# Watanga Democrat. 

## VOL XV.

BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C.. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1903.

## Dark Hair <br>   We mean all that rich, dark color your hair used to have. If it's gray now, Ha matter; for Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair. Sometimes it makes the long; and it stops falling long; and it stop of the hair, too.  <br> 

Tha back tax caee against the estate of Sonator John Sherman bas been settled at
Mansfield, Ohio, for $\$ 62,000$

OADTOREA.
prowessignal.
F. A, LINNEY,
-atturney at law,boone, N. C.
Will practice in the courta of chis and surrounding coun
ties. Prompt attention giv. ties. Prompt attention giv.
en to the collection of clatms and all other business of a 10 cal nature.
EDMUND JONES,
-LAW YER-
-LENOIR, N. C.-
${ }^{W}$ ill Practice Regularly in the Courts of Hatauga, 6.1. '03,'
J. C. FLETCHER.

Attorney At Law,
-BOONE, N, C.-
Carefulatention given t collections.

## E. F. LOVILL.

## -attorney at law,-

BOONE, N.

- Special attention given
to all business entrusted to his care.
8.23, 1900.


## TOOD \& PELL.

 atiorneys at law, JEFFERSON, N. C. Will practice regularly in the courts of Watauga. Headquarters a$\qquad$

## E. S. COFFEY,

-ATTORNEY AT LAW,-
$\qquad$ Prompt attention given to All matters of a legal nature. Abstracting titles and ty.
8.23.1900.

Dr. J. M. HOGSHEAD, Gancer Specialist, BANNER'S ELK. N C No Knite; No Burning Out Highest refereuces and endors
ments of prominent persons suc.
 no time roo soovs to get rid of cancerous growth-no matter
how mand. Examination free.
loters answered promptly, and lewters answered promptly, a
letiffaction funranteed.

WASHINGTON LETTER. Prom our Reganar co
A!torney General Knox has finally informed the War De partment of his decision in the famous Littauer llov case and it is to the efiec N. Littoner, of Now N. Littauer, of New York, cannot be prosecuted for the part he is alleged to have ta
ken in obtaining ken in obtaining contructs to
furnish gloves to the army Iurnish gloves to the army
in violation of the stal in violation of the statut
which forbids memberu which forbids members of Con grese from sbaring the bene fits of contracts with the gov erument; becanse the statuto ry period of limitation, with in which such a prosecution
could be brought, plapsen could be brought, elapsen contract was obtained by E K. Lyon on December 7 ' 98 , and it is claumed that Con gressman Lattauer was di
reetly interested in it and as this was a violation of $t h$ Federal law he was liable to eriminal prosecution. Hower er the statute of limitation er the statate of limitation
has made thisimpossible and the Attorney General has de cided also that as the concract was properly executed and the goods delivered, the government cannot bring an
action against Lattauel to erover the money. He adds bis opinion that "no useful purpose would be subserved"
by further artion. This will by further action. This will
probably end the case an the ripublican congressman will go unmolested.
Senator Margan will intro dure at the coming extra ses sion asking the President for an explanation of his delay̆ in continuing his negotia tions tor the trans isthmian eanal. The Senator claim the President to treat with Nicarauga as soon ás the negntiations with Columbia fail, Instead of doing this as ad by Columbin was rejee ed by Columbia, the Presi
dent has merely waited for something to turn up, and is something to turn up, and the
apparently oblivious of the directions of the Senate. It is said that many Senatore wil support Senator Morgan ani as the Cuban reciprocity leg-
islation will have to origiislation will have to origi-
nate in the House, it is very nate in the House, it is ver.
likely that while the Senat is waitung it will take up th tranb-isthmian canal ques tion. As mans friends of the Administration will come to the President's support, it some very interesting de bates.
Politicians of both partie here agree in expressing approval of the Alaskan Boun dary Awar: which was give While it was recognized tha this country would never al low Canada to get possesion of mueh of the disputed territory, it was bardly though that England's formal con sent could be obtained of of a compromise as the one just akreed upon by the ma-
jority of the commission But Lorit $r$ ol the commission. Bu
Lord Alverstone, the British Commissioner, became con be was just and he ha the moral courage to side
with the three Aınerienn Con $\mid$ Miller ease. If his dismissa $\mid$ missioners against the two was onjuet he has the sam Canadian. He thus made the vote four out ol six and preverited a dead-lock. The Cnardian showed their resentmont by refusing to sign the award, but aside foom refleeting the general attityde of
their countrymen and disgus ing many Englishmen, their artion will nothave the elightest effect. The line which will he murked on the map agreed upon, starts from the Yolt and as to shint Canada from any access to the sea from that point to Mt. St. Elias. I gives us the entire Lynn Canal as well as the towns of Dyea and Skagwas which lie at its head. The importance of this canal is due to the
fact that it is the main route into the Klondike region. The Portland Canal is given to Cunada, as are also the twn islands at its mouth, Pears and Walen; but two other
islanis lying a little farther islanos lying a little farther out, and in such a position
as to command the pntrance are given to the United States. The strategetic value of these islands is further en hanced by the fact that they command Port Simpan which is to be the Pacifie te minus of the new transecontinental railroad. Tha Canadians are very indignant a the decision as they donbtless felt that the British gosernmept would suntain them right or wrong. They assail the honestg of Lord Alverntone and their attacks are ant tempered by the fact that England. and that is the Lord England. and apecial plea for "dismado a sperial plea ot "dis-
tinguished jurists" on the Commission. They expected a political division and got a legal and equitable one; yet they declare it to be the price paid by the British guvernfriendsbip. However the boun dary is settled, the Ameri cans are satisfird, and the equity of the decision is Eng land and Canada's quarrel. Another question involyed in tha case of W• A. Miller, as istant fyeman of the bindeOffice has just been decided by Controller of the Treasury Tracewell. Miller was dismisa ed hy the Public Printer and remained out sixty-tbree davs when the President or dered his reinstate:nent ${ }^{\circ}$ Thi action br the President was equivalent to a deriaration
that Miller's dismissal wasnu just, and in the subsequen diecussion with the labo leaders Mr. Roosevelt voiced
the same apinion. Miller nat the same spinion. Miller nat
arally demanded compensaion for the time of hisforeed uspension, and the Andito of the Stateand other Depart ments demed his clain. Miller appealed to the Controller of the Treasury who has now is supd a decision sustaining the Auditor in refusing to pay Miller for the time he was on declaring that pay cannot ed, even it the suspension bruld be found to be with out suffi-ient canse. It suem out many here that this is a attempt to compromise the
cluim to his pay as he had to reinstatement and if there him, he should have been teinstated. there seems a con-
tradiction in the decisions tradiction in the drcisions
and Miller may take the case o the courts.
Persistent rumors of gigan ountry have reached Wash ington and are being investi gated by the Interior Depart ment. Government officials senators and Representutives sheme to defraud the gov rnment- The charges are that several great railroad systems and many ?nembers of Congress have engaged in conrpiracy by which they obtained title to worthless lands, induced the govern-
ment to make forest reserven nent of their holdings, and ob rained the right under the lieu land act to splect in heu thereof valuable lands not so reserved. In his mannrrthey practically worthless lan for that worth $\$ 5$ to $\$ 6$ an acre. This lieu land act never eome up for open discssion in ongress asit wasintroduced mendment to an oppropriation bill and was so enacted. It will take sone days to get it the facts from the mars of startling rumors.

From personal experience I testi
that DeWitt's Little Early Ri-
rs are unequalled as a liver pill
They are rightly named because
hey give strength and energy and o their work with ease-W. T. E
on, Borene, Tex. Thousands of peo ple are ensing these tiny little pills
in preference to all othe 1s, because they are so pleasant and effectual
They cure billiousness, torpid liver They cure biliousuess. orpid liver.
jaundice, sick headache, constipa-
tion, etc. weaker, but cleanse and strengthen The
The Republican party is the wother of trusts, the grandmother of watered
storks and the maternal au centor of the slump in the stock market - Memphi Neivs.

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inston Free Press

## Whather Press.

## Whather Press.

Wast at ex expessin or not qupstion thime int this State upying the minds of people is the iusreased number of bomicides committed within the borders of our country. Why this is so and what the emedy tostay the increasink quire the wisdon of a sage to answer.
The point, especially as ap lied to North Carolina that quate, has been pretty well quate, by been pretty well both by the editors and jurists and theconelusion Pached is that the law is not wholly responsible. Another ohase of the question shows the jury systen to be on the jury aysten which enti-
les the defendent to such an unfair adzatage over the pub hr which the State's prosecu or represents. This in itsel asthe woll is accountable to the cominu nity in which it resides and cannot gobeyond the bounde for which pulilic sentiment will stand. Therefore the sociological one and the people as a whole are respon sible after all. Accepting this as a fuct the thing to do is to do away with maudlinsen timent and acquit ourselves like men when it comes to a question of duty, and be gov ters by our sense of duty.
The public is not clamor ing for the blood of innocen men to appease their blond thissty bunger nor do right thinking poople demand "ex amples." but they have a right, for self protection, to ask that just retribution follow the commission of crime and that when fuirly shown to ba guilty no power nor in
fluence be allowed to intarvene to avert the aims of jus vene t
tice.

The tendency of the times is to fall into a fulse iden on forgiveness or rather indiffer ence, and the eriminal goes
unwhipped of justice because the majority of the public wills it so. If the criminalls inclined are confl. Ient of sur and swift punishment it is an uncontradicted fart that it
will deter them fiom the com mission of crıne.
It is said of a netghboring monty that a resent sentence of death passed upon a mur he was the 42 and to be trie in the county in 20 years for a capital oft nce and the firs
to be given the denth penal ty. It is too mu-h to ast the public to believe that oth er than complete absolution some of those 42 cases to put aside justice.
It is certainly a sorions
thing to sit in judgment on a buman life, but it is eqully certain that it is man's duty
to lend his aid in the vindira to lend his aid in the vindir.

## of nociety at large

## OASTOTR

