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WEATHER
Friday and Saturday, Probable Showers. South Winds.

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EASILY PASSED

Postal Savings Bank Bill Adjusted By Lower House.

MAJORITY OVERWHELMING

Large Defection Was Shown Among Democrats When Show Down Came After a Six Hours Debate.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, June 9.—By the overwhelming majority of 195 to 101 the House tonight passed the postal savings bank bill, as recently agreed upon by the Republican caucus of the House. Not a single Republican voted against the measure on the final rollcall. Prior to this action the House by 113 to 196 rejected the Democratic substitute for the bill proposed by the minority.

The voting upon the several motions involved in the disposition of the measure followed six hours of debate in which many Republicans and Democrats recorded their views upon the bill of the majority and the substitute supported by a large portion of the minority.

The large defection among the Democrats was shown when the Democratic substitute was voted upon, 21 of them joining the Republicans in voting against the measure, most of whom were opposed to a postal savings system of any kind. Among these Democrats was Brantley, of Georgia; Broussard, of Louisiana; Burgess, of Texas; Carlin, of Virginia; Flood, of Virginia; Garrett, of Tennessee; Gillespie, of Texas; Hay, of Virginia; Lamb, of Virginia; Moon, of Tennessee; Slayden, of Texas, and Turnbull, of Virginia.

On the Republican side, Norris, of Nebraska, "insurgent," was the only member who voted with the Democrats for their substitute.

On agreeing to the bill as proposed by the majority of the House as a substitute for the Senate measure the vote was 173 to 105. On this vote, 26 Democrats joined the Republicans and among them were Aiken, of South Carolina; Henry, of Texas; Johnson, of Kentucky; Pou, of North Carolina, and Randell, of Louisiana.

Six Republicans joined the Democrats in voting against the proposed bill of the majority.

After a motion of Mr. Moon, of Tennessee, to recommit the bill to the committee which reported it had been defeated, the House voted upon final passage, the vote being 195 to 101, 24 Democrats voting with the Republicans, as follows: Aiken, of South Carolina; Ansberry, of Ohio; Ashbrook, of Ohio; Cox, of Ohio; Foss, of Massachusetts; Foster, of Illinois; Hammond, of Minnesota; Havens, of New York; Henry, of Texas; Hitchcock, of Nebraska; Hughes, of New York; Kinkead, of New Jersey; MacGuire, of Nebraska; Martin, of Colorado; Moss, of Indiana; Nicholls, of Pennsylvania; O'Connell, of Massachusetts; Ransdell, of Louisiana; Rucker, of Colorado; Sabath, of Illinois; Sharp, of Ohio; Sulzer, of New York; Taylor, of Colorado; Towsville, of Ohio.

WILL BUILD THREE STORY ADDITION TO THE MILL

(Special to Daily News.)

Durham, June 9.—The contract for an extension to the Golden Belt cotton mills has been awarded to Messrs. Salmon and Salmon, of this city, over a large competition.

It is to be an addition of three stories, 120 feet in length. It is to be completed by October 1. Its size means the additional employment of 200 hands and is made necessary by the increasing demands upon the company's output.

The Golden Belt company manufactures little tobacco bags and all of its product goes to the American Tobacco company's factories.

Gompers Demands Investigation.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, June 9.—Charging that Russian immigrants were being held virtually in a state of peonage on the sugar plantations of Hawaii, President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, has protested to Secretary Nagel, of the department of commerce and labor, and has demanded the prosecution of planters and others who, he says, have been guilty of violations of the alien contract labor law. The department of commerce and labor some time ago started an investigation on its account.

Mr. Gompers says that an investigation will prove that a violation of the contract labor law has been systematically carried on.

Serious Auto Accident.

(By The Associated Press.)

Spartanburg, S. C., June 9.—In an automobile collision on the highway between here and Greenville tonight at 9 o'clock, Miss Ruth Drummond, of Woodruff, was seriously injured. Mrs. Tattersall, of Greer slightly injured and Mr. Tattersall, president of the Franklin mill of Greer, escaped with a slight fracture of the wrist. The accident occurred at a sharp curve in the road between Chick Springs and Greenville. Both cars were running rapidly when they came together with such force as to almost demolish them.

COULDN'T HAVE HIS OWN WAY AND SULKED

Because Senators Didn't Care to Listen to His Diatribes Texan Held Up An Executive Session.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, June 9.—The conference report on the river and harbor bill was adopted in the Senate by a vote of 45 to 12.

Mr. Bailey criticised the course of the army engineers, saying that they discriminated in favor of one place as against another. "This," he said, "is monstrous, and if there were no other reason, I should vote to reject the report on this account."

Speaking in support of the Senate provision for a canal connecting the Sabine and Neches rivers in Texas, which was compromised by the conferees, Senator Bailey asserted that members of the House had been "swarming into the Senate and telling senators that the defeat of the conference report meant the failure of the bill in the House." Admitting that some senators had been influenced by these representations, Mr. Bailey exclaimed, "God pity a country that is to be governed by such men."

Mr. Bailey referred to the abolition of the waterways commission, and said that the House had taken its course to punish the chairman of the commission, Senator Burton, for attempting to make the bill. He declared such a course to be disgraceful.

The failure of senators to listen to speeches in opposition to the adoption of the conference report was brought home to them later in an executive session. The Senate was prepared to confirm a large number of presidential nominations when Senator Bailey announced that to do so they would have to get a quorum. Not more than 20 or 25 members were in their seats, the others having left the capitol for the day.

Several senators told Mr. Bailey that it would be impossible to recall members, and asked him to withdraw his demand for a quorum.

"I'll not do it," he said; "I am thoroughly angry."

During Mr. Bailey's speech against the rivers and harbors conference, he had called attention to the fact that few members were present during the proceedings, although a large number were certain to vote in favor of the adoption of the report.

GOOD ROADS MEETING

Convention of Wrightsville Beach to Promote Better Highways.

(Special to Daily News.)

Wrightsville Beach, June 9.—This afternoon there was held a joint meeting of the Press association and the Good Roads association, the newly elected president, M. L. Shipman, presiding. Addresses were delivered by Clarence H. Poe, editor of the Progressive Farmer; H. B. Varner, editor of the Lexington Dispatch, who spoke on "Assistance of the Press in the Good Roads Movement;" Prof. W. C. Riddick, of the A. & M. college, Raleigh, on the "Need of Road Engineering," and Joseph Hyde Pratt, on "Good Roads Problems."

There were a number of short addresses by delegates in attendance.

Tonight the closing session was held and officers were elected, as follows: President, C. E. Foy, New Bern; vice president, H. B. Varner, Lexington; secretary, Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt; treasurer, Joseph G. Brown, Raleigh.

Tonight also J. E. Pennypacker, jr., of the public roads division of the United States department of agriculture, delivered an illustrated lecture on roads.

(Mr. Varner's speech will be found on page 5.)

BRADY CASES MOVED FROM BRUNSWICK TO BLADEN

(Special to Daily News.)

Wilmington, June 9.—A special term of court called for Brunswick county for criminal cases, and especially what are known as the Brady cases, was adjourned today, all of the cases having been removed to Bladen county upon motion of Solicitor Sinclair, who offered an affidavit by C. E. Clark, secretary of the Waccamaw Lumber company, setting forth conditions that exist in the county relative to the lumber company and sentiment that had been worked up for Brady.

J. W. Brady was tried for assault with a deadly weapon upon John McDonald, one of the superintendents of the lumber company, and a verdict of not guilty was returned. It was this that caused the solicitor to pursue the course he did. A mistrial resulted in the former trial. An effort will be made to get a special term in Bladen.

Cases against J. W. Brady, his two sons and Shade Bullard number about twelve, the most serious charge being secret and malicious destruction of property.

It is contended that Brady and his followers spiked logs, blew up skidding machines, etc., and damaged property of the company in the aggregate between $20,000 and $25,000, and that for several months during the past fall and latter part of last summer a perfect reign of terror prevailed near the large lumber plant of the Waccamaw Lumber company at Makatoka, at the edge of the Green swamp. Judge Ward placed J. W. Brady under bond of $1,500, Shade Bullard $1,000 and the Brady boys $500 each. No cases in Brunswick in recent years have caused such interest. Brady contended that the lumber people were trying to take property they had no right to.

Reelected Principal.

Wilmington, June 9.—P. E. Seagle, principal of the Wilmington high school during the past year, and who was reelected a few days ago for the ensuing year, has resigned and accepted a position with Ginn and company, publishers. His territory will embrace the State of North Carolina. Mr. Seagle was formerly principal of high schools in Raleigh. He will enter upon his new duties in the next few days.

Fell Dead at Ball Game.

Thomasville, Ga., June 9.—During the progress of a baseball game here today between Thomasville and Bainbridge nines, Albert Adams, of Atlanta, express messenger on the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic railroad, and former lightweight prize fighter, fell dead in the grandstand when a ball was knocked over the fence. His sudden death caused considerable excitement, and the game was called without further play.

LEFT NO RANCOR BEHIND

Mr. Roosevelt's Visit to England a Noteworthy One.

(By The Associated Press.)

London, June 9.—Theodore Roosevelt's brief visit to England, ending tomorrow morning, though unfortunately coinciding with the period of national mourning and for that reason shorn of much of the splendor which would have accompanied it under happier circumstances, was nevertheless one of the most noteworthy foreign visits paid to Great Britain's shores in recent years.

No foreign ruler or man of eminence could have aroused more universal attention, received a warmer welcome or achieved a greater popularity among every class of society. It is true that his strictures on Egyptian affairs occasioned political resentment in some quarters, but he left no rancor behind because he was regarded as a privileged guest in whom no unworthy or unfriendly motive could be suspected, and the frankness of his utterances is taken as a measure of the strength of the friendship binding the two nations. In characteristic fashion Colonel Roosevelt deprived Londoners of the opportunity of giving him a sendoff. Before the people were aware of his intention he had quietly left the city, not half a dozen persons knowing the time or the manner of his departure.

FEDERAL PRISONER ESCAPED WHILE EN ROUTE TO ATLANTA

(Special to Daily News.)

Raleigh, June 9.—Deputy United States Marshal Rupton W. Ward had the misfortune to have a United States prisoner escape while he and two guards were conveying six prisoners from Raleigh to the federal prison at Atlanta. The prisoner was R. H. Freeman, of Moore county, who was under sentence of one year in the prison for blockading and retailing. Freeman was the only white convict and, therefore, he was handcuffed separately. The party of officers and prisoners had a special car. One guard was on the seat back of Freeman and another just in front, with Deputy Marshal Ward just across the aisle. It was somewhere about 1:15 a. m. when it was discovered that Freeman "was not." He had slipped out through the window of the car where he sat, the window barely going up high enough to allow the passage of a man's body. Outside the car under the window there was the sign on the car of where his body had swung down and dipped the dust from the side. The escape was between Mountville and Greenwood, S. C. The train could not be stopped before they reached Greenwood. Every effort thus far to discover any trace of the fugitive has failed.

DAMAGES FOR $7,000 AWARDED AGAINST CITY OF WILMINGTON

(Special to Daily News.)

Wilmington, June 9.—A verdict for $7,000 was returned this afternoon in the case of Susan M. Gregg, administratrix of E. M. Gregg, vs. City of Wilmington and J. I. Wooten, the full amount being against the city. The plaintiff asked for $25,000. Mr. Gregg was a broker and was killed last year by a pile of brick on one of the streets falling upon him. The trial of the case consumed nearly six days.

Cars Were Piled Up.

(Special to Daily News.)

Winston-Salem, June 9.—Fourteen cars of freight train No. 232, en route from Winston-Salem to Greensboro, were wrecked one mile this side of Friendship at 3 o'clock this morning.

The block was a bad one, several cars having turned over, while others left the track.

The train was loaded with coal, lumber and merchandise. It was in charge of Conductor Tate and Engineer Ray. The cause of the accident has not been officially reported.

The crew escaped injury.

Passengers, mail and baggage of the morning trains were transferred at the scene of the wreck.

ALL IS SERENE

Governor and State Officials Confident of Outcome.

LOVE OF STATE SAVED DAY

Republicans Rendered Good Service In Saving Commonwealth From Reckless Democratic Legislation.

(Special to Daily News.)

Raleigh, June 9.—The governor, state treasurer and other state officers are serenely awaiting the final opening of the last bids for the $3,430,000 refunding bond issue tomorrow at noon, confident that they have in hand, thanks to the big $1,000,000 bid of the American Tobacco company and the patriotic response of the bankers of the state yesterday with another aggregate of more $1,000,000 in bids by the bankers of the state, they have in hand considerably more than enough bids to take care of the issue. The problem with them will be the apportionment of the bonds in such manner as to give each bidder his just proportion of the bonds.

The governor and state officers are deeply grateful to the citizens of both parties who brought about this gratifying termination of a situation that a week ago was most complex and alarming. Indeed, Governor Kitchin, in his remarks to the meeting of the bankers, took occasion in thanking them as a body and individually for their response, mentioned particularly his gratification at the participation of a number of Republicans of the state in coming to the relief of the state.

He said he especially appreciated the presence in the meeting of E. C. Duncan, president of the Merchant's Bank, of Raleigh, and J. Elwood Cox, president of the Commercial National Bank, of High Point, prominent Republicans, taking a liberal hand in the movement to relieve the situation, Mr. Duncan's bank taking $200,000 of the bonds and Mr. Cox's bank taking $25,000.

People here generally declare that the crisis, and especially the attack that the special bondholders' syndicate, headed by John G. Carlisle, in trying to cripple the credit of the state on the bond market generally, provided an opportunity for the business interests of North Carolina to demonstrate to the country at large the ability of the state to take care of a large and knotty financial problem.

The proclamation of Governor Kitchin revoking the call for the extra session of the legislature is expected tomorrow, following the final closing of the bond incident through the awarding of the bonds to the bidders on whatever scale of award may be deemed just.

PLACED OBSTRUCTION IN WAY OF AUTOMOBILISTS

(Special to Daily News.)

Charlotte, June 9.—Automobilists of this community are aroused over the action of some unknown person, who under the cover of darkness placed an obstruction on the Statesville road a few miles from the city last night and, but for the careful driving of a local autoist, would have caused a serious accident. The gentleman, with a party of ladies and gentlemen, passed over the device at a low rate of speed, stopped and hurried back just in time to remove it before another touring car rushed by at full speed. A detective has been given the case and is now working up the evidence. A certain person in that section known to be hostile to auto drivers, is suspected of the cowardly crime.

The device consisted of two boards, each an inch thick, six inches wide and six feet long, into which great wire nails or spikes had been driven. These spikes protruding in such a manner as to instantly stop the progress of any rubber-tired machine and hurl its occupants, in case of much speed, out into the hard road and possible death. Fortunately for all in the car, the obstruction was discovered in time to prevent an accident, and the device is now in a local garage for future reference.

WISCONSIN REPUBLICANS ENDORSED PRESIDENT TAFT

(By The Associated Press.)

Milwaukee, Wis., June 9.—Adoption of a platform strongly endorsing the national administration, the selection of William D. Connor, of Marshfield, as state chairman and the choosing of a campaign committee of 22 members, was the extent of the business transacted at the closing day's session of the Republican state convention.

Nominations for state officers were left for the primary election in September.

Asks Removal of Troops.

Seattle, Wash., June 9.—Governor Marion, of Washington, who is at Fairbault, Minn., today sent a telegram to Secretary of War Dickinson asking that the negro troops be removed from Fort Lawton.

Private Nathaniel Biedser, charged with assaulting a white woman Saturday night, will be taken into court tomorrow. He will plead guilty and will be sentenced to the state prison.

DECLINED TO RECEIVE CONGRESSMAN HARRISON

President Taft Resented Newspaper Statements Made by New Yorker During Ballinger-Pinchot Episode by Refusing Audience to Him at White House.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, June 9.—President Taft today declined to receive Representative Francis Burton Harrison, Democrat, of New York, who called at the White House in company with two other representatives to introduce a number of Jewish rabbis who took up with the President the question of the expulsion of Jews from Russia.

The President received the delegation and chatted with its various members for 15 minutes or more. Representative Goldfogle, of New York, acted as spokesman for the party, and so adroitly had the situation been handled by Secretary Norton that no one of the callers knew anything of the incident until Representative Harrison returned to the capitol and there made a statement to the effect that he had been rebuffed by the President.

Mr. Taft based his refusal to see Mr. Harrison on statements attributed by newspapers to the report in connection with his resolution in the House calling upon Attorney-General Wickersham for full information as to the connection of his office with the Ballinger-Pinchot episode. Mr. Harrison, according to the White House version of the matter, charged the President and the attorney general with having wilfully attempted to mislead Congress in the back dating of the attorney-general's summary of the Glavis charges against the secretary of the interior.

Mr. Harrison was first quoted as having declared that he could assign no reason for the President's action. He said he had made the engagement with the President some ten days ago and had received no intimation that his presence at the White House was undesirable.

Secretary Norton was at first unwilling to discuss the incident in any way. Later when he was informed of the statements made by Mr. Harrison, he told the story of what happened. He declared that the President had no purpose of publicly humiliating the congressman, as had been charged, and that nothing would have been said regarding the affair if Mr. Harrison himself had not made the matter public. Mr. Norton said it was indeed his understanding that Mr. Harrison expressly desired that nothing should be said.

Mr. Norton said that during the congressional receiving hour this morning he noticed Representatives Harrison and Goldfogle, of New York, and Representative Kelliher, of Massachusetts, with the party of rabbis at the head of the line awaiting admission to the President's office. He spoke to all of the members of the party and a few minutes later informed the President of the presence of the delegation. Mr. Taft announced that he would be glad to receive every member of the delegation but Mr. Harrison. He declared that because of the newspaper statements made by Mr. Harrison he did not desire to speak with him.

Secretary Norton thereupon invited Mr. Harrison into his office, saying he had some affairs to discuss with him. Meanwhile he had the party shown into the President's office at the appointed hour and asked Mr. Goldfogle to introduce the callers in Mr. Harrison's absence.

It was the first time Mr. Norton had ever met Mr. Harrison and when the two were alone the secretary said he was extremely sorry that the first meeting should be the occasion of a disagreeable duty. He told Mr. Harrison the President would not see him.

Mr. Harrison, according to Mr. Norton, said he thought he knew why it was—the statement he had made regarding the connection of the President and the attorney-general with the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy. Mr. Norton said he had not see the statement and consequently was somewhat in the dark. He asked Mr. Harrison to send him a copy of what he had said.

Mr. Harrison asked if Representatives Goldfogle and Kelliher and the others in the party knew that the President had barred him out. Mr. Norton replied that no one knew but the two. Mr. Harrison said he thought it unnecessary for the others to know anything about it, and thereupon left, saying that he was going to the capitol.

Mr. Norton declared that the President himself had no previous knowledge that Mr. Harrison was to be one of his callers today. The engagement had been made in the routine way some ten days ago through the secretary's office.

Mr. Harrison was quoted on May 13 as having said of the back dating of the Wickersham summary:

"This confession of the attorney-general amounts to a conclusion that the President and the attorney general had agreed to furnish to Congress misleading information to supply an official document as of one date, which was really many weeks later."

Representative Harrison was very indignant when he returned to the capitol over the refusal of the President to see him, inasmuch, he said, as he had made the appointment with President Taft ten days ago and had received no warning that he was to be publicly humiliated. He declined to comment upon the incident further than to give a brief statement of what occurred.

"When I reached the White House with the delegation," said Mr. Harrison, "I informed Secretary Norton that we desired to see the President. The secretary went to the President's private office and returned with the information that the President could not see me. I then told Mr. Norton that I had made an appointment ten days ago for the delegation accompanying me to see the President, and Mr. Norton again conferred with the President.

"When he returned he informed me that the President would see the delegation accompanying me, but would not see me. I admit I was surprised almost beyond expression. I immediately left the White House."

DEMOCRATS HAVE FIGHT ON HAND IN SIXTH DISTRICT

(Special to Daily News.)

Wilmington, June 9.—The Democratic executive committee of the Sixth congressional district convened here today with George H. Bellamy, of Brunswick county, presiding and every county in the district represented. On the first ballot the committee was evenly divided as to where the convention should be held, at Wrightsville or Lumberton. Chairman Bellamy broke the tie in favor of Wrightsville Beach and the date was fixed for July 21. The fight in the convention this year bids fair to be one of the warmest in this district in many years.

SEABOARD AIR LINE WILL TAKE UP OLD BONDS

(By The Associated Press.)

New York, June 9.—The executive committee of the Seaboard Air Line railway today recommended payment on August 1 of the first coupon of the company's adjustment 5 per cent. bonds issued under the plan of readjustment dated October 1, 1910, and to be paid if earned. The payment involves an outlay of about $600,000 and it is understood that earnings applicable thereto approximated about $1,000,000.

Struck Out Section.

Washington, June 9.—The action of the Senate committee on appropriations in striking out of the sundry civil appropriation bill the House provision directing that no part of the money appropriated for enforcing the antitrust law shall be utilized in the prosecution of combinations looking to the increase of wages, the shortening of hours and the betterment of the conditions of labor, was sustained by the Senate today after an animated debate.

Oh, Pshaw.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 9.—A resolution condemning the placing of a statue of Robert E. Lee in the national capitol was tabled today at the closing session of the 44th annual meeting of the Pennsylvania encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

$10,000 Match Arranged.

London, June 9.—Another match has been arranged between Packy MacFarland, of Chicago, and Freddie Welsh, the British lightweight champion. They will fight at Cardiff within a month for a purse of $10,000.

DEMOCRATIC FOOL LEGISLATION WAS THE CAUSE

(Special to Daily News.)

Durham, June 9.—Durham people were greatly gratified that $150,000 of the bonds were bought by this city, the Fidelity Bank taking $50,000, Julian S. Carr, jr., taking $25,000, J. S. Carr, jr., taking $25,000, George W. Watts $25,000, and the Citizens National Bank $25,000.

Had it been necessary, it is believed that here in Durham half the amount might have been raised, the American Tobacco company's home town having the state's credit as a matter of personal pride. The bankers do not think that the trouble experienced in selling the bonds was a reflection upon the state or that the repudiated bonds had anything especially to do with it, the small per cent. determining largely the demand.

KILLED A NEGRO AND IS HELD BY THE CORONER

(By The Associated Press.)

Fayetteville, June 9.—While attempting to arrest a negro named John Bootman for failure to work the roads, Chief of Police W. H. Russell, of Raeford, this county, shot and killed Bootman at that place today. Russell states that Bootman assaulted him with a hoe, but witnesses made oaths that he did not.

The coroner's jury recommended that Russell be placed under bond and the bond not being furnished, Chief of Police Russell was arrested by Coroner McGougan and brought here.

Tobacco Planted.

Winston-Salem, June 9.—Elder J. A. Ashburn returned yesterday after a two week's absence. He has been in Stokes county, and went as far as Stuart, Va. Mr. Ashburn, who is a mighty close observer, thinks that about 80 per cent. of the tobacco crop has been planted in Stokes. The plants are small, however, and the weather is by no means satisfactory.

Sentenced to 15 Months.

New Orleans, June 9.—Dr. Roland Roquier, of this city, was today found guilty in the United States District court here of the charge of using the mails to defraud and was sentenced to 15 months in the federal penitentiary in Atlanta.

NEWSPAPER MEN

Put in Full Day's Work At Convention.

SETTLE MOMENTOUS MATTER

"Bob" Phillips Told Them How to Uplift Things in a Speech That Was Hit of Day.

(Special to Daily News.)

Wilmington, June 9.—The second day of the Press association has been a most pleasant one for the visitors, and tonight an elaborate banquet was given by the local press at the Tarrymore hotel, this following a short session.

The morning session convened at 10 o'clock, and after prayer by Rev. Hight C. Moore, Secretary Sherrill read a letter from Congressman Small expressing deep regret at his inability to be present, and stated that he was detained in Washington on important public business and did not feel justified in leaving at this time.

The next thing on the program was an address by John D. Gold, of the Wilson Times, on "The Best Arrangement of Newspaper offices," but, as Mr. Gold only arrived this morning, his address was postponed until later in the session.

R. M. Phillips, associate editor of the Greensboro News, then read his essay on "The Newspaper and the Uplift of Country Life." It was one of the most excellently prepared addresses before the convention. (Mr. Phillips' speech will be found on page 3.)

He was followed by the Rev. Hight C. Moore, editor of the Biblical Recorder, who had as his subject, "Journalism and Religion," which was excellent.

When he had concluded there was some discussion, led by Thad. R. Manning, as to the use of "Mr." preceding the name of a minister. It seemed to be the consensus of opinion that where the initials are omitted, "Rev. Mr." is the preferable form.

When James H. Caine arose to discuss the latter, A. C. Dowd arose to a question of personal privilege and declared that Editor Caine was out of order, stating as his reason that an Englishman was never known to see the point in a joke.

"I have known Mr. Dowd for seven years," was Mr. Caine's significant reply.

Mr. Dowd was forced to admit that for once he had found an Englishman who could appreciate a joke. The house roared with laughter.

The next speaker on the program was I. P. Cook, chairman of the board of trustees of the Jackson Manual Training school, and editor of the Uplift, published at Concord. Mr. Cook made a strong and eloquent appeal for the support of the newspapers of North Carolina in behalf of the magnificent institution at Concord, and cited many concrete instances to show, beyond peradventure, the value of the school to the state. No address before the convention was listened to with greater interest than that of Mr. Cook, and no address created such prolonged discussion.

Schuyler W. I. Hammer, editor of the Ashboro Courier, was the first to speak on the paper, which he heartily endorsed in every respect.

He was followed by W. F. Hill, editor of Our Fatherless Ones, Barium Springs. Mr. Hill told of the condition of some of the children when taken to this orphanage, where they are given such training as make them Christian men and women, some of whom are a power for good in the state.

Editor I. J. Farriss of the High Point Enterprise was heartily in accord with those who had preceded him, but brought out another important point, that the mothers of the state should give their children more attention than they are wont to do in this day and time, which Mr. Farriss said, would materially decrease the number of waywards.

Mr. Farriss said, however, that he was not one of those who believed that the state was going to the bowwows. The percentage of wayward children in the state he considered very small.

At this point Mr. Cook stated that there were only 60 children in the Concord institution, which was so big taxed to its capacity, but there were at least 1,000 in the state who would be there and probably would be if they could be taken care of.

W. R. Lambeth endorsed the institution and the movement for increasing the accommodations, following which Archibald Johnson, secretary of Charity and Children, of Thomasville, made a strong appeal in behalf of the institution and told several pathetic instances that almost brought tears to the eyes of some of the editors.

Editor D. I. Edwards of the Kinston Free Press expressed his endorsement of the institution, and Editor E. F. Bussey, of the Monroe Journal, in his remarks, made the point that it cost more to deal with the youth after he becomes a hardened criminal than it costs to prevent his becoming a criminal.

Editor Marshall, of the Madison Courier, thought the work of training the children should begin at home, but he thought that there was room also for the training school.

W. A. Dowd, general manager of the Charlotte News, long an advocate of a training school for wayward children,

(Continued on Page 2, Column 5.)