

Watauga Democrat.

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BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899.

NO. 32.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

What does it do?
It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.
It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.
It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.

It Prevents and It Cures Baldness

Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs.

It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.

Would you like a copy of our book on the Hair and Scalp? It is free.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor write the Doctor about it.

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NOTICE.

North Carolina, Watauga county, in the Superior court, Spring term, 1899, Sarah Hockaday vs. Frank Hockaday.

The defendant in the above entitled action, Frank Hockaday, will take notice that the plaintiff, Sarah Hockaday, has commenced an action in the Superior court as entitled above to obtain a divorce from said defendant, and whereas, it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the court that he is a non resident of the State of North Carolina. It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Watauga DEMOCRAT for six weeks commencing the said defendant to appear before the Judge of the Superior court on the fourth Monday after the first Monday in August, 1899, and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff, or the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in her complaint. June 15, '99.

JOHN H. BINGHAM, C. S. C.
W. R. LOVILL, Atty. for PTF.

OPIMUM and Whiskey Banned out of our Book of particulars sent FREE. DR. R. B. WOOLLEY CO., Atlanta, Ga. Office, 104 North Pryor St.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent

Republican wishes father to the story sent out from Washington several days ago that a movement was on foot to put another gold democratic presidential ticket in the field next year. No such movement is known among democrats and no such action is expected to get the support of any considerable number of democrats, because they all know that it is not being instigated by democrats, but by republicans, whose only object is to draw away support from the regular democratic ticket. A number of democrats who took part in organizing the Palmer and Buckner movement, have since acknowledged their mistake and their regret, and expressed their intention to stand by the regular nominations hereafter, because the democratic party as a whole stands for the most of the things they believe in. Although republican money is likely to be freely used to bring about such a condition, there is absolutely nothing in sight at this time, to indicate the nomination of a gold democratic ticket next year.

There is much shaking and quaking in the old Alger clique in the War Department, because of a rumor, which seems to have foundation, that Secretary Root, who is now in Washington, preparatory to being sworn in and taking charge intends to reorganize the War Department from bottom to top. Certainly no other department of the government needs a thorough reorganization more than the one over which Mr. Root has been chosen to preside, but the clique is powerful and Secretary Root may find himself unable to overthrow the Algerites. If he is wise, he will get General Miles on his side, by restoring him the authority of which he was deprived by Alger.

Attorney General Griggs, before going off on his summer vacation shattered the hopes of numerous persons who thought they had everything fixed to secure valuable Porto Rican concessions from the War Department, by rendering opinions upon three specific concessions.—The right to use the water power of the river Plata; the right to build and operate a tramway, and the right to build and control, for all time, piers and wharves at Ponce. These opinions take the ground that all such concessions were the crown property of Spain, and sums them all, and apparently all other public concessions on the island, up as follows: 'As crown property, they were, by the treaty of cession, transferred by Spain to the United States, and are now a part of the public domain of that nation. I do not know of any right or power which the Secretary of War or the President has to alienate in perpetuity, any of the public domain of the United States, except in accordance with acts of Congress, duly passed with reference thereto.' This is understood to be a hint to Alger of the power of the administration to make trouble for him and his business friends, who are heavily interested in some Cuban deals, if he attempts to antagonize the administration.

Representative Griffith who represents the Indiana district which sent the late Judge Holman to Congress for so many years, said of politics in his State, and he knows: 'Indiana will send to the Democratic National Convention a solid Bryan delegation. The men who were for Mr. Bryan and the Chicago platform in 1896, haven't weakened in their faith concerning either. I am one of those who believe in the indestructibility of the principles of democracy, and though the party may suffer temporary defeat, it is sure to regain ascendancy, for it represents better than any other political organization, the true interests of the people. The predominant issue in 1900 is very apt to be war upon the trusts and upon this the democrats will be in far better position than their opponents. The voters of the country cannot be deluded by anti-trust declarations of the republican convention; they understand that there is no real antagonism between the leading men of that party and the trusts, but that on the contrary, the closest intimacy exists, seeing that most of the influential republicans are thoroughly identified with combines and monopolies. We had a great chance in 1896, and we came very near success, and we will have just as good a chance in 1900. I see nothing in the situation that is discouraging to democrats, but on the contrary, much that betokens a winning campaign.'

One of the conundrums of the hour is why the sending of a cablegram to Gen. Otis, conveying an expression of Mr. McKinley's confidence in him, and satisfaction with all he has done, including his press censoring, should have been kept secret for ten days after it was sent? Some say that Mr. McKinley wanted to ascertain how far public sentiment would go in supporting the demand for the recall of Otis, and that if that demand had been a little stronger the cablegram would have been suppressed entirely. It was evidently kept back for some purpose. And it would have been the first time that official matters have been made public or suppressed by the administration in deference to the state of public opinion.

The Rev. W. R. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that state was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: 'By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once.' For sale by druggists.

Letter from Rockford, N. C.

Mr. Editor: I am pleased to receive The DEMOCRAT every Monday. It is like getting a letter from home.

My work is all in Surry Co. I have only ten appointments, and travel about a hundred and forty miles in making one round on my circuit. Multiply that by twelve and you have 1,680 miles I travel in one year. That looks like a traveling preacher!

This is a very pleasant country in which to live. The people are kind and hospitable, but the weather is just a little bit warm at present; the mercury standing anywhere from 95 to 102 degrees in the shade.

Rockford is quite a historic place. It was the county seat of Surry before Yadkin county was formed. When Yadkin was made the county seat of Surry was moved to Dobson.

In the long ago the late Judge Cloud had his office here. Judge Pearson had his law school here, and from that school has gone out some of the most able men of the State. President Jackson once had an office and practiced law in Rockford. The gallant Captain Crumpler, of the First North Carolina Cavalry in the Civil war, was born and educated here. His remains are now quietly resting in the Rockford cemetery. His friends and comrades have erected a beautiful gray (fit emblem of his unity) marble shaft that marks his resting place.

Dr. Tyre York, of Trap Hill Wilkes county, was born and raised in Rockford. He has a brother and sister still living here.

I am pleased to see that the good people of Blowing Rock have asked for a local option election. I truly hope that they may succeed. If I am not mistaken, Watauga has more dry townships than any other county in North Carolina. Let the good work go on until the whole county is dry.

Success to all my old friends in Watauga.

SEYMOUR TAYLOR.
Rockford, August, '99.

About one month ago my child, who is about fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and diarrhoea remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs Stumptown, W. Va. For sale by druggists.

"Mind your talk, sonny," said Uncle Eben. "You kin git into trouble even by speakin' de truth when de truth doesn't happen to be none o' yoh business."—Wilmington Star.

Five American Women.

Harper's Bazar.

The portraits of five American women in bass relief are to be placed on the western staircase of the Capital at Albany—Captain Molly Pitcher Harriett Beecher Stowe, Francis A. Willard, Clara Barton and Susan A. Athony. None of them is pictured as young. Mrs. Stowe is there as an old woman, yet Mrs. Stowe wrote "Uncle Tom's Cabin" when but a little over forty, and did nothing to equal it in after years. Francis Willard was only about sixty when she died, but she had begun the labors that brought her reputation when quite a young woman.

It seems a pity sometimes that the most important memorials of men and women who have attained to eminence should be presented to us in portraits destined for posterity as old persons with their life work done and the records of its struggles—not the glow of their youthful promise—written on their faces. We know Gladstone best after his battles were all won, and the Queen as she sits almost helpless with no trace in her face of the girl who promised no more than she fulfilled, and who became at once the inspiration of her subjects. Our best known portraits of Lincoln were taken when his power was proved. Suppose we had never known Mrs. Ballington Booth in the days of her wonderful beauty, but waited to see her pictured as an old person with glasses! All that the latter years have proved in every one of these cases was in them when young, undeveloped to be sure, but there. It is apt to have a discouraging effect upon the young, this disregard of the youthful promise with the presentation only of its attainments in old age, and the cultivation of this disregard creates almost unconsciously a certain skepticism among us. Most of us have been taught to associate wisdom with years, and sincerity of purpose only with its fulfillment.

Greensboro Record: G. T. Kearsley has an interesting family relic, a Bible printed in 1698. It is only three and a half inches by six and two inches thick, but contains all the relatives of Mr. Kearsley, including his great-great grandfather who was born in 1718 and died in 1783—on Christmas day. The Bible is in a remarkable state of preservation, bound in red leather and printed on the paper used in those days, looking very much like brown wrapping paper but is tougher and stronger. Mr. Kearsley would not exchange it for the finest house in town, although he is a real estate dealer.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. 25 cents per box. For sale by Holclaw and by Blackburn.

No Hope of Immortality.

Monroe Journal.

One fact in regard to Ingersoll's agnosticism, as he called his particular form of unbelief, is significant as showing the absolute faith which he had in his own opinions. It is that he reared his whole family in his own belief and disbelief. Most men who drift into unbelief have no desire to carry others with them, particularly their own families. Mrs. Ingersoll and her daughters are said to agree fully in the opinions of the husband and father, and were a better illustration of the utter desolation of their doctrines than was found in this death sought a thousand years, it could not be found. To them the shock of death was prostrating, and they for a long time refused their consent that the body be taken away, and at last, when the putting could be postponed no longer and the remains were prepared for the funeral pyre, they exclaimed, "Must he be taken so soon? Can he not remain with us longer?" Of all the supreme moments in human lives, that one when the parting takes place, is the one when the belief in the resurrection is the most comforting, most blessed. But to those unfortunate ones there was no such comfort. And over the grave of this one, the solemn, grand, blessed words regarding immortality, had no place, but in their stead only the words of friends and extracts from the unbeliever's books. For him we have no hard feeling, but commiseration.

Keep good company and ye shall be of the number.—George Herbert.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

NOTICE.

Sallie McBride vs. Landen Estep. Pursuant to orders and decrees made at spring term, 1899, of the Superior Court of Watauga county in the above entitled action, I will on Monday, the 4th day of Sept., '99, it being Monday of the Superior Court, at the court house door in Boone N. C., sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described tract of land situated in Watauga county, Laurel Creek township, on the waters of Beech creek, containing 100 acres more or less known as the Dead Oak tract and more particularly described in a deed registered in book 'E', page 380, Register's office of Watauga county, beginning on a hickory and runs S. 35° E. 100 poles to a white oak, E. 160 poles N. 35° W. 100 poles to a stake w. 25 poles to a stake in Harman's corner. S. with said line 33 poles to chestnut, Harman's corner. N. 35° W. 80 p. to chestnut, Harman's corner on top of a ridge, same course 13 p. to stake in said line w. to beginning to satisfy a judgment for \$480.92 principal, \$74.95 int., and interest on prin. till paid and for costs of sale and action. This July 31st, 1899.

L. D. LOWE, Commissioner.