

public shall devour him as the fire devours your dried canes.
Given at Paris, in the Palace of Government, the 17th Brumaire, 10th year of the French Republic.
(Signed) BUONAPARTE.
By the first Consul, (Signed)
HUGUES B. MARET, Secretary of State.
A true copy,
LE CLERC, Captain General.

FRENCH REPUBLIC.
LIBERTY. EQUALITY.
PROCLAMATION.

On board of the Admiral's ship, Le Foudroyant, Port Republicain, the 19th Pluviose, 10th year of the French Republic, one and indivisible, (4th Feb. 1802.)

The General of Division, **BOUDET**, to the Inhabitants of the South part of St. Domingo.

The general peace which the Republic has conquered, permits the French government to extend to their colonies, the fruit of its long solicitude.

The first consul, Buonaparte, who has established the fate of Europe, and more especially the prosperity of France, now turns his attention to this Island; and your happiness is still to be his work.

Formidable forces, of land and sea, are directed towards your island. The spirit which animates them is that of peace and friendship. The proclamation of government with the assurance of it, and as its organ, I am happy to confirm it.

Buonaparte, in giving you for a Captain General a companion of his glory, a general of his family, in short his brother-in-law, proves to you the importance he attaches to restoring you to your former splendor. The Captain General already possesses the Cape at the head of three divisions of his army. I come myself, in his name and in concert with Admiral Latouche Tréville, into this quarter to fulfil his orders and to second his wishes.

—Every thing assures me that I shall find a co-operator in every citizen—such is my confidence in you, and you will not disappoint it. An inviolable respect for persons and property—such to you is the vow of government. An entire submission to the laws of the republic—such is her will, which I communicate to you—such also is mine. The present proclamation, that of the Captain General, and of the Government, shall be published and posted up at the found of the trumpet, and addressed to the curates of every parish to be read to their parishes.

(Signed) **BOUDET**, General of Division.

By order,
(Signed) **PAMPHILE LA CROIX**, Adj. Commandant in Chief of the Staff.

True copy,
COULON, Secretary of the Municipal Administration.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 19.
POSTSCRIPT.

The executive has received authentic information that the trade between the U. States and St. Domingo, except with Cape Francois and Port Republicain, in that island, is for the present suspended.

The undersigned Commissary General and Charge des affaires of the French republic, gives information to all persons whom it may concern, that in consequence of the result of the negroes in St. Domingo, all manner of intercourse is, by order of the commander in chief for the French republic, in the island, prohibited, to foreigners, with any other part of the island but the two ports of Cape-Francois and Port-Republicain.—Citizens will arrest all foreign vessels attempting to enter any other port, and to communicate with the revolted negroes, to carry either ammunition or provisions to them; such vessels shall be confiscated and the commander severely punished, as violating the rights of the French republic and the law of nations.

Fair and regular traders will meet with encouragement and protection at the two abovementioned places from the General in Chief and subordinate authorities. The intercourse between the United States and these two ports is left open to the American trade. It will be advisable for merchants who make shipments to the colony, and who wish to meet with no interruption by incurring suspicion of improper conduct, to take proper certificates from the commissaries or consular agents of the French republic, in the United States, who are instructed to deliver them to the applicants.

Given at Georgetown, Columbia District, the twenty-seventh Ventose, tenth year of the French Republic, (18th March, 1802.)

L. A. PICHON.

The French Frigate *Bayonnaise* has arrived at Baltimore, the captain whereof came on Wednesday to this City.—The *Bayonnaise* left St. Domingo 6 days later than our advices from Mr. Lear.

We learn that the French troops had met

with no obstacles to their progress and, that *Corinthian and Desfilines*, the two chiefs, subordinate to Toussaint, had been taken prisoners.

On the 17th of February, a cessation of hostilities was announced, which was to last for four days, when a general attack of the blacks was to take place throughout the whole extent of the island, unless the blacks submitted.

WILMINGTON, April 1,

BY AUTHORITY.

TIMOTHY BLOODWORTH, Esq. is appointed Collector of the Port of Wilmington, vice **Griffith J. McRee**, Esq. dec.

As a Board of the Commissioners of Navigation for Cape-Fear, on the 30th of March, 1802, the following was ordered to be published in the Wilmington Gazette for three weeks successive y:

THE Commissioners of Navigation for the Port of Wilmington are charged by law with the care of preventing, as far as in their power, the introduction of contagious diseases. But notwithstanding all the vigilance and precaution that can be used, they think it proper to observe in this public manner, that the continual correspondence with neighbouring ports, where the Small-Pox is sometimes prevalent, renders it extremely doubtful whether any measure of precaution can be adopted to effectually secure the inhabitants of this Town and vicinity at all times from the introduction of so calamitous a disease.

This intimation they give with a view of showing the importance of making use of life and effectual means for the prevention of so great an evil as the spread of the Small-Pox in the natural way would be. And as such, they feel a conscientiousness of integrity and solicitude for the public welfare, in recommending inoculation with the Kine-Pox. The undoubted assurance they have of the safety and ease of the process, and of its efficacy in preventing a communication of the Small Pox to those who are thus inoculated, convince them, that in this, they propose the most advisable measure that can be adopted by the inhabitants of this Town, to prevent a calamity to which they are continually exposed.

Should this measure be generally adopted in the Town, the Commissioners conceive it necessary to assure their fellow-citizens in the country, that the Kine-Pox cannot be communicated in any way but by inoculation. It is not infectious, and therefore they need not apprehend any danger by referring to the Town as usual.

As an evidence of the safety and efficacy of the Vaccine Inoculation, the Commissioners would observe, that it is publicly declared to be so by near forty of the most eminent Physicians of London, one of whom Dr. Lettsom, in a letter to Dr. Barton of Philadelphia, more particularly observes, as follows: "Vaccine Inoculation is becoming more and more general in England, and on the European continent about 6,000 have had the disease, it is said to be terminated, without any case of fatality, and about 3000 have been inoculated again with the common Small-Pox, without conveying any disease; so, that probably, soon, no other than the Cow-Pox will be adopted here—I imagine a fatal case will never occur, as there is rarely more than one pustule."

The Commissioners think it proper further to observe, that this Inoculation is now in pretty general use in the country at and about Hillsborough, and that all the students at the University have been inoculated, as they are credibly informed. Some of the Physicians in Town have a supply of genuine matter.

WILLIAM NUTT, Clerk.

Extract of a letter to one of the first commercial houses in Liverpool, from their agent in London, dated 26th Dec. and by them forwarded to their correspondent in New-York.

"I have the satisfaction to inform you, from no less authority than Lord Glenbervie, a principal member of the privy council, that it is intended by government to allow the importation of goods from the United States in Neutral Ships, by Order in Council, until the year 1804; unless, in the interim, any thing should occur to induce the adoption of a different policy. But in that case a sufficient notice will be given; so that vessels sailing with goods from America, before the intention of government to discontinue the trade can be known, may not be refused an entry on their arrival in Great-Britain."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Aux-Cayes to his friend in Baltimore, dated Feb. 12.

"I have but one moment to write to you. The French troops have landed at the Cape and Port Republicain. Unfortunately they have not yet appeared on our coast. But our brave and generous general La Plume, has declared in favor of the French, and determined to save us contrary to the sanguinary orders he has received from general Desfilines.—Thus we are safe, at least quiet enough at this moment. I will not speak to you of the transactions at the Cape and Port Republicain: you will be soon better informed than we are at present."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at the city of Washington, to his friend in Delaware, dated March 3, 1802.

"The French are certainly about immediately to take, or have taken, possession of New-Orleans and Louisiana, with a large army. A French officer is now here, who sailed from France 13 days after the fleet, destined for St. Domingo and part for this continent; other squadrons were to sail for New-Orleans, with troops, as soon as they could be got in readiness. This is not a common settlement of farmers and their families, but a settlement of disciplined veterans, nothing to lose, and wanting every thing but arms and military stores. One of two things must unquestionably happen, and shortly too.—The United States must take possession of New-Orleans, and thus obtain the command of the navigation of the Mississippi, or our western country on the waters of the Ohio and Mississippi will separate from us, and join those who do command it; for

this is their only outlet; and they must and will have the free use of it.—If the loss of our western country was the only inconvenience likely to attend the settlement of this colony of soldiers upon the lines, I should, as a citizen of the United States, be disposed to submit to it rather than enter into a war at this time; but there are well grounded apprehensions, that consequences much more injurious will result from it to our country.

Captain Howes, who arrived here last Thursday from Havana, informs, that the day he sailed, one of the French frigates which went out from France with the squadron to the West Indies arrived at the Havana. She was sent to demand of the Spaniards 12,000 troops, and provisions, to assist in the reduction of St. Domingo. Several other French ships of war, were expected at Havana to refit, and to take in provisions for the supply of the West India Squadron.

[N. Y. Gaz. March 16.

Extract of a Letter from Nassau, (N. P.) Feb. 3.

Peace having taken place, every kind of business is at a stand. No money is to be had here. Provisions are as high as ever. There is not half the number of people here as were 8 months ago, a great many having emigrated to St. Mary's, to form new settlements. Creditors are suing and harassing their debtors, and the Jail is overflowing with the latter.

The Potomac navigation is opened. On the 5th inst. two boats arrived loaded with flour, which passed through the Locks of the Great and Little Falls with ease and safety. A great accession of trade will be experienced in consequence of the opening of the navigation. By means of the Locks boats are enabled to pass and repass with the greatest facility and safety, and flour and other produce can be brought to Alexandria from a great distance up the country, at one half the usual expence. [Alex. Pap.

Port of Wilmington,

Entered

18th, Sch'r. Hope, Edson,	Baltimore.
19th, Brig Pallas, Ft 25,	Charleston.
19th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Durham.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	St. Vinc. nts.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Charleston.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Turk's Island.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Charleston.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	St. Thomas.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	New-York.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	do.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Kingston, Jam.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	St. Croix.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Guatemala.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Kingston, Jam.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	do.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Savannah la Mer.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Grenada.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Trinidad.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Barbadoes.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Kingston, Jam.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Havre de Grace.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Charleston.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Boston.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	St. Mary's Georgia.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Kingston.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Hallifax, N. S.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Barbadoes.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Philadelphia.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Charleston.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Tobago.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Hull.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	New York.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Philadelphia.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	Cape France.
20th, Sch'r. Sully, Hinton,	New Port.

RULE OF COURT.

Wilmington Circuit, Superior Court, May term, 1802.

1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th, days, New-Hanover and Brunswick.
6th, 7th and 8th days, Bladen, Duplin, Onslow, & without the district.
9th day, criminal and argument causes.
10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, days, causes in Equity.

JAMES W. WALKER, Clk.

TO BE LET,

THE House, Lot, and appurtenances occupied at present by Mr. John Belcher—possession will be given on the 22d of May next.

JOHN MARTIN.

List of letters remaining in the Post-Office, Sampson county; which if not taken out by the 20th of April next, will be sent to the general Post-office, at dead letters.

SHERARD, Mr. Jennings's, Wilmington. W. F. Sneed's, Wilmington. Alexander Shaw, Esq. Brunswick. Matthew Thomas, senr. Duplin county. Isaac Wright, Duplin county. Alexander Strauch, Bladen county. Noah Blount, Sampson. Henry Allen, Duplin. Edmund Howard, Sampson. Thomas A. Mallory, Duplin. William Whitfield, Gotham, Sampson. Rev. Samuel Sanford, Duplin. Licur. Col. Commandant, Duplin. Jesse Jamagane, Sampson. Alexander Strauch, Bladen. Archibald Colquhoun, weaver, Sampson. Representatives, Duplin.

JOSHUA KNOWLTON, P. M.

For Liverpool, and to return to this Port,



The brig Elizabeth, captain Aken; she is a staunch vessel, well found in every respect, and has very good accommodations for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to
HOOPER & MITCHELL.
March 25.

FLOUR of good quality,
IN HALF BARRELS,
FOR SALE AT
FONTAINE & TARBE'S.
March 18.

NOTICE,

THAT the subscriber at March term, 1802, of New Hanover county court, obtained letters of administration upon the estate of **ANN SOPHIA HAZELL**, dec. All persons indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands of whatever kind and denomination, against said estate, are hereby notified to bring them forward within the time prescribed by an act of the General Assembly, passed in the year 1789, entitled "An act concerning proving of wills and granting letters of administration, and to prevent frauds in the management of intestate's estates," or they will be barred of a recovery.

MARYA. WALKER, Adm'x.
March 25.

On Wednesday the 14th day of April next, will be sold at the plantation of the late Mrs. Ann Sophia Hazell, on the Sound.

SUNDRY articles of Household furniture, &c. and at the same time will be hired out, the negroes of the estate of said Mrs. Hazell, till the first of January next, and the plantation and buildings will be rented out till said first of January. The terms will be cash for all sums under to pounds, and bond and approved security for all sums over, payable in six months.

By order of
MARY A. WALKER, Adm'x.
DAVID JONES, Shff.
March 25.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY TWO hundred acres of Land situated on the Waters of Drowning creek, 500 acres are in South-Carolina, the remainder in the counties of Bladen and Robeson; the lands are fertile, well timbered, convenient to market, in a healthy situation, and the winter range exceeded by none; there are nearly 200 acres cleared, most of it fresh and under fence. Immediate possession can be given.—For terms, &c. please apply to
T. N. GAUTIER.
March 18.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber obtained letters of Administration at the late March term of the court of this county, upon the estate of **John Atkins**, deceased, and likewise, upon the estate of **John Nelson**, deceased. He requests all persons indebted to either of said estates, to make immediate payment; and he requires all who have demands against the same to exhibit them within the time limited by the act of the General Assembly, in such case made and provided. In failure whereof the said act will be plead in bar to the recovery of any such debt or demand.
DAVID DAVIDSON.
March 25.

THE subscriber returns his grateful thanks to his customers and the public in general for the encouragement he has met with in the line of his profession, during his residence in this town, and informs them that he intends to remove to St. Domingo, the latter end of May next. He requests all persons having demands against him to bring forward their accounts and receive payment, and those who are indebted to him, to make immediate payment.
PETER WISS.
Wilmington, March 17th, 1802.

The Printing-Office

IS removed to the new brick building in Market-Street, opposite Dr. N. Hill's, where the printer invites those gentlemen who reside out of town to call, and pay up their dues. Hard times and bad pay urge him to give this public and pressing invitation which he hopes will be punctually attended to.
Wilmington, March 18.