

Watauga Democrat.

VOL. XX

BOONE, WATAUGA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY JANUARY 14, 1909.

NO. 34.

J. P. COUNTELL, J. H. HARDIN,
COUNTELL & HARDIN,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
Limestone, Tennessee.

Write us what you want in the way of farming lands in this fertile country and we will do our best to please you. 9-10.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.
One and one half miles west of Boone N. C. good location convenient to first class school. For terms and Particulars, address G. R. LONG, Williamsburg, Butte, Mont.

PROFESSIONAL.

NAT T. DULANEY, M. D.,

-SPECIALIST.-
Fourth St. Bristol Tenn.-Va.
Eye and Throat Diseases,
Refraction for Glasses.

L. D. LOWE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BANNER ELK, N. C.
Will practice in the courts of Watauga, Mitchell and adjoining counties. 7-6-'07

EDMUND JONES
-LAWYER-
-LENOIR, N. C.-
Will Practice Regularly in the Courts of Watauga, 6-1-'08.

F. A. LINNEY,
-ATTORNEY AT LAW,-
BOONE, N. C.
Will practice in the courts of the 13th Judicial District in all matters of a civil nature. 6-11-1908.

J. C. FLETCHER,
Attorney At Law,
—BOONE, N. C.—
Careful attention given to collections.

W. R. LOVILL
-ATTORNEY AT LAW,-
—BOONE, N. C.—
Special attention given to all business entrusted to his care. 7-9-'08.

A. A. Holsclaw,
-ATTORNEY AT LAW-
Mountain City, Tennessee.
Will practice in all the courts of Tennessee, State and Federal. Special attention given to collections and all other matters of a legal nature. Office north east of court house, Oct. 11, 1907, 1y.

E. S. GOFFEY,
-ATTORNEY AT LAW,-
—BOONE, N. C.—
Prompt attention given to all matters of a legal nature. Abstracting titles and collection of claims a specialty. 1-1-'09.

R. Ross Donnelly,
UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER
SHOUN'S, --- Tennessee.
Has Varnished and Glass White Coffins; Black Broad-toth and White Plush Caskets; Black and White Metal Cases for Robes, Shoes and Finishings.
Extra large Coffins and Caskets always on hand. Phone orders given special attention.
R. ROSS DONNELLY.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Regular Correspondence.

New Year's day at the National Capital this year was marked by the usual festivities and a fine bracing temperature with sunshine contributed to making of the gayest of all the days of the year.

The President, to whom it means about fifteen hours hard work, held his usual reception, and as this will be the last opportunity for the ordinary citizen to shake hands with Mr. Roosevelt in the White House the number who stood in line to be "received" this year was unusually large. Even two hours before time the line had begun to form at the White House gates and by one o'clock, when the public reception began, it extended for several blocks. It was the average good humored crowd that gathered though and during the weary, cold hours which it waited patiently to be admitted and not shored by the Chief Executive, there was no sign of disturbance or discontent. The President seemed in high spirits and tho' it required remarkable unflinching good humor and tact to deal with this yearly throng he seemed on this occasion to be supplied with an added amount of enthusiasm and the heartiness with which he grasped the hand of each visitor made it impossible to believe that he was not as he said "dec-lighted" to greet each and every one of them.

There were many excursionists from other cities and towns who had come for the purpose of taking this, their last opportunity, to shake his hand. At eleven o'clock the President and Mrs. Roosevelt and their debauche daughter joined the receiving party in the Blue Room and the Cabinet officials and Foreign Diplomats, Army and Navy officers and a sprinkling of Senators and Representatives were welcomed. There were several interesting figures among the Diplomatic corps, and when Baron Mayer des Planches, the Italian Ambassador, came forward the President retained his hand while he expressed his heart-felt sympathy for the King and Queen of Italy in the terrible disaster in their country. The Baron in reply thanked the President for the generous action of the government in sending a supply ship to the stricken district.

At last year's reception Baron Van Sternberg, the German Ambassador, was dean of the corps and led the brilliant procession of diplomats. His place was taken this year by his successor, Count Bernstorff who is the latest edition to the corps was the last to greet the President, and his wife, an attractive American woman, made her first entrance in the White House. Another interesting figure was that of the Chinese envoy, Prince Tung Shao Yi who came here a few weeks ago with a large suite to present the thanks of the Chinese Government for the return of the Surplus Boxer indemnity fund and incidentally it is said to make an effort to effect a treaty between the two countries. He is a big, handsome Chinaman of distinguished manners and most gorgeous costumes.

At one o'clock the ladies of the Cabinet and wives of the prominent officials with Mrs. Fairbanks and Miss Cannon, daughter of the Speaker, hurried away to their homes to prepare for their own receptions which began at two o'clock and continued throughout the afternoon. Then the public was admitted to the White House and until three o'clock, without rest or intermission, the President greeted those

who had waited since early morning for admittance. When at last the doors were closed the line of disappointed ones who were turned away were more than a block in length. This concluded the largest and the last of the President's New Year's reception during a seven years administration. He entertained a large number at luncheon and again in the evening welcomed a number of his personal friends and officials at dinner, managing sometime in the interim between luncheon and dinner to get in a sharp ride on horseback through the park.

The earthquake horror in Italy which has stirred the sympathy of the civilized world is being discussed everywhere at the Capital and substantial aid is being extended to the sufferers in that stricken region. The Navy Department has assumed authority for sending out the Christmas ship which was to meet our fleet in the Red Sea, and the Red Cross Society with its headquarters here has sent \$50,000. The President has made a contribution from his own purse and the citizens of the Capital responded liberally to a public plea made by the Italian Ambassador for relief funds. Never in history has there been such a holocaust and the America people, probably the most lavish in their charity of any nation on the globe, have had their finest altruism stirred to practical action by the reports from the illstarred quarter. Ninety thousand dollars have been cabled from New York and this but the beginning of generosity.

Marked For Death

"Three years ago I was marked for death. A grave yard cough was tearing my lungs to pieces. Doctors failed to help me, and hope had fled when my husband got Dr. King's New Discovery," says Mrs. A. C. Williams, of Back Ky. "The first dose helped me and improvement kept on until I had gained 38 pounds in weight and my health was fully restored." This medicine holds the world's healing record for coughs and colds and lung and throat diseases. It prevents pneumonia. Solid under guarantee at all druggists, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

"Reverence God; honor your parents; keep a little time sacred from drudgery for the cultivation of the higher life; regard the four fundamental rights of your neighbor—their right to person, to property, to the family and to reputation; and do this from the heart. If you do this, you will need no priest to teach you for you will yourself be a priest. God asks of you nothing more than this, and will accept nothing less."

Medicine That Is Medicine.

"I have suffered a good deal with malaria and stomach complaints but I have now found a remedy that keeps me well, and that remedy is Electric Bitters; a medicine that is medicine for stomach and liver troubles, and for run down conditions," says W. C. Kiestler of Halliday Ark. Electric bitters purify and enrich the blood, tone up the nerves, and impart vigor and energy to the weak. Your money will be refunded if it fails to help you. See at all druggists.

Under the law the Legislature must begin balloting for a United States Senator on the second Tuesday after it is organized. The North Carolina Legislature will, therefore, select Senator Overman on Tuesday, 18th. On that day the two houses will ballot separately and on the day following, the 19th, the vote will be announced at a joint session of the House and Senate.—Landmark.

Reggio the Lost City.

(Baltimore Sun.)

Reggio, called Reggio di Calabria, was the capital of the province of the same name. It was an archiepiscopal see and had a population of 10,000 inhabitants.

It was one of the oldest settlements in Italy, and in antiquity its name was Rhegium. It was originally a European colony and was peopled in 726 B. C. by fugitive Messenians. It rose to great prosperity in the old days, but suffered from war, and 387 B. C. was captured by Dionysius I. of Syracuse, and destroyed.

It was again captured in 270 by the Romans and it underwent many vicissitudes of conquest in the middle ages. Taken by the Goths, captured in 549 A. D. by the Caraceni and likewise in 918, the Normans in 1095 Robert Guiscard in 1099 and the Turks in 1552 and again in 1597.

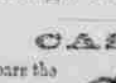
After the great earthquake in 1783, the town was almost entirely rebuilt, and it presented a more modern aspect than some of the other towns, and had wide streets which were studded with numerous handsome villas. It had a beautiful cathedral which dated from the seventeenth century, and it possessed numerous other handsome buildings, among them the Capella dei Sacramenti, highly decorated with colored marble, the Strada del Gesu, and adjacent to it the Civic Museum, which contained a fine collection of coins, maps, statutes and vases including a few very antique specimens with curious ornamentation.

Above the cathedral and back of it stood the Castello. In the piazza adjoining the railway station there was a fine statue of Garibaldi. Another handsome square was the Piazza Vittorio Emanuele, where the band often played and which was embellished with the statue of Italy.

The Strada Reggio Campi which ran along the heights behind the town, was considered a fine promenade, and it gave one of the finest views of the environs and of the Sicilian coast to be obtained anywhere.

Reggio was distant from Messina about six and a quarter miles. Probably its most beautiful feature to the tourist lay back of the town where the forest called Aspromonte rose in imposing fashion. It was there in the vicinity of Reggio that Garibaldi was wounded and taken prisoner by the Italian troops under Palavino on August 29, 1862. The ascent of this forest slope took about nine hours, and when the summit was gained, especially in moonlight, a commanding view of the sea, the islands and Sicily of unparalleled beauty was obtained.

It may sound a bit harsh but nevertheless it seems necessary to have it said and somehow impressed upon the people of this state that one of the reasons why the pistol-toting law isn't enforceable is that the taking of human life isn't regarded as a heinous crime any more—provided skillful lawyers and influential newspapers can be employed to provide a "justifiable defense." A few hangings spite of legal quibbles would go a long way to ward warning gentlemen who go armed in their adversities that the law was really made to be enforced and not to furnish technical excuses for settling murder cases. Until there are more penalties exacted the pistol will remain with us.—Chatanooga Times.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of


"Good-Bye Old Booz"

(Charlotte Observer 1st.)

Leading its influence to the sweep of prohibition which has extended over the country thro' which the lines operate, the Southern Railway Company will no longer serve its passengers with intoxicants. This order went into effect at midnight. It is a remarkable fact that from Alexandria, Va., on the north, is but eight miles from Washington, the extreme terminal of the Southern, to New Orleans, its southern end, there is not a wet town. The territory has been thoroughly rid of intoxicating drinks, so far as obtaining the same by legitimate methods, is concerned.

There remain a few towns, perhaps, on the branch lines of the Southern's system, but the order includes all territory, and hereafter a passenger on any of the lines of the company will be unable to procure a drink on the train.

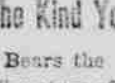
For several years the Southern has been striving at the point of temperance. Since the time when sections of the South began flopping over from "wet" to "dry" territory, it has been necessary to restrict the sale of whiskey on trains, lest there be an infringement of the law. It has now come to the point that practically between two terminals of the Southern's system the land has been absorbed of its original "wetness" because of the sweep of the prohibition wave which passed over the South with a maximum velocity.


The road may add water coolers.

JACKSON TRAINING SCHOOL.

The 12th day of January will be marked by the opening at Concord of the Jackson Training School, provisions for which was made by the last legislature. One building with accommodations for about thirty boys, will be ready at that time, and another building capable of accommodating an equal number will be ready within thirty days after that date. The establishing of such an institution for the detention and correction of youthful law-breakers is a distinctly forward step for the Old North State and its influence will doubtless be felt in the future in the decrease of crime in the State. The necessity which has heretofore existed of either releasing youthful criminals or sentencing them to association with adult prisoners on the chain gangs or in the State prison has doubtless tended rather toward the increase of crime than otherwise, and a school of correction is the proper solution to the vexing problem of youthful violators of the law.—Lenoir News.

The most surprising thing that could have happened was the conviction of six of the Redfoot night-riders of murder in the first degree and two of them of murder in the second. What now? Appeal, new trial and acquittal, or rescue by their guilty partners? Certainly there will be no pardon by the nifty Governor of their State. Mr. Lutra, or whatever his name, of Memphis, who lately walked into a saloon, shot three negroes dead and wounded three others, remarked afterwards, "I expect I will have a law suit over this thing." Anyhow, the night-riders have had a law suit.—Charlotte Observer.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of


Alcohol not needed
Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a strong drink. As now made, there is not a drop of alcohol in it. It is a non-alcoholic tonic and alterative. Ask your own doctor about your taking this medicine for thin, impure blood. Follow his advice every time. He knows.

Ask your doctor, "What is the first great rule of health?" Nine doctors out of ten will quickly reply, "Keep the bowels regular." Then ask him another question, "What do you think of Ayer's Pills for constipation?"
—Made by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.—

Watch Repairing.

More good watches are ruined in the hands of inexperienced workmen than in any other way. A watch is too costly an article to entrust to any one who may claim the title of Watchmaker.

During my many years of business I have always given the closest attention to the careful repairing and adjusting of watches brought to me and have bought none other than the best material. My charges are never excessive only enough to cover the cost of the work; neither do unnecessary work nor charge for work I do not execute. Don't wait until your watch refuses to run before having it cleaned, adjusted and freshly oiled.

J. W. BRYAN,
Graduate Watch-maker & Jeweler.

The Charlotte Observer.

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Every Day in the Year \$8. a Year.


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When the surgeon goes after inside information he gets it.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it.

How To Find Out.
Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is the kidneys and bladder are out of order.


also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.
What To Do.
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and soothes pain by passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.
You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
