt legislation, a protection always does with its bargains and bribery, is criminal, and heinous criminal.

It is a criminal falsehood to proclaim that the standard of American wages is fixed by protection—criminal because the lie is invariably told by men who know its gross falseness to men who lack of information is expected to render them liable to be deceived.

It is a crime to pass a tariff law whose title conceals its purpose. And a McKinley law does not dare to express anywhere the McKinley purpose. If it told the truth, or even repeated McKinley's phrases, it would be declared unconstitutional.

It is a crime to oppress the American people with trade interference, which all education and all enlightenment declare to be unjust and retrogressive. There can be no apology for politicians who strive to shut out from the knowledge of the people the results of science and thought who would darken the minds of their countrymen with the superstitions of the Middle Ages.

Let McKinley and McKinleyism stand before the people. Let Americans pronounce upon the crime of protection.

Bristol Courier: Labor will be better employed and better paid when good effects of the new tariff bill are fully realized. The lower prices of manufactured goods will enable all classes to buy more goods of all kinds, and this in turn will increase the output of mills and factories and give labor more work. When labor has plenty of work wages advance. This is why democrats are confident that good times are coming to stay.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS. For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or overworked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.