

# Money to Burn

By Peter B. Kyne

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## CHAPTER X—Continued

"I understand thoroughly, Elmer. Well, you're forgiven everything—all except running away like a tin-canned dog. Really, you act as if you are horribly afraid of something."

"I am, but I can't discuss it over the telephone. Tell you what I'll do, Nellie. I'll delay my departure and you come to dinner with me tonight."

"I'd love to, Elmer, but not tonight. But I can go with you tomorrow night. I'm too busy to see you before then."

Reluctantly Elmer agreed to her counter proposal and Nellie, hugely satisfied with herself, hung up and returned to the bank, where she wrote the following letter to J. Fitzgerald, acting captain of detectives, Los Angeles police department:

"Dear Captain Fitzgerald:  
"With reference to the matter we discussed over the long-distance telephone, when I told you that a check in favor of Doris Gatewood had been received at this bank and was being returned with the notation 'Signature of Indorser Irregular':

"You will be glad to know that your action in conforming to my request and mailing anonymously to Mr. Clarke the police records and rogues' gallery photographs of Colorado Charley has borne rich fruit. Within a few minutes after its receipt Mr. Clarke called at the bank and ordered payment stopped on the check. He was much disturbed. Shortly thereafter he purchased two thousand dollars' worth of travelers' checks here, so I realized he was about to leave the state.

"Immediately I made it my business to call him up and ascertained, without letting him know I was pumping him, that he is frightened and panicky. Evidently he has compromised himself, probably in writing, and now fears reprisals from the outraged and disappointed lady in the shape of a suit for breach of promise. My personal opinion is, however, that now they realize his suspicions are aroused, they will endeavor to extract as large a cash settlement as possible, guaranteeing no publicity in return. Of course we must protect him by catching them in the act of levying blackmail, and if Mr. Clarke fled the state we couldn't do that, could we? So I have managed to delay his departure forty-eight hours.

"This letter will reach you via the same train that carries Mr. Clarke's rejected check back to the Los Angeles bank. In fact, it will reach you earlier than that, because I am sending it special delivery. Immediately upon receipt of it, please arrange to have the movements of this unsavory couple watched and report to me by telephone.

"Yours truly,  
"Nellie Cathcart."

## CHAPTER XI

The following afternoon Nellie received a long distance call from Los Angeles. Acting Captain of Detectives J. Fitzgerald was reporting.

"Sent a man out to watch the house as soon as I got your letter," he announced. "The bank must have telephoned them about the check, for at half past ten they called a taxi and went down to the office of a shyster attorney. They were there two hours and then returned to the bungalow. As soon as my man reported they were in conference with that particular lawyer the whole thing was as clear as mud.

"They're going up to Pliarcitos to shake the boy down as sure as death and taxes, so I have started two good men for Pliarcitos in a fast automobile. They will install a dictograph in the young fellow's house and listed in on the unholy proposition. I want you to provide a fast and accurate stenographer to take down every word. Can you do that?"

"I'm the fastest and most accurate stenographer in this county," Nellie replied quietly.

"Good girl! Now, then, I'm going to leave it to you to arrange for a clear field for my men. They've got to be alone in that house for an hour."

"I have already arranged that. I will explain the details to your representative when he calls tomorrow morning."

"Thanks. We'll land 'em out in the

tall grass, never fear. I'll phone you if anything new develops."

He did—at eight-thirty a. m. next day, to report that Colorado Charley and his lady friend had purchased tickets from Los Angeles to Pliarcitos and return; that they were due in Pliarcitos at nine-two that night.

At ten o'clock a sleepy-looking man walked into the bank and immediately sought Nellie Cathcart's window, a small gold sign bearing Nellie's name serving as a clue.

"I'm Detective Sergeant Fahey, from Los Angeles," he announced. "The chief sent me an' my partner up with orders to report to you."

"I'm pleased to meet you, Mr. Fahey. Here are your instructions," and she handed him a sealed envelope. "Good morning!"

"Just not the smartest Jane in the world," Mr. Fahey confided to his partner, Detective Sergeant Abraham Lipowsky, when he rejoined the latter on the sidewalk. "She takes no chances on bein' seen in long, earnest conversation with a strange man, so she had the dope all typed out an' waitin' for us. 'Pleased to meet you, Goodby,' says she."

He tore open the envelope and read to Lipowsky:

"Colorado Charley and Mae are due in Pliarcitos at 9:02 tonight. They will probably go direct to Mr. Clarke's house, a shingled bungalow, at No. 302 C street, corner of Hazel drive.

"At seven o'clock tonight Mr. Clarke will leave his home to take me to dinner. He will not return until shortly after ten o'clock. As soon as he has



"I'm Detective Sergeant Fahey, From Los Angeles," He Announced.

left the house his colored servant will go uptown to spend the evening. You can gain entrance to the house by using a skeleton key on the kitchen door, the lock of which is simple and old-fashioned, since burglars seldom operate in Pliarcitos.

"You can set up your dictograph behind the old hair sofa in the parlor and run your wires along the edge of the wall, draw them up back of the piano and out the window, around the back of the house to the garage. Nobody will disturb you there as Mr. Clarke keeps his car in an uptown garage.

"When Mr. Clarke drops me at my house and proceeds to the uptown garage, I will come over to his garage with a large flashlight torch, a stenographer's notebook and several sharp pencils. The fender of the flivver will serve as a desk. I will knock twice on the door—a pause between each rap. The rest I leave to you."

"Well, what do you know about that damsel?" said Detective Sergeant Lipowsky.

"I'd ask her to marry me if I stood a Chinaman's chance—which I don't," Detective Sergeant Fahey replied sadly.

Promptly at seven o'clock Elmer called for Nellie and carried her off to Joe Angellotti's road house for dinner. Not once during the ride out did Nellie refer to Elmer's unfortunate predicament; seemingly she was not interested in it and not until they were halfway through dinner did Elmer broach the subject himself.

"Can't linger to do any dancing here tonight, Nellie. I must get home early."

Nellie seemed disappointed, so he hastened to excuse his action.

"I'm afraid I'm in for a bad hour between nine and ten tonight, Nellie. I had a wire from Doris Gatewood this morning. She's coming up to see me and she asked me to be at home tonight."

"Now, what do you suppose she wants?" Nellie's tones were freighted with a languid interest. She helped herself to an olive and ate it with relish. Elmer, watching her sharply, was reassured.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### Paint Used by Red Indians

The pigments used for war paint by the American Indians were mainly of mineral and vegetal origin. The mineral dyes especially were oxides of iron and carbonate of copper. The stains were extracts of bark, grapes, berries, lichens and roots.

## Fall Best Time for Preparing for Lawn

### Moist Weather Conditions Make for Rapid Growth.

The fall season is a much better time for the sowing of grass seed and the building of a lawn than is the spring, according to G. M. McClure, specialist in soils at the Ohio State university, who says that lawn grasses grow best under cool, moist conditions, such as are likely to occur during September and October.

The growth of young grass seeded in September, he asserts, is less hampered by weeds than is grass sown in the spring. Most weeds have sprouted earlier in the season and have been cultivated out during the preparation of the seed bed. Another reason for fall seeding is that the grass stools or tillers out during this season and consequently establishes itself before the advent of freezing weather. With such a start the grass begins growth early in the spring and is able to compete with weeds which begin growth upon the arrival of warm weather.

Grading is the first operation in starting a new lawn, he says. If the final grade must be lower than the present one, from four to six inches of surface soil is removed, the grade established by removing the subsoil, and the surface soil replaced to make the final grade. If the final grade is to be higher than the original, grading is done by applying top soil over the area and leveling it to the desired grade.

## Soy Beans Make Good Live Stock Feed Crop

Soy beans make a good replacement crop for spring wheat in those sections where corn is a profitable crop, states H. W. Hulbert, head of the department of agronomy of the University of Idaho College of Agriculture. The success of the crop depends on the selection of varieties and the use of inoculation.

Experiments conducted at Lenore in co-operation with H. L. Stafford, a farmer of that district, and J. W. Thomez, Nez Perce county agricultural agent, have furnished much information regarding varieties adapted to this area. Minusay and Wisconsin Black are two varieties best suited to the higher elevations along the Clearwater river. Its San will mature at the middle elevations, while Manchou and Habero are best for the lowest and warmest sections. If a hay crop is desired, Chestnut or Manchou varieties should be selected. The choice of variety is complicated by the fact that more than 1,200 different varieties are grown in the United States.

Since most of the adapted varieties are low in oil, soy beans should be grown as a supply crop for "hogging off," or feed for other live stock. They add materially to the value of the ration when "hogged off" in combination with corn and supplemented with bundle grain. The meal and ground beans make an excellent grain ration feed for all kinds of live stock. The hay is nearly equal to alfalfa for milk production.

## Best Results Produced by Coarse Fertilizer

Is a finely ground fertilizer better, from the standpoint of availability to the plant, than a fertilizer compound of coarse granules or particles? The answer, commonly affirmative, may have to be revised if indications from preliminary tests by Prof. S. D. Conner, of Purdue university, are confirmed. Professor Conner fertilized corn in the hill with a complete fertilizer in granular or pellet form, and also with the same fertilizer finely ground, applied in the same way and at the same rate. The coarse granules have to date produced bigger corn plants than the finely ground fertilizer. Professor Conner's explanation is that the finely ground fertilizer, by reason of its more intimate contact with the soil, is fixed in the soil, whereas with the coarse particles a comparatively small amount of the plant food is fixed in the soil immediately surrounding the granules, leaving a larger proportion of the plant food free for use by the plant. Professor Conner points out that this condition may not hold for all fertilizers in all soils, but nevertheless may be an important consideration in the use of certain types of fertilizers.—Fertilizer Review.

## FARM HINTS

Apples exported from the United States last year were valued at nearly \$29,000,000.

Poisoned bran mash is the best bait to use for saving cultivated crops from grasshoppers.

There is less waste and less inefficiency on the average farm than in most city offices and shops.—Country Home

Improved Uniform International

# Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

Lesson for September 13

SOME MISSIONARY EXPERIENCES

LESSON TEXT—Acts 14:1-28.  
GOLDEN TEXT—Blessed are they which are persecuted for righteousness' sake: for theirs is the kingdom of heaven.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Some Missionary Adventures.  
JUNIOR TOPIC—Some Missionary Adventures.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Hardships of Missionaries.  
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Christianity Facing Other Religions.

### I. Paul and Barnabas Preaching at Iconium (vv. 1-7).

Their experience here was much the same as at Antioch. They entered the Jewish synagogue and preached, causing a multitude of Jews and Gentiles to believe. The unbelieving Jews stirred up the Gentiles to the most bitter opposition. Concerning their work in Iconium observe:

1. Their manner of preaching (v. 1). They "so spake" that a great multitude believed. They were true preachers. Only that which brings conviction of sin and induces decisions for Christ can be truly said to be preaching in the biblical sense. It is not enough merely to bring the truth to the people. It must be brought in such a way that men and women will be induced to decide for Christ.

2. Their attitude toward opposition (v. 3). This is suggested by the word "therefore." "Long time therefore they tarried." The opposition did not prevent their preaching but incited them to continue preaching. Christian workers should not give up work because of opposition.

3. Their preaching accompanied with miracles (v. 3). Since the opposition was so fierce, the Lord granted special help in his vindication of their testimony.

4. The effect of their preaching (v. 4). The multitude of the city was divided. Where men faithfully preach the gospel there will be division.

5. Paul and Barnabas assailed (vv. 5-7). The Jews and the Gentiles united in this assault. Being apprised of this effort, Paul and Barnabas fled to Lystra and Derby, where they preached the gospel.

### II. An Attempt to Worship Paul and Barnabas as Gods (vv. 8-18).

1. The occasion (vv. 8-10). It was the healing of a lame man. God's gracious power shown in healing this lame man occasioned new difficulty. That which ought to have been a help was turned into a hindrance. This was a notable miracle. The man had never walked. On hearing Paul preach, faith was born in his heart (Rom. 10:17). When Paul perceived that he trusted Christ, he called with a loud voice that all could hear for the man to stand upright. The cure was instantaneous, for he leaped up and walked (v. 10).

2. The method (vv. 11-13). They called Barnabas Jupiter, and Paul Mercurius because he was the chief speaker. The priest of Jupiter brought oxen and garlands ready to offer sacrifices unto these men (v. 13). In the person of Jesus Christ God has actually appeared to man (John 1:14; Phil. 2:7, 8).

3. Their efforts frustrated (vv. 14-18). This foolish act was happily averted by the tact of the apostles as exhibited in the address of the occasion:

a. They denied that they were divine beings.

b. They directed them to turn away from these vain things unto the living God who made heaven and earth.

### III. The Stoning of Paul (vv. 19-23).

Wicked Jews from Antioch and Iconium pursued Paul with relentless hate to this place where they stirred up the very people who had been willing to worship them a short time before. This shows that satanic worship can soon be turned into satanic hate. This hatred took form in the stoning of Paul and the dragging of him out of the city for dead. Having been raised up by God, he with undaunted courage pressed on with his duties as a missionary bearing the good tidings to the lost. Soon after this, Paul turned back and revisited the places where he had preached, telling them that through great tribulation they must enter into the Kingdom of God.

### IV. The Organization of Churches in the Field (vv. 23-28).

Evangelization with Paul did not mean a hasty and superficial preaching of the gospel, but the establishment of a permanent work. Elders were appointed in every church. The work of the missionary is not done until there is established on the field self-governing and self-propagating churches

She Knew Them  
"Aren't there a lot of useless words in the English language?"  
"Yes, and my wife knows them all."



## Grow YOUNGER!

If you have let the years master you—steal your appetite, energy, and sleep—you should start now mastering the years! You can be growing younger all the time. Just keep up your "pep" by giving your system the many vital elements contained in Fellows' Syrup. You will eat heartily, sleep long and restfully, go about your work and recreation with enthusiasm.

After the first few doses of this wonderful tonic, you will feel a great improvement. But that is only the beginning. Ask your druggist for the genuine Fellows' Syrup, which doctors have prescribed for many years.

# FELLOWS' SYRUP

### The Perfect Guest

Hostess—I shall expect you to save me a few dances, Mr. Fanshaw.  
Mr. Fanshaw—Oh, sure, yes indeed. You don't think I came just to be entertained, I hope.

## Your Money's Worth

People are looking for "their money's worth". They make up their minds as to what constitutes the best value and then choose accordingly. That's why more than 10,000 people every day are changing to St. Joseph's Genuine Pure Aspirin. "St. Joseph's" is both genuine and pure and meets every government standard. Thousands realize it is neither sensible nor necessary to pay more than 10c for 12 tablets of genuine pure aspirin. "St. Joseph's" is wrapped in moisture-proof cellophane to preserve the purity and full strength of each tablet. Be safe, be economical, always ask for "the largest selling pure aspirin in the world for 10c—St. Joseph's".

### Forgery Costs Millions

Losses from forgeries in the world now total more than \$250,000,000 annually.



### Think It Over

Not what you do, but how you do it is the test of your capacity.



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