

Anything Today in Our Line?

We can supply you with Brick, Lime, Sand, Sheet Rock, Wall Board, Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Casing, Windows, Doors, Builders Hardware, and almost anything you need for the new house or to repair the old one.

We handle good solid material and Solicit your orders.

Yours to serve,

WATAUGA FURNITURE & LBR. CO.

by W. R. Gragg, General Manager

NEW PLAN FOR FINANCING ELECTRIC LINES TO FARMERS

Eastern Power Company Works Out Table of Alternative Methods, Based on Number of Customers Per Mile — Successful Thus Far

Rates for electric service on the farm that give promise of proving satisfactory to both farmer and power company have been established by the Adirondack Power and Light Corporation of Schenectady, N. Y. These rates, which are not any indication of what may or may not be possible in other sections of the country, seem nevertheless to be a real contribution toward the solution of this pressing question.

In the case of the Adirondack company, the density of population, the character of the country, the kind of farms served and the cost of materials and of line construction have been such that these rates could apply. Such considerations enter into every effort to take electric lines to farms.

The farmer's problem is to get electric service at a cost low enough to make it profitable for him to use it. The utility company's problem is to supply the service at a price that will afford a fair return on the capital invested.

No Disappointments So Far

The Adirondack plan is the culmination of two years' intensive study, and, according to officials of the company, no case has yet been brought to their attention which cannot be taken care of under the provisions of its formula. In fact, the company now stands ready to extend service anywhere within its franchise area. The reply, "We will extend service if so many signatures are secured," etc., so common with utility companies to inquiries for service, is now changed by the Adirondack company to, "We will gladly extend service for you, and the terms will be so and so, in accordance with our tariff regulations."

The outstanding feature of the plan, as filed with the New York State Public Service Commission, is a table from which it is an easy matter to determine the terms of any rural extension. This gives the minimum monthly bill and deposit necessary, according to the number of customers per mile. The plan provides for two ways of sharing this expense, a flat minimum monthly bill or a lower minimum monthly bill plus a cash deposit by the customer.

Farms operated by tenants where the owner would hesitate to make a cash payment toward the line, and where the tenant would also be reluctant to make a cash deposit to secure electricity for a farm which he might vacate in a year or so, are expected to favor the minimum bill plan. In the case where the owner occupies the farm, the other plan of a deposit and a lower minimum bill will undoubtedly be favored.

How the Plan Works Out

In explaining this table, John L. Haley, commercial manager of the Adirondack Company, pointed out that where there are eight farmers to the mile desiring electric service, his company would build the line, without cost to the farmer, under terms whereby each farmer would see not less than \$2 worth of electricity a month, as explained above. Where there are six farmers to the mile, each farmer would be required to pay a minimum bill of \$4 per month or deposit \$130 with the company, as part cost of the extension, and thereby secure a minimum bill of \$3.

Where there are four farmers to the mile, the minimum bill would be \$4, provided the customer does not desire to share in the extension expense. In case he does, there are three ways open to him. He can deposit \$130 and accept a minimum bill of \$5; deposit \$265 and accept a minimum bill of \$4; or deposit \$400 and his minimum bill will be but \$3.

Each farmer's case is treated individually—that is, one farmer in the six-to-a-mile extension can agree to a minimum bill of \$4, whereas his neighbor can deposit \$130 and have a minimum bill of \$3.

City Rates for Farmers

Service supplied to customers from these rural lines will be charged for at the regular city rates. This is another point in which the Adirondack plan differs from others, it being the company's belief that with a low price for energy the farmer can economically use it in large quantities. Other companies have felt that they must charge a higher rate per kilowatt hour than obtains in the cities or that they must have a service charge in addition to so much per kilowatt hour for all electricity used. The Adirondack Company believes that with rates on the farm as low as they are in the city the farmer can economically use considerable energy and that this abundant use of service will make it possible for the company to extend its lines to serve farm customers.

One of the greatest obstacles in present day farm electrification is that when an extension is desired not all the residents along the proposed line will agree to share the expense. Then, after a few have assumed the expense and the line is installed, the others will ask for service and there is no way to compel them to assume a proportional share of the installation cost. Under this new plan, say, four farmers to the mile may desire electric service. They each agree to a minimum monthly bill of \$6, or perhaps each deposits \$400 in cash and agree

Minimum Bill or a Deposit, As Preferred

This is the table of minimum monthly rates, with the alternative deposit, according to the number of farms per mile, established by the Adirondack Power and Light Corporation of Schenectady, N. Y., throughout its territory:

Customers per Mile	Minimum Monthly Bill	Customer's Deposit
8	\$3.00	\$ 0.00
7	3.48	0.00
6	3.99	55.00
5	4.07	90.00
4	3.99	130.00
3.5	4.34	0.00
3	4.00	50.00
2.5	3.00	130.00
2	4.80	0.00
1.5	4.00	150.00
1	3.00	240.00
.5	5.23	0.00
...	5.00	47.00
...	4.00	175.00
...	2.00	310.00
...	6.00	0.00
4	5.00	130.00
...	4.00	365.00
...	3.00	400.00
2.5	5.85	0.00
...	6.00	115.00
...	5.00	247.00
...	4.00	332.00
3	8.00	0.00
...	6.00	165.00
...	5.00	400.00
2	12.00	0.00
...	6.00	300.00

to a minimum bill of \$3 per month. Later two more farmers within the same mile desire service. It then becomes a six-farmers-to-the-mile line and the difference in deposit originally made and that required by the new conditions is refunded to the original four customers.

Mixed Lines Allowed For

If a customer discontinues service, the deposit or minimum bill for the remaining customers will be determined on the same basis as for a new extension. Adjustments on deposits or minimum bills will be determined on December 31 of each year. Consideration is given to street lights or industrial uses of electricity, such as mills, etc. In figuring the number of customers to the mile, each \$100 annual revenue received from such uses is considered as equivalent to one customer unless such lights or mills require a special type of line. Thus, there may be but six farms to the mile using electricity and a mill may be using electricity bringing in \$200 a year revenue. The six farmers will then be rated on the eight-farmers-to-the-mile basis and thereby be allowed a lower minimum bill.

FARM LIGHTING AIDED

Ideas in G-E Farm Book on What Lights to Use and Where to Put Them

In an attractive publication recently issued by the General Electric Company, the G-E Farm Book, a complete plan for lighting the farm and the farm buildings by electricity is sketched out. Not only the farm house, but the barnyard and barn itself, dairy buildings, the stable for horses or cows, the silo and granary, the hay mow, the garage and tool shed, and the poultry house are included in the suggested method of electrical illumination.

A diagram of an electric lighting system for every floor of the farm house is shown. There is also a diagram suggesting how the control of the lights at the barn, poultry house and in the barnyard can be obtained from the farmer's dwelling house.

On Protection of Wires. "In wiring farm buildings," says the G-E Farm Book, "conduit or armored cable should be employed. While there is no likelihood of fire with insulated electric wires, moisture or ammonia fumes may rot the insulation, rubbing against walls may wear it, or rats and mice may gnaw it, causing live wires to be exposed.

To avoid breakage of lamps in shed, at the silo chute and similar places, wire guards can be used. In dairy cattle exercise barns, or other buildings where stock is allowed to run loose, switches should be placed at least six feet from the floor, so that the stock cannot strike against them. It is best to fasten over them a wooden box-like cover with an open bottom, as cattle will sometimes attempt to investigate an exposed switch with their tongues. "It is advisable in barns and especially in dairy buildings to install porcelain or moisture-proof switches and wiring devices. They last longer and are generally far more satisfactory than metal devices in outside installations or where there is much moisture."

Dusting for Dayton



"What's all the shooting about? Think I will amble down and see that me and my pals get a square deal," said our boy friend as he dusted his fedora out a Woodland Bower yesterday. Then he tilted the baby's bank; bought his ticket; and was off for Tennessee.

NEW LABELS

Going along the highways we see the following superscriptions on many Fords as they go hither and thither:

- "Ophelia Bumps."
- "If our top's down, go on over."
- "My crossword puzzle."
- "A run runner."
- "I can't afford to can my Ford."
- "Why go to Reno to shake her?"
- "Dodge, brothers!"
- "Oh for a Ford! Owe and owe and owe!"
- "Chicken, here's your coupe."
- "Danger, 20,000 joits."
- "Struggle buggy."
- "The Uncovered Wagon."
- "Little Bo Creep."
- "Honest weight—no springs."
- "Why girls walk home."
- "Dis Squeals."
- "Mah Junk."
- "There is beauty in every jar."
- "The tin you love to touch."
- "One more payment and the old baby's mine."
- "Let the rest of the world go by."
- "Four wheels and no brakes."
- "It's Ben Hur's—Now it's Mine."
- "Follow the Lizzies back home."
- "F. O. B.—Fool on Board."

NOTICE OF SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

By virtue of a deed of assignment made to the undersigned by W. P. Moody and wife and A. P. Moody and wife, I will on Saturday August 1, 1925, at the residence of A. P. Moody in Boone township Watauga County, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash the following articles of personal property to wit:

- One red cow five years old; one Chevrolet coupe automobile; one mowing machine and rake; one grist mill; one wagon, two horses; one section harrow, one hill side plow; one feed cutter, one grain drill; and other farming tools.

The terms of sale on amounts under \$10 cash on day of sale, more than \$10 on 90 days time with note and approved security.

This 3rd day of July 1925.

F. C. WARD,
Trustee of A. P. Moody and W. P. Moody.

NOTICE OF SUMMONS OF

WARRANT OF ATTACHMENT
North Carolina, Watauga county
In Superior Court before the clerk J. E. Felty
vs
J. L. Wagner, W. J. Wagner and J. D. Shook
The defendant J. L. Wagner above named will take notice that a summons in the above entitled action was issued against said defendant on the 26th day of May, 1925, by A. W. Smith, Clerk Superior Court Watauga County, North Carolina for the sum of \$1100.25 due said plaintiff by note, which summons is returnable before said clerk at his office in Boone Watauga county, state of North Carolina, on the 6th day of July 1925.

The defendant J. L. Wagner, will also take notice that a warrant of attachment was issued by said clerk on the 26th day of May 1925 against the property of said defendant which warrant is returnable before the said Clerk of the Superior court at the time and place above named for the return of the summons, when and where the defendant is required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint or the relief demanded to be granted.

This 3rd day of June 1925.
A. W. SMITH,
Clerk Superior Court.

NOTICE
To the creditors of W. P. Moody and A. P. Moody insolvents:
You will please file your claims with me within twelve months from the date of this notice. All claims must be properly verified.
This May 25, 1925.
F. C. WARD,
Trustee of W. P. Moody and A. P. Moody.

CITY BARBER SHOP

announces prices for the summer:

- Hair Cut 35
- Shave 20
- Shampoo plain 35
- Massage 35
- Glover's Shampoo 50
- Tonic 15-20-25
- Singe 25
- Lemon Steam 25
- Shoe Shine 10
- Splendid Shower Bath 25
- Ladies Hair cut 25

We are located under the Watauga Bank. Give us a call and we will treat you right. CITY BARBER SHOP 6-11

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed, executed to Allen Greene by T. D. Jones on the 29th day of October, 1924, to secure the sum of \$562.50 and default having been made in the payment of said amount, I will, on the 3rd day of August, 1925, at the court house door of Watauga county at 1:00 o'clock P. M. sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to-wit:

BEGINNING on a locust stake on the bank of the road, Fred Greene's line, a south course to the creek; then a West course with the meanders of the branch to B. B. Greene's stable, then a Northeast course to a stake on the bank of the public road; then an East course with the public road to the beginning.

S. D. GREENE,
Administrato of Allen Greene.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION

NORTH CAROLINA,
Watauga County.
Having qualified as administrator of Frank South, deceased, late of Watauga county, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present them to the undersigned at Tamarack, N. C. on or before July 2nd, 1926, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 2nd day of July, 1925.

NANNIE SOUTH,
Admr. of Frank South, dec'd.
Brown & Bingham, Attys. 25-6-p

NOTICE OF SALE

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Commissioners of Watauga County, North Carolina at their office in the court house in Boone on Tuesday July 21, 1925 at noon for the purchase of \$40,000 jail bonds of said county, dated May 1, 1925, bearing interest at the rate of five per centum per annum payable semi-annually in New York and maturing as follows: \$1000 on 1st of May in each of the years 1930 to 1944; \$2000 on 1st May in each of the years 1945 to 1949; \$3000 on first May in each of the years 1950 to 1954 all inclusive, denomination \$1000. All bids must be accompanied by certified check for 2 per centum of par value of the bonds bid for to secure the said county against any loss resulting from the failure of the bidder to comply with the terms of his bid.

S. C. EGGERS, Chairman

The above notice is published to correct technical errors in the legal proceedings, the bonds having been sold.

7-9-It

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed to W. P. Moody by E. M. Cornett, dated the 23rd day of October 1920, to secure the sum of \$774.80, being the purchase money on lands hereinafter described and default having been made in the payment of said sum I will on the third day of August, 1925, sell to the highest bidder for cash at the court house door in Boone township, Watauga County, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. the following described tract of land, being the same tract of land conveyed to E. M. Cornett containing 21 acres and 70 rods by deed dated the 23rd day of October 1920, by W. P. Moody and wife M. E. Moody and A. P. Moody and wife Meda Moody to which deed and the registration thereof reference is here by made for a more complete description of same.

This the 3rd day of July 1925.
F. C. WARD
Trustee of A. P. Moody and W. P. Moody.

HANNA'S GREEN SEAL PAINTS

The Sign of Good Paint

The Habit of keeping a house nicely painted really means more than simply making it look attractive. It means that it is being protected against deterioration and decay and this house will continue to look well long after neighboring homes begin to appear "run down."

If your house should need painting, Now is the right time to paint it, and

Hanna's Green Seal

is the right paint. To delay the matter will not mean genuine economy.

SOLD BY

BOONE HARDWARE COMPANY

Boone, North Carolina

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER: Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *W. C. Fletcher* Absolutely Harmless—No Opium. Physicians everywhere recommend it.