

WILMINGTON, February 24.

The Northern Mail has not furnished us with a single Newpaper, since the 17th instant.

The continuation of the Tory's Diary is suspended for a time, or rather until the further disposition of his compatriots is made known through the medium of THEIR Cape-Fear Herald. The Editor is not induced to adopt a measure thus conciliatory, by an apprehension of his being destroyed in a month, as the MAMMOTH TORY has vauntingly predicted; but with a sincere desire to arrest the rage of party in its progress to personal feeling, to which it must otherwise necessarily extend, and to confine it within those prescribed limits from which its ambitious and discontented votaries have suffered to wonder, with the fallacious expectation that "exalted talent" alone would secure them from its contagion.

Extract of a letter from a venerable Citizen of Virginia, to a member of Congress, dated Jan. 19, 1803.

I thank you for your favor of the 28th inst, and the accompanying report of the Secretary of the Treasury, agreeing with the pleasing statement made of our finances, and the wife and honest application of them in the President's communication; which must attach to the administration, all the wavering and doubtful; an effect, which I had the pleasure of hearing a neighbour of that class say, it ought to have, and had: some zealots of the party indeed, full of ire at not being furnished with something to find fault in, say it is all a delusion and no debts are paid—I wish we may long continue to be so deluded. I incline to think it might have been well to have paid another million or two since it is an old observation that an overflowing treasury often puts well meaning men upon projects they would otherwise forbear; of this sort I consider the propositions to erect monuments to the memory of certain generals; but console myself with the idea that the frequent motions to add to the number, are made with a view to clog and destroy the measure. I am far from a wish to derogate from the merit of those brave men, but do not approve of the mode of perpetuating it; first because history proves it to have been a tribute paid indiscriminately to the war, as well as the best of men; and we owe the discrimination to that history; and secondly, because though expensive, it does not answer the end so well as the same history, which has preserved the character of men, whose monuments have been long since destroyed. If Congress suspect that historians may not record the bravery of those generals, would it not be better to appoint an Historical Committee, to draw up and report a short state of the distinguished actions of each? which being published with your laws, would be a source from whence it would be perpetuated by Histories to all future ages.

Mortified as I have long been by paying heavy and disgusting taxes, lavished by an expensive and showy administration, to say no worse of it, without unloading us of our heavy debt, but increasing it; and so ardently desiring the change which has taken place; and after the fallen party had so pompously predicted the failure of the revenue and consequent ruin of the administration, I could but be alive to pleasure on reading the President's message, to find that although we were eased of near a million of taxes, yet by an economical application of the remaining revenue, so large a sum has been paid of the debt; at the same time all the legitimate ends of government are answered—peace is preserved at home (except a war of ink) and justice administered; and our national honour maintained abroad—A hint, if it be of any consequence, the administration possesses my perfect respect and confidence.

The federalists are fond of internal taxes and excise acts. The Republicans are against such impositions, as unnecessary and burthensome to the people. The federalists clamoured when these taxes were repealed by Congress. They roundly asserted that the country would be ruined, for tax gatherers were useful, and ought not to be dismissed. In this state especially we were for almost a whole year feebly stunned with the noise uttered by the federal party upon this subject—Latterly we hear very little

said; and the truth is, the thunder broke upon the distant mountains, and its wild fury was hushed in the passing gales. It is now found the repeal was wise, was prudent, was just. We have got rid of an odious system of taxation, copied from England—May it never be revived while a sufficient revenue can be collected from foreign commerce, and so long as the proud Atlantic rolls between us and Europe, and invites the friendly ship to partake of the blessings of Commerce, which ought to be free and unshackled, as its own waters; so long may we remain unincumbered with Excise Laws and Stamp Acts. (Salem Reg.)

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at New-Orleans, to the Editor of the Philadelphia Gazette, dated December 18, 1802.

Being present this morning at the Intendant's office, when the original of the following Royal Order, was transcribed, I seized the opportunity of procuring a copy and have translated it in a hurry, under the hope that it will be acceptable to you.

The Minister of War has communicated to me the following:—"In a letter of the 15th instant, Don Pedro Cevallos informs me as follows: Whereas his Majesty has ceded to the French Republic the colony or province of Louisiana in all its present extent, and AS IT WAS HELD BY THE FRENCH WHEN CEDED TO HIS MAJESTY, I advise you thereof, by his Royal Order, that you make the necessary arrangements for the delivery of it to the French Commissioner or Commissioners who being duly authorized by the government, may present themselves for the purpose. Which royal determination I have made known to the captain-general of Louisiana, informing him at the same time that it is his Majesty's pleasure with respect to the regiment of the place and the military that garrison the province, that individuals who voluntarily wish to remain under his Majesty's dominion, shall after delivering up the colony, proceed to the Havanna, where other posts will be allotted them. Of this I advise you by royal order, that you may comply with that part of his royal determination which relates to you.

God preserve you many years, SOLER. Minister of foreign affairs, To the Intendant of Louisiana, Madrid, July 23, 1802.

From the Boston Chronicle.

There is a peculiar eulogy on the administration of Mr. Jefferson in the speech of Gov. Strong. In particular he speaks of the prosperity and success of the country; and "that no events of an alarming nature have happened to disturb the peace of the state." Consequently he sees nothing wrong in the administration of the general government. He must perfectly coincide with its measures, and even consider the repeal of the Judiciary as wife and patriotic; for he says, "that the state of society is favourable to public happiness, and must give peculiar pleasure to the legislature as it prevents the embarrassments which they might experience in a more unprosperous condition, and renders the legislative duties EASY and AGREEABLE." These are Governor Strong's sentiments on the present state of our country. How contrary to the scurrilous publications in the Centinel, Palladium, and other tory papers. They represent the community in danger of every evil; that religion is threatened; that the constitution is violated, by a repeal of the midnight judiciary; that Mr. Gallatin has sold the bank shares at a loss; and that ruin and destruction are rapidly taking place! Amid this general outcry, Gov. Strong comes forward to the general court, and modestly tells them "that no events of an alarming nature have happened to disturb the peace of society."—Ye tory faction, henceforth be silent; for the speech of Governor Strong has put to nought all your clamors, and will hereafter furnish such proofs of your perfidy, as to confound your wicked projects. The speech will be fully analyzed, and we doubt not but the Governor has produced arguments to baffle every calumniator of the present administration. It is a choice document, and will be improved to the utmost advantage. Hide your heads, ye tory scribblers, for the Governor has given you all the lies.

The English prints state, that a young woman of the name of Carver, housemaid to captain R. Pearson, of Greenwich hospital, proves to be the daughter of the late celebrated captain Carver, who acquired a vast tract of country in the back settlements of the United States. This has been faithfully guaranteed and preserved by the Indians, for his legal representative, who is at length indisputably discovered in the person of the above young woman. The land is supposed to be worth £ 100,000 sterling.

From the Glasgow Courier. Mr. Printer,

The following important communication from an eminent physician in London, in relation to a mode of cure practised with success, in a disease perhaps one of the most baneful that ever afflicted the human race, has recently come to my knowledge; and as I have reason to believe that my information is authentic, and confirmed by the fact of the remedy prescribed having been found, in one instance in this country, to prove completely successful, I deem it an indispensable duty to lay it before the public through the channel of your paper; and earnestly hope that it may be the blessed means of extirpating from the face of the earth such a calamitous disease, which has of late years become so very prevalent. I am, &c. CIVIS.

While I was at Smyrna, there was a girl afflicted with a Cancer in her lips, and the gum was affected. The European physicians consulted on the measures to be taken, and agreed that they saw no other method than to cut it out; and the girl had already submitted herself to that decision. By an accident of that nature which men cannot account for, an old Armenian came to them just in time to prevent the application of the knife.—"Do nothing," said the Armenian, "I will cure her," and when he had pledged himself strongly, the physicians consented.

He procured a copper vessel newly tinned in the inside (an essential circumstance) and having poured a certain quantity of olive oil into it, he made it boil over a small fire, sufficient to keep it gently agitated, and so for three times in twenty-four hours: With this the oil resolved itself in the consistency of an ointment; and by constantly rubbing the part affected, he cured her in fourteen days. Nothing else was done. The physicians supposed that the oil received its virtue from the tin, and that it was communicated by its long boiling over the fire.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

Table listing ships and their destinations: Sloop Betsy, New-York; Ship Lydia, Treadwell, do; Harmonius, Lynals, St. Thomas; Mercury, Petty, Martinico; Schr. John, Gros, Provincetown; Lucy, Griffith, Lewis, Jamaica; Federal, Benhall, Charleston; Regulator, M'Libony, do; Americanus, Langhead, St. Croix; Lark, Driggs, Exuma; William & Henry, Friend, Barbadoes; Montezuma, Gillpatrick, Barbadoes. Also lists Brig Lydia, Chapel, Jamaica; Brig Cyrus, Dagget, Jamaica; Schr. Polly, Springer, Live-pool; Lydia, Lobdell, Bolton; Atlantic, Chase, Martinico; Caroline, Harvey, Charleston; Sloop Caroline, Clark, New-York; Speedwell, Place, do.

WILMINGTON PRICES CURRENT.

Table of prices for various goods: BACON per cwt. 8; Butter per lb. 14 9; Cotton per lb. 16 17; Coffee per lb. 18 20; Corn per bushel. 66 2-3; Meal, do. 75; Flour per barrel. 5 50 6; Lumber per M. 1 15; W. o. hhd. staves drest, 23; R. o. do. do. do. 14; W. o. bl. do. rough, 10 12; Shingles per 1000, 3; Molasses per gallon, 36 40; Pork per barrel. 11 12; Rice per cwt. 4 50; Rum, W. I. pr. g. 3d p. 65 80; Jamaica, do. 4th do. 1 1 5; N. E. do. 55 60; Tobacco per cwt. 4 50 4 75; Tar per barrel. 1 50 1 75; Turpentine do. 3 25; Sugar, Muscova. p. cwt. 8 12.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having demands of any kind whatever, against the subscriber, are hereby notified to bring them forward on or before the first day of March next for payment.—Those who are indebted to him by note bond or book account, are desired to make payment by the first of February next. After that period, all that fail to comply herewith, will be sued indiscriminately. DAVID TUMAN.

WILMINGTON THEATRE.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of this town and its vicinity, that On Saturday Evening next, they intend performing at Mr. Henry Halsey's new house A COMIC-FARCE called THE VIRGIN UNMASKED, And the OPERA of THOMAS AND SALLY, With a variety of other SELECT PIECES, and a few FEATS of ACTIVITY by Mrs. SMITH, never attempted by any woman on the Continent but herself. February 24.

New-Hall, Feb. 19, 1803.

Mr. A. HALL, Providing you think yourself safe under the slander, treason, or sedition Laws of this State, you will oblige me to insert the following little ditty, and put my name thereto, in order to be a warning to all others (if they have the fear of the Lord before their eyes) not to behave in like manner for times coming.

NOTICE. If Doctor Whitaker, once of Bladen county, since of Duplin, in the State of North-Carolina, will shortly send me the money he owes me, in that case I will say no more about the matter; but if he does not, and still persists in his wickedness, I will be continually making mention of his name, and that in such a way as will fairly convince both him & his friends that he is not the clean thing. The Doctor's servant, GEO. MACDONALD.

WILMINGTON, February 24, 1802.

Lately imported in several Vessels, and for sale under the direction of

Joshua Potts,

- 51 Puncheons 3rd proof Rum, prime quality. 22 Hhds. Molasses, from Martinique, 10 Do. Sugar, St. Lucia, 30 Barrels do. Grenada, 10 Bags Coffee, St. Domingo, 25 Quarter casks Sherry Wine, 4 Casks Lined Oil, 36 Kegs Spanish Brown, ground in oil, 30 Tons Swedish Bar Iron, 25 Cwt. ditto, Steel, in boxes, 1 Bundle German Steel, 7 Ditto, Blistered ditto, 9 Ditto, Crawley ditto, 18 Casks Nails, 8d. and 6d. 5 Boxes Cotton Cards, No. 6, 8, 9, 10, 2 Ditto, wool ditto, No. 6. 130 Bolts Dutch Canvas.

AMERICAN PRODUCE. TOBACCO, PEACH BRANDY, PORK, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, LARD, SAWEED LUMBER, TALLOW, 1 COTTON MACHINERY, BEE-WAX, 2 NEW BOATS.

Allum Salt, and fourth proof Rum, just received, and for sale by D. SMITH. February 24—2w.

Wanted on Charter,

Two vessels to load for Europe, and one for the West-Indies, for which a liberal price will be given by THOS. J. BEATTY. Wilmington, Feb. 24.

Ten Dollars Reward,

WILL be given for taking up and delivering to me, a runaway negro fellow well known by the name of SPARROW, whom I lately purchased of Anthony B. Toomer, Esq. If Sparrow will come in and deliver himself up to me within one month from this date, he shall be pardoned. All persons are hereby forbid harbouring, employing or carrying him away at their peril. DIXON BOGUE. Wilmington, Feb. 24th, 1803.

BLANKS Of various kinds, For sale at this Office. February 24.

ALMANACKS for the year 1803, For sale at this Office. February 24.

FORSALE, That valuable Plantation,

WELL known by the name of SPRING FIELDS, in the neighbourhood of Rocky-Point, about one mile from the Ferry, and 15 from Wilmington, containing 640 acres, one hundred and twenty of which is tide Swamp, thirty acres of which is cleared.

35 acres inland (swamp), banked and ditched, and has been planted several years, and produced excellent Crops; is so situated that it may be watered at any time from the Mill pond. About 300 acres of upland, cleared (its quality good), well calculated for the culture of Corn, Cotton, or small grain; about fifty acres of good upland to clear; the remaining part is well timbered with pine timber, and very convenient to the plantation.

There is on the premises a two story house, 40 feet long and 24 wide, in which there is a geared Grist Mill, the stones 4 1-2 feet diameter, and a Rice Machine that works eight pebbles. This Machine is worked by the same water-wheel that works the stones, separate, or both together, on so simple a plan that any common Carpenter may make the necessary repairs, when required.

Also, a brick Barn 48 feet long and 22 feet wide, lately new covered; a dwelling house, kitchen, and a number of out houses. The above described Lands lay on the north-east River, and there is a creek running through it navigable for small boats, nearly to the centre. Its situation for range is equal to any in the county. Indisputable good titles will be made, and immediate possession given to the purchaser. Any person wishing to purchase said Plantation will please apply to the subscriber at Green-Fields near Wilmington. HENRY HALSEY; January 20.—1f.

Ninety Dollars Reward.

ELOPED from the Hermitage on the 10th of this instant, the following Negroes, belonging formerly to John Burgwin, Esq. but they are now my property, viz. ABRAM, a carpenter, who is well known in and about Wilmington as a fiddler; he took off with him his wife named HANNAH; about 34 years of age, and their daughter a likely young girl of about 15 years of age named JESSEB and two younger children, boys, named MARCUS and NEGER. NED, a Blacksmith, a likely young fellow, about 22 years of age is tall and slender made, and smooth faced, has a wife at Fayetteville, the property of Mrs. Vance, to which place it is probable he may bend his course. JEM, a likely young fellow, about 26 years old, he has a wife the property of Mrs. M. Jones, in Wilmington, named Grace, who will no doubt entertain him; also two of his brothers.

LONDON and ZEBB, the first is about 10, the other about 15 years of age, London is a very smooth faced likely boy, Zebb is rather awkward and scrawny. JEHU, a likely smooth faced young fellow, is tall and slender, about 22 years old, he was hired last year to Mr. Halsey at Green Fields, and has a wife there named Amy, who I suppose will harbour him.

AJAX, an old luffy fellow, smooth faced, speaks plain and is upwards of 50 years old. All the said Negroes (the last excepted) are young and likely, and all speak very plain English, and are extremely plausible in deception; Abram has a rupture, but is notwithstanding active and strong. Ten Dollars will be paid for each, to any person apprehending any of them, on their being delivered to John Lord, Esq. in Wilmington; or Ninety dollars for the whole in proportion, on being delivered as aforesaid or secured in any goal in this state so that the subscriber may have them. GEORGE C. CLITHERALL; January 20.—1f.

An apprentice to the Printing Business, is wanted at this office.