

MRS. WARREN PLACED ON WITNESS STAND IN MUDDY CREEK TRIAL

Denies She Had Anything to do With Husband's Murder.

CHRISTY DID THE KILLING

Woman Says Her Husband and Christy Got Into Fight and Christy Used Wrench.

BODY PLACED IN TRUNK

She Did Not See It But Christy Told Her It Was in the Trunk—Saw Christy Load it on a Hack and Drive Off.

(Special to Daily News.)

Winston-Salem, Aug. 6.—From motions of the counsel for Christy and Mrs. Warren at the close of court here this afternoon, it appeared that they are going to rely upon the common law of Texas with reference to marriages as the principal defense for their clients. They succeeded in the admission of evidence by the court of the law of Texas which recognizes persons as legally married upon their declaration after having lived together for a given period. The defense hopes by this to exclude all damaging testimony submitted to the jury as confessions, made by these two clients. Under the statutes of North Carolina, evidence given by a wife against her husband or vice versa is incompetent in capital cases. Her testimony this afternoon it would not have caused more genuine surprise and excitement than did Judge E. B. Jones when he ordered Mrs. Ida Ball Warren, one of the three defendants in the Muddy creek murder trial, to take the stand at 2:40 o'clock this afternoon. Judge Jones "put it over" everybody. Not even the counsel for the other two defendants thought that Mrs. Warren would be put on the stand. Her testimony is damaging to Christy and now it is expected that Attorney Parrish will put his client on the stand.

At 12:30 o'clock the attorneys for the state announced that they had finished the case. At this point, Judge Jones took occasion to thank and compliment Judge Cline on the able way he has handled the case. Attorney Fred Parrish requested that the counsel for the defense be allowed a conference. This was granted and Judge Cline adjourned court until 2:30 o'clock in order that the defendants' lawyers might have time to "put their heads together." Before court was adjourned, however, Attorney Frank T. Baldwin, representing Stonestreet, asked that the court have the solicitor elect the bill, on which he is to have Stonestreet appear before the jury. This request was complied with and Solicitor Brown was told to have his decision ready at 2:30.

Large Crowd Present. When court reconvened for the afternoon session the crowd was larger than on either of the two previous days. Judge Cline repeated his instructions about keeping quiet. As to the motion requiring the state to announce what bill it would ask a verdict on in respect to Stonestreet, it was overruled. Judge Cline then stated that the defendants would be given an opportunity to put their witnesses on the stand. Attorney Fred Parrish stated that Christy desired to examine no witnesses. Ida Ball Warren was then called upon to produce her witnesses.

Ida Ball Warren, come around and be sworn," said Judge Jones, her attorney. The defendant was extremely nervous. Her face was as white as a sheet. She arose from her seat behind her counsel and walked toward the witness stand with a quick, nervous walk. She spoke very slowly and at first very indistinctly, but after a few minutes, her manner became calm and her voice strong.

Name, Ida Ball Warren. Age, 36. Born nine miles from Clemmons. Lived in Forsyth county until 25 years old. Went to Lynchburg, Va., and then to Texas. Was in Lynchburg for two years. Came home for one week when her father died and then went to Grand Saline, Tex. Lived there almost two years. Christy and she lived as man and wife. Left Grand Saline with Warren and came to this city and lived with Warren. Next lived at the Piedmont boarding house. Was employed to run it until March of this year.

Her daughter, Mrs. Stonestreet, is 16 years old. Was married when 15. Was living on Sixth street last August. Her baby was born in September of last year. First saw Christy in January, 1914. For one night only, after leaving Texas. He left her then. Witness was running the Piedmont boarding house then. Christy came to Mrs. Warren's one night about 11 o'clock. Witness did not know who he was. Christy went to board with her daughter. She saw him frequently. Witness visited her daughter often because daughter was unwell. Witness's health was bad.

On the night of August 18, the witness said that Christy came to the boarding house about 11:30 o'clock. Spent the night in room 14. Witness spent the night with her husband. Witness rose about 4:30 a. m., and went to kitchen. Christy used a wrench.

Witness said that her husband came in while she was visiting Christy in his room about 5 o'clock. She said that Mr. Warren said: "What are you doing here?" and called Christy a vile name. Mr. Warren made a motion as though to draw a gun. The two men began fighting and the witness ran out. The witness saw Christy later and he said he was afraid that he had hurt Warren. Mrs. Warren said that she heard later that Warren was dead and that she was

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UNITED STATES HAS VAST STOCK OF GOLD

We Have Accumulated Greatest Amount of Gold of Any Nation in the World. Over \$2,000,000,000 in Gold.

(Special to Daily News.)

Washington, Aug. 6.—With \$2,000,000,000 in gold cash and bullion in the United States August 2, this nation has accumulated the greatest stock of gold of any nation on earth and perhaps as much as any two nations of the world now possess.

It is the greatest stock of gold that the United States has ever had. It is the greatest stock of gold that any nation, modern or ancient, ever could lay claim to.

England, it is reported, has accumulated about \$800,000,000 in gold, practically the entire stock of the United Kingdom as the nation has been hoarding precious metal and urging the people to use currency.

In 1907, when the United States had a stock of \$1,612,000,000 in gold, Germany had a stock valued at \$1,044,000,000; France, \$906,000,000; Russia, \$907,000,000; Great Britain, \$684,000,000; Austria, \$308,000,000; Italy, \$258,000,000. The present stock of the United States, representative of a loss of gold to the nations of Europe through trade balances, must easily equal the holdings of any two nations, if not of any three at the present time.

There was never so much gold in the world as at the present day. The production of gold for the first half century between 1801 and 1850, averaged only \$15,749,000 a year. For the following 50 years, with the discovery of gold in California, the annual production rose to \$124,822,000. The production of all previous years throughout the world's history was never anywhere near such vast amounts.

July 1, the gold stock of the United States was \$1,692,549,015 showing an accumulation to August 2 of over \$12,000,000. In the treasury of the United States, held as assets of the government, there is \$226,078,821 in gold, federal reserve banks and agents hold \$6,820,902 as security against federal notes; there is \$696,661,647 gold in circulation; the balance of the stock is held as coin or bullion in the mints of the United States.

There is \$4,009,961,429 of all kinds of money in the United States, of this amount \$3,848,705,622 is in circulation. As the population of continental United States is estimated at 100,807,000 the circulation per capita is \$38.35. A year ago the capita circulation was \$33.95; July 1 this year it was \$38.50.

MOB OF 75 MEN HANG AN OKLAHOMA NEGRO

Negro, Who Confessed to Criminal Assault, Taken From Officials and Hung to Telegraph Pole

Berry was secretly brought here for trial from the penitentiary at McAlester. When the train arrived and the deputy sheriff and his prisoner alighted they were covered by revolvers in the hands of a dozen masked men. The officer was disarmed. Ten or twelve automobiles loaded with masked men then appeared and the negro was quickly conveyed to the Beard street bridge. When the rope was adjusted around Berry's neck he was questioned about the crimes and asked if he were guilty. In each instance he nodded his head affirmatively. In every case the negro's victim was a white woman.

Following the confession the negro was hanged in the presence of about 75 men, all masked, after which the crowd dispersed.

SIXTY VICTORY SHOTS IN HONOR OF TAKING WARSAW

London, Aug. 6.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company reports:

"A Berlin dispatch states that General von Kessel, military commander of Berlin, ordered a salute of 60 victory shots fired at noon today in honor of the taking of Warsaw."

RUSSIANS ARE EVACUATING KOVNO, DAILY MAIL LEARNS

London, Aug. 7.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Copenhagen says: "The Russians are evacuating Kovno. The governor and his staff and the banks have gone. The population has been leaving for the past week."

Convicts Wouldn't Jump. Salerno, Ore., Aug. 6.—Thirty-seven convicts on a motor truck, which was crossing a railroad track here late today realized that a collision with a switch engine was inevitable but refrained from jumping for fear of being shot by armed guards following in an automobile. The engine crashed into the truck and seven of the prisoners were severely injured, two probably fatally.

German Seize American Steamers. Malmo, Sweden, Aug. 5, via London, 10:50 p. m.—The American steamers Lima and Wico, bound from America to Stockholm, laden with petroleum, have been seized by the Germans and taken into Swinemunde.

The Lima was seized on August 4, and the Wico on the following day.

Golf Fiasco Today. Asheville, Aug. 6.—William Wallace, of Richmond, and W. A. Knight, of Asheville, will meet tomorrow in the finale of the invitation golf tournament at the Asheville Country club here. Both played into the final today after hard fought matches.

Treating Must Be Illegal. Liverpool, Aug. 7.—Treating has been made illegal in a new and drastic order regulating the sale of liquor in saloons and clubs here. Credits also has been abolished. The period in which liquor may be sold is limited to five and a half hours per day.

RUSSIANS EVACUATE PRACTICALLY WHOLE LINE OF THE VISTULA

Novogeorgievsk, an Entrenched Camp, Alone is Held.

CAMP IS WELL PROTECTED

Opinion Prevails in London That The Russians Have Evacuated the Ring.

RUSSIA MAY BE INVADIED

Germans May Purpose Going Right Into the Caar's Land and Forcing the Ruler of All the Russians to Conclude Separate Peace.

(Special to Daily News.)

London, Aug. 6.—With the exception of the great entrenched camp of Novogeorgievsk, the Russians have evacuated the whole line of the Vistula river. Invarogor, the southern fortress, having fallen into the hands of the Austro-German army the Russians are now making their way eastward to the Brest-Litok line.

The decision of the general staff to leave the garrison in Novogeorgievsk is announced in Petrograd dispatches. The object is to deprive the Germans of the use of railway communications and of the Vistula river, for bringing up supplies for their armies.

Novogeorgievsk is situated at the junction of the Vistula, Narw and Wkra rivers to the northwest of Warsaw. It is calculated by military observers here that an army corps can hold out there for many months, as the camp is protected by massive earthworks, which doubtless have been enlarged and improved since the Russians were compelled to begin their retreat.

The laying of siege to Novogeorgievsk may prove one of the most interesting operations of the war, as it doubtless will show whether earthworks are less susceptible to the fire of high explosives than are cupola forts.

Of the retiring Russian armies the official reports say nothing. The Russians, however, destroyed bridges over the Vistula and took other means to place obstacles in the path of their pursuers; while others of their forces continue to offer stubborn resistance to the Germans and Austrians south and north who are trying to force a ring around them.

The general opinion here is that the Russians commenced their retirement in time to escape this ring. A serious menace seemingly to the Russians is General von Buelow's advance in the Baltic provinces. While, according to Petrograd, the Germans have been thrown back immediately south of Riga, they have made a further advance east of Poneviesch toward the Drinak-Vilna-Petrograd railway.

Some critics believe this move means that the Germans, unless they succeed in smashing the Russian army, intend to make an effort to advance further into Russia and endeavor to force Emperor Nicholas to accept a separate peace. With the history of previous invasions of Russia before them, however, it is believed by other quarters that the German staff would hesitate at such a tremendous undertaking.

Along the western front the Germans have made a series of attacks but all of them, according to the French report, were repulsed.

In diplomatic circles great interest attaches to the negotiations that are going on in the capitals of the Balkan states. The ministers of the quadruple entente powers at Nish, Serbia, following the example of their colleagues in Athens, have had a conference with the Serbian government. Simultaneously Sofia has denied the repeated reports that an agreement has been reached between Bulgaria and Turkey.

SEVENTY-YEAR-OLD VETERAN HELPED TO CAPTURE WARSAW

Berlin, Aug. 6.—By Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—The Overseas News agency today gave out the transmission abroad of the account of the storming of Warsaw by Bavarian troops: "Bavarian troops, under command of Prince Leopold of Bavaria, the 70-year-old veteran of 1866 and 1870-71, stormed the outer and inner forts of the Russian stronghold on both banks of the Vistula river and reduced Warsaw yesterday."

"Immediately after the news was confirmed the Berlin streets resembled an ocean with their justly waving flags. Church bells furnished a basic voice in the great chorus of joy and gratitude for the unparalleled achievements of the brave armies who had been chasing the Russians from position to position since last May.

"The reduction of Warsaw was announced by an official of the general staff in a few sober words. The victorious prince telegraphed his official report to his royal brother at Munich, who conferred upon him the highest Bavarian order."

BRAZILIAN MINISTER ASKS SAFE CONDUCT FROM MEXICO

Mexico City, Aug. 6.—Jose Manuel Cardozo de Oliveira, Brazilian minister to Mexico, who has been representing the interests of the United States here, asked General Gonzalez today for safe conduct to Vera Cruz, where, with members of his family, and attaches of the Brazilian legation, he will board the French liner Navarre for New York. The minister plans to stay several months in the United States, he is said.

GEN. BENJAMIN F. TRACY IS DEAD IN NEW YORK

He Was 85 Years Old and Was Secretary of the Navy in Harrison's Cabinet.

New York, Aug. 6.—Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, who was President Harrison's secretary of the navy, died of paralysis here today in his 85th year after a period of unconsciousness lasting nine days.

General Tracy's death which occurred late this afternoon, followed a fight for life that had amazed the physician at his bedside. Only his extraordinary vitality had kept him alive for the better part of the past week.

Three years ago General Tracy sustained a shock of paralysis, but rallied from it after a few weeks and was able to resume his law practice. He was badly shaken up in an automobile accident last decoration day, but from this, too, he speedily recovered. The illness which resulted in his death, was induced, it was believed, by worry incident to his having been detained a long while on a railroad journey from Ithaca, N. Y., to this city, because of a heavy rain storm and several washouts.

For years General Tracy had adopted his habits to a schedule of almost clock-like precision and regularity. To this, it was believed, he owed the vitality which enabled him to resist his ailment for so unusually long a time for a man of his age.

WILMINGTON NEWS

Father of Editor Mints of Mount Olive Tribune Seriously Ill.

(Special to Daily News.)

Wilmington, Aug. 6.—R. R. Stone, a well known business man, of this city, has purchased a controlling interest in the Hall Towing company, which has charge of the towing and lightering service on the Cape Fear river.

The Spanish-American war veterans met last night and effected a permanent organization with L. Riordan as commander and S. A. Matthews as adjutant.

Dr. Charles T. Harper, one of Wilmington's best known and popular physicians and superintendent of Harper's sanitarium, suffered an acute attack of appendicitis yesterday, necessitating an operation.

Capt. J. W. Mints, one of the well known Cape Fear pilots, father of Editor Fred R. Mints of the Mount Olive Tribune, is seriously ill at the home of his brother in Southport.

AID FROM BALKAN LEAGUE WOULD OUTWEIGH WARSAW

London, Aug. 7.—The reconstruction of the Balkan league, and its cooperation with the allies would far outweigh in importance the loss of Warsaw and would materially hasten the defeat of the Germanic powers, says the Daily News in an editorial today. The newspaper takes hope in the conference at Nish in an endeavor to bring about a Balkan agreement.

"Strategically," says the Daily News, "Bulgaria is in a commanding position. Her neutrality imposes like neutrality on both Rumania and Greece while her intervention as an ally of the entente powers would lay Turkey at their mercy."

The editorial urges the justice of Bulgaria's demands for the territory inhabited by her people—ceded to Serbia, Rumania and Greece and adds: "It will be a fatal discredit to western diplomacy if the opportunity as offered today is not turned to profit."

OSTEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION WANTS EQUAL RECOGNITION

Portland, Ore., Aug. 6.—A demand on the federal government for recognition, equal to that now accorded the allopathic school, was voiced in a resolution adopted by the American Osteopathic association as one of the final acts in its annual convention which closed tonight. Earlier in the day the convention had adopted resolutions declaring for national prohibition and against war.

The resolution demanding federal recognition said: "Resolved, That we will employ every honorable and legal method to break the present monopoly in the federal medical service, to the end that government employes may be treated by methods and physicians of their choice, thus preserving the spirit and the principles of our freedom inalienable both for ourselves and the posterity."

CONDITIONS AT BLACKWELL'S ISLAND PRISON CRITICISED

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Conditions at the Blackwell's Island prison were severely criticised and blame for them placed directly on the New York city department of corrections, of which Katherine B. Davis is the head, in a majority report on an investigation of the institution made public by the state port commission on prisons today. The report recommends the dismissal of Warden Patrick Hayes. Among the findings of the commission were that the administration of the penitentiary is too severe, harsh and repressive.

ROBERT WILCOX'S NAME IS TAKEN FROM INDICTED LIST

New York, Aug. 6.—The name of Robert Wilcox was today taken from the roll of those indicted for participating in the alleged Panama canal zone supply purchase frauds.

ADDITIONAL MARINES ARE SENT TO HAITI TO MAINTAIN ORDER

Washington Orders Another Regiment to Aid Caperton.

FIGHT AT PORT AU PRINCE

American Naval Forces Take Possession of the Port and One Gunboat.

ALSO NATIONAL PALACE

Occupation of the Office of the Port and the National Palace Give Americans Last Positions Held by Haitians.

(Special to Daily News.)

Washington, Aug. 6.—An additional regiment of marines was ordered to Haiti today to reinforce Rear Admiral Caperton's men now maintaining order in Cape Haitien and Port-au-Prince. They will sail from Philadelphia next week on the cruiser Tennessee, and Colonel L. W. Waller, U. S. M. C., commanding the advance base marine detachment, will be placed in charge of operations ashore in Haiti under the direction of Admiral Caperton. He will have available in all 1,900 men, 70 machine guns and four 3-inch navy field pieces.

The following announcement was made today at the navy department: "In order that the duty of the men in Haiti may not prove too trying under tropical conditions, it has been decided to send an additional force of 850 marines from Philadelphia. This force will embark on the U. S. S. Tennessee Monday or Tuesday and sail immediately for Haiti."

The Tennessee, recently returned from duty in Europe, now is at New York loading supplies and coal. She will return to Philadelphia after landing the marines in Haiti.

A meeting of the Haitian parliament will be held Sunday in Port-au-Prince to elect a president. Resolvo Bobo, leader of the successful revolution in northern Haiti, is thought to be en route to the capital with 800 soldiers. His representatives have promised Admiral Caperton that the troops will disarm on their arrival. This is taken to mean that Bobo expects to be elected to the presidency without further fighting, his chief opponent, General Blot, a supporter of the overthrow government, having left the country.

Haitians and Americans Fight

Port au Prince, Haiti, Aug. 6.—American naval forces today took possession of the office of the port, the national palace and the Haitian gunboat Pacific, which arrived in Port au Prince this morning.

During the movement to take the office of the port, the Americans opened fire on the Haitians and one Haitian was killed.

The occupation of the office of the port and the national palace gave the Americans the last positions held by the Haitians. The populace has been thrown into consternation by the operations of the Americans.

The president of the senate, in the name of the nation, today cabled Solon Menou, Haitian minister to the United States a new protest against the occupation of Haitian territory by the American naval forces.

The American authorities have notified the diplomatic body and the consular agents that Col. Eli K. Cole, U. S. M. C., and commander of the American expeditionary forces, is intrusted with the maintenance of order and the safeguarding of life and property.

Capt. Edward L. Beach, chief of staff to Admiral Caperton, remains in charge of the work of settling any differences of an administrative nature which may arise with the Haitian authorities. Dr. Resolvo Bobo, leader of the revolution, arrived here today on board the United States refrigerator ship Celtic. On landing he was cheered by the populace.

CONNECTICUT LANDS MARINES

Cape Haitien, Haiti, Aug. 6.—The American battleship Connecticut has arrived here from Port au Prince and has landed men. The American authorities have taken over control of Cape Haitien. American marines are disarming the people of the city and the forces of the revolution have received orders not to enter the city limits.

DAVENPORT TELLS WHY HE LEAVES THE PROGRESSIVES

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Frederick M. Davenport, Progressive candidate for governor last fall, issued a statement tonight explaining his reasons for returning to the Republican ranks. He declared that in this state as well as in California, Washington, Kansas, Illinois and Pennsylvania, the time was ripe for union of the Progressive with the Progressive-Republicans.

Mr. Davenport declared that in Pennsylvania "Governor Brumbaugh, although a rock-ribbed Republican, has proved a most progressive leader," and said that the Progressives could help him only by supporting him in the Republican primaries.

JUDGE BOYD ORDERS DISCHARGE OF M'COY

He Dismisses Warrant of Arrest Against Alleged Liquor Fraud Conspirator. Indictment is Imperfect.

Asheville, Aug. 6.—Judge James E. Boyd, of the United States court for the western district of North Carolina, sitting upon a preliminary hearing in the case of the United States government against Thomas C. McCoy, of this city, charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States in connection with the operation of the Caspar and other distilleries in Arkansas and Missouri, today dismissed the warrant of arrest and discharged the defendant on the ground that the record of the bill of indictment presented at Fort Smith, Ark., was imperfect, and that the government had introduced no evidence whatever in its effort to show cause why the defendant should be taken to Fort Smith for trial on the charges named.

Judge Boyd in disposing of the case held that although the indictment against McCoy was sufficient in form and substance, there was not certified any record to show that a criminal trial of court had been held at Fort Smith with a judge presiding, that any grand jury had been sworn and empaneled, or that the indictment had ever been returned to court by a grand jury duly sworn and empaneled.

The government rested its case against McCoy by offering this bill of indictment, whereupon the court held that there was no evidence, dismissed the warrant and discharged the defendant.

Judge Boyd then stated to the attorneys for the government that he was ready to hear the case upon the affidavit and warrant, and that they might introduce any testimony in their possession tending to show probable cause against McCoy as to the offenses charged in the copy of the indictment.

The government, however, declined to present any evidence further than to offer the copy of the indictment returned at Fort Smith.

Judge Boyd's ruling does not deprive the government of any of its rights in the matter of a new procedure against McCoy.

McCoy's arrest here followed the returning of true bills by the Fort Smith grand jury some weeks ago against a large number of defendants in various sections of the country wherein the government alleged that it had lost millions of dollars through distilling frauds which evaded the payment of taxes. Defendants who have been indicted and arrested in connection with the alleged frauds include: Knox Booth, of Nashville; James Serber, of Atlanta; John L. Casper, of Fort Smith; Fred Bowles, of Oklahoma City; J. B. Thomas, of Millner, Ga.; S. L. Williams, of McDowell county, North Carolina; Newton C. Spradley, of Springfield, Mo.; J. Henry Brown, of Fort Smith; and Moses P. Brock, of Davis county, North Carolina.

REAL START MADE TO CLEAR THE ERIE RUINS

Every Property Owner in Flooded District and Every Paid City Employee Are Aiding the Work.

Erie, Pa., Aug. 6.—With every property owner and tenant in the flooded district and hundreds of volunteer workers and paid employees of the city clearing away the debris along the path of a brighter future, the ruins are now being pulled apart and a real start has been made towards clearing this up.

About \$20,000 has been raised by the citizens to meet the first expense.

On Monday a committee of 100 business men will begin a canvass of the city to raise a huge fund from which those who have lost their all in the disaster will be given a new start in life.

The state health authorities are getting into their work while hundreds of decaying bodies still in the ruins—animals from slaughter houses—and humans, the health officers say tonight that they believe an epidemic will be averted.

There was little looting today and few arrests were made in the flood zone, compared with yesterday and the day previous.

MAY RESTORE NEUSE RIVER AS CHANNEL FOR COMMERCE

(Special to Daily News.)

Goldboro, Aug. 6.—Capt. Wilson I. Davenny, field secretary of the National Rivers and Harbors congress, was a visitor here today and congratulated Congressman George E. Hood, of this city, upon his efforts to restore Neuse river to usefulness as a channel for commerce.

"I am very glad indeed," said Capt. Davenny, "to know that active steps are being taken to restore the Neuse to usefulness as a channel for commerce. It is not easy to over estimate the benefits that would accrue to eastern North Carolina from the practical revival of river navigation between this city and New Bern. The time was when it was the only avenue of commerce and no spirit of antagonism to other means of transportation may be fairly implied in the effort to again make use of this primitive God-given route for trade and commerce. Having initiated this movement it is only the rational thing to persist until the end is achieved."

SWISS MILITARY SYSTEM IS URGED FOR UNITED STATES

Portland, Me., Aug. 6.—The adoption of the Swiss system of military preparedness for the United States was urged by Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary in an address here today. He supported President Wilson's idea of a citizen soldiery as expressed in a message to Congress last December.

MISSION MANAGEMENT ISSUE OF DISCUSSION BY FRIENDS' SOCIETY

Point Raised at Yearly Meeting Over Blue Ridge.

MANAGEMENT IS WANTED

Alfred J. Griffin Tells Assemblage of Work at the Negro Normal Institute.

WANTS MORE COOPERATION

Principal of High Point Institution Says He Meets Occasional Discouragement, But Great Work is Being Done.

(By D. W. HOLT)

Guilford College, Aug. 6.—With the largest crowd in attendance at all the services, two excellent sermons during the day and an address tonight by Thomas Newlin, L. L. D., D. D., the newly elected president of Guilford college, the third day of the yearly meeting was a most interesting one.

The services began today with a meeting for worship at 8:30 a. m., and the sermon was preached by F. E. Smith, pastor of the Anshebor Street Friends' church, of Greensboro. Taking his text from the eighth verse of the 16th Psalm, the minister spoke for nearly an hour and in the discourse the content thought that was kept before the congregation was "keeping your eyes on Jesus." Mr. Smith declared that just as there is a law of the "survival of the fittest" in the scientific life, so there is in the spiritual life, and that it is the men and women who are strong in their trust in God that survive and come out triumphant in the end.

The 10 o'clock service was opened with Scripture reading by John Kendall, of Indiana, following which there was a number of short talks by several members of the congregation. Reports from different committees were read and several new committees appointed. At this service Alfred J. Griffin, of High Point, president of the Negro Normal and Industrial institute, which is under the care of the Friends' society of New York city, made a short but interesting talk on the work that is being done at the school. The negro principal said that he felt that the North Carolina Yearly meeting should take more interest in the school and thereby assist the New York Friends in the work of trying to uplift the negro and fit him for his best service. Griffin has been at the head of the institute for the past 15 years and he was emphatic in his declaration that that time had been mingled with discouragement, but with that he felt that a great service is being rendered in the work of helping the negro race at the High Point school.

He urged the members of the North Carolina Yearly meeting to visit the school and see for themselves the work that is being carried on. The speaker suggested that some of the young men and women in the entente should come there on Sundays and conduct services and thus show to the negroes that an interest is being taken in their advancement.

"We are trying to uplift the negro and fit him for his best service to himself, God and humanity, but we cannot do it successfully unless the negro realizes that the white people are deeply interested in him," said Griffin.

The next matter that was taken under consideration at the morning session was the report of the Blue Ridge mission. The report on finances was very encouraging, but it seemed that the report was more or less indicative that the prospects at the mission were a little brighter for a meeting than for the work of the school. The thing in the report that called for a rather lengthy discussion from a number of the men and women of the congregation was the recommendation sent from the Surry quarterly meeting that the management of the mission be placed under their care, while the trust funds should be allowed to remain in the hands of the Yearly meeting. The majority of the members were agreed that the recommendation was a good one since the Surry