

Quake in Chile Takes a Toll of Over 1,000 and Leaves Many in Distress

500 ARE DEAD IN AND NEAR VALLENAR WHICH STANDS TOTAL WRECK

Heavy Casualties Occur At Copiapo and Coquimbo.

BOATS HIGH AND DRY

All Types of Craft Are Swept On Shore and Many Small Boats Are Destroyed.

RELIEF FOR SUFFERERS

President Alessandri Orders Steps Taken To Relieve the Homeless.

Ocean's Movement Described As Phenomenal.

Santiago, Chile, Nov. 12.—(By Associated Press)—With partial establishment of communications, Chile's earthquake catastrophe is revealed in even greater magnitude than first reports indicated. It is estimated that at least 1,000 are dead, and many thousands are in distress needing food and shelter.

In addition to heavy casualties of dead and injured at Copiapo and Coquimbo, it was reported today that 500 were killed at Vallenar and the surrounding district. Vallenar was virtually destroyed, and the survivors are in a critical condition. It seems certain that there have been casualties in other towns and villages around Copiapo, to the south, concerning which no news is yet available.

Already 24 bodies have been recovered at Coquimbo where it is known there are 100 or more dead. At Chanarral a number were killed by falling houses.

Quake and Wave Combine

It was earthquakes and tidal waves combined that accounted for the vast destruction in the provinces of Antofagasta, Atacama and Coquimbo. The movement of the ocean is described as phenomenal. It gave evidence of a terrific disturbance in the waters along the Chilean coast. Several times the ocean swept outward and came back in the shape of 2 great waves, flooding the seaports and in some instances sweeping away the water front. The violent effects of the tidal waves were felt from Antofagasta on the north to Valdivia on the south, covering about 16 degrees of latitude, or more than 1,200 miles.

All types of craft lying in the various harbors were swept on shore, wrecked or left high and dry, and at scores of small ports wharves and quays were destroyed. The coast vessels in the harbor at Talcahuano, about 300 miles south of Valparaiso, when they felt the force of the waters, clipped their cables and proceeded out to sea.

Relief For Sufferers

President Alessandri has ordered the various government departments to take steps for the relief of the sufferers in the stricken districts, those most severely affected lying between Coquimbo and Copiapo.

The navy department has sent ships along the coast to aid in the work.

The report of the meteorological institute says the apparent focus of the earth shock was 200 kilometers from Santiago; the intensity of the movements was recorded between numbers 2 and 8 of the official scale, which runs up to 12. The total duration was three hours and 40 minutes and the estimated radius 1,200 kilometers in a transverse direction to the Andes.

The meteorological institute says the earth shock coincides with the passage of a sun spot over the central meridian. The earthquake commenced at the termination of a day of abnormal heat. The sun spot referred to made its appearance November 5 and was the largest observed this year.

Four Are Killed And 3 Hurt in Explosion

Corning, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Four men were killed and three hurt late last night as the result of the explosion of a locomotive boiler at Moreland, 13 miles south here.

The dead were Frank Ferrer and Frank Harding, of Corning; W. C. Thompson, of Penn Yan, and S. C. W. Huestander, of Dresden. The locomotive was one of two attached to a southbound New York Central freight train. The boiler was thrown 400 feet ahead of the train. It landed on the tracks and the head engine exploded into fire. The cause of the explosion has not been determined.

LAUSANNE CONFERENCE WILL BE HELD NOV. 20

British Want Longer Postponement But the French Will Not Agree.

DETAILS ARE CLOUDED

Paris, Nov. 12.—(By Associated Press)—The French foreign office today announced that the Greco-Turkish peace conference to be held at Lausanne had been tentatively set for "not later than November 20."

Originally the date set for the convening of the conference was November 13 but the British government desired a postponement. It was said today that the British were arguing for a still later date than November 20, but the French government could not see why a week's postponement should be of any avail.

The same uncertainty that characterizes the proposed preliminary meeting between the representatives of Great Britain, France and Italy. The British desire a sort of inter-allied conference to precede the Lausanne gathering, while Mr. Poincaré the French premier thinks similar "conversations" will be adequate.

He has suggested that he can see and talk to Lord Curzon, the British foreign secretary, and Lord Curzon is passing through Paris on his way to Lausanne.

Italy's position is rather vague. Premier Mussolini has said that the conference at Lausanne is not ready for him. He did not indicate, however, when he was prepared to be represented at Lausanne, or what would be his attitude in conversations between the principal allies.

Most of the French delegation to the conference is headed by M. Boncompagni, intended to leave for Lausanne tonight, but their trip was cancelled when M. Poincaré decided they would await the arrival here of Lord Curzon.

The Turkish delegation headed by Ismet Pasha, which arrived at Lausanne tonight, may continue on to Paris. The Ankara government had asked the Ankara representative here, Ferid Bey, to notify Ismet of the postponement, and to invite them to come to the capital.

The French view is that there is every chance of Great Britain and France being in general accord on questions on which Lord Curzon is extremely anxious to obtain all agreement before the meeting with the Turks; but there is no concealment of the fact that there is not entire harmony in the views of the French and the British.

The French, in any case, think that it is better to get to work with the Turks quickly in order to avoid any further delay in Constantinople, and to trust to luck to find time at Lausanne, or by wire, or through ambassadors, to agree on such a common course as still may be found at this late date.

Eight Opponents of Kemalist Reign Pay For it On Scaffold

Constantinople, Nov. 12.—(By Associated Press)—Eight of the leading Turkish opponents of the Kemalist regime have been hanged. These include Ali Ruchid Bey, former minister of justice; General Emin Pasha, former commander of Constantinople; and Colonel Fetih Bey, former member of the military tribunal.

The executions were a sequel to the Kemalist decision to deal severely with Turkish nationalists who opposed their program. The victims were identified with the former Constantinople government, the remaining members of which are fleeing the country, fearing a like fate.

Soft Coal Production About Back to Normal Now.

BIG DEMAND FOR CARS

Evidences of a Heavy Fall Trade Are Found in Money and Bank Reports.

COTTON GAINS FORCE

Wheat Prices Have Sagged Somewhat From Recent High Mark But Rallied Late In The Week And Hold To Steady Point

(By Associated Press)

New York, Nov. 12.—Continuation of the general improvement in industrial conditions is indicated by the various business and financial indices which became available during the week.

Loading of railroad cars with revenue freight shows further gains, both in coal and general merchandise. The total loadings for the week ended October 31 amounted to 1,914,000 tons, which is only 100,000 tons less than loadings in the week October 15, 1920, when the high record for this year was set.

It is clear, furthermore, that an even larger volume of traffic might be moved if the transportation facilities were available.

Fuel Situation Improved.

Soft coal production has been established at a level of approximately 10,700,000 tons a week and the whole fuel situation is growing brighter. Stocks are returning to something like normal proportions and the schedule of shipments to the northwest by way of the Great Lakes, which enjoyed priority, has been somewhat improved. Loading of railroad cars with revenue freight shows further gains, both in coal and general merchandise. The total loadings for the week ended October 31 amounted to 1,914,000 tons, which is only 100,000 tons less than loadings in the week October 15, 1920, when the high record for this year was set.

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Department Prepares To Handle War Notes

Mellon Announces Plan For Redeeming Treasury Certificates Maturing Jan. 1.

WILL PAY IN HARD CASH

Washington, Nov. 12.—Arrangements for handling \$625,000,000 of war savings certificates of 1918 which mature January 1, were announced tonight by Secretary Mellon, who said they were in the hands of millions of holders.

"For their convenience," the statement said, "the treasury is offering special facilities for cash redemption or exchange into treasury savings certificates of the series of 1922, including provision for presentation before January 1, 1922."

The proposed exchange is part of the treasury's program for funding the short dated debt, of which about \$3,000,000 remains to be funded by the end of the present fiscal year.

"Beginning November 15, 1922," Mr. Mellon explained, "holders of 1918 war savings certificates can exchange them at maturity value for treasury savings certificates dated January 1, 1922, and at the same time can get advance payment of any cash difference between the two certificates. The treasury will make the largest amount of these exchanges possible, but the amount of their war savings certificates taken at maturity value will cover. Exchanges after January 15, 1922, with any necessary cash adjustments will be made as of the date of exchange. Holders will not be asked to make any redemption of their certificates before maturity, but beginning November 15, they may present them in advance for redemption, any cash difference to be made as of the date of exchange. About January 1, 1922, checks payable to their order covering the redemption value will be made.

"Registered war savings certificates must be presented to the post office where registered, but unregistered certificates will be received for exchange at any money order postoffice, any cash to be reserved on bank or branch or the treasury at Washington."

Ship, If Transferred, Must Not Haul Whisky to U. S.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Applications for transfer of American vessels to foreign flags will be considered by the shipping board only where transference makes binding agreement that the ships will not be used to haul or transport liquor of any kind to or from the United States, according to the board, which today announced the agreement. The agreement will apply to any other commodities under legal ban in the United States and to any case of violation, the transfer or flag will be null and void and the ship subject to seizure and forfeiture "wherever and whenever found, without compensation to any person therefor."

Danville Girls Have Very Narrow Escape in a Wreck

(Special to Daily News.)

Reidsville, Nov. 12.—Miss Mary Rose, of Danville, Va., driving in her Birmingham car with Miss Mary Scott, Virginia Whitsett, Constance Gwaltney and Alvia Statoy, had a miraculous escape from death this afternoon when a busload of 20 persons ditched and overturned near the town of Reidsville. The girls were seriously injured and no bones broken.

The accident occurred two miles west of Reidsville on the highway road, at 4 o'clock. The girls' eyes ran from 12 to 15 years.

Temperatures and Rainfall.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Official weather bureau record of temperatures and rainfall, for the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. in the principal cities growing areas:

Station	Max. Temp.	Precip. (Inch.)
Atlanta	78	0.0
Birmingham	78	0.0
Boston	78	0.0
Chicago	78	0.0
Cincinnati	78	0.0
Cleveland	78	0.0
Denver	78	0.0
Detroit	78	0.0
Houston	78	0.0
Los Angeles	78	0.0
Memphis	78	0.0
Minneapolis	78	0.0
New Orleans	78	0.0
New York	78	0.0
Philadelphia	78	0.0
Pittsburgh	78	0.0
Portland	78	0.0
San Francisco	78	0.0
St. Louis	78	0.0
St. Paul	78	0.0
Wash. D. C.	78	0.0

Cancer Cure May Be Salvation of Many

Englishman Carries on Good Cancer Experiment With Colloidal Combinations of Lead

(Special Cable to Daily News.)

(Copyright, 1922, by Pathfinders Publishing Co.)

London, Nov. 12.—Intravenous injections of colloidal combinations of lead, molybdenum and phosphorus, for the treatment of cancer, have led to a small package of "suggestive recoveries" in cases which hitherto had been given up as hopeless.

Dr. Bell, who is professor of gynecology in Liverpool university, believes he has found a method which may after several more experiments, lead to a treatment which may be termed a "cure."

The theory followed by him started from the fact that certain metals like molybdenum and phosphorus have a faculty of breaking down malignant organizations in the human body. Lead has long been known to have a destructive effect on certain healthy cells of the body.

Dr. Bell's task has been to determine whether in certain cases it might not be made to break up cancer cells.

Lead administered in colloidal form to patients with cancer is found to show a preference for cancer cells so that in a number of cases the growth of the tumor was arrested without serious damage to the other tissues of the body. Out of a total number of 50 cases treated over a period of three years, four are believed to have been cured and 11 improved.

Least Binney Is Killed.

New Haven, Nov. 12.—Lieut. John Binney, army flier from Mitchell field, Long Island, was instantly killed this afternoon at Brainerd municipal field here while taking part in an airplane race. His plane struck a tree and crashed when about to land.

Important Decisions In Tax Contests Are Expected From Court

Ruling Will Probably Be Made In The Person Case.

CASES ARE OF INTEREST

Meredith College Will Go to Tucker Farm and Not Move to Wake Forest.

GUERRARD TO BE TRIED

Election of Democratic Legislators by Republican Counties Result of the People Becoming Interested in Progress.

Greensboro Daily News Bureau, 12-13-22.

By W. T. BOST.

Raleigh, Nov. 12.—Two tax decisions of enormous interest are expected to come down this week; one by Judge Henry G. Connor on the railroad resistance suits in the state income tax and the other the Person v. Revenue Commissioner Watts case which is pending in the Supreme Court.

The issue before Judge Connor is payment of income tax. In the three judges' hearings he has been sitting with Judges Boyd and Waddill and the federal judge, Connor, has been the assessor of franchisees are now before the United States Supreme Court. In these litigations the judges have agreed. But the income tax issue is before the Supreme Court. The exact amount involved is not known because the railroads have paid no income tax at all, owing to the absence of any law for taxing such income. The amendment of 1920 went into effect. But the tax will go into three hundred thousand it is said.

Other Case Interesting.

The other tax case is similarly interesting. Chief Justice Clark sees a potential billion dollars in taxables and the amount of money to be collected would be enormous. This case has been before the state courts only a few weeks as the plaintiff, W. M. Person, is suing for a slow start. He offered it about the same time that he was interested in the congressional race and had difficulty arresting Judge Calvert until the issues could be resolved there. When the judge ruled against Person, the case was taken to the state supreme court and Colonel Person lost. All the state's law, practice and sentiment had been against the plaintiff.

Nevertheless, it is a case that has been before the Supreme Court for some time. It is a case that has been before the Supreme Court for some time. It is a case that has been before the Supreme Court for some time.

Flight From Asia-Minor Christians in Panicky Flock To Coastal Cities

Along Every Mountain Pass Are Columns of Men, Women and Children Fleeing Before Their Mortal Enemy, the Turk.

Terrible Weather Brings Death to Many Thousands.

Constantinople, Nov. 12.—(By Associated Press)—Reports reaching Constantinople show that the entire Christian population of Asia-Minor is in panicky flight toward the shores of Mediterranean and Black seas.

Samsun, in the Vlayet of Trebizond, on the Black sea, has 10,000 of its own refugees and 40,000 others who are reported headed for them out of the country. Along every road and in every mountain pass are long winding serpentine columns of men, women and children, heading along the coast pulling wagon loads of their worldly goods. People are abandoning their homes, farms and everything in their eagerness to put the greatest possible distance between themselves and their mortal enemies—the Turks.

The weather is terrible. The intense cold and heavy rains of this wholesale evacuation have been increased by inclement weather, which is bringing sickness or death to thousands. James Crutcher of Tusculoo, Ala., is a refugee from the east coast, notified Constantinople by courier today that the water front at Samsun was crowded with nervous or terrorized refugees waiting for boats. Mr. Crutcher reports that the available ships will only embark 2,000 persons. He believes not exceeding one-third the refugees will be able to leave the country within the period set for them to do so by the Turks. He therefore is making efforts to induce the Ankara government to extend the time limit.

Reports from other places in Asia-Minor say the Turkish military is withholding permission for males from 15 to 55 years of age to leave the country, and is allowing only women and children to depart. Deprived of their breadwinners, the refugees present a problem beyond the efforts of the American relief agencies.

Admiral Bristol Present

Rear Admiral Bristol, commander of the American naval forces in Turkish waters, is concerned over all Christians and is striving to have the Nationalists modify this attitude.

By winter there is expected to be

(Continued On Page Five.)

Ace of American Naval Fliers Seriously Injured When Plane Crashes Into a Norfolk Marsh

ONE MAN KILLED

Million Barrels of Oil in Texas Burn

Houston, Texas, Nov. 12.—More than 1,000,000 barrels of oil were burned early tonight and indications were that a similar amount would be consumed in a spectacular fire sweeping the Gulf Production company tank farms at Humble. Lightning caused the blaze.

Three enormous underground reservoirs are said to have a capacity of 400,000 barrels each, and the boiling matter spread rapidly toward three other nearby tanks. The whole farm consists of 20 tanks. The blaze can be seen 20 miles.

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Wife of Lieutenant Chevalier En Route to Hospital Falls In the Ocean.

STEERING GEAR BREAKS

Norfolk, Nov. 12.—Lieutenant Commander Decourcelle Chevalier, senior flier officer of the naval air corps, was seriously injured when his plane crashed into a Norfolk marsh. The accident was caused by a steering gear break.

Mrs. Gibson's Story Refuted by a Woman

Mrs. Russell Says Mrs. Gibson Was Not on Phillips Farm Night of Murder.

AN AFFIDAVIT IS SIGNED

New Brunswick, N. J., Nov. 12.—An affidavit refuting the story of Mrs. Gibson, farmer, of what she saw on the Phillips farm on the night of September 14 last, when the Rev. W. A. Paxton, pastor of the Phillips church, was shot, was obtained by Mrs. Russell, widow of the pastor, and given to the authorities, counsel for the pastor's widow announced tonight.

Deputy Attorney-General Mott, appointed special prosecutor by Governor Edwards to investigate the crime, was not in New Brunswick today, and no official announcement of the receipt of the affidavit which was obtained by Timothy Pfeiffer, Mrs. Russell's attorney, has been made.

The affidavit is signed by Mrs. Nellie L. Russell, whose home is near the Phillips farm. It sets forth that she saw the Rev. W. A. Paxton, pastor of the Phillips church, on the night of September 14 last, when the Rev. W. A. Paxton, pastor of the Phillips church, was shot, and given to the authorities, counsel for the pastor's widow announced tonight.

Turkish Editor, With Hands Tied, Hacked To Death By Angry Mob of Native Women

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All Kemal remained passive, uttering no word of protest; his hands tied, he was led to a scaffold. Before he reached the gibbet, however, an angry mob of women pounced on him, attacking him with knives, stones, slashing his body and head with cutlasses. After a few minutes excruciating torture, the victim expired. His body was dragged through the streets by infuriated mobs and exposed to public gaze on the scaffold for several hours.

The editor's death has caused profound reaction and emotion in Constantinople where he was known as one of Turkey's most enlightened and most impartial editors.

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Coal Shortage Relief Is Promised By Commission

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 12.—Immediate relief of the coal shortage condition in southeastern states was forecast tonight by Atlanta chamber of commerce officials following the receipt of a telegram from the national fuel administrator stating that 11 different railroads in the east have been ordered to supply the Louisville and Nashville railroad with 4,000 cars to handle coal shipments to this section within the next 10 days.

Germana Counterfeit Large

Washington, Nov. 12.—Large tobacco company representatives have reported to government officials the activities of certain German manufacturers in marketing in Germany cigarettes made of European tobacco in wrappers cleverly counterfeited to resemble those of an American brand with its distinguishing picture, even a counterfeit American revenue stamp is used.

Illinois, Iowa, Kansas and Oklahoma Favor Bonus

4 STATES IN FAVOR OF BONUS WHILE TWO ARE SPLIT ON LIGHT WINES

ILLINOIS SEEMS THIRSTY

But Ohio Strongly Opposes Legalizing Sale of Wine and Beer.

WANTS A QUIET SUNDAY

South Dakota Puts Ban On Sabbath Festivities Southern States Carry 20 of the 25 Constitutional Amendments.

(By Associated Press)

Chicago, Nov. 12.—A division of opinion as to the advisability of permitting the sale of wine and light wines was recorded in two states of the midwest at last Tuesday's elections, but all four states in which the soldiers' bonus was up returned favorable majorities, according to figures available today.

Ohio opposed a proposed constitutional amendment legalizing the sale of wine and beer, whereas Illinois and Indiana are in favor of a modification of state and federal laws to permit the manufacture, sale and transportation of beer and light wine.

The question of Sunday amusements was raised in one state in the midwest, South Dakota, which according to available figures put a ban on Sabbath festivities. The vote was about two to one.

In Illinois, Iowa and Kansas an overwhelming vote in favor of the bonus was polled. In Oklahoma the soldiers' compensation proposal, however, received so slight a majority that a heavy vote may be necessary to determine the result.

Questions of taxation, submitted in various ways throughout the central states, showed wide differences of opinion.

Michigan Opposes Income.

Michigan opposed a state income tax law, and Minnesota enacted an act on persons or corporations engaged in mining or producing ore.

Among other financial questions answered by the voters was whether to propose a bank in Nebraska as a condition of the state of Minnesota as an aid to development of the agricultural resources of the state. Approval was also given to an act to require any proposed bank in Nebraska to show that the bank is necessary before the bank can be opened.

In South Dakota, the voters refused to let the federal state to engage in the banking business.

Wisconsin rejected a proposed constitutional amendment authorizing any city in addition to its authorized powers to incur indebtedness for public improvements. Another proposal approved was that a jury verdict in civil cases may be based on the votes of a specified number of the jury, not less than five-sixths.

For Anti-Piercing Law.

Nebraska, according to unofficial returns, endorsed an anti-piercing law, and provided that delegates to political conventions be selected by caucuses and conventions instead of primary elections.

The defeat of the proposed wine and beer law in Ohio was by a much smaller margin than the victory of the wet referendum in Illinois. This was explained by prohibition advocates as due to the fact that Ohio voters are not so much in favor of the bonus as are the voters of Illinois.

The pro-prohibition vote in Ohio was 53,000 against a negative vote of 112,500. In Illinois returns from 121 of the 5,890 precincts in favor of prohibition modification and 49,248 against any loosening of the present restrictions.

The Illinois bonus proposal provided for a \$100,000 bond issue and direct tax to pay the bonus, which was voted for the issue of \$22,000,000 bonds for the same purpose.

Dutch Press Bitter Over Bill's Wedding

The Government is Taken to Task For Permitting Use of "Kaiser," "Majesty," Etc.

(Copyright, 1922, by Pathfinders Publishing Co.)

Amsterdam, Nov. 12.—The Dutch press has made much of the effort to reassert in connection with the imperial wedding the German imperial titles and pretenses through announcements from Doornhouse and through official Dutch channels.

It has taken the government sharply to task for permitting the use of "Kaiser," "Majesty," etc. in the ban of the civilian ceremony, permitting public officials to sponsor statements written in the court style, and authorizing the governor of the province and other Dutch functionaries to act as official witnesses in the marriage of the dethroned, exiled monarch.

"The king can do no wrong," remarked one Dutch newspaper, "but the ex-liaison playing a sorry trick upon the Dutch public by such tomfoolery."

Hide the Royal Blue Flag—Lined Connecting Greensboro and Its Towns. Safety—Service. advt.

Charlotte Minister Drops Dead While In the Pulpit

(Special to Daily News.)

Charlotte, Nov. 12.—J. T. Courtney, well known minister, died here today while preaching at First Hill Baptist church, south of Charlotte. His age was 76 years.

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