



PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY, BY THOMAS HENDERSON, JUN. FOR SELF & CO. AT THE WEST END OF FAYETTEVILLE STREET, NEAR CARO'S CORNER.—PRICE THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAYABLE HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.—SINGLE PAPER 10 CENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

ON WEDNESDAY the 4th day of October next, will be exposed to public sale, for ready money, (on the premises) Lot No. 145 in the city of Raleigh, agreeably to a decree of the Court of Equity, at Spring Term, 1809, in a suit there pending, wherein James Hoke and David Green were complainants, and Calvin Wheaton, Adm'r. Sec. of Daniel Wheaton, Sterling Wheaton and John Lord Wheaton, heirs of the said Daniel Wheaton, were defendants. This lot is situated in the most public part of the city, on Fayetteville Street, nearly opposite Mr. Charles Parrish's Tavern.

Wm. SCOTT, Deputy Sheriff.

North-Carolina.

TREASURY OFFICE, 1st of August, 1809.

THE SHERIFFS and other Revenue Officers of the State aforesaid, by a punctual and faithful discharge of the duties required of them by Law, in regard to the collection and payment into the Treasury of the Taxes and other Public dues for the current year, will do themselves credit and foreclose the possibility of penalty or forfeiture.—Should any, unfortunately, fail in this very essential point, they will bear in mind that the Public Treasurer has no opinion with respect to the course to be pursued, his duty being imperative; and that therefore all suits will be proceeded against according to Law, and in the Superior Court for the county of Wake, which will happen in October next.

JOHN HAYWOOD, Public Treasurer.

Marshal's Sale.

BY Virtue of an Execution issuing from the Circuit Court of the United States, will be exposed to Sale, to the highest bidder for Cash, at the Dwelling House of Delilah Whitfield, on the 17th of October next, in the County of Nash, Four Negroes, and the following Tracts of Land, viz. 100 Acres on Lesiter's Branch, adjoining the lands of Elijah Revel—125 do. adjoining the same—600 do. on Peer Basket Creeks, adjoining the lands of John Vick—116 do. on Lesiter's branch, adjoining the lands of Joseph Williams—200 do. on the same branch, adjoining Joseph Stricklen—200 do. adjoining said Stricklen and Daniel Walker—300 do. on Compass Creek, adjoining Levi Underwood—206 do. on the same Creek, adjoining the lands of Daniel Walker. The above property will be sold for the purpose of satisfying a Judgment obtained by Watson & Ebenezer Stott, vs. Delilah Whitfield, as Executrix of Benjamin Whitfield, said Court, held at Raleigh on the 24th of May last.

BEV. DANIEL, Marshal for the N. Carolina District.

August 1st, 1809.

UNIVERSITY.

The following is a catalogue of the books read by the classes of the University.

No. I. The Academy.

- Buddiman's Rudiments.
- Corderius, 40 colloquies.
- Esop, 40 fables.
- Selectæ e Veteri.
- Selectæ e Profanis.
- Grammatical exercises or Mair's introduction.
- Cæsar's Commentaries, 2 or 4 books.
- Sallust and Prossody.
- Virgil, to the 7th Æneid.
- Wettenhall's Greek Grammar, translated.
- Greek Testament, 5 chapters in John.
- Murray's Grammar, the large text.
- Reading, Spelling, Writing and Arithmetic to the rule of Three.

No. II. The College. July 1.

FRESHMAN CLASS.

- Horæce's Odes, 5 books.
 - Mair's Introduction.
 - Prossody.
 - Greek Grammar.
 - John's Gospel, from the 5th chapter.
- No. III. January 1.**
- FRESHMAN CLASS, half a year advanced.**
- Horace, the remainder.
 - Lucian, 28 or 30 dialogues.
 - Mair's Introduction, the Ancient History.
 - Greek Grammar and Prossody.

No. IV. July 1.

SOPHOMORE CLASS.

- Cicero, 4 or 5 Orations.
- Dilworth's Arithmetic, throughout.
- Murray's Grammar, with remarks.
- Xenophon, the first book.

No. V. January 1.

- Cicero, 4 or 5 Orations more.
- Homer's Iliad, one or two books.
- Geography, and use of the Globes.

No. VI. July 1.

JUNIOR CLASS.

- Simpson's Algebra to the Problems.
- Elements of Geometry to the 219th article, or to the end of the 4th of Euclid.

No. VII. January 1.

- Simpson's Algebra, 4 Problems.
- Remainder of Geometry, or the 5th & 6th of Euclid.
- Plane Trigonometry.
- Logarithm.
- Swan's Synopsis on heights, distances and surfaces.

No. VIII. July 1.

SENIOR CLASS.

- Holsham, to the motion of projects.
- Blair's Rhetoric, abridged.
- Remainder of Holsham.
- Paley's Moral Philosophy, omitting politics.
- Duncan's Logic.
- Ferguson's Astronomy, 158 pages.

The object of this statement is to show how the education of a youth should be conducted, when he is intended for the University.

A parent purposed to send his son. He calls on him, and directs him to pass his eye over the preceding catalogue, and to point out how far he has already advanced in it, or in such books as are equivalent. Suppose he stops in No. 4. The enquiry then is, has he read any can he be examined on Numbers 1, 2 and 3. If he answer in the affirmative, and that he has read Cicero, as far as is required in No. 4; but not Xenophon, Arithmetick, or Murray's Grammar; let him look at the time of the year when No. 5 will begin. It is seen to be on the 1st of January afterwards. Should the time of enquiry be in August, for example; let the remainder of the year be employed at the academy which is preferred in reading Xenophon, Arithmetick and Murray's Grammar, and in such reviews as may be necessary for a good examination on the previous numbers.

But if there should not be time before the ensuing January to procure these studies; then let him be engaged in preparing well on numbers 1 and 2, so as to be examined in January to enter No. 3; for he cannot be admitted into a class, in whose past studies he is not competent to be examined. If however, he be unwilling to go back; then by studying diligently in the academy, till the ensuing July, he may not only prepare on No. 4 but on No. 5 also, and be ready at that time to enter the Junior Class on full standing. It is contrary to the laws for any person to enter otherwise than on full standing; unless his parent or guardian give express directions to the contrary. It is evident that any student not on full standing, loses all the time in which his class is employed on such studies as he does not prosecute, and for a partial education, it would be better to be in some academy, where his whole time may be taken up in his studies.

The Academy at Chapel-Hill, is now conducted by one of the young gentlemen who graduated on the 29th June.—Though he has heretofore acted as a student of the University, there is reason to believe that his qualifications are well enough known to prevent the necessity of recommendation. The price of board is from 30 to 35 dollars from the first of July till the middle of November, every thing found; and the price of Tuition is Seven Dols. For any shorter time the prices are proportional. The last quarter will begin on the 15th of August. The advantages of healthiness, retirement and system at Chapel-Hill, are known to the public. The conduct of the Academy as well as of the College, is under the superintendance of the President and Faculty, who attend as often as possible to give efficacy to the business. The Faculty are not interested in this Academy; but it is well ascertained by experience, that those who are intended for complete education, are better prepared for the establishment by its plan of studies, than by any other.

Chapel-Hill, July 27th, 1809.

Committed



TO the Jail of Raleigh, on the 31st of July, a Negro man whose name is COVE, otherwise MOSES, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and 25 years of age. Says he belongs to John Massey, of Chesterfield, S. Carolina. The owner is desired to claim his property, pay charges, and take him away.

Wm. SCOTT, Jailor.
August 1, 1809.

50 Dollars Reward.



RAN-AWAY from the Subscriber on the 24th day of July, 1808, a Negro Man, named DAVY, 28 or 29 years of age, about five feet nine or ten inches high, of black complexion, slow spoken and rather a down look—took with him some good home-spun clothes. He can write, and perhaps has procured a free pass.—I am apprehensive he has attempted to get to the State of Ohio, where he has once been. Any person who will deliver me the above described Negro or secure him in Jail so that I get him shall have the above reward.

WILLIAM BRANTLY,
Deep River, Chatham county,
N. C. 18th July, 1809.

Positively to commence drawing, On Monday the 9th of October next.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS May be gained for the small sum of two and an half dollars!!

IN THE THIRD CLASS

River Lehigh Lottery.

The capital prizes are, viz.

2 of \$10,000	3 of \$7000
2 of 5,000	6 of 500
2 of 2,500	15 of 200, &c.

Less than two and an half blanks to a prize, the lowest of which is 5 dollars.

To draw 500 numbers each day, at the state-house in Philadelphia, where the prizes will be paid by Thomas Allibone, Esq. the Treasurer, 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

This is one of the richest Lotteries published here for many years, and the moderate price of the tickets places the grand prizes within the reach of every individual who chooses to become an adventurer, which he may do for so small a sum as sixty-two and one half cents. The object, moreover, is such as must interest every well-wisher to the internal improvement of the state.

Letters post paid, and inclosing the cash, will be duly attended to, and prizes of lotteries of this city and of New-York, as well as bank notes of the different states, received in payment. The price of the tickets will advance with the approach of the drawing.

Whole tickets, \$2 50
Half do. 1 25
Quarter do. 62 1-2 cents.

Geo. TAYLOR, junior,
No. 85, South Second-street, Philadelphia.

N. B. The earliest information will be given to distant purchasers, of the state of their tickets. Those of the Second Baptist Church, Universalist Church, Pennepack Academy, and Vineyard Lotteries, also for sale as above.

The price of Tickets will be raised to three dollars on the 15th of July next.

May 1, 1809. 30—3m.

WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES. Neatly printed and bound, For Sale at the Star Office.

The Grand Lodge OF NORTH-CAROLINA & TENNESSEE



WILL convene in their Lodge Room in this City, on the Evening of Tuesday the 30th day of November next; at which time and place the Officers, Members, and Representatives are required to attend.

By order of the most worshipful Major-General BENJAMIN SMITH, Grand Master. THOMAS L. WILLIAMS, Grand Secretary.

Raleigh, July 13th, A. L. 5809 } A. D. 1809.

Strayed



FROM the Subscriber, living near the Old Nation Ford, on the Catawba, about the first of May last, a SORREL HORSE, fifteen hands high, and five years old, with his right hind foot white, and a large blaze in his face. When he left me he had a small bell tied on with a crupper of a saddle. His brands are not at present recollected.—Any person who will give me information where I may find him shall be generously rewarded.

SAMUEL HENRY.

July 1st, 1809.



"He comes The noisy herald of a busy world."

FOREIGN.

Thirteenth French Bulletin.

EBERSDORFF, May 28, 1809.

On the night of the 26th our bridges were carried away by the force of waters, and mills which had been set afloat. We had not time to drive the piles and to fix the great iron chain. One bridge is repaired, another will be tomorrow. On the 27th we heard of the arrival of the army of Italy at Bruck. Gen. Lauriston has formed a junction with this army, not having heard from them for 12 days. The victory in this campaign has manifested a *sans froid* and a foresight which evince the great commander. Jellachich, who by his insolent proclamation the Tyrolese so inflamed their passions, had his whole corps destroyed. The archduke John, who wrote with such excessive presumption to the duke of Ragusa, evacuated Gratz yesterday, scarcely carrying with him 20 or 25,000 men of the fine army that entered Italy—his arrogance has terminated in shame and infamy. The people of Italy accompanied our soldiers with tears and benedictions, and gave them every assistance.—Their contempt and hatred of the archduke John were only equalled by their joy at our triumphant approach. Certain papers shewed that they bore a great love to the emperor and would not accept offices under the Austrian government.

The regiments of Italy, who distinguished themselves in Poland, covered themselves with glory. This charming country is rapidly progressing to the most happy destinies. All the accounts from the Austrian army state their loss, on the twenty-first and twenty-second, to have been enormous; the flower of the army perished. The wits of Vienna say that "Gen. Danube saved the Austrian army." Tyrol and Voltberg are subdued. Carniola, Strya, Carinthia, Salzburg, Upper and Lower Austria are tranquilised and disarmed!

When Trieste was taken possession of, all English colonial produce was confiscated. Saving the Russian squadron was a circumstance peculiarly agreeable to the emperor. The junction of the army of Dalmatia approaches.

The brigand Schill, who truly gives himself the title of general in the service of England, who prostitutes the name of the king of Prussia as the satellites of England do that of Ferdinand, has been driven to an island in the Elbe. The king of Westphalia, besides fifteen thousand native troops, has one Dutch and one French division; add to this two divisions of a corps of observation under Ribaud and Despeaux, and Beaumont's 3000 cavalry, now disposable by the pacification of Swabia.

The destruction of forty mills which supplied the city of Vienna with bread, is evidence of the hatred of the princes of the House of Lorraine to that city!!!

Fourteenth Bulletin.

EBERSDORFF, June 1, 1809.

The bridges on the Danube are entirely rebuilt. They have added to them a flying bridge and they are preparing all the materials necessary for throwing over another bridge of rafts.

The 44th crew of the Boulogne, commanded by captain Baste, has arrived. A great number of boats cruise about the islands,

cover the bridge, and render a variety of services.

After the defeat of the corps of Gen. Jellachich, M. Mathieu, an officer attached to the army of Italy, was sent with a dragoon express on the road to Salzburg; having met in succession with a column of 650 troops of the line, and a column of 2000 Landwehrs who were wounded and straggling, summoned them to surrender, and they laid down their arms.

Lauriston, general of division, arrived at Oedenburg, the first county of Hungary, with a strong advanced guard. It appears that there is some commotion in Hungary, that the minds of the people are very much divided, and that the majority is not in favour of Austria.

Lasce, general of divisions, has his head quarters opposite Presburg, and has advanced his posts to Altenburg, and near to Raah.

Three divisions of the army of Italy have arrived at Neustadt. The vicery has been for two days at the head quarters of the Empereur.

General Macdonald, commander of a corps of the army of Italy, has entered Gratz. They found in this capital of Styria immense magazines of provisions and clothing, and equipments of every sort.

The Duke of Dantzig is at Lintz. The Prince of Ponte Corvo (Berthier) is marching for Vienna, with the Wirtembergers is at St. Polten, Mautern and Krems.

Tranquility prevails in the Tyrol. Cut off by the movements of the Duke of Dantzig and the army of Italy, all the Austrians who had imprudently engaged at this point have been destroyed, partly by the Duke of Dantzig, and the rest, such as the corps of Jellachich, by the army of Italy. Those who were in Suabia had no other resource but to attempt in parties to traverse Germany on their way to the Upper Palatinate. They formed a small column of infantry and cavalry who escaped from Lindau, and was met by Col. Reiser, of Gen. Beaumont's corps of observation. The column was cut off at Neumarck, and the whole body, officers, and soldiers, laid down their arms.

Vienna is quiet; bread and wine are abundant, but meat, which this capital gets from the interior of Hungary, begins to grow scarce.—Contrary to all reasons of policy and humanity, the enemy do every thing to starve their countrymen, and this city, which contains their wives and children. This conduct is very different from that of our Henry IV, who himself supplied an enemy city he was besieging.

The Duke of Montebello (Lasnes) died yesterday, at 5 o'clock in the morning.

Fifteenth Bulletin.

EBERSDORFF, June 2.

The army of Dalmatia has gained the greatest success. It has defeated every thing that opposed it at Mont Kitta, Gradchiz, Licca, and Ottachatz. The commander in chief, Skoisewich, was taken. The Duke of Ragusa arrived on the 29th [May] at Fiume, and formed a junction with the grand army, of which the army of Dalmatia was the right extreme. We will make known the relation of the Duke of Ragusa on these events.

On the twenty-eighth an English squadron of four ships of the line, two frigates and a brig appeared before Trieste, with the intention of taking the Russian squadron. The Gen. Count Cafferalli had just arrived there. As the city had no cannon the Russians landed twenty-four thirty-sixes and sixteen twenty-fours, and fixed them in battery, and immediately clapped springs on their cables. Every thing was prepared to receive the enemy, who having missed his aim retired. A thousand Austrians who had passed from Krems to the right bank of the Danube, were defeated by the Wirtemberg corps, who made 60 prisoners.

Sixteenth Bulletin.

EBERSDORFF, June 4.

The enemy had thrown a division of 9000 on the right bank of the Danube, opposite Presburg, which was entrenched in the village of Engerau. The duke of Auerstadt ordered the riflemen [Tirailleurs] of Hesse Darmstadt, supported by the twelfth of the line, [infantry] to attack it yesterday. The village was soon carried. A Major, 8 officers of the regiment of Beaulieu, [among them the grandson of that field marshal] and 400 men were taken. The rest of the regiment were killed, wounded or driven into the water. The remainder of the division secured themselves in an island till they could repass the river. The riflemen of Hesse Darmstadt fought well.

The Vicery's head-quarters are this day at Oedenburgh.

The most valuable effects of the court have been removed from Bude to Peterabudin, whither the emperor is retired.

The Duke of Ragusa has arrived at Laysbach.

General Macdonald is master of Gratz. He is surrounding the citadel which makes a show of resistance.