

# THE STAR.

Vol. II.]

RALEIGH, MAY 10, 1810.

[No. 19.]

**PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY, BY THOMAS HENDERSON, JUN. FOR SELF & CO. AT THE UPPER END OF FAYETTEVILLE-STREET, NEAR CASO'S CORNER.—PRICE THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAYABLE HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.—SINGLE PAPER 10 CENTS.**

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Take Notice.

THE Subscriber is now in Raleigh expecting payment from those who purchased Goods, &c. at the late sale of Patrick Conway dec'd. He will leave this place in a few days and those who fall to pay before his departure will find their Notes, &c. in the hands of an Officer for collection, under the direction of Mark Cooke, Esq. JAMES HENDERSON, Adm'r. Raleigh, May 7th 1810.

### To Carpenters.

THE undersigned are authorized by the board of Trustees of the Raleigh Academy, to contract with some person for the building of a Dwelling House 34 by 22 feet, two stories, with a piazza; and for enclosing a Lot and building the necessary out Houses, for the Principal Teacher of said Academy. All House Builders are invited to give in Proposals without delay, to either of the undersigned, from whom may be obtained every information desired by an undertaker.

THEO. HUNTER, Wm. PEACE, SOUTH YARD, H. POTTER, Wm. SHAW, BEV. DANIEL, CALVIN JONES, Raleigh, 2d May, 1810.

### Raleigh Academy.

THE semi-annual examination of the students of the Raleigh Academy will commence on Wednesday the 23d inst. and continue three days. On the evening of the 3d day, the members of the Polemic Society will perform a Comedy for the benefit of their library.

The second session will commence on the first Monday in June. Parents, guardians and others, it is hoped, will attend.

Wm. WHITE, Sec.

Mrs. Sambourne's pupils in music will be examined by her on the 26th. April 10, 1810.

### BOOKS LOST.

LIFE OF JOSEPH; A NUMBER OF THE EUROPEAN MAGAZINE; BELL ON DISEASES; EIGHT LECTURES ON ANIMAL LIFE; A VOLUME OF GOLDSMITH'S ANIMATED NATURE, with the name of Wm. McCallum written in it. Whoever has them in possession will oblige the Owner by leaving them at the STAR OFFICE.

### Eagle Tavern, KINSTON.

THE Subscriber informs those TRAVELLERS who may be passing and reposing through this place, that he has a convenient House, furnished with good Beds and Liqueurs, not inferior to any that the country affords.

Those Gentlemen who may honour him with their company, will enjoy that quiet repose so necessary to a weary Traveller.

JOSIAH HANCOCK. Kinston, March 9, 1810. 11—cov.3m

### Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the Treasury of the United States for the removal of three Certificates of the funded debt of the said United States issued by William Skinner, formerly Commissioner of Loans for the State of North Carolina, to Hardy Murfree of the said State, and which are now lost; the said certificates were issued for the following sums, viz. Two thousand four hundred and eighty two dollars and four cents, of old six per cent stock.—One thousand nine hundred and thirty one dollars and three cents, of six per cent deferred stock.—and two thousand seven hundred and twenty seven dollars, forty four cents, of three per cent stock.—which several sums now stand to the credit of the said Hardy Murfree on the Books of the commissioner of Loans for North Carolina.—& the certificates of which are lost as aforesaid.

WILLIAM H. MURFREE, Adm'r. of the late HARDY MURFREE. Raleigh, 6th of April 1810. 15—6w.

### Internal Improvement.

One Thousand Dollars by one Ticket—Twelve Hundred by six do, & upwards of Two Thousand more Prizes, worth a venture, may be gained for the small sum of Two Dollars per Ticket, in the

### LUMBER RIVER NAVIGATION LOTTERY

THE Scheme of which is fixed at less than two Blanks to one prize, and intended to promote the Internal Navigation of this State, free from toll.

From the speedy sale of tickets the Drawing of said Lottery is intended to commence at Lumberton on the 18th day of May next.

Gentlemen residing at a distance who incline to become subscribers may yet be supplied by letter, postage paid, addressed either to Lumberton, Laurel Hill or Macfarland's Turpike.

WILLIAM ASHLEY, } Directors. February, 18, 1810.

Tickets for sale at the STAR OFFICE, and INDIAN QUEEN TAVERN, Raleigh.

Subscription price will be given for a few Files of the first Volume of the Star, if complete and not materially injured—Enquire at this Office.

N. B. If we succeed in obtaining files applicants may be furnished, all which we reserved having already been disposed of.

### Fifty Dollars Reward.



RAN AWAY from the Subscriber on the 11th of September, 1809, a Mulatto fellow named JIM. He is large and likely, about five feet eleven inches high, and aged thirty-five. His face is overrun with marks of the Small Pox, and on one side of his nose (the right side I believe) there is a scar occasioned by the kick of a horse. When he ran away from me he carried with him a Bay Mare. Jim can read and write and I expect he will pass himself for a free man. I suspect he has gone to Wilmington, having connections there. Any person who will deliver this boy into my possession shall receive Fifty Dollars, and Twenty-Five if he is secured in any jail.

ROBERT CLARK. Anson County, March 15, 1810. 12—12m.

### CHEAP JEWELRY, GOLD AND SILVER WARE, &c.

#### Thomas Emond

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public for the liberal and increased encouragement he has lately received in his line of business, and respectfully informs them that he has furnished himself with a good Workman in the above line of business, who makes all kinds of

### Gold and Silver Ware,

#### HAIR-WORK & ENGRAVING, &c

on reasonable terms. Any person wishing to have Gold or Silver worked over, will be assured of having it done of the same Gold or Silver sent, and not exchanged or alloyed. I will give the highest price for Old Gold or Silver, in Work or Cash.

N. B. CLOCKS and WATCHES made and repaired as usual, and warranted.

Raleigh, March 20, 1810. 13—4f.

#### Roanoke Ferry.

THE Subscribers wish to inform their friends, customers, and the public in general, that they have this year the management of the Ferry crossing Roanoke, at the place well known by the name of HASKINS & MITCHELL'S Ferry, on the main road leading to Petersburg and Richmond. They have good boats sufficiently large to carry a wagon and hoghead of tobacco, both teams at once, or three hogheads; and ferry-men sufficient to manage them. David Mitchell, one of the subscribers, who now has the management, pledges himself that due attention shall be paid, and every exertion will be made to give general satisfaction; at which place a great dispatch will be used as at any other Ferry on Roanoke. They solicit the continuation of their friend's patronage.

CHARLES MITCHELL, Person County. DAVID MITCHELL, Mecklenburg. April 5, 1810. 14—6 m.

N. B. DAVID MITCHELL informs his friends that he has built a House on the north side of Roanoke, at the landing, for the accommodation of his customers; at which place he intends keeping a Grocery Store, viz.: all kinds of Spirituous Liqueurs, Molasses, Coffee, Sugar, &c. &c.—He also intends keeping PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT on the main road, one mile from the Ferry, where he has good Stables, &c. Care will be taken to give satisfaction.

### Strayed



ON Saturday the 13th inst. from our plantation at the Fish-dam Ford, on Neuse, in Wake county, a bright sorrel MARE, aged about 8 years—with a blaze face—one or both of her hind feet white—nearly five feet high—well built—trots and paces; rather thin in flesh, having fill lately suckled a colt. It is supposed she is gone towards Guilford, where we are informed she was raised. Any person taking up and bringing home the said mare shall be liberally rewarded—or any information tending to enable us to get her again will be thankfully received by John Green at the Fish-dam or

BENNEHANS & CAMERON. Orange, April 24th, 1810.

### 25 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the Subscriber, in December last, a Negro Man named LEWIS, about 40 or 45 years of age. He is a low black fellow, and has a remarkable deep scar on his forehead. Being on his way to Georgia, I have employed Mr. Thomas Biven, of Isle of Wight county, Virginia, to endeavour to get him for me. I will pay Twenty-Five Dollars to any person who will deliver said Negro to Mr. Biven, the gentleman of whom I purchased him. The said Negro escaped from an officer of this county, under a warrant, after committing several thefts in the neighbourhood of Scott's Mills. All persons are hereby forewarned, at their peril, from harbouring or employing him, as I am determined to enforce the law against such person or persons with rigour.

THOMAS PORTER. Nansemond county, (Virginia) April 23, 1810. 18—3 w.

### FURNISH YOURSELVES WITH GOOD UNDERSTANDINGS.

#### WILLIS NELMS, Boot & Shoe-Maker,

Harget Street, 50 yards East of the Market House and near Mrs Mitchell's Tavern, RALEIGH.

HAS an ample supply of the best Leather, and keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Boots and Shoes, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

He has lately employed a Workman who served his apprenticeship in England, and who has worked in the most fashionable places, and is unquestionably one of the best workmen in America. He is sober and attentive, and will make Boots and Shoes in any fashion directed and to any pattern. W. N. may always be found at his shop, (and at work too) and pledges himself to furnish as good work as ever was stood upon, and to make every exertion to please. He trusts a discerning and generous public will know where to apply when they wish to benefit themselves and encourage the Industry.

Raleigh, May 3, 1810.

### JORDAN'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber tenders his acknowledgments to his Friends and the Public for the marks of preference they have heretofore bestowed upon him, and hopes, by his exertions to please, to merit and receive a continuance of their favours. He continues at the well known stand formerly kept by Mrs. DEXTER, where genteel Travellers will meet with such accommodations as he flatters himself will render their situation agreeable. Private apartments, with good beds and proper attendance, will always be in readiness for Families.

The Hotel is now in complete repair.—Considerable improvements have been made, new and large stables erected, &c. The House will be constantly supplied with the best provisions and Liqueurs, and the Stables with grain and forage of every kind. No exertions shall be wanting to render the Hotel a comfortable residence for those who may favour the proprietor with their company.

DILLON JORDAN. Fayetteville, North-Carolina. April 28, 1810.

### Literary Advancement.

#### SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS!

May be gained for the small sum of FOUR DOLLARS!

### IN THE NEWTON ACADEMY LOTTERY.

#### SCHEME.

Prize of	\$ 5000 is	8000
1	2000	2000
1	1000	1000
10	500	5000
5	300	1500
20	100	2000
20	50	1000
50	20	1000
100	10	1000
2400	3	12000

7750 Tickets at 4 dollars each 31000

2608 Prizes } Not two blanks to a prize.  
5142 Blanks }

Part of the above prizes determinable as follows. The first drawn blank on the 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 7th and 8th days are entitled to \$50 each

The first drawn do. on the 9th 10th 11th & 12th do 100 do  
The first drawn do. on the 13th and 14th do. 200 do  
The first drawn do. on the 15th do. 500 do  
And the last drawn ticket whether blank or prize 5000 do

Five hundred Tickets to be drawn on each of the first fourteenth days—and seven hundred and fifty on the 15th & last day.

Prizes payable 60 days after the completion of the drawing, by the managers, who hold themselves responsible—subject to a deduction of 16 per cent.

All prizes not demanded within 12 months after drawing, will be considered relinquished for the benefit of the institutions.

The above Lottery is authorized by an act of the Legislature of North Carolina, for the purpose of enabling the Trustees of the NEWTON ACADEMY near the town of Asheville, to complete the necessary buildings belonging to the same.—And also to establish a Female Academy in the town of Asheville.

Which two objects the Trustees and Managers flatter themselves will be a sufficient inducement, independent of the flattering prospect held out in the above SCHEME, to influence all zealous friends to useful Institutions to become liberal purchasers of tickets.—And they deem it unnecessary to expatiate largely in contrasting the advantages these institutions may have (if well supported, with friends) over most other Seminaries.—For it is now very generally known that Asheville is one of the most healthy situations on this continent—and lying in the neighbourhood of the Warm Springs, and on the main road from thence, (as well as from the Western to the Southern States) is more generally resorted to by the best characters of both sexes during Summer and Autumn, (for the benefit of health) than almost any other place in the Southern section of the Union.—And being also a place where board and Tuition are had on very moderate terms.—Where the Youths of the sister states will lay the foundation of sound constitutions together with their Educations, and receive the visits of their friends to and from the Warm Springs.—All these advantages united bear evident testimony of the eligibility of Asheville as a seat for Literary Institutions.—And therefore on these self-evident grounds, we respectfully solicit the public patronage.

DAVID YANCEY, } Managers.  
GEO. SWAINE, }  
JOHN PATTON, }  
GEO. NEWTON, }  
ANDREW ERWIN, }

Asheville, January 25, 1810. 6—f

### BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

#### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

February 2, 1810.

Mr. Rose presented certain papers agreeably to order, shewing the exports and imports for the last year. He particularly begged to call the attention of the House to these papers, in consequence of misrepresentations which had gone abroad. It had been represented that our import trade was carried on solely by paying for our imports and bullion. And it had been stated by a gentleman, justly entitled to take a lead in such questions in that House, that it was in consequence of the advantage arising from Mr. Erskine's temporary understanding with America that our trade had been lately so great.—The balance of trade, however, at this moment was nearly 15 millions in our favour, our exports exceeding our imports by nearly 12 millions. The value of the money sent out of the country was about six millions, while that brought into it was upwards of ten millions, leaving a balance in our favour of from four to five millions. As to the idea of all the money going out of the country, and that ruin must be the consequence, there was nothing in it. The trade of the U. States of which we had been deprived, had been made up to us by our increase trade with other parts of America. He should shew how this made out. Our trade with the United States amounted to something more than 11 millions. To

all other parts of America it then amounted to about 7 millions, making a total of about 18 millions. In the last year our trade to other parts of America alone amounted to 23 millions, being five millions more than the whole trade had been formerly. It would also appear from those papers, that instead of having received no cotton wool from America, we had last year imported more than in any one year before. As to the rate of exchange, this was not the proper time to enter into it.

Mr. Harmer said, he had been misrepresented to the right honourable gentleman, if it was supposed that he had stated that all our imports were paid for in bullion. He had not said so. He had only stated, that to a certain degree it had become a part of our exports, in a different manner from what it had hitherto done. As to our internal situation, there was no man who enjoyed the use of his senses, but must be convinced, that in spite of the waste and expenditure incurred in an unnecessary war, that the growth of this country exceeded the most extravagant predictions that had been made of it, and that it still continued to go on in an increased degree. There was an increased demand for all ingenious and useful inventions. Canals, a property above all others which shewed the extent of our improvements, advanced in a most rapid growth; and a sudden state of agricultural improvement, particularly in the southern countries had lately been made. As to the exports so greatly exceeding the imports, it was impossible in the very nature of things that it could continue.

Mr. Rose explained. Mr. Baring thought the subject unfairly introduced at present, and reserved himself till a fit opportunity, when he should shew that there was no foundation for imputing the alleged prosperity of our trade to the measures of ministers.

Mr. Perceval said they arrogated nothing to themselves, which the fact did not warrant. All the merit they claimed was, that the system they had adopted to meet the regulations of the enemy for the ruin of our commerce, had not been found so inefficient, or rather so mischievous as had been represented.

The papers were then ordered to be printed.

LONDON, February 28.

In the House of Commons last night, after strangers were excluded, a most singular scene was exhibited during the examination of the Earl of Chatham, respecting the Expedition to Walcheren. The reports that have transpired differ a little in the coloring, but agree in the general features of this extraordinary occurrence. In the course of the Earl's evidence, Mr. Fuller, who seemed to have *dined* before coming to the House, put several questions which were not attended to either by his Lordship or the Members.—When his Lordship withdrew, Mr. Fuller made use of expressions highly indecorous, and which brought down upon him the indignation of the House. The following is reported to us to be the substance of what passed on the occasion, but, perhaps, it should be received *tum grano salis*—

Mr. Fuller, after remarking that he had as much right to put questions as the Chancellor of the Exchequer, added *with an oath*, "I have as much right to be heard as any man who is paid for filling the place he holds."

The Chancellor of the Exchequer moved "That the words of the Honourable Member should be taken down"—which was agreed to.

The House resumed, and Sir John Anstruther, the Chairman, reported the expressions of Mr. Fuller.

The Speaker then informed the House that it had come to his knowledge that a Member had used unparliamentary language, which was a breach of the privileges of that Honourable House. He felt sorry that it would become his duty to name him.

Mr Fuller—"You need not be diffident; it's I, Jack Fuller."

The Speaker ordered the honourable member to withdraw; but he declined, until several of his friends interfered.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer moved, "That he should be taken into custody of the Sergeant of arms," which was agreed to, without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Fuller, who was in the Lobby, on the vote of the house being communicated to him, rushed into the body of the House, and, in a loud voice, said the Speaker had not the power or authority, to order him into custody—he was only the servant of the members, and, by their submitting to him, they made him master. He meant "the insignificant little fellow in the wig!"—The Speaker directed the Sergeant at Arms should collect the persons under his command, to remove Mr. Fuller by force from the House. It was with difficulty that the Sergeant and four messengers took him into custody, where he remained till a quarter past 2 o'clock.

The House again resolved itself into the Committee, and Sir Eyre Coote was examined, which closed the business of the night.

[After Mr. Fuller had time to recover from the situation in which he insulted the house, he sent in an humble apology. The result was that he was called to the bar, and received a formal reprimand, pronounced by the speaker.]