

Late Foreign News.

By the arrival at Philadelphia, of the ship *Active*, capt. Jones, from London.

LONDON, August 26.

Squadron off Brest—I wrote to you by the *Queen*, and nothing has since occurred worthy mention. The enemy remains precisely as he was, and we are in *statu quo*.

The importation of American rice has, within a short period, risen from 30s. to 44s. per cwt; and India rice from 16s. to 28s.

Cotton, Wool, with some slight exceptions, has fallen in price during the last week; immense quantities have, within that period, been imported from Lisbon & the West-Indies.

The prices of sugars continue falling; most sorts of refined sugars sunk 4 to 6s. per cwt. last week, and some of the finest sugars were two to four cheaper.

Lord Keith has returned to the Downs in the *Monarch*, after having visited the squadron off Boulogne, and made his observations upon several parts of the enemy's coast.

The Dutch fleet in the Texel is perfectly prepared to put to sea, and from some demonstrations that it has lately made, such an attempt was considered by the most experienced officers in our blockading squadron as momentarily likely to take place. The dispatches which were brought to the admiralty on Saturday, are supposed to contain important intelligence respecting the design of the hostile fleet in the Texel.

The off-shore Brest Squadron, under the immediate orders of admiral Cotton, consists of the *San Joseph* of 112 guns, *Prince* 112, *Prince George* 98, *Prince Royal* 98, *Windford Castle* 98, *Dreadnaught* 98, *Neptune* 98, *Thunderer* 74, and *Venerable* 74.

Two Hamburg mails arrived yesterday. They do not confirm the account before received of Russian troops having been landed at Copenhagen. They mention the appearance of a Russian fleet in that quarter, but state there were no troops on board. The fleet consists of nine sail of the line and several frigates.

It seems extremely probable, that Alexander will soon declare openly his intention of resisting by force the ambitious projects of the French ruler, and we may soon expect his fleet to co-operate with ours. Indeed we know that at this moment a great number of water casks are preparing at Deptford, for the Russian ships. At least such is the belief of the officers there respecting their intended use. It was at one time intended to send one hundred of our coopers to prepare the casks in the ports of Russia, the Russian artificers being very defective in this kind of work; but it was afterwards judged better to prepare them here, and keep our workmen at home.

It is also currently reported, that on Saturday orders were sent to Chatham to prepare for victualing a Russian Squadron.

Accounts from Germany state, that the Russian Charge d'Affairs at Paris, M. d'Oubril, had given in a declaration from his Court, insisting on the evacuation of Hanover and the Neapolitan States, and an indemnification for Sardinia, &c.—This is very probable. These are the points of detail which the *Moniteur* peculiarly alluded to in a late article, as having been brought into discussion by Russia. In the temper which the Emperor of Russia has lately shown, and on the system which he has seemed to pursue, these points of detail will not be so easily abandoned, or allowed to sleep as they have hitherto been. If they are rejected as they are likely to be, the Emperor of Russia will make these, and other grounds of complaint against the French Emperor, the subject of a manifesto. It was reported that M. d'Oubril had quitted Paris.

Accounts from Italy of the 9th state, that part of Lord Nelson's Squadron was blockading the harbour of Genoa; and that an attempt was to be made to destroy three ships of war, built there for the French.

The report of the capture of one of the Hierofs Islands, by Lord Nelson, is not confirmed.

From papers received by the ship *Wilmington* and *Milford*, arrived at Charleston.

LONDON, Sept. 13.

It was reported yesterday, that a declaration of war on the part of France against Russia, was immediately to be issued, now that the Russian Minister has left Paris. We entertain some doubts, however, whether the French government will be the first to issue a formal declaration; or rather, we disbelieve it, because the French government has stood on the defensive in the negotiation, and will leave to Russia the choice of the ground of war, which will then be answered. The Rus-

sian declaration, however, may be expected as soon as the news of M. d'Oubril's quitting Paris reaches St. Petersburg. The French government probably would not hesitate both to issue a declaration of war and to act upon it, if there were any advantage to be derived from striking a blow. But where is the blow to be struck, when there is nothing Russian within her grasp?

It has been stated in the foreign Journals, that a considerable battle had lately been observed in the French army in Hanover, and it was thought that some movement of consequence was in agitation.—It was even stated that an attack on Swedish Pomerania was meditated. Perhaps if the King of Sweden takes any measures for raising an army, or equipping a fleet, this attack may take place. In the first instance, however, it has been said, in the *Moniteur*, that no attention is to be paid to the King of Sweden's conduct, and that France will live at peace with his subjects. Indeed we doubt whether fleets and armies can be set on foot by that country without foreign subsidies.—As soon, however, as warlike measures are begun in Sweden the French government will penetrate into Swedish Pomerania, provided it is capable of furnishing any money or supplies. Nay, if any thing were likely to be gained, France would probably anticipate the operations of his Swedish majesty.

Though no certain account of the Swedish minister leaving Paris has yet been received, it seems very likely to take place. The King of Sweden has gone too far to recede, and he has declared himself with too much manliness and force to be supposed capable of half measures.

The Counsellor of State, Prefect of the Department of the Seine has published a notice relative to the conscription of the year 13. All young men born the 24th of September, 1783, inclusively, and the 22d of September, 1784, inclusively also, must, whatever be their size, their physical constitution, or even their infirmities, be inscribed upon the tables of the conscription for the year 13. They are required to present themselves between the 2d of September and the 7th of October, before the Mayor of their commune or district: In case of absence or sickness, their fathers, mothers, tutors, or near relations, are required to present themselves to declare the age of their son, pupil, or relative, and to inscribe his name.

The captain of a Swedish vessel from St. Valesy reports that an order had just been received at that port, to lay an embargo on all Swedish vessels for three months, and he had great difficulty in escaping in ballast a few hours before the embargo actually took place.

Bonaparte is still on the coast; perhaps he may not think himself quite secure except in the midst of his armies.

The feverity with which the new conscription is carried on in France, and from which there is no exemption on account of size, constitution, or even infirmities, is a proof that Bonaparte has resolved to establish a military government to such an extent as shall annihilate every hope that the people will be able to throw off the yoke that oppresses them, and recover their liberties. The discontents, and indeed misery, which this measure may occasion in most private families, are nothing in the consideration of a detestable tyrant, whose mind is solely occupied by views to increase and perpetuate his own power.

It has been justly asked, if the French finances are in such a flourishing state, why the French Generals or rather French Robbers, are ordered by their government to plunder other states under the pretence of loans. What can be more unjust, more flagitious than their requisitions upon the Hanse Towns! The iniquity of these depredations can only be equalled by the despicable tameness with which other states behold this enormous system of plunder.

The Wilmington Subscription Races

WILL commence on Thursday the 22d of November next, five for any horse, mare or gelding, as follows: 1st day—three mile heats; the best two of three—three years old nags to carry 86lb; four years old do. 100lb; five years old do. 114lb; six years old do. 124lb; seven years old do. 130lb; two years old do. catches.

2d day—Two mile heats, as above. 3d day—One mile he. 11—carrying catches. The first day's purse is two thirds of a subscription of about 640 dollars; the second day's purse is the remaining one third thereof; and the last day's purse, or sweep-stake, is the Entrance money of the three day's racing; which is—15 dollars for the first day, 10 dollars for the second day, and 4 dollars for the 3d day. Wilmington, October 29, 1804.

J. GARNIER, has for Sale, At his Grocery Store, in Mr. Wright's New Building, a general assortment of Groceries, and the best Liquors.

Among which are
OLD Cogniac Brandy, warranted genuine French do. 4th proof
 Old Jamaica Rum and real Holland Gin
 Madeira, Sherry, & Port Wines, best quality
 Claret (long corks) & Frontignac Wines, do.
 Cordials of several descriptions
 Fruits preserved in brandy,
 Anchovies, Olives and Capers
 Sweet Oil, English Mustard and best Wine Vinegar
 Muscatel Raisins, Almonds, soft shells
 Fresh Hyson Tea, New-York Loaf Sugar
 Pearl Barley and Split Peas
 Spices of all kinds
 Cloths, Market, and Ladies' Work Baskets
 Empty Demijons, Gin Cases, Velvet Corks
 Best English Cheese, and London bottled Porter.

A constant supply of these Articles will, he hopes, insure to him the patronage of the public.



Wanted to CHARTER, For Charleston, A Vessel from 100 to 150 tons. November 13, 1804.—21



JUST ARRIVED, in the Schooner BETSEY, Edward Smith, Master, from Salem, and for sale, for ready Cash or Barter for such articles as may answer. Hinds, of New-England Rum, of good quality.

Best quality Cogniac Brandy, Best quality No. 1. Ecce, in barrels, newly put up, Retailing Sugar, in barrels, Cags of 10 gal. each Cinnamon Water. For particulars enquire of the Maker on board, at Mr. Walker's Wharf. N. B. Part of the above articles will be given in Barter for Lumber Wilmington, November 13, 1804 410.

For Freight or Charter,

To Greckock, Liverpool, or any port in Ireland, The British ship PANDORA, Captain LANG. Apply to Mr. John Eccles, Fayetteville, Thomas Archibald, Wilmington, or the Capt. on board. Nov. 13, 1804. 2ws—ucow

NOTICE.

WE shall remove this week from the Store heretofore occupied by us on Mr. Bradley's Wharf, to the one lately built in Market-Street, between Melrose, Levy & Carroll and K. Campbell, where we propose to carry on the Vendue & Commission Business. Orders in this line will be thankfully received. JOCELIN & GAUTIER. 410

NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the subscriber are hereby informed, that in consequence of the large amount due him, he has been limited in his orders for Goods this fall.—It is therefore hoped that those who are indebted to him will exert themselves to discharge their respective accounts, which alone will enable him to meet his engagements.—He is under the disagreeable necessity of thus notifying, that all who may fail to comply, will be indiscriminately sold at the ensuing May Term. OWEN KENAN. 410

TO BE SOLD,

On reasonable Terms, Liverpool salt, by the quantity, Crates of Earthen Ware, consisting of a great variety—and Crates of Stone Jugs. JOHN & RICHARD BRADLEY. 480

NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the subscriber are hereby informed, that in consequence of the large amount due him, he has been limited in his orders for Goods this fall.—It is therefore hoped that those who are indebted to him will exert themselves to discharge their respective accounts, which alone will enable him to meet his engagements.—He is under the disagreeable necessity of thus notifying, that all who may fail to comply, will be indiscriminately sold at the ensuing May Term. OWEN KENAN. 410

At Public Auction.

ON Wednesday the 21st inst. the Houle and Lot, adjoining Sam. R. Jordan, Esq. on Market Street—and the Water Lot near Capt. Gaullier, on Front Street, heretofore advertised in this paper, will be set up at Public Auction, on the terms therein mentioned, to wit: six months credit, &c. JAMES WALKER. 410

TO RENT,

For (the or more Years) THAT valuable and highly improved CORN PLANTATION, on Rocky Point, well known by the name of MOSLEY-HALL, containing between three and four hundred acres of open land. The situation is pleasant and healthy, the soil equal to any in its neighborhood. For terms apply to HENRY WATTERS. 9-5W

TO LEASE,

A Valuable Corn Plantation, ON Rocky Point, containing from 150 to 200 acres, on which the late Mr. John B. Moore formerly resided. The land is of the best quality, and in good order for cultivation. For terms apply to HELEN HOOPER, or in her absence to HENRY WATTERS. 9-5W

For Sale,

A SULKY AND HARNESS. Apply to J. BISHOP. 409

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE, LONDON.

THE numerous and destructive Fires which have happened within the period of the Swedish year, in different parts of Europe and America, (more particularly in the towns of Liverpool, in England, Gothenburg, in Sweden, and Norfolk, in Virginia,) render it proper to remind all persons who possess property in the United States of America, of the utility of insurance.

The Phoenix Office of London, is an Institution fully and extensively known by the very large and important losses it has paid, in consequence of the excessive conflagrations in the cities and towns of America, to such sufferers as have had the prudence to protect their property, by insurance.—The Phoenix Company deeply regret that, owing to the experience of serious and continued losses upon the buildings and stores in the timber towns, no alteration nor provision on such risks can be made at present—but the Directors hope, from the increase of brick and stone buildings, and other improvements of society, that the period is not far distant, when they will be able generally, to mitigate the rates of Insurance in North America; and they confidently presume that the promptitude and honor with which they have uniformly fulfilled their extensive engagements, have unequivocally established the solidity, credit and good faith, of the Company.

The Phoenix Company grant insurance upon buildings, goods, and ships, whilst in dock or in harbour, from loss or damage by fire, upon the most moderate and equitable terms, and persons desirous of securing their property by policies, from this company, are requested to transmit their orders to their correspondents in Great-Britain. 47-8W

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having obtained administration on the estate of the late William Hooper, requests all persons indebted to the estate, to make immediate payment, and those who have demands against the estate of the deceased, are hereby required to exhibit them properly attested, for settlement, within the time prescribed by Law, otherwise they will be barred of the same. HELEN HOOPER. 9-5W

Boot and Shoe MAKING.

THE subscriber with gratitude, acknowledges the encouragement he has received in his line of business from the Ladies and Gentlemen of Wilmington, and informs them that he has imported various kinds of Leather, of the best quality, and being supplied with journeymen, continues to carry on his business at his shop on the East side of Front Street, one door above and on the North of the Post-Office—where he will thankfully receive and pay strict attention to any commands his friends may favour him with. W. C. BAKER.

He has also for sale CYDER, in quality superior to any that has been imported into Wilmington, for a long time past. November 13, 1804—41.

Peabody & Walker,

RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of this place and its vicinity, that they have for sale, at their Shop, on the West side of Front Street, nearly opposite the Brick Houle lately occupied by Mrs. Lee, an excellent assortment of SHOES and B.O. TS, likewise best LEATHER, and other Rock or a safe for quality.—Boots and Shoes of a superior quality made at the shortest notice.—P. B. and J. Peabody & Walker respectfully acknowledge. Wilmington, November 13, 1804—410. 2W.

Taken Up,

AND committed to the Goal of this County, on the 2d of April, a negro man who calls himself JOHN MITCHELL, says he is free (but with papers to show it,) and came to this town from Charleston, S. C. in January last, by land, that he formerly lived with Edward Cross, of Charleston. The said negro has been since at sea, and just returned to this port. He is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 10 inch in height, thin visage, short woolly hair, and has something like the appearance of scars on his back, which he says he got with a rope's end while on board of a vessel at sea. Any person knowing of or claiming the aforesaid negro, is requested to come forward and make known the same; pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be sold as the law directs.

J. Sullivan, Goaler.

Wilmington, New-Hanover County, August 13, 1804—41. 397.

100 Dollars Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber living in York-District, South-Carolina, about the last of July, a handsome Mulatto Boy, about fifteen or sixteen years of age, has a remarkable scar on his right cheek. He was seen in Mecklenburg County, N. C. about the first of August, inquiring for Salisbury, and was taken up, but by his ingenuity made his escape. He is badly clothed, having lost his clothes when he was taken—his hair is neatly trimmed, and combed before, which he carries. He has passed as a freeman, saying he was a French Barber, and that he was lately from Charleston. He is very sensible and artful, and it is expected he will aim for Baltimore or some other port to get a passage to the West-Indies.

He was seen in this town on Tuesday last, near the Methodist Church—he has seized himself to be the property of Mr. Hill, of this town.

Any person taking up the above described fellow, and delivering him to me in York-District, S. C. or to cure him shall receive the above reward.

All matters of violence are forbid carrying him off. If I have been underfoot that the boy can write, and has power to pass him.

WILLIAM SMITH. 3W.

Five Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen from the subscriber, on the 25th of October last, in Wilmington, an Iron Grey HORSE, about 14 hands high, short tail and mane.—Whoever may find the said Horse, and deliver him to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable expences paid.

JOHN BARLOW. 410.

Wilmington, Nov. 13, 1804—400. 41.

