

Watauga Democrat.

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BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1903

NO. 50.

My Lungs

"An attack of la grippe left me with a bad cough. My friends said I had consumption. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and it cured me promptly."
A. K. Randles, Nokomis, Ill.

You forgot to buy a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral when your cold first came on, so you let it run along. Even now, with all your hard coughing, it will not disappoint you. There's a record of sixty years to fall back on.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c, \$1. All druggists. Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

A Greensboro saloon has gone into the hand of a receiver. The owners must have anticipated the coming drought and concluded to wind up business in advance.—Ex.

A Cure for Lumbago. W. C. Williamson, of Amherst Va., says: "For more than a year I suffered from lumbago. I finally tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it gives me entire relief, which all other remedies had failed to do." Sold by M. B. Blackburn.

PROFESSIONAL.

EDMUND JONES,
—LAWYER—
—LENOIR, N. C.—

Will Practice Regularly in the Courts of Watauga,
10-25 1 v.

J. C. FLETCHER,
Attorney At Law,
—BOONE, N. C.—

Careful attention given to collections.

E. F. LOVILL,
—ATTORNEY AT LAW,—
—BOONE, N. C.—

Special attention given to all business entrusted to his care.

8-23, 1900.

J. W. TODD, GEO. P. PELL.

TODD & PELL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
JEFFERSON, N. C.

Will practice regularly in the courts of Watauga. Headquarters at Coffey's Hotel during court. 5-4-99.

E. S. COFFEY,
—ATTORNEY AT LAW,—
—BOONE, N. C.—

Prompt attention given to all matters of a legal nature. Abstracting titles and collection of claims a specialty.

8-23-1900.

DR. J. M. HOGSHEAD,
Cancer Specialist,
BANNER'S ELK, N. C.

No Knife; No Burning Out. Highest references and endorsements of prominent persons successfully treated in Va., Tenn. and N. C. Remember that there is no time too soon to get rid of a cancerous growth—no matter how small. Examination free, letters answered promptly, and satisfaction guaranteed.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

That Germany has gone too far in her treatment of Venezuela and should be called upon to halt is the conviction of many of the leading men in Congress. Senator Bacon, when seen yesterday by your correspondent, said: "I do not believe that Germany was justified in this bombardment (of San Carlos). It is possible the German naval officer may have exceeded his instructions but I doubt if his government will disavow his action if this is true. The harsh attitude of Germany is open to very severe criticism but at the same time it is probably prudent not to stir up any bad feeling by harsh expression of opinion. If Germany wants to blockade the port she may be justified with the consent of the U. S., but a bombardment is not part of a blockade." Senator Elkins said, "The situation looks alarming to me for the first time. Germany, this country begins to believe, is not acting fairly nor openly." Senator McLaurin, of Mississippi, said, "If I had my way I would drive Germany and England out of Venezuela. After that the matter might be settled by arbitration. I do not believe that Germany ought to be allowed to take the brutal course she is taking solely because Venezuela is the weak power."

At the State Department it is said that the U. S. will not at present take any cognizance of Germany's action. It is further admitted that President Roosevelt has, by his definition of the Monroe Doctrine, placed this country in a most unfortunate position. Relying on that definition, any European power can intimidate and bully any South American republic and so long as it does not land troops and attempt the acquisition of territory the United States cannot logically protest, at least cannot do so without repudiating the Roosevelt definition of the Monroe Doctrine. Minister Brown is in Washington and is doing all in his power to bring about a peaceful settlement of the difficulty, but is meeting with grave obstacles which are giving rise to serious suspicion as to the honesty of Germany's purpose.

That set of men known as the leaders of the republican party is perpetrating in the United States Senate one of the most outrageous filibusters in parliamentary history. After a test vote by which it was demonstrated that seventeen republican Senators and practically all of the democrats, constituting a majority of the Senate, desire to vote on the statehood bill and vote affirmatively, the Senate leaders, Aldrich, Spooner, Hanna, Allison, Hale, Lodge, et al., have announced that they will not permit the question to come to a vote if their determination necessitates the calling of an extra session to make appropriations for the regular ex-

penses of the government. They are openly defying the will of the majority and are setting themselves up as oracles whose will the Senate must obey.

Among the reasons which are doubtless prompting the continuance of the statehood blockade by the republican ring may be cited a desire to prevent anti-trust legislation which will prove inimical to the interests which have placed these men in the Senate and the hope of preventing the passage of the Immigration bill and other legislation in the interests of the whole people.

With a view to further complicating the anti-trust situation the members of the Senate are now preparing a number of anti-trust bills which it is well understood are intended to head off the administration measure just reported to the house and likely to pass with the help of democratic votes at an early date. When it gets to the Senate, however, it will be met with the argument that one clause has been covered in the Elkins bill, another in some other, and so on and it is the hope of the republican leaders to in this way prevent all effective anti-trust legislation even supposing their fight on the Statehood bill should not prove sufficient to do so.

The Secretary of State has finally concluded terms with Colombia and has sent to the Senate a treaty which seems to meet with general approval. Under the conditions of the convention, this country is to lease the required zone of land for one hundred years with the privilege of renewal at the same rental, at pleasure. The annual rental which is to begin five years after the ratification of the treaty is to be \$260,000 and the cash payment to be made as soon as the convention is ratified by both Congresses will be \$10,000,000. This with the \$40,000,000 which it is agreed to pay the Panama Canal Company, will make an immediate cash payment of \$50,000,000. At the end of sixty years the entire property of the Panama Railway will revert to the United States. All tonnage and other water dues from the harbors of Panama and Colon will be paid directly to the United States. During the construction of the Canal martial law will prevail and United States troops will

Remarkable Cure of Croup.

I have a few words to say regarding Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It saved my little boy's life and I feel that I cannot praise it enough. I bought a bottle of it from A. E. Steere of Goodwin, S. D., and when I got home with it the poor baby could hardly breathe. I gave the medicine as directed every ten minutes until he "threw up" and then I thought sure he was going to choke to death. I had to pull the phlegm out of his mouth in great long strings. I am positive that if I had not got that bottle of cough medicine, my boy would not be on earth today.—JOEL DEMONT, Inwood, Iowa. For sale by M. B. Blackburn.

police the district. After that arrangements are to be made for policing, etc., by a joint high commission but it is provided that in no instance will a citizen of the United States be tried by other than a court maintained by his own Government.

The Cuban treaty is still the executive business before the Senate and Senator Colton is watching for an opportunity to secure an executive session of several hours duration when it is believed the convention will be promptly ratified. Several members of the Senate have expressed to your correspondent their approval of the Colombian treaty and its ratification is practically assured as soon as the Cuban treaty is disposed of.

The Philippine committee has amended the House bill lowering the duty on Philippine imports so that it now provides that 50 per cent of the Dingley rates shall be collected on Philippine sugar tobacco and all other Philippine products shall be submitted to this country duty free. As sugar and tobacco constitute almost the entire exportable products of the islands, however, the amendment is a concession of 25 per cent to the sugar and tobacco interests, at the expense of the Philippines.

"Some time ago my daughter caught a severe cold. She complained of pains in her chest and had a bad cough. I gave her Chamberlain's Cough Remedy according to directions and in two days she was well and able to go to school. I have used this remedy in my family for the past seven years and have never known it to fail," says James Prendergast, merchant, Annato Bay, Jamaica, West India Island. The pains in the chest indicated an approaching attack of pneumonia, which in this instance was undoubtedly ward, off by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to ward pneumonia. Sold by M. B. Blackburn.

An American who has been traveling in Japan says that that the Japanese have a word of salutation which sounds like Ohio. When he was in Yokohama a fellow countryman was seeing the sights from a rickshaw. The Japanese are very polite and when ever the American met them and gave him the usual word of greeting. At first he wasn't quite certain, but as party after party bowed profoundly and said 'Ohio,' he became convinced that they were uttering the name of his own state and he was a badly puzzled Occidental. Finally on passing a group of a dozen or more, who were more than usually courteous, and who vociferated the word of welcome, he couldn't repress his astonishment any further. "Yes," said he, "I am from Ohio and from Jefferson county; but how did you fellows get on the fact.—Ex.

DOMESTIC TROUBLE.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic troubles occasionally, but these cannot be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in stomach and liver troubles. They not only relieve you but cure, 25c at M. B. Blackburn's.

Roosevelt's Place.

Richmond News

We never have doubted President Roosevelt's honesty of courage. He is an illustration of the danger and discomfort of a good man with a fool idea and a hard head. Apparently, judging from the latest news from Washington, he intends to continue to vaunt before the country his notion of the equality of the white and negro races. We are told in Washington dispatches that he has invited his colored appointee as assistant district attorney at Boston to visit the White House with his wife and at the reception yesterday at the White House the colored recorder of deeds, of Washington, D. C., was present with two female relatives.

This is about the limit. There is just one thing for the Southern people to do. There is no use of their indulging in any idle abuse or foaming at the mouth with rage. They cannot defeat Mr. Roosevelt for re-election. They can prove in a manner entirely decorous and lawful their continued rejection of the idea of equality between the races. They can and should hold themselves absolutely aloof from any social recognition of Mr. Roosevelt. Socially, he has put himself on equality with the colored people and he should be treated by Southern people precisely as if he was a colored official. This feeling should be illustrated by our representatives at Washington, both in the Senate and House. Their relation with the president should be absolutely normal from this time on and should be confined to such business as it is necessary to transact with him. If he should come South he should be left to associate with the negroes, whom he has chosen to regard as equals and fit companions for himself and family. In other words, as Mr. Roosevelt has chosen to put himself on equality with the negro he should be treated in all respects by Southern people precisely as if he were a negro of good character and representing the government—that is, politely and kindly when kindness is necessary and with absolute indications that he is not of our race or in any respect socially an equal with us or a fit associate for us or any of ours.

We cannot see any other position the Southern people or their representatives to take unless they want to recognize the principle that the same white man can associate on terms of social and personal equality with Southern white people and their families and colored people and their families. In our view, we want no connecting links. It is a matter of vital necessity as well as of race pride and instinct that we keep the line drawn between the race and thereby assure the continued purity of the Anglo Saxon stock. Mr. Roosevelt has chosen to depart from this idea and to associate himself with the

colored people. It is for us to let him go his way while we hold to ours.



WOMAN'S RELIEF

A really healthy woman has little pain or discomfort at the menstrual period. No woman needs to have any. Wine of Cardui will quickly relieve those smarting menstrual pains and the dragging head, back and side aches caused by falling of the womb and irregular menses.

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy. It is the provision made by Nature to give women relief from the terrible aches and pains which blight so many homes.

GREENWOOD, La., Oct. 14, 1900. I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.

Mrs. M. A. Younz.
For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

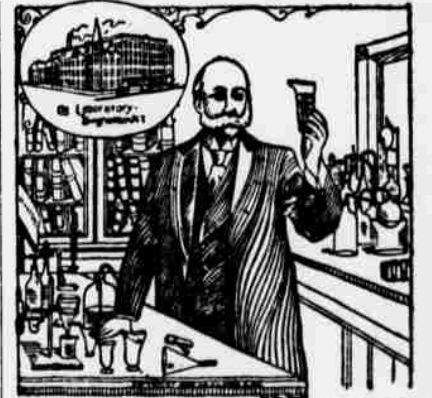
The gray buzzard is said to be the heaviest bird that flies, the young males when food is plentiful weighing as much as forty pounds. The bird is almost extinct.—Ex.

A Good Recommendation.

"I have noticed that the sale on Chamberlain's Stomach & Liver Tablets is almost invariably to those who have once used them," says Mr. J. H. Weber, a prominent druggist of Cascade, Iowa. What better recommendation could any medicine have than for people to call for when again in need of such a remedy? Try them when you feel dull after eating, when you have a bad taste in your mouth, feel bilious, have no appetite or when troubled with constipation, and you are certain to be delighted with the prompt relief which they afford. For sale by M. B. Blackburn.

Citizens of Birmingham, Alabama, have given 50 car loads of coal for distribution among the poor of New York and Chicago.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.