

against French. Our accounts from Lisbon stopped there— a long distance from Ferrerols. There is no doubt its destination is for Gibraltar, and other ports in the Mediterranean.

Boston Centinel, June 22.

NORFOLK, July 2.

By the arrival of the sch'r Lucy, we learn that the French and Spanish fleets sailed from Fort Royal, Martinique, on the 10th of June, in two divisions. They touched at Dominica, where it is said they captured 26 merchant vessels, and proceeded as was reported, against Antigua. Nothing had been heard at St. Pierre's of the arrival of a British squadron.

Capt. Black of the sch'r Harriot of Alexandria, left Martinique about the 14th June, he was spoken in the mouth of the Potomac, and assured the person who spoke him, that the French had taken Antigua. Nothing had been heard of a British fleet.

We must remark that the fleet, as may be seen in a preceding paragraph, left Martinique on the 12th; it was therefore impossible, if that be true to have heard of the taking of Antigua on the 14th. But as it is probable that Capt. Black passed Antigua on his way home, he may have thus acquired his information. Of Capt. B. we can say that his veracity is not questionable; and we therefore fear that there is too much reason to place confidence in this report.

Governmental Corruption.

What citizen, who duly appreciates the character of the political institutions under which he lives and the honesty with which they are administered, can repress the mingled emotions of abhorrence and gratitude at the following delineation of the corruption of the old world; abhorrence of the fraudulent practices of monarchy, and gratitude for the distinguished blessings of free government. Accustomed as he may have been to contemplate the corruptions of monarchies both familiarised with the sight, his natural disgust has lost much of its edge, he will not be able to resist feeling an overwhelming astonishment at this stupendous pyramid of fraud. To gratify the pride and avarice of one man the annual sum of two hundred and eighty-seven thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars is lavished on himself and his family. Considering four per cent as the common interest of money in England this sum is equal to a capital of seven millions one hundred and ninety-eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars—As, however, the stipends will generally cease with the lives of the present holders of the offices or pensions, it may be fair to reduce this sum to about five millions; which enormous sum drawn from the hard earnings of the poor, may be considered as lavished upon this gigantic pander. Some alleviation of the evil might be pleaded were this royal munificence bestowed on splendid merit were it the reward of great and brilliant services to the nation.—But unfortunately, this is so far from being the fact that if universal report speak true, Dundas is the last man on earth that national gratitude will remember. His name may be immortal, but it will be for his pre-eminence in evil deeds.

Republican citizens of America! cling to your own institutions; and shun that spirit of imitation which so often prompts you to consider the government of Britain as your best model! *Not. Intelligence.*

LORD MELVILLE.

Since the year 1783, Lord Melville has provided for himself, his family and immediate connections, in the following manner.

Lord Viscount Melville—Lord Privy Seal of Scotland, August 1800	5000
Fees,	500
New salary since Lord M. held the office,	1500
First Lord of the Admiralty,	3000
Lady Melville Chamberlain of Bedchamber,	900
Interest of money received from Mr. Crawford, stated as high as 16,000, but taken at the lowest, 2000.	250
Pension from the East-India company,	2000
Robert Dundas son to Lord Melville, keeper of the signet, joined with his father 1792, sole keeper 1800.	3000
Joint patentee for the sale of Bibles in Scotland,	800
R. Dundas, son-in-law and nephew to Lord Melville, 1801 courts baron of Scotland,	3000
Keeper of the Register of Seafines,	2000
W. Dundas, nephew to Lord M. Secretary at War,	3000
Collector general of the Bishop's rents of the county of Ross,	600
Francois Dundas, nephew to Lord Melville, Scotch Brigade in India, Governor of Carrickfergus,	2000
A major-general on the staff,	500
Philip Dundas, nephew to Lord Melville, governor of Prince of Wales Island,	3000
Mrs. Dundas, mother to the four last, and sister-in-law to Lord Melville, pension,	400
Archibald Cockburn, brother-in-law to Lord Melville, a baron of the exchequer,	1200
Pension to his family,	400
Alexander Macleau, brother-in-	

law to Lord Melville, distributor of stamps for Scotland,	2000
Collector general of the land tax for Scotland,	8000
Geo. Buchan, nephew by marriage to Lord Melville, Solicitor of stamps for Scotland,	1200
Robt. Dundas, cousin and nephew in-law of lord Melville, deputy privy seal,	500
Deputy register of seafines,	800
Agent for Excise, W. Dundas,	200
Chas. Hope, brother-in-law to Lady Melville, justice clerk,	2700
Sir Pat. Murray, brother-in-law to lady M.—Remembrance of the Scots exchequer,	1000
Alex. Hope, Brother to Lady M.—deputy governor of Edinburgh Castle,	600
Assistant quartermaster gen.	400
Oliphant, cousin to lady M.—First in council at Prince of Wales island,	4500
Lord Napier, cousin to lady M.—Lord high commissioner to Gen. Assembly,	2000
Pension to his family,	300
Total, per annum,	61,830

WILMINGTON,

TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1805.

Meteorological & Obituary Table

Day of the month	Thermom.			State of the weather.	Course of the wind
	Sun rise	3 o'clock, p. m.	Sun set		
9	80	89	88	Fair	S. W.
10	80	89	85	Slight shower.	Variable.
11	80	86	85	Fair	Calm.
12	80	88	85	Fair	S. b. W.
13	79	87	86	Fair	S. b. W.
14	77	86	85	Fair	S. b. W.
15	78	87	86	Pleasant shower.	S. b. W.

DEATHS

Day of the month	White residents	White foreigners	Black residents	Black foreigners	Total, and names of the deceased.
10					
11					
12					
13					
14	1				Dr. J. Griffin.
16					2

DIED

Yesterday morning, after a short illness, Dr. JOHN GRIFIN, of Fort-Johnston. At one o'clock his funeral was attended from the House of General Smith by the Military, St. John's and St. Tammany's Lodges in procession, and a great number of the citizens.

The ship Latona, Captain Thurston, arrived here on Friday last, 52 days from Liverpool. By this arrival we are furnished with Liverpool papers to the 18th May, but their contents have been chiefly anticipated by accounts via New-York.

LIVERPOOL, May 18.

The interesting question of Catholic Emancipation, as it has been vulgarly, but very improperly, called, has at length been decided in both Houses of Parliament, after having given rise to the ablest discussions, particularly in the House of Commons, which have been witnessed since the beginning of the present century. The opening speech of Mr. Fox may be regarded as a consummate specimen of argumentative eloquence, in its highest and most perfect form, combining the beautiful arrangement of the ancient models, with the precision and logical acuteness of modern oratory. That of Mr. Grant has seldom been equalled, for happy illustration, brilliancy and vivacity of imagery & unequalled force and beauty of language. A great number of other Gentlemen, whose speeches we have not room to particularize, almost equally distinguished themselves; but we cannot help remarking, that Mr. Pitt's speech, at the close of the debate, exhibited a degree of candour, moderation, and good sense, which appears to have had the happiest effect on the feelings of the House, and, we hope, will tend materially to allay the ferment out of doors which the agitation of this important question must necessarily have excited. It is plain, from his explanations, that the objections to the Catholic claims are, at present, insuperable. He alluded to circumstances, originating in a quarter too high for controul, which, at this period, exclude all hope of bringing forward the measure under such auspices as can insure it success. In this situation it becomes the duty of every loyal subject in the United Kingdom, to

acquiesce with cheerfulness and submission in the decision of the Legislature, and to wait with patience for a happier opportunity.

LONDON, May 7.

Intelligence has at length been received respecting the combined French and Spanish fleets, which will tend in a considerable degree to relieve the anxiety of the public, and especially of the trading world, in respect of the object of their destination. Information was brought to London, in a way which has all the marks of authenticity, of the combined fleets having returned to Cadiz. What can be the meaning of this unexpected retrograde motion, cannot at present be accurately known, but a few days will probably explain the mystery.

Fayetteville,

4th July.

The morning was ushered forth by the discharge of Cannon from Liberty Point. At 12 o'clock Captain James Dick's Company of Riflemen met on the Forest Ground, where they were joined by a large number of the Republicans of the town and its vicinity.

At two o'clock the company sat down to a sumptuous Dinner prepared for the occasion by Mr. David Sheppard, at which Capt. Dick presided as President and Capt. Wm. McKerral as Vice President. Dinner being over, the following Toasts were drank:

1. The day we celebrate, That freed America from bondage, and gave Liberty to millions. 1 gun, 3 cheers.
2. The People of the United States, Free, Sovereign and Independent. 1 gun, 5 cheers.
3. The Constitution of the United States, Happily digested to secure Liberty and equal rights; May it stand unimpaired, the test of ambitious men. 1 gun, 6 cheers.
4. Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States, The scourge of Tyrants and sheet anchor of Republicans. 1 gun, 6 cheers.
5. George Clinton, Vice-President of the United States, Rewarded by a grateful country for meritorious services. 1 gun, 3 cheers.
6. Gen. George Washington, The Soldier, Statesman and Saviour of America; tho' gone hence, still lives in the hearts of Americans. Profound silence.
7. Those Heroes who fell in defence of American Liberty; May their Services never be forgotten. 1 gun, 6 cheers.
8. Our captive Brethren in Algiers; May their situation command a speedy and prompt interference of the Executive of their Country. 1 gun, 6 cheers.
9. Lieut. Somers and those brave Veterans who preferred a Glorious Death in defence of their Country's Rights, to an Algerine prison. 1 gun, 5 cheers.
10. The Navy of the United States. 1 gun, 3 cheers.
11. Liberty to those, who have Courage to defend it. 1 gun, 3 cheers.
12. A well organized Militia. The Safe Guard of a Republican Government. 1 gun, 3 cheers.
13. The State of North-Carolina. 1 gun, 3 cheers.
14. The Governor of North-Carolina. 1 gun.
15. Reformation to the motley few, who profess to be American Citizens, & who prefer celebrating the 4th of June to the 4th of July.
16. The American Fair; May they never receive to their Embrace, none but the Lovers of their Country. 1 gun, 9 cheers.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ENTERED
Ship Polly & Nancy, Boardman, Liverpool
Latona, Thurston, do.

CLEARED
Schr. Venus, Bryant, New-York
William Davis, Finney, Plymouth Mas.
Franklin, Marchant, Martinico
Good Intent, Farrow, Baltimore
Captain Thurston spoke the following vessels:—June 23d, latitude 34 29 N. longitude 69 W. schooner Betley, of and from Norfolk for Antigua, 9 days out, all well; June 24th, latitude 34 34, longitude 69 30, brig Adventure, Cnafe, of and from Newport, R. I. for Havanah, 8 days out; June 25th, latitude 34 40, longitude 70, brig Sufannah, Turner, from Philadelphia for Jamaica, 8 days out; July 4th, latitude 33 50, longitude 74, brig Seaflower, from Baltimore for Barbadoes, 4 days out; July 6th, latitude 33, longitude 75, brig Juno, from New-Providence, of and for Providence R. I. all well; July 7th, latitude 33 32, longitude 78, brig Rover, from Savannah, of and for Boston.

Captain Boardman of the Ship Polly and Nancy, arrived here on the 8th instant, 61 days from Liverpool, spoke the following vessels:—June 7th, latitude 40 38, longitude 55 16, ship America, of and from Baltimore, bound to Amsterdam, 9 days out; June 11th latitude 39 31, longitude 56 5, ship Independence, of and from Charleston for Chesler in Bristol Channel, out 10 days, the Captain of which ship informed Captain Boardman that in latitude 34 39, longitude 68, he spoke a French privateer with two American ships in company, which she had captured;—June 20th, latitude 34 53, longitude 69 40, ship Horatio, Perry, of and from New-York bound to the Bay of Honduras 9 days out.

PRICES CURRENT—WILMINGTON.

	Dls.	Cts.	Dls.	Cts.
BACON per cwt.	12	—	13	—
Coffee per lb.		36		—
Corn per bushel,		75		—
Meal do.	1	12	—	25
Flour per barrel, old	8	—	8	50
Ditto per half barrel, new	6	—		—
Lumber per M. plenty	9	—	10	—
W. o. hhd. staves,	18	—		—
R. o. do. do.	10	—	12	—
W. o. bl. do. rough	10	—	12	—
Shingles per 1000,	1	30	—	—
Molasses per gallon		45		—
Rum, W. I. pr. g. 3d p.		30	—	82
Jamaica do. 4th p.		25	—	—
N. E. do.		53	—	60
Tar per barrel,	1	50	—	—
Turpentine,	2	—		—

To the Freemen of New-Hanover County.

NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT an Election of a person to represent this District in the Congress of the United States, and of persons to represent the County in the General Assembly of this State, will be held at the following places, viz. At the house of Thomas Rogers, Black River, on Saturday the 2d, at Washington on Monday the 4th, at the house of Mrs. Edens on Top of the hill and Long-Creek Bridge on Wednesday the 6th, and at the Court-House in Wilmington on Friday the 8th of August next.

Roger Moore, Shff.

New-Hanover County, July 16, 1805.

Law of North-Carolina,

Passed in the year 1801.

CH. P. XVI.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act directing a method of electing members of the General Assembly, and other purposes, passed in the year 1777."

11. BE it enacted, That every person elected a Member of the General Assembly, shall, before taking his seat therein, take the oath of allegiance, pointed for the qualification of Members of the General Assembly and Public Officers, and also to support the Constitution of the United States. and if any person elected a Member of the General Assembly, shall, by himself or any other person, directly or indirectly give, or cause to be given, any gift, gratuity reward or present whatever; or give or cause to be given by himself, or any other person, any treat or entertainment either by himself or any other person for him, of meat or drink, at any public meeting or collection of the people, to any person or persons whatever, for his or their vote or votes, or to influence him or them in his election, every person violating this act, shall, on due proof thereof be expelled from his seat in the General Assembly.
111. Be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall treat with either meat or drink, on days of election, or any day previous thereto, with an intent to influence the election, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred pounds, the one half for the use of the county where the same shall be recovered, to be paid to the County Trustee; the other half to the use of the person who shall sue for the same: To be recovered by action of debt in any court of record having cognizance thereof, with costs.

The subscribers have imported

By the Presidentia from London, the Polly and Nancy from Liverpool, &c.

A very general & well selected Assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, &c. Consisting among various other Articles, of the following, viz.

LINENS, Oznaburgs, Calicoes, Dimities, Mullins, Thicksets, Blankets, Negro Cloths, superfine and coarse Cloths, Coatings and Cassimers, Flannels, Hats, Hofs, Threads, Sattins, Durants, Callamancoes, Veit Patterns, Shawls, Handkerchiefs—Anvils, Vices, Nails of all kinds, Locks and Hinges, Carpenters' Tools, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives and Perknives, Mill Saws and Cross Cut Saws, Files, Guns, Hoes, Frying Pans, Shovels and Spades, Pins, Window Glass, Paints, Shot, &c. &c.—These in addition to their Goods already in store they intend opening for sale in September, and will dispose of at Wholesale on Terms that will prove at least equally as advantageous to the Purchaser as to Import from New-York.

GILES & BURGWIN.

Wilmington, July 15, 1805.

WANTED,

AS an apprentice to the Blacksmith's Business, a boy between 14 and 17 years of age. Apply to **BETHEL OGELSBY.** Wilmington, June 18, 1805.

25 Dollars Reward.

RUN away from on board the Charleston Packet, lying at anchor at Fort-Johnston, a negro man named JEHU, belonging to Mr. George Cletherell, of South-Carolina.—Jehu is well known in and about Wilmington, and any person that will deliver him to the subscriber shall receive the above reward. **JOHN LORD.** Wilmington, June 25—1805.