

WILMINGTON GAZETTE.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1803.

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A. Hall has for sale, the following BOOKS and STATIONARY.

- BUFFON's Natural History,
- Gifford's History of France, from the earliest times to the complete establishment of the Republic,
- Gibbon's Roman Empire,
- Millot's Elements of General History,
- Millot's Elements of Ancient History,
- Winterboham's History of America,
- Gordon's History of the American Revolution,
- Goldsmith's History of the Earth and Animated Nature,
- The history of Hindostan,
- Edward's history of the West-Indies,
- Robertson's Charles 5th,
- Goldsmith's history of England,
- Goldsmith's Works,
- Robertson's History of America,
- Cook's Voyages,
- Siewart's Elements of the philosophy of the human mind,
- Reed's Essays on the intellectual powers of man,
- Jefferson's Notes on Virginia,
- American Lex Mercatoria,
- Nicholson's Navigation,
- Blunt's American Navigator,
- American Coast Pilot,
- Morley's Universal Geography,
- Universal Gazetteer,
- Johnson's, Jones's, Bailey's and Entick's Dictionaries,
- Lady Luxborough's Letters,
- Farmer's Letters,
- Botanical Harmony,
- Fardyce on Education,
- Blair's Sermons, and Lectures,
- Reply to Wilberforce,
- Serra's Works,
- Spectator,
- History of Women,
- A collection of the most esteemed modern songs,
- The Patriotic Songster,
- Mason, do.
- Evelina,
- Complete Letter Writer,
- Peregrine Pickle,
- Fordyce's Addresses,
- American Preceptor,
- Rambler,
- Looker-On,
- Reviews of Addison,
- Do. of Hervey,
- Dan Quixote,
- Columbian Orator,
- Life and Works of Franklin,
- Miseries of Udolpho,
- Mordant,
- Adelaide de Sancerre,
- Female Foundling,
- Theodore or the Gamester's Progress,
- Constant Lover,
- Vicar of Lansdowne,
- Beggar Boy,
- Lord Rivers,
- King of the Beggars,
- Oriental Family,
- Essay of Quality,
- Thompson's Seasons,
- Hoyle's Games,
- Perplexities,
- History of John Adams's Administration,
- Aaron Burr's political Defections, &c.
- Jenny or the Distresses of Love,
- Moore's Monitor,
- Sandford and Merton,
- Scott's Lessons,
- American Selections,
- British Classics,
- Hawken's Measurer,
- Davidson's Virgil with the English translation,
- Necker's Religious opinions,
- Paley's Evidencies of Christianity,
- Butler's Analogy,
- Edwards's Affections,
- Hallyburton's Memoirs,
- Doddridge's Sermons,
- Young's Letters,
- Brown's Concordance,
- Hervey's Meditations,
- Elegant Prayer Books,
- Common do.
- Bible,
- Wat's Psalms and Hymns,
- Buchan's Domestic Medicine,
- Cullen's Materia Medica,
- Roh's Enquiries,
- Hunter on the Blood,
- Inns on the Muscles,
- Plague and Yellow Fever,
- Edinburgh Pharmacopoeia,
- Artificer's Works,
- Constitution of the United States and of the several States,
- Taylor's Reports,
- Evans's Essays,
- Poehler on Obligations,
- Cesfor's Commentaries,
- Cornelius Nepos,
- Young's Latin and English Dictionary,
- Ainsworth's do. do.
- Entick's do. do.
- Lee's American Accountant,
- Frazer's Assistant,
- Testaments, Platters and Spelling Books,
- Children's Books and Pamphlets,
- Charts of different kinds,

Cape-Fear Pilot,
Seamen's Journals,
A variety of Blank Books,
Gilt and plain letter paper,
Writing paper, Sealing Wax, Wafers,
Quills, and Sand,
Almanacs for the year 1803, and
A general assortment of Blanks,
Wilmington, June 9.

To the Electors of the Division comprehending the counties of Bladen, Brunswick, Duplin, N. Hanover, Sampson and Onslow, FELLOW-CITIZENS,

As an Election will take place in August next, for a person to represent you in the Congress of the United States, I thus publicly offer myself as a Candidate for that important trust. The part I acted during the revolutionary war, my political opinions during that important period and since the establishment of our Independence, also my Sentiments for the six years I had the honor to represent you in Congress, are well known; I therefore deem it unnecessary to amuse you with opinions respecting the origin or motives of parties, nor professions of exclusive attachment to the Constitution or interests of the Nation.

My conduct shall continue uniform, and my zeal unremitting for a genuine and rational Republican Government, as guaranteed by our national compact—the Constitution shall be my guide in all political concerns—the Peace, Liberty and Happiness of the United States my sole object.

Notwithstanding the calumny of a few individuals, I am fully confident that the present Administration of the Government of the United States, is pure, economical and just, and calculated to secure the rights, liberties and true interest of the people.

Should I be honored with a majority of your suffrages, my time and talents shall be invariably employed for the interests of my Constituents, and for the Union generally.

With the highest respect,
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
JAMES GILLESPIE.
WILMINGTON, March 25, 1803.

FOR SALE.
That valuable Plantation,
WELL known by the name of SPRING FIELDS, in the neighbourhood of Rocky-Point, about one mile from the Ferry, and 15 from Wilmington, containing, 640 acres, one hundred and twenty of which is tide-Swamp, thirty acres of which is cleared.

35 acres inland swamp, banked and ditched, and has been planted several years, and produced excellent Crops; is so situated that it may be watered at any time from the Mill pond. About 300 acres of upland, cleared, (its quality good,) well calculated for the culture of Corn, Cotton, or small grain; about fifty acres of good upland to clear; the remaining part is well timbered with pine timber, and very convenient to the plantation.

There is on the premises a two story house, 40 feet long and 22 wide, in which there is a geared Grind Mill, the stones 4 1/2 feet diameter, and a Rice Machine that works eight pestles. This Machine is worked by the same water-wheel that works the stones; separate or both together, on so simple a plan that any common Carpenter may make the necessary repairs, when required.

Also, a brick Barn 48 feet long and 22 feet wide, lately new covered; a dwelling house, kitchen, and a number of out houses.

The above described Lands lay on the north-east River, and there is a creek running through it navigable for small boats, nearly to the centre. Its situation for range is equal to any in the county.

Indisputable good titles will be made, and immediate possession given to the purchaser.

Any person wishing to purchase said Plantation will please apply to the subscriber at Green-Fields near Wilmington. HENRY HALSEY.
January 20.—11.

WANTED TO CHARTER for the West Indies, One or 2 vessels from 120 to 240 tons. Apply to FRANCIS FONTAINE. Wilmington, April 14.

LIVERPOOL COARSE SALT, THE Cargo of the ship John Jones, John Allan master, just arrived from Liverpool, for sale by WILLIAM GILES. June 2—3w.

Just received from New-York by the sch'r. Lavater, capt. Bell. An elegant assortment of FINE Prints; large Looking Glasses, with mahogany frames; Perspective Glasses with a great variety of elegant Views in Europe and America; Spy Glasses of the first quality; Weather Glasses; Thermometers, &c. &c. The subscriber intends leaving this town for Fayetteville, soon after the rise of the ensuing county court, and will dispose of the foregoing articles on moderate terms. ANTHONY PORRI. June 2.

FOR SALE, 1040 Acres of well timber'd LAND ON Ahe's Creek, known by the name of Bear-Garden, on which there is a good mill feat sufficient for two saws, on a lasting stream. A part of said land is well adapted to the culture of corn and cotton, and the range is excellent. The terms of payment will be made easy to the purchaser. I will also rent the upper apartments of my House, Kitchen, &c. in Market-street, until the first of January next. For terms apply to D. Mallett. Wilmington, May 19.

FOR SALE. A Tract or Parcel of Land Containing 695 acres ON the head of Bear and Inlet Creek, adjoining Mrs. Mot's land and running across the main road about seven miles from Wilmington, sixty or seventy acres of which is good corn land, and on which there is an excellent mill-stream. The situation is eligible for a public house, and the range is superior to any on the sound. For one half the amount prompt payment will be required, and a credit of twelve month will be given for the other half, the purchaser giving bond and security. For further particulars apply to A. Hall in Wilmington, or to the subscriber on Rocky Point. Robert Howe. May 19.

NOTICE. THE subscriber having been appointed, and having qualified as Assignee of the Bankruptcy of George Gibbs of New-York, late of Wilmington, Merchant; hereby gives notice to all persons having unsettled accounts, to exhibit the same for adjustment.—Those in any manner indebted to the said Bankrupt are requested to make immediate payment to RICHARD BRADLEY. April 20. Assignee.

NOTICE. ALL persons indebted to the late firm of Malcolm Mackenzie & Co. or to Daniel Macphail, will please to make payment to the subscriber, who by assignment of said Daniel of this date is fully, solely and exclusively authorized to receive payment of and grant discharges for said debts. HENRY URQUHART, Administrator of Malcolm Mackenzie. Wilmington, May 12.

NEW-YORK, May 16. The ship South-Carolina, capt. Steele, in 39 days from Havre de-Grace, arrived at this port yesterday. We have received by her a file of Paris papers to the third of April, but they furnish no news. An intelligent gentleman who came passenger in the South-Carolina, and who during his residence in France has employed himself in noting, with much precision, the "passing tidings of the times," has obligingly furnished us with the following particulars.

Mr. Monroe had not arrived at Havre on the 6th of April. General Bernadotte had received instructions to be in readiness to take his departure for the United States in the month of May, as minister plenipotentiary. His retinue will be numerous; and the splendor of the embassy will, it is thought, be without any previous example in this country.

After the first day of Germinal, March 21, the current coin of the French republic will bear the image and superscription, of the first consul.

Maria remained in possession of the British; and it was said by some, that the French had relinquished it for seven years.

The island of Sardinia, according to reports, had been purchased by the English government for thirty millions of livres; but the French had expressed their determination to prevent the taking possession thereof.

Controversies between England and France were frequent. Mr. Wright (a messenger) passed through Havre on the 28th March, on his way to Paris. On being questioned what he thought of the present crisis? he answered, It will be decided in a few days.

The number of Englishmen at Paris was computed at 15,000. They were leaving that city with much precipitation. The Duchesse of Dorset and her son had taken leave of the first consul, and were to quit Paris on the fourth of April.

The preparations for war on the part of the French progressed slowly; and from this circumstance, as well as from the supposition, that Buonaparte would make some sacrifices to his love of peace, hostilities were not expected to take place at present. In the mean time this state of suspense has very injurious effects on commerce. Vessels ready to sail for all parts of the world were waiting in port for the decision of this important question; and the rates of insurance, which were at 1/4, had risen to 3/4 and 4 per cent.

Twenty ships of the line were on the rocks at Brest. The first consul having determined to put St. Domingo in the same state as before the revolution, 30,000 men were to be sent there in the month of May. The nephew of general Rochambeau was at Havre, ready to sail for the Cape. He will be the bearer of dispatches for his uncle from the first consul, which it is said contain orders not to spare any of the negroes taken in rebellion. Toussaint remained in confinement in the tower of Befancon. All the negroes found in France were arrested and taken on board the ships at Brest.

The first consul and family, the ministers of war, of the interior, and of finance, the counsellors of state, senators, and several officers of distinction, with a guard of 1200 men, were to leave Paris on the 12th of May for Brussels, where they were to be met by the Archduke Charles, the king of Prussia, and general Moreau. This meeting is supposed to have for its object an alliance between Austria, Prussia and France.

Egypt was evacuated by the British on the 7th of February. A secret treaty, confided, it is said, has increased the allowance of the first consul to the immense sum of 30 millions of livres per annum.

The vessels hired out for the expedition to Louisiana were yet in the ports of the Bavaria republic. The British minister having declared that on their going out, the crews of his nation would take possession of them, it probably the cause of their detention. They have been ready for sea more than 15 months.

PRICES CURRENT AT HAVRE, March 28. Cotton, Geo. long Staple, 27 5c. Do. short Staple, 1 15 great demand.

Indigo, 9 0
Carolina Rice, 40 no demand
Carolina Tobacco, 80 to 85
Virginia, do. 85 to 95
Maryland do. 100 to 110
Tar, 43
Flour, 42

May 17. Theft in the Post Office.—Mr. John D. Martin had put into the Saturday's mail a letter addressed to his correspondents

Henry P. Franklin, at Providence, R. I. and had the precaution to take a witness with him to see it done; this letter had been rated as double and thrown into the proper pigeon hole; but on making up the mail afterwards for Providence the letter was missing. An alarm ensued and much ineffectual search was made for it. Mr. Bauman the post-master, on being made acquainted with the circumstance commenced an examination of the pockets of all the assistants in the office, but met with nothing to confirm his suspicions against any one in particular. But Mr. Bauman going soon afterwards into the necessary, he there discovered a letter lying open in the bottom of the vault, which was procured and turned out to be the identical New-York letter, purporting to contain 500 dollars. He hastily returned to the office with it in his hand, and it was recollected that one of the assistants who had gone to breakfast, had taken occasion to go into the yard soon after the alarm was given. He instantly sent for him and confronted him with the letter; he denied it still; he was then taken before the police and there he confessed his guilt. He added that had Mr. Bauman proceeded far enough he would have found the money upon him at his first examination; as he had it then concealed in the knee of his pantaloons; but that in his perturbation he had seized the first moment after he reached home to throw it into the fire to prevent detection. This was found to be true, by questioning a little girl who saw him burn paper immediately after he came in. The name of this unhappy young man is William H. Burbridge, son of a foreigner who resided some time since in Hartford, Connecticut.—E. P. S.

Extract of a letter from Bordeaux, dated 21 April, received by a Gentleman in this city from his correspondent.

All the reports of War, which are daily circulated; and contradicted as often, have the effect of rendering us gloomy. There are strong apprehensions of war, when the great preparations are making in England are considered; but we nevertheless, flatter ourselves that Peace will be preserved. France is not arming. It is even said that government is disposed to make sacrifices. The Expedition for Louis Rana, now lying at Flushing, is countermanded. They write from Paris that the Americans still retain the same privileges in Louisiana which they have hitherto enjoyed. They go farther, and say that this province will be ceded to them, which I cannot believe. A courier passed through this city last evening, on his way to Spain, who reported that the differences between the two countries were nearly arranged. The horizon this day is more calm; but little business was done on change.

To the Editor of the Mercantile Advertiser. New-York, May 16.

SIR, I am requested by our Minister in France to communicate publicly that he had on the 11th of March received the most flattering letter in answer to one addressed by him to the First Consul, on the subject of our debts, &c. in which the most full and complete assurances are given that every letter of the convention shall be punctually complied with.—That their finances, are capable of meeting all engagements, and that even were it otherwise, and though it should subject them to partial inconveniences, he would strictly comply with the demands of justice, and calls upon the ministers to make out the accounts of American claims, for which he promises a full and ready payment.—The minister adds, that he gives this early intelligence, because it will probably come through other channels, as he intended to call the Americans at Paris together, the next day, and communicate it to them, in which case he feared that interested persons might speculate on the wants of those who have already suffered too much by the delay. He concludes by saying that, without being absolutely certain, he thought he might confide in the promises so solemnly made, and that he would press eagerly for their execution. EDW. P. LIVINGSTON.