

LONDON, Nov. 16.

As Buonaparte and Moreau are the leading names under whose auspices the recent revolution is announced to tranquilize the people, there are some particulars mentioned in the French papers concerning their connection, which though of themselves trivial, may now be thought not indifferent, or at least curious. Buonaparte and Moreau were personally unacquainted, never having seen each other till since Buonaparte's return from Egypt. They met at the house of Gauthier, the actual president of the directory. The French papers state that an immediate intimacy and mutual esteem commenced between them. Buonaparte took every opportunity to testify his admiration for Moreau's military character, and employed every means to acquire his regard and confidence. When it was proposed that the two councils should give a fête to Buonaparte on his return, the latter, it is said, requested that it might be given to Moreau and him jointly. He loaded Moreau with civilities, and made him some very valuable presents. These circumstances, when the natural reserve of Buonaparte's character is considered, seem to argue that knowing Moreau's popularity in the army, he wished to secure his aid and co-operation in the change that was meditated. This may in some degree explain the circumstance of their being found to stand together as the prominent military characters in this affair. Perhaps this behaviour in Buonaparte may have been but general civility and regard.

The downfall of Barras will be a circumstance generally acceptable in France to all parties, as he was a man in whose principles nobody had confidence, and whose character would have disgraced any government.

It perhaps would be premature to reason on an event which is come to us on such doubtful authority; but it is impossible to hear even of the rumour of such a change, without endeavoring to analyse its principle, and speculate on its effects. It is no secret to our readers, that Sieyès is the confidential friend of Buonaparte; that he was the first to announce the joyful news of his arrival to Boudin, who exclaimed on the occasion—"Then France will have peace." All the members of this confederacy have constantly made peace the watchword of their party, and they have never omitted an opportunity to found it as a charm to the nation. In all the late discussions in the two councils, they succeeded so well, by the influence which they gained over the public mind, as to throw out every motion intending to bring an obstacle in the way of their object. With the cry of peace therefore in their mouths, whether it might be in their hearts, it is possible that they may have gained an easy conquest over Barras and his associates, and that a new order of things has been established, which is to found itself on the firm of a general peace. It is most probable that the ambition of Buonaparte to be the pacificator of Europe, and his first work will be easy, that of again restoring harmony between France and the Emperor. Whether he will find it equally easy to conclude a peace with Great-Britain, is not a question which we can resolve. We fear that is only by the voice of the people of England, loudly, firmly, and uniformly pronounced, that statesmen would be called to the councils of his majesty, capable of securing to us the invaluable blessing on terms honorable to the empire.

Morning Chronicle.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 8.

Extract of a letter from capt. Perry, of the frigate General Green, to a gentleman of this town, dated off Cape Francois, Dec. 5 '99.

"Since I last had the pleasure of writing to you, I have taken a frigate under Dutch colours, named from Guavaies to St. Thomas, laden with coffee, cotton, &c. supplied to be French property. All, in company with the Boston, have remained an American schooner, in possession of the French, and taken a brig bound from Jeremie to St. Thomas, very richly laden. She showed Dutch colours, but has every evidence of French property.

"The American schooner leaves us to-day for Boston, where I have

consented she should be sent, only in compliance with cap. Little's earnest wishes, as he has not yet seen anything in.

"We wait Commodore Talbot's return from the Mole, where he has been for the purpose of watering, when we shall receive his advice, and directions respecting the schooner taken by the General Green and the brig; and according to all probability, they will be immediately sent to America.

"The political situation and conduct of the government of St. Domingo, I am sorry to say, wears daily more the appearance of duplicity and baseness, and I am now fully convinced that the government will no longer regard their treaty than they find it absolutely to their interest. They have already shown their want of faith in several instances, and have even gone so far as to imprison an officer of the Boston. By the schooner John, which left the Cape this day, I am informed, that Port de Paix and Jean Rabel, have revolted and declared in favor of Rigaud, which had caused much alarm in the Cape. The enclosed list of Toussaint's vessels you will please to have published."

List of Gen. Toussaint's present force by sea.

The gun boat Vengeur, commanded by capt. Lennox, mounting one 6 pounder, one 12 pounder, 4 four pounders, and two 12 pound cannonades, complement 80 men.

The gun boat the Dragon, capt. Lambert mounting one 8 pounder, complement 17 men.

The gun boat the Balune, captain Breffal, mounting one 4 pounder, complement 12 men.

The schooner Charlotte, capt. Viand, mounting one 24 pounder, and 2 four pounders, complement 60 men.

The schooner Gen. de Salines, captain Andrefarre, mounting one 8 pounder complement 53 men.

The schooner Active, capt. Debarque, mounting two 4 pounders, & four 3 pounders complement 42 men.

The schooner Unique, capt. Rainmonel, mounting one 18 pounder, & two 3 pounders. complement 50 men.

The barque Two Sisters, captain Hippolete, mounting one 4 pounder, complement 30 men.

Le Layrier, a brig mounting 14 guns, commanded by capt. Dobson, complement 70 men.

The brig Elan, capt. Defour, mounting six 12 and ten 6 pounders, complement 120 men.

The ship Spatiate, or Egyptian, capt. Cantineaux, mounting ten 12 pounders, six 8 pounders, and two 36 cannonades, complement 135 men.

The Deux Anges, or Two Angles, mounting eighteen 6 pounders.

The Diligens, commanded by capt. Dubois, mounting twelve 12 pounders.

N. B. The above mentioned vessels cruising between Cape Nicholas and Cape Danae Marie, badly manned—chiefly with negroes.

Extract of a letter from capt. Perry, dated off Cape Francois, Dec. 14 Com. Talbot, left this place about 16 days since, to go the Mole to water and expected to have been back in 8 or 10 days—we are rather alarmed for his safety, as we well know there is no dependence on Toussaint or his administration. By a letter from Dr. Stephens I have been informed, that there has an insurrection broke out at Port de Paix, Jean Rabel, and the vicinity of the Mole, headed by Gollard. I have ordered the Herald down to the Mole, with orders to send her boat in, should the Constitution be there, with the above information to Commodore Talbot. What will be the event of the insurrection is beyond human calculation."

CHARLESTON, January 7.

On Saturday last, the inhabitants of this city, paid the last honors they had in their power to the remains of their late most worthy and beloved Chief Magistrate, Governor RUTLEDGE. The regiment of horse, the regiment of artillery, and the uniform companies of the 28 and 29th regiments of militia, formed in procession, & preceded the corpse from the house of the deceased, with their colours in mourning, their arms reversed, and the music playing dead march. After the military came the Clergy, then the body, which was followed by the deceased's horse in military mourning. Major Rutledge attended as chief in mourning; then other relatives, friends and domestics. The procession was closed by the citizens, all of whom evinced the grief they felt at the loss they had just sustained, and the regret they were in being deprived of this excellent man.

His body was deposited with military honors, in the family burying ground in St. Philip's church yard. During the preceding minute guns were fired by a detachment of artillery, and the vessels in the harbor wore their colours half mast during the day.

An Act for the better regulation of the Inspection of Lumber in the Sea-Port Towns in this State.

WHEREAS complaints are made that persons are employed to inspect Saw-Mill Lumber, Staves and Shingles, without taking the oath required of Inspectors of produce, under an Act passed in the year 1784, entitled "an Act to prevent the exportation of unmerchantable commodities."

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of this State, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this act no person shall inspect any Saw-Mill Lumber, Staves or Shingles, without first being qualified as directed by the above recited Act, under the penalty of twenty pounds for every such offence to be recovered by any jurisdiction having cognizance thereof, one half to the use of the State, the other half to the person suing for the same.

And whereas there may not be Inspectors legally appointed in all the Sea-Port Towns in this State;

Be it enacted, That any three Justices of the Peace for the County, including such place of Inspection, shall be at liberty to appoint one or more persons to act as Inspectors until the next succeeding County Court.

BENJAMIN SMITH, S. S. MUSSENDINE MATTHEWS, Speaker of Commons.

Read three times and ratified in General Assembly the 23d of December, 1799.

A true Copy, WILLIAM WHITE, Secretary.

Sheriff's Sales.

The following is a list of lands in New-Hanover county, the taxes of which remain unpaid—The same will be sold on the 12th of May next, being the first day of the Superior Court, or as much thereof, as will pay the taxes, and expence.

- 100 acres given in by Francis Henry, and due for the year 1797. 130 do. do. John Marshall, do. 250 do. do. Benj. Alexander, do. 100 do. do. J. Cullen, ten. do. 190 do. do. John Morriss, do. 612 do. do. John Simpton, do. 360 do. do. John Wallis, do. 200 do. do. John Burns, do. 300 do. do. John Corbet, do. 770 do. do. James Corbet, do. 250 do. do. Edgerton Motte do. 165 do. do. Archibald Macaribe, do. 200 do. do. Jacob Powell, do. 244 do. do. James Thomas, do. 317 do. do. Daniel Morgan, do. 1334 do. do. John Miller, do. 325 do. do. John Prefcott, do. 60 do. do. W. Taylor, do. 1076 do. do. Exrs of D. James, do. 300 do. do. Edmund Moore, do. 150 do. do. Henry Holty, do. 100 do. do. John Walker, (Moore's Creek,) do. 410 do. do. Joseph Brinson, due for 1797 & 1798. 425 do. do. Hardy Parker, do. 200 do. do. Frederick Rowe, do. 108 do. do. White B-rwick, do. 400 do. do. Peter Barton, do. 50 do. do. Jacob Easton, do. 950 do. do. James Price, do. 283 do. do. James Towning do. 320 do. do. Wm. Dwaun, do. 375 do. do. George Dwaun, do. 160 do. do. Benj. Gideon, do. 200 do. do. Thomas Gideon, sen. do. 158 do. do. Michael Laper, do. 100 do. do. J. H. M-lpus, do. 65 do. do. James Rogers, do. 400 do. do. John Swinton, sen. do. 20 do. do. Frederick Buford, do. 360 do. do. John Erwin, do. 250 do. do. Arthur Stuckey, do. 150 do. do. John Stokes, do. 122 do. do. Jonathan Williams, do. 175 do. do. Pen Fuller, do. 73 do. do. Arther Savage, do. 400 do. do. Henry Blake, do. 100 do. do. Thos. Scarborough, do. 300 do. do. James Kinneer, do. 1175 do. do. Mrs. Wright, do. 121 do. do. Ariston Taylor, do. 267 do. do. Wm. Walker, do. 200 do. do. Wm. Anderson, for the year 1798 on'y. 762 do. do. Thomas Heeley, do. 795 do. do. Daniel Bourdeaux, do. 402 do. do. Thomas Burloa do.

- 120 do. do. Wm. Buxton, do. 410 do. do. Joseph Brinson, do. 2 do. do. Nathan Cook, do. 50 do. do. Jacob Coston, do. 50 do. do. Peter Caetar, do. 100 do. do. Isaac Colten, do. 150 do. do. John Currie, do. 1720 do. do. James Dwaun, do. 572 do. do. John Edens, do. 50 do. do. Jacob Edens, do. 50 do. do. Jacob Easton, do. 1100 do. do. John Fellows, do. 500 do. do. Nicholas Fenvel, do. 150 do. do. S-muel Gorganus, do. 400 do. do. David Hall, do. 100 do. do. John Hunt, do. 340 do. do. James Howard, sen. do. 351 do. do. Wm. Hennessy do. 260 do. do. William Hufsham do. 100 do. do. Allan Henneley, do. 500 do. do. Thomas James, do. 100 do. do. Joshua Knowlton, do. 100 do. do. Daniel Kerr, do. 466 do. do. James Lee, do. 40 do. do. Thomas Leddon, do. 195 do. do. Isaac Lamb, do. 400 do. do. Woney M'Lammy, do. 100 do. do. Henry Miller, do. 200 do. do. Peter McBride, do. 2360 do. do. Mark M'Lammy, do. 100 do. do. Mary M'Lammy, do. 135 do. do. Joshua M'Lammy, do. 5 do. do. John Malpu, sen. do. 300 do. do. Benj. Atott, jun. do. 450 do. do. Simon M-lpus, do. 200 do. do. Henry Malpus, do. 50 do. do. George Newton, do. 150 do. do. Joseph Newton, do. 400 do. do. George Nixon, do. 62 do. do. Hardy Powell, do. 100 do. do. John Page, do. 50 do. do. Francis Priddgh, do. 395 do. do. Wm. H. Ramlay, do. 75 do. do. Charary Ruffel, do. 329 do. do. James Standley, do. 86 do. do. Edward Spearman, do. 61 do. do. Thomas Simmons, do. 700 do. do. James Smith, do. 455 do. do. Jonathan Standley, do. 111 do. do. Thomas Woodslides, do. 350 do. do. James Wilson, do. 200 do. do. George White, do. 200 do. do. Luke White, do. 310 do. do. John White, do.

The foregoing is the names of the persons who gave in the lands for taxation—Since then it is probable some of the said may have been conveyed, and now in possession of others. The land is liable for the taxes, without attending to the person who give it in. Any person whomay come forward to pay the taxes before the day of sale, will apply in case of my being out of town, to Marshall R. Willkings, who is authorized to receive the same.

Wm NUTT, Shff. N. B. The lots in the town of Wilmington, as advertised, and sale postponed to this day—is again postponed until the 3rd day of May next, when such as the taxes have not been paid upon—will be sold at the Court-House, for the payment of the same.

Wm. NUTT, Shff. Wilmington, Feb. 7.

State of North-Carolina, Onflow County.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT there has been apprehended and is now in my care, a Ranaway Negro Man by the name of TOM; he is about five feet five or six inches high, and well set, somewhat marked with the small pox in his face, he is coarse featured, and has full red eyes. Said Negro was formerly the property of Edward Dudley, Esquire, of Onflow, and said Duol y carried him to the State of South-Carolina, & as he told me, sold him to a Mr. Andrew Burnett, and the Negro says he now belongs to said Burnett. The owner perhaps would do well to come or send for said fellow as soon as possible, which he may get (if he should not escape) by applying to the subscriber about three miles from Onflow Court-House.

LEMUEL DOTY. January 19, 1800.

N. B. The Printers in Charleston are desired to insert the above advertisement.

FOR SALE, THAT valuable Lot in the Town of Wilmington, running 99 feet in Front-Street, and 99 on the River, with the improvements thereon, consisting of a well-finished two story Dwelling-House, with an excellent Store Cellar, Kitchen and Out-Houses; at present occupied by Mr. George Gibbs—and a Wharf with a new Ware-House thereon, 50 by 60 feet. For terms apply to GEORGE DUNGAN, January 16.

THE subscriber wishes to Sell or to lease for a term of years, the place in Fayetteville, where he now lives—any quantity of the adjoining enclosed Lots of Land in Fields and Meadows, from 4 to 100 acres may go with the buildings as may best suit the purchaser, or let—it is a healthy pleasant situation, the Houle, Out-Houses and Garden in good repair: if Sold, payments by installments, may be made easy to the purchaser, or if leased, a very moderate rent will be taken from a tenant who will not suffer the place to go to waste.

JOHN SIBLEY, Fayetteville, Jan. 28, 1800.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Wilmington and its vicinity, that he has taken the house at present occupied by Mr. Thomas Murphy, where he intends carrying on the business of Saddle and Harness making in all its various branches, and will be thankful to those who will oblige him with their custom.

DAVID DUDLEY, Wilmington February 6.

REMOVAL A. HALL has removed his Books and Stationary to the new store in Front-Street, nearly opposite to Messrs. Mine and Blaney's, and expects in a few days to add some addition to his present assortment. He has for sale a few copies of the System of Book Keeping, and Dr. Perkins Metallic Coins.

ALSO, Almanacs for the year 1800. February 6.

NOTICE. ALL persons having demands against the estate of Matthew Johnston, Sen. dec'd, are requested to exhibit the same to the subscriber properly attested, within the time prescribed by an act of the General Assembly of this State, in such case provided—and those who are indebted thereto are requested to make speedy payment, as there is a necessity for closing the business of the estate as soon as possible.

GEORGE JENNINGS, Ex'r. Wilmington Jan. 23.—3w.

NOTICE. I WISH to rent my Holly-Shellter Plantation to a good Tenant, for a term of seven years. As a Corn and Stock Plantation, it is not inferior to any in New-Hanover county.

Ran away from me about the middle of June last, a Negro fellow named Sambony—he is supposed to be lurking about the plantations of Major A. D. Moore and George Davis, Esquire. I will give Eight Dollars to any person who will deliver him to me or to the jailor in Wilmington.

M. SAMPSON. December 12.

THE Trustees of the Fayetteville Academy are happy in having it in their power to announce to the Public that the difficulty heretofore experienced in suitable Boarding for young ladies, who live at a distance and wish to attend the Academy, is now removed. Mrs. Emmer has concluded to open a Boarding-House for that purpose, and will be equally attentive to the manners, dress, and behaviour of the young ladies committed to her charge, as to their cleanliness and diet. To those parents who are acquainted with Mrs. Emmer, anything in her behalf is unnecessary to be said; but to those who have not that pleasure; the Trustees without reservation do not hesitate to say that they are acquainted with no lady more highly qualified for such a charge than Mrs. Emmer.

Her terms for boarding and Washing are 60 dollars a year, and bedding found, or where that is not convenient, bedding may be found on an extra allowance. One quarter's board will be required in advance.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE Partnership of M'Fedran and Allen, will dissolve by mutual consent, on the first day of April next, with to the former's intention of leaving the state shortly after that period. Therefore all those who are in anywise indebted to the firm are earnestly solicited to make payment previous to that day; and those who have demands against it will please exhibit them for payment.

JOHN M'FEDRAN, JAMES ALLEN. Feb. 6—3w.