

however, as it was well known no business was ever done on Saturday, from so many committees sitting on that day, it should move that when the House adjourns, it should adjourn to meet on Monday next.

proposition of offending those who chose to consider themselves implicated? If he had concealed it, he had become an accomplice in the crime; by disclosing it, it is no fault of the President, however it may be a cause of regret, that the feelings of some respectable individuals of less sensibilities appear to have been unintentionally wounded.

National Intelligencer.

In an artful piece in the National Intelligencer, upon the subject of Henry's mission, it is asked: "why is such confusion produced by the event in the federal ranks? What interest, we ask, can they have as a party, in interposing their political body as a rampart between the British government and the indignation of an incensed people?"

The feds continue to abuse the president for obtaining Henry's documents to prove that England is at heart our most inveterate enemy—and they are all in arms because it appears Henry touched a few dollars as a bonus for his discovery. We by no means justify the practice of rewarding the confessions or purchasing the information of emissaries and spies. We object to it for more reasons than one.

If Mr. Madison, without taking the advice of the Senate, has expended a sum of money (out of the contingent fund placed at his disposal) to Henry the British spy; we really think for this single offence against morality, he ought to forfeit the confidence of the people.

An extract of a letter from a Member of Congress from one of the Northern States, to his friend in North-Carolina:—I predict in many of my letters that some juggle would be brought up before the spring Elections in the north: A annual attempt of this sort has been observed for years past.

The account under our domestic head of the revolution in East Florida is confirmed by a letter of a late date received here by Mr. John Marshall, from Mr. Lewis S. Muse of this city, who is now at St. Marys.

We have much pleasure in announcing that WILLIAM POLK, of this city is appointed a Brigadier General in the new army. The known talents of General Polk, and the high character he sustained during the Revolutionary War, for ardent zeal and intrepid courage give an assurance of increased honours to himself and to his country, should circumstances again require him to revisit the battle field.

The National Intelligencer says that a secret caucus was held at Albany on the 16th ult. to ascertain the force which could be rallied in that state in opposition to the re-election of the virtuous & patriotic Madison. After much conversation, and several propositions for a nomination it was finally determined to be impatient, until other states, supposed to be interested in a coalition of northern and western interests, should be sounded on the subject.

The newspapers of one description are filled with accounts of vessels captured by the English; and of another, with those captured by the French; and as facts are too abundant to be now necessary to prove that both the British Orders in Council and the French decrees of Berlin and Milan, are still in practical operation, we abstain from the publication of either.

Dr. Josephus Sanford, of Prince Edward, Virginia, on Sunday last extracted a Cataract from the eye of pauper of Wayne county, named Sarah Benson, who had been some years blind, and who has now every reason to expect a restoration of the faculty of sight.

A Quebec paper (of Feb. 18) states, that the late falls of snow have nearly barred many houses in the Lower-Town, "so that people were obliged to get out at their upper windows. In Champlain-street, the road is nearly on a level with the roofs."

The Boston Patriot says that when Mr. Henry was in Boston he visited Gov. Gerry. Zerach Colburn—The father of this mathematical wonder has departed from Boston with his son for Europe.

The Prince Regent proclaimed a general fast for the first of February. Many of his best subjects have already fasted so long, that a general fast would be more agreeable!—Tribune True American.

State of North-Carolina, JOHNSTON COUNTY.

Superior Court of Law, March Term 1812. THE Grand Jurors for the state and county aforesaid Present, as a public grave-yard, a certain act of the General Assembly passed at the last Session, entitled "An act to repeal an act passed in the year 1808, entitled an act for dividing the state into districts for the purpose of electing Representatives to Congress," and an act passed in the year 1809, entitled "An act directing the manner of appointing Electors to vote for President and Vice President of the United States."

The Grand Jurors will not here enter into a detail of the well founded objections to the said act, arising out of the Constitution and expediency of the measure: They are conscientiously satisfied that it is unconstitutional, inexpedient and in palpable violation of the rights and privileges of the people.

W. W. BRYAN, Foreman. John Parish, Warren O'Neal, Phillip Paelee, John Smith, jun. Hardy Tilton, James Hall, John Wood, Barnaby Ingram, Joseph Hunter, Willie Johnson, Thomas Atkinson, Henry Stevens, William Rivers, William Hinton, Isaac Stallings, Jesse Adams, Edward Stephens.

three were the principal motives of the People of this Commonwealth in according to it—And if at any future period, which Heaven avert, our National Republics shall manifest a determination to abandon or sacrifice Commerce, without which we cannot exist—A war to exist—we shall never resort to foreign aid to obtain that redress of grievances which is

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NOTICE.

LIKELY wench had three children, sold by virtue of a deed of trust executed to use by Wright W. Nichol, to secure the payment of a mortgage therein mentioned. Also will be sold on Tuesday the 1st of April at the Printing Office, in Halifax, Virginia, as usual a new publication, for ready sale.

The Printing Establishment. Apes and other animals heretofore belonging to the service of the aforesaid deed of trust, executed to the foregoing named purpose. MAT. C. WHITAKER, AQUILA MORRIS, Halifax county, March 27, 1812.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Note of hand given by Mr. John Spier Robertson of Wake county, to Capt. Wm. Dwyer, and witnessed by Wm. Lengor, both of Wake county, for Seventy Dollars. The Note was given in February 1811; and was cancelled the first of the present month: said note was signed by Capt. Wm. Dwyer to the subscriber. All persons are hereby cautioned against trading for said note to said Christopher Robertson is forwaded not to pay it any person but the subscriber. JAMES ROBERTSON, Wake county, March 24, 1812.

Lands and Negroes for Sale.

THE subscriber intending to remove out of this state on to the state of Pennsylvania, will sell the following lands and Negroes on very moderate terms—the purchaser or purchasers paying one third down, one third in five months credit, and one third at two years credit: Half near 2000 acres on Third Creek, joining the town lands of Statesville, on which there is five valuable improvements in good repair; a large proportion of which are well calculated for corn and a sufficiency of hay—Good dwelling houses and other necessary buildings; still house and new grist mill almost ready to grind—The high lands of tolerable good quality, 725 Acres on Fourth Creek in the neighbourhood of Statesville, with a large improvement, a proportion of which is in good repair, in good repair for planting, 300 acres on the South River with a small improvement in good repair, about 10 miles from Statesville.—Three families of likely Negroes, consisting of boys, wenches, girls, and children. The Lands will be sold in such quantities as will suit the purchasers of the Negroes in families. JAMES HART, Statesville, Ire-Jell County, November 20, 1811.

NOTICE.

THE parents, guardians and friends of the young ladies at the Salem Boarding School, are respectfully informed that the Small-Pox, which in last January had been introduced into this place by a traveller from the northward, had entirely disappeared, and that now the least danger is to be apprehended from them. One person only had caught the infection, who is now quite well. A general health prevails at this place. The young ladies of the school, as well as others have been vaccinated with success, and it is with satisfaction we can assure the public in general, not only that the least sign or danger of the fatal pox now exists; but also, that on this occasion we have proved that the genuine Line-pox, when the disease is in the regular form, is a sure preservative against the contagion of the small-pox. ABRAHAM STEINER, Inspector of the female boarding school, at Salem, N. C. March 2, 1812.

State of North Carolina, HALIFAX COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Feb. Term, 1812. Sally Duffy, vs. Samuel Duffy. Original Attachment, revised, &c.

WILL BE SOLD.

For Cash, in the Town of Tarborough. A GREENABLY to the conditions of a Deed of Trust from Charles Gray, late of Edgecombe county, in the subscription, on the second day of May next, Five Hundred and Seventy-Five Acres of land, lying in Greene county state of Georgia. As this land is said to be valuable and will probably sell low, those who feel an inclination to purchase will do well to attend. SHERWOOD HAYWOOD, April 1, 1812.

State Bank of North Carolina.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Principal Bank of the State Bank of North Carolina, on the day aforesaid, Resolved, That subscriptions for five hundred and eighty-eight shares of Capital Stock be received at the Branch Bank of Newbern; for seven hundred and ninety shares at the Branch Bank at Wilmington; for three hundred and eighty-eight shares at the Branch Bank at Fayetteville; and for one hundred and fifty-seven shares at the Branch Bank at Salisbury, under the superintendance and direction of the Presidents and Cashiers of the said Branch Banks respectively. That the books be opened on the 18th day of April, and kept open, for sixty days, unless the shares shall be sooner taken—One third of the amount of each share, to be paid for at the time of subscribing; one third on or before the 18th day of June, and the remaining third on or before the 18th day of August next. Payment shall be made in specie, or in paper money, at a discount of five per cent. and in case of failure of any subscriber to pay the said instalments within twenty days after the same become payable, each and every such share shall be forfeited, and vest in the President and Directors of the Bank, and such share or shares shall be by them or their order, sold at public auction for gold or silver, and transferred to the purchaser or purchasers thereof: The proceeds of such sale shall first be applied to the payment or payments which shall appear to be due to the Bank upon such share or shares, together with the interest thereon, and the costs and charges of sale, and the surplus, if any, be paid to such stock-holder or his representatives. W. B. HAYWOOD, Cashier.

For the accommodation of those living more conveniently to the Principal Bank, the Cashier of that Bank will receive money with instructions, and cause shares to be subscribed in any of the Branches in which the books are to be opened.

The Star.

RALEIGH,

FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1812.