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THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1931

"The Way of Life"

By BRUCE BARTON

SCRUBWOMEN

One hot day, when the business depression was worst, I visited two of the best corporations in the world. I talked with the treasurer of one and with the chairman of the finance committee of the other—and these are men, I may tell you, in whose make-up sentimentality plays very little part.

They had been looking at red figures until their eye-balls burned. They were entirely unwilling to predict when their industries would improve.

But each of them uttered the same fervent exclamation: "If only we can pull through without having to cut wages!"

When you stop to think about it, that is an astonishing phenomenon. Twenty-five years ago men in similar positions would have said immediately, "Business is off ten per cent; slash wages twenty per cent."

The same sort of executives who used to assume that the way to cure depression was by cutting wages, are now convinced that the way to cure it is not to cut.

That is one principal fact which makes the current depression different from its predecessors. That is progress!

History has a curious way of upsetting contemporary judgments. Many of the events which seem important to men and women while they are living, prove insignificant in the eyes of the ages. And some very little things later loom large.

Who was king of Spain in 1666? I do not remember. But I do recall that in 1666 an apple fell and hit Isaac Newton.

Who was Warren Harding? Who were Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover? Some future school-boy may be puzzled by those inquiries.

But unless I am very much mistaken every future history book will lay emphasis on two developments which have taken place under our very eyes.

They will tell that a boy named Lindbergh flew across the Atlantic Ocean.

And that a man named Ford announced that he would pay all workers, even scrubwomen, a minimum of five dollars a day.

The idea that high wages makes prosperity, that the key to good business lies not in the safe deposit boxes of millionaires, but is carried in the pocket of every worker—this is something entirely new.

It holds the hope of the future. Whatever else may have to be discarded, American business must not surrender that American ideal!

The Family Doctor

By DR. JOHN JOSEPH GAINES

LAW VIOLATORS

The fellow that takes a gun and goes out among the people to collect a living by that means is a criminal, duly accredited as such, with many tomes of expensive, statutory laws, built for his especial treatment. Multiplied millions are expended each year for his "care," all paid by burdened, harassed, struggling mass of unrequited people who are still Americans.

Sometimes I think—and that's the substance of this letter—that the most FOOLISH violator of inflexible law, is the man or woman who goes out and commits crime against self. So many thousands, regardless of their position in church or state, rush pell-mell into crime against their bodies, to reap penalties more certain than any human court can assess! And the doctor is called in to help smooth matters over for the "villain." Which would appear humorous, were it not such a serious matter.

They go after the business, armed with everything from corn whisky to mince pie, to commit crimes that always draw a verdict of guilty with punishment following immediately. In my night-visits about town, I see young men and even girls—lined up at "hot dog" counters, stuffing themselves at all hours with combinations that put the real crackman's "jimmy" to shame—yet no statutory law is here to prevent the youngsters from having "a good time," provided they are not too hilarious... committing CRIME against their wonder-young bodies!

And sexual crimes—affronts to nature that are never unpunished. What a race we might be—what splendid men and women we would be were all obedient to NATURAL LAWS! The roue, the common-law wife, the courtesan, the boy and girl "friend," Foolish criminals, committers of crime rarely if ever uncovered by State law. Servers of sentences that are just, they are asserted by the designer and Creator of man.

Remember, the reward for obedience to NATURAL LAW, is LONG AND HAPPY LIFE, because healthy. Sin against self is sin against GOD.

Helps Along the Road

O Spirit of the living God, In all the plenitude of grace, Where'er the foot of man hath trod, Descend on our apostate race.

Give tongues of fire and hearts of love,

To breach the reconciling word, Give power and unguion from above, Whom'er the best of souls is heard.

Be darkness at the coming, light; Confusion before the day; Faith, Souls, without strength inspire with might, Bid mercy triumph over wrath.

Convert the nations, far and nigh— The triumphs of the cross records; The name of Jesus glorify; 'Till every people call his Lord. —James Montgomery.

The Psalms are a mirror in which each man sees the motions of his own soul. They express in exquisite words the kinship which every thoughtful human heart craves to find with a supreme, unchanging, loving God, who will be to him a protector, guardian, and friend. The utter the ordinary experiences, the familiar thoughts of men; but they give to these a width of range, an intensity and a depth, and an elevation which transcend the capacity of the most gifted. They translate into speech the spiritual passion of the loftiest genius; they also utter, with the beauty born of truth and simplicity, and with exact agreement between the feeling and the expression, the inarticulate and humble longings of the unlettered peasant. So it is that, in every country, the language of the Psalms has become part of the daily life of nations, passing into their proverbs, mingling with their conversation, and used at every critical stage of existence. —Howland E. Prothro.

Give me a new, a perfect heart, From doubt and fear and sorrow free, The mind which was in Christ impart, And let my spirit cleave to thee. —Charles Wesley.

Webster Draws 5 to 7 Years for Murder or S. E. Day in October

(Continued from Page 1)

to leave the house and go to her grandmother's. On the fatal day, soon after Webster had taken her to task, her paragon nickered her up and took her a roundabout way to North Wilkesboro. It was later that night, after she had returned from the ride with Day, that the shooting occurred. Several other witnesses were introduced, two of whom viewed the tragedy.

The State presented its argument in four speeches, by Messrs. J. E. Holshouser, Eugene Trivette and Senator W. R. Lovill, of the private prosecution, with the closing argument by State's Solicitor John R. Jones. The defense had but three, these being by Messrs. J. A. Rousseau and J. H. Wheeler, with the final appeal for acquittal by Judge Tam Bowe. Judge Schenck gave his brief charge Friday at 1 o'clock, and the case was given to the jury which returned its verdict Saturday afternoon.

Veteran of World War

The deceased, Day, was a World War veteran and was 36 years old. His widow formerly was Miss Mary Beach, daughter of the late A. W. Beach, and was reared in Boone. Day left his war risk insurance as the principal feature of his estate, which will be paid to his widow in monthly instalments of \$57.50 for the support of herself and his orphaned children so long as she remains a widow.

Webster and his wife have no children of their own. Mrs. Smoak being the daughter of Mrs. Webster by a previous marriage. The convicted man is 47 years old. If he serves the full five years' minimum of his sentence, he will be 52 years old when he walks forth a free man from the State's prison gates in 1936.

State's Solicitor Jones nor private counsel, Messrs. Trivette and Holshouser, and Senator Lovill, interposed further words once the verdict has been returned, their duty being closed with their argument to the jury. In the trial when harrowing facts of a broken and disrupted household were laid bare to the public gaze and the agony of mind and heart disclosed, public sentiment which soon after the shooting was against Webster, underwent a change and was in sympathy with him. The unembarrassed admissions of her disobediences, and of her illicit love affair with Day as told by Mrs. Smoak herself probably militated as much as any other factor in creating new sympathy for the defendant.

Preserve Cheap Eggs by Old Water Glass Method

One of the best and most economical methods of preserving fresh eggs for use later is to use the old water glass method advocated by poultrymen for many years.

"It will cost only about two cents a dozen to preserve eggs by this method," says C. F. Parrish, extension poultryman at State College, "and with the present crop selling at about 20 cents a dozen this method of preservation for household use is an excellent investment. Eggs sell for 30 to 40 cents a dozen and more in the fall and if the poultryman has a supply preserved in water glass for his own use, he can sell the freshly laid eggs for this price. The city housekeeper will also find that preserving eggs now while they are cheap will save some money this fall."

Eggs caved by this method may be used in any form for table purposes, except for poaching. Only fresh, clean eggs with a firm shell texture

The Amateur Gardener Starts His Spring Exercise By Albert T. Reid



should be used. Cracked eggs are not fit for any kind of storage. Candle the eggs and see that they are strictly fresh and then get a five gallon glazed earthen jar or other glass jar. Be sure it has a lid that will fit tightly.

When the eggs have been selected and the jar made strictly sanitary by boiling water, the actual process of preserving begins. Heat a quantity of water to boiling point sufficient to have nine quarts when cooled. When the container is dry, cool the boiled water and pour into the container. Next add one quart of sodium silicate. When the solution is thoroughly mixed, place the eggs in the solution with the small ends down. Layer after layer may be added until the container is filled to within three inches of the top. The solution should be kept two inches deep over the eggs at all times.

Cull Baby Chicks To Remove Weaklings

There will be some crippled and weakling chicks in every hatch, despite utmost care in selecting breeding stock and hatching eggs. Such chicks should be removed at hatching time to prevent their giving trouble later.

"Culling will be practiced by the alert poultryman every day in the year," says N. W. Williams, poultryman at State College. "The watchful poultryman will detect any untidy chicks in his flock and remove them as detected. Chicks that are slow in growing should be removed to a separate house or placed in a brood of similar size. These should be marked for the market as soon as of sufficient size. Otherwise they might find their way into the

NOTICE OF MORTGAGEE'S SALE

Under and by virtue of a certain mortgage deed executed to the undersigned mortgagees by J. C. Keller and wife, Amanda, and J. A. Keller and wife, Lillie, on the 7th day of November, 1928, and default having been made in the payments of the money therein secured as there-in provided, we will on Monday, April 13th, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the courthouse door in Boone, N. C., Watauga County, sell to the highest bidder for cash the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lying and being in Beaver Dam Township, Watauga County, adjoining the lands of J. Y. Smitherman, Council Ward and others; Tract No. 1; beginning on a spruce pine and runs east 16 poles to a chestnut, thence north 34 poles to a white pine, thence west 19 poles to a stake in W. B. Gambill's line, thence south to the beginning and containing 4 acres more or less. Tract No. 2; beginning on a group of chestnut saplings in the old Grant line runs south 31 east 21 poles to a stake, thence north 54 east 12 poles to a stake, thence north 26 1-2 east 3 poles to a dogwood, thence south 73 east 14 poles to a spruce pine, thence south 39 east 15 poles to a white oak, thence south 60 poles to a stake in J. C. Keller's line, thence with old Grant line to the beginning, containing 12 acres more or less. Tract No. 3; beginning on a spruce pine J. H. Lunsford's old corner, thence south 26 east 20 poles to a locust, thence south 35 1-2 east 2 poles to spruce pine, Smitherman's corner, thence east 5 poles to a stake in the branch, thence up said branch to J. H. Lunsford's line, thence with said line to the beginning, containing 2 acres more or less.

This 13th day of March, 1931. W. Y. FARTHING and wife, NAOMI FARTHING, Mortgagees.

laying house and possibly later into the breeding pens. If any chick shows signs of sickness, it should be taken from the flock and destroyed. Cremation is the safest and most satisfactory method of destruction.

Mr. Williams does not believe that chicks should ever be helped out of the shell. Sometimes this is done when the eggs are partially pipped and the

chick is unable to get out of the shell by its own efforts. When a chick has to be aided in this way, it is usually a weakling, will develop poorly and will likely die before it reaches the laying stage.

The eggs for hatching should always be carefully selected. Abnormal eggs usually mean a poor hatch.

Militiamen Guard \$50,000 Contest Mail



THE thousands of letters received in the \$50,000 Camel cigarette contest, advertised in newspapers from coast to coast, were guarded in the same manner as huge gold shipments. Photograph shows contest mail being loaded into an armored truck at the Winston-Salem, N. C., postoffice under guard for transportation to the offices of the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company. Charles Dana Gibson, noted artist and publisher of Life, Ray Long, president of International Magazine Company and Editor of Cosmopolitan Magazine, and Roy Howard, chairman of the board of the Scripps-Howard newspapers, were judges of the contest which called for answers to the question, "What recent change has been made in the wrapping of the Camel package containing twenty cigarettes and what are its advantages to the smoker?" The huge response to the contest announcements proved anew the great responsiveness of the public to newspaper advertising.

AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE \$2.50 PER TON, F. O. B. Maymead, Tenn. (In Any Quantity) \$4.90 PER TON, F. O. B. Boone, N. Car. (In Carload Lots—33 1-2 Tons Minimum) Mount Brothers Shoums, Tennessee