

# Watauga Democrat.

OL. XIX.

BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY JUNE 20, 1907.

NO. 7.

## PROFESSIONAL.

**L. D. LOWE,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
BANNER BLK., N. C.  
Will practice in the courts  
Watauga, Mitchell and adjoining  
counties. 7-6-'04.

**Todd & Ballou,**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.  
JEFFERSON, N. C.  
Will practice in all the courts.  
Special attention given to real  
estate law and collections. 6-15-'06.

**J. E. HODGES,**

Veterinary Surgeon,  
SANDS, N. C.  
Aug. 6, 1y.

**F. A. LINNEY,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
BOONE, N. C.  
Will practice in the courts of  
the 13th Judicial District in all  
matters of a civil nature. 6-11-1906.

**EDMUND JONES,**

LAWYER  
LENOIR, N. C.  
Will Practice Regularly in  
the Courts of Watauga,  
6-1-'06.

**J. C. FLETCHER,**

Attorney At Law,  
BOONE, N. C.  
Careful attention given to  
collections.

**E. F. LOVILL**

ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
BOONE, N. C.  
Special attention given  
to all business entrusted to  
his care. 1-1-'04.

**A. A. Holsclaw,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW—  
Mountain City, Tennessee.  
Will practice in all the courts  
of Tennessee, State and Federal.  
Special attention given to col-  
lections and all other matters of  
a legal nature.  
Office northeast of court house.  
Oct. 11, 1906, 1y.

**F. M. MADRON, D. D. S.**

BALDWIN, N. C.  
I am now located here for the  
practice of Dentistry, and am mak-  
ing Bridge and Crown work, the  
most intricate work known to the  
profession, a specialty.  
My work is all done under a  
positive guarantee—no satisfaction,  
no pay. Nothing but the best mat-  
erial used in the execution of any  
of my work.

**E. S. GOFFEY,**

ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
BOONE, N. C.  
Prompt attention given to  
all matters of a legal nature.  
Abstracting titles and  
collection of claims a special-  
ty. 1-1-'07.

**R. Ross Donnelly,**

UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER  
SHOUNS, --- Tennessee,  
Has Varnished and Glass White  
Coffins; Black Broad cloth and  
White Plush Caskets; Black and  
White Metallic Caskets; Robes,  
Shoes and Finishings.  
Extra large Coffins and Cas-  
kets always on hand. Phone or-  
ders given special attention.  
R. ROSS DONNELLY.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

William Jennings Bryan was in Washington this week and gave an interview tending to correct some inaccuracies that he said crept into the talk he made in New York. He says that he did not say as attributed to him that there were more important issues than the tariff before the people. What he said was that there were three issues before the people, the trusts, the railroads and the tariff and that they were of equal importance. There were other issues, he said, but these three were paramount. He said he did not think it necessary to give supreme importance to any one of the three issues named. The Democratic party, he said was determined on all of them—Through revision of the tariff, examination of the trusts and strict regulations of the railroads. He did not say it will be noted, government ownership of the railroads. Col. Bryan has come to the conclusion that he is too nearly alone in his government ownership theory to attempt to make it a part of the creed of the Democratic party, but he knows that strict supervision and control of the railroads is a thing on which all members of the party agree.

As to the possibility of President Roosevelt nominating his successor in office, Mr. Bryan said that it was hardly a necessary or laudable proceeding. He said a candidate with a clear record needed no sponsor.

Speaking of candidates, there is a good deal of quiet amusement among the politicians in Washington and there are a good many of them still here, over the solemnly modest way in which Senator Knox received the endorsement of the Pennsylvania convention on the launching of his presidential boom. Senator Knox is a good man in a great many ways and is personally well liked in Washington. But it is thoroughly understood among practical politicians that his boom is being worked up by corporate interests as a stalking horse in the fight that the managers of the Republican party are afraid to make openly against any man for President Roosevelt's choice. Senator Knox was the successor of Mat Quay, probably the most brazenly machine made politician of machine-ridden Pennsylvania. Boies Penrose had the practical appointment of a man to succeed Quay and was hesitating between several possible candidates when H. C. Frick and President Cassat of the Pa. Railroad walked into his office and said that they wanted Knox appointed. There was not a moment's hesitation. Knox was given the place and rumor has it that the place cost somebody \$250,000, that went where it would do the most good. Now if Knox should ever be elected President and have a trust fight on his hands, it is hardly likely that the trust would get the worst of it.

The little flurry over the holding up of two or three diplomats in automobiles near Washington on the Conduit road for exceeding the speed laws has grown till it is becoming quite a respectable sized issue. The holdups referred to was the work of the mayor and the sheriff of Glen Echo, a little hamlet on the outskirts of Washington. The town is just outside the District line and is so small that one would hardly know it was there if it were not for the sheriff with his bicycle and speed motor with which he runs down and convicts offending motorists. The members of the diplomatic corps are

much in the habit of using the road, and as it is a fine road, kept in repair by the War Department, there is every temptation to let out the machines and do a little speeding. There was a great deal of talk in the newspapers over stopping the diplomats because a diplomat is under treaty protection and exempt from arrest no matter what he does. One would think that under the circumstances they would be particularly careful about not violating police ordinances. But they are not and they have complained bitterly to the War Department about being stopped on the Conduit road. Now the mayor and sheriff of the little town have become incensed at the president violating the local laws and they say that though they can not arrest a diplomat, that there is no law against stopping him and warning him about the law. This is just what the diplomats object to. They say it is humiliating. But sheriff Collins says there is nothing to distinguish an ambassador or a minister from any body else under a bear skin coat and a pair of goggles, so he proposes to stop every foreign envoy and make him establish his identity or else carry a flag or some other distinguishing mark on his machine. The whole corps diplomatique declares it is an outrage. The State Department says it cannot do anything about it and up to date it looks as though the mayor and sheriff had scored.

There has been a good deal of graft and rake off in the purchase of the supplies for the Panama Canal, and it appears now that the whole of buying is to be taken over by the army which will handle practically all the purchases for the work and the men. The purchases of machinery and material for the work are to be made by the chief of engineers, those of medicines by the surgeon general's office and those of commissary material by the commissary general's office. There is one thing to be said about the new scheme and that is that the officers in charge of these departments are about as nearly incorruptible as human beings can be and there is not likely to be much more talk of graft.

Accounts are being cast up at the end of the fiscal year and it is found that the expenses of the President for traveling have been almost ridiculously small. There was an appropriation of \$25,000 made for this purpose by the last congress and there was some talk about its not being large enough. The railroads which had been furnishing presidential special trains had been spending money like water and going to extravagant lengths. The President likes comfort but does not care for luxuries, and since he has been paying his own way with government money he has cut everything down to very plain first class accommodations. The result is that the total traveling expenditure comes inside of \$8,000 and about two thirds of the appropriation will be turned back into the Treasury.

## Remarkable Rescue.

That truth is stranger than fiction has once more been demonstrated in the little town of Fedora, Tenn., the residence of E. V. Pepper. He writes "I was in bed, entirely disabled with hemorrhages of the lungs and throat. Doctors failed to help me, and all hope had fled when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery. Then instant relief came. The coughing soon ceased; the bleeding diminished rapidly, and in three weeks I was able to go to work." Guaranteed for coughs and colds, 50c. and \$1.00 at all Druggists. Trial Bottle free.

## A Trip to the Exposition.

(Continued from the 6th.)

At the close of my last article we had just entered the Exposition grounds. Our party was considerably augmented by the addition of Messrs. John Shepherd, W. O. Garris, Mr. Young, the hat man, known by all merchants of Watauga, his wife and five children, also a Mr. Harman, of Beech Creek, making a party of thirteen.

On entering the grounds we take a seat on the "Lee Parade Grounds," a fine level grassy plot of several acres where soldiers are daily drilled during the Exposition. We are just in time to see them at the morning drill. Their movements were fine, seemed almost perfect. We decide that if war did not reach a more serious stage than this we would make pretty good fighters. After taking in the drill we proceeded to make a tour of the grounds.

We soon discover that the Exposition lacks a great deal of being completed. Carpenters and masons are busy everywhere. There are a great many buildings not yet completed, also quite an amount of work in the way of pavements and beautifying the grounds yet to do. Great piles of lumber and debris are lying on every side. Yet there is much to be seen, much that is completed.

The government buildings, I believe, are all complete and their exhibits installed. We make a pretty "straight circle" to the water front—the famous Hampton Roads. There has been built a broad plank walk on the water edge the entire length of the Exposition's water frontage.

Here we sit down to view the many things of interest that lie before us. The most interesting scene that meets our eye, in fact the thing we most desired to see lies in full view—Uncle Sam's great grinning, snarling war dogs and a number of war ships from other nations. There were perhaps, thirty war ships lying at anchor, a number of ships of other nations having left, some for New York, some for Washington and some had gone to other points for target practice. We had the pleasure of seeing such ships as the famous Oregon, Alabama, etc. Our ships are nearly all white, which, to one knowing nothing of naval warfare, would be a disadvantage as they are more easily seen by the enemy unless it be on a foaming sea, however I did not make any suggestions along this line.

Brazil has some good looking ships lying close by ours. Japan's ships are nearly all away at this time—only temporarily I think. There were but few of the warships that had fire in their furnaces. Once and awhile you could see great clouds of black smoke rise slowly from a ship, then sail away to some other port. One of those war ships, under steam, plowing the foaming waters, is, indeed, a fine sight.

Two nights before we arrived there was one of the finest displays in Hampton Roads that has ever been said in any waters; so said by those in position to know.

All the warships in the Road—American and foreign, were drawn in line and illuminated by electricity, the light on the ships appeared to be only a few inches apart, which made each ship look like a huge ball of fire. The great search lights were turned on the flanks of the ships which caused them to appear to be great flames of fire high in the air.

War is much in evidence at the Exposition; more than has ever been in any other of our Expo-

sitions, owing to the fact that this is largely a historic Exposition.

The next thing of interest to us is the great rolling Ocean that lies at our feet. "Restless and never still." For the first time in life we understand such Biblical expressions. As "Unstable as water," and "as the sand that is by the sea-shore."

Having rested nicely we proceed down or up the great plank walk taking in anything that falls under our vision. We first pass a great tower, not yet completed, that appears to be 100 or 150 feet high, built of wood frame work and when completed will be filled with huge blocks of coal from Virginia, so that it will look like a solid tower of coal. Some of the blocks are about 8x4x4. We pass on next by the "Inside Inn," a hotel that is capable of accommodating 3,000 guests, constructed on the European plan, you order what you want. The dining hall is an open portico. You enjoy the seabreeze while you eat.

We take in the Kentucky Building, which is located in the extreme northern corner of the grounds. It is a representation of "Boonsboro," Daniel Boone's home in Kentucky. It consists of five buildings made of round pine logs, "chinked" but not dobed. The logs were shipped from Ky. The largest building is in the center of the ground and has two rooms with a large open space between, floored and covered. Each of these rooms have a large chimney at the end made of logs.

The fire places are very large, with a great pile of logs in them slightly burned. In one of the rooms is a very large old-fashioned bedstead, posts turned, with a bed on it, a table in the center with a spread that looks like the old fashioned woven coverlets. The other room has a rag carpet also the old gun and horn in its usual place, a large painting of Boone, said by the lady in charge to be the second best ever painted. On either corner of the lot is a two story building of the same construction, with the second story projecting over the first about two feet. The "up ladder" is the sleeping apartment. The old well with the old well sweep is in the yard. The curbing is made of round logs set on the end in the ground. The well is about "knee deep to a duck." You can reach down into the well, turn a faucet and get a good cold drink of water. This plot is located in a very dense grove of pines and enclosed by a palisade of slabs about three feet high. They are built lower than Boone had them so that visitors can see over them.

This is indeed a cozy corner. After recording our names as visitors to the Kentucky building, we pull on.

SMITH HAGAMAN,  
(To be continued.)

The Magic No. 3.

Number three is a wonderful mascot for Geo. H. Parris, of Cedar Grove, Me., according to a letter which reads: "After suffering much with liver and kidney trouble and becoming greatly discouraged by the failure to find relief, I tried Electric Bitters, and as a result I am a well man to-day. The first bottle relieved and three bottles completed the cure." Guaranteed best remedy for stomach, liver and kidney troubles. For sale by all druggists. 50c.

No greater mistake can be made than to consider the big evidence of disease in your system. Don't take desperate chances on ordinary medicines. Use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. M. B. Blackburn and Blowing Rock Drug Co.

## A Good Hair-Food

Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula, is a genuine hair-food. It feeds, nourishes, builds up, strengthens, invigorates. The hair grows more rapidly, keeps soft and smooth, and all dandruff disappears. Aid nature a little. Give your hair a good hair-food.

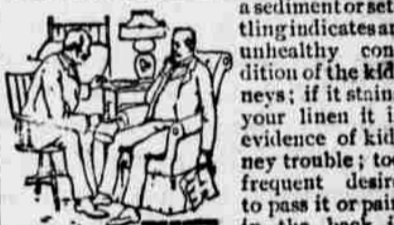
Does not change the color of the hair.  
Formula with each bottle  
Show it to your doctor  
Ask him about it, then do as he says  
**Ayer's**

You need not hesitate about using this new Hair Vigor from any fear of its changing the color of your hair. The new Ayer's Hair Vigor prevents premature grayness, but does not change the color of the hair even to the slightest degree.  
—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

"You ought to take this horse," said the dealer, "he is a bargain."  
"Well, then, I don't want him," said the customer. "I want something to drive, and I never drive a bargain."

## Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

How To Find Out.  
Fill a bottle of common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What To Do.  
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

The Dresden Enterprise is drawing the line pretty fine when it declares that "no gentleman will try to see through a lady's peek-aboo waist." Yet, if he can see through without trying, the good Lord is not going to be hard on him if he doesn't close more than one eye, and the devil himself would take a glance out of the corners of his peepers.—Lenoir News.



Increase Your Yield Per Acre  
You Can See The Growth  
Fertilizers  
Virginia-Carolina  
Chemical Co.  
If you want to see dollars grow, feed your fields with Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers. They will increase your yields per acre, and thus bring down the cost of production, even if you use fewer teams and less labor. We have thousands of strong testimonials from farmers who have tried other makes of fertilizers and assert that Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers are by far the best. They will give you crops that will make more money for you. Buy no other, even if some dealer endeavors to get you to buy some "cheap" brand just because he may make a little more profit on that. Of course, that would be to his interest—not yours.  
VIRGINIA-CAROLINA CHEMICAL CO.,  
Richmond, Va. Norfolk, Va. Boston, E. C.  
Charleston, S. C. Baltimore, Md. Atlanta, Ga.  
Savannah, Ga. Montgomery, Ala. Memphis, Tenn.  
Shreveport, La.

BAD COPY OR LIGHT PRINT