

...is for this trade before the publication of the present decree, shall be allowed to dispose of their cargoes in our colonies.

DOMESTIC.

INDIANS.

St. Louis, April 1.—An armed boat sailed yesterday morning from this place, bound for Prairie du Chien. We cannot for a moment believe that peace messengers will have any other effect than to render the savages more insolent.

It is said that government intends forming a chain of military posts, so as to encircle the Indians of Mississippi and Michigan. If the army is to be reduced to 10,000, we fear the chain will be one of packthread.

Very few days pass away without hearing of some outrage committed by the Indians on the frontier. Several respectable characters have lately been killed at or near Mackay's Saline. Whole droves of horses have been driven from our settlements this winter to Rock river. Our spies inform that there are twelve war parties out from headquarters of the enemy near Rock river; borderers and travellers should be very circumspect in their movements.

HORRID MASSACRE.

St. Louis, April 8.—Three men arrived here last night from the above mentioned place, and state, that for some time they were apprehensive of a visit from the Indians, that they built two block houses as a place of safety for the women and children in case of attack, that on the 31st instant, they had sent out thirteen men as spies, a few miles from the village, where they observed Indian signs, they had proceeded on their search the next day when they heard a heavy firing at the village and a thick smoke in that direction; anxious for the safety of their families, they immediately returned and found near the first house the bodies of old Lacroix and his son, their heads nearly cut off.—All the houses were in flames, the place full of Indians, butchering all the inhabitants, whose shrieks could be distinctly heard amidst the horrid yells of the savages.

The village of Cote sans Dessein contained about 200 souls.

We have had boats, men, and officers to station at proper positions on the Missouri and Mississippi, but nothing has yet been done.

All is indecision in this quarter!

At the breaking up of the ice, the sending up the armed boats were strenuously urged, but alas! inability frustrated every prudent measure. More on this subject next week.

[The Illinois Herald, printed at Kaskaskia, says that accounts had been received there, stating that only five of the inhabitants were killed, while several of the Indians were killed, two by women.]

April 15.—Governors Clark and Edwards, and Col. Auguste Chouteau, are appointed by the President, commissioners to treat with the Mississippi Indians at the expected treaty which is to be held with them.

On Wednesday last, Mr. Forsyth (Indian agent) returned from Fort Clark, having finished the business of his mission in that place. The Potowatomies received the presents that were sent to cover the dead which were unfortunately killed by the magers last November. One of the chiefs with a few of his young men were to set out on the 10th inst. for Rock river with the news of peace. The particulars of the above interesting transaction will be laid before our readers in our next.

Peace Establishment.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, May 17, 1815.

GENERAL ORDERS.

In pursuance of the act of Congress, entitled "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States," approved the 3d of March, 1815, the President of the United States has judged proper that the military peace establishment shall consist of the following proportions of artillery, infantry, and riflemen; the corps of engineers being retained as at present established.

- 1. Of the corps of artillery, there shall be thirty-two companies, or eight battalions, making 3,200 men.
2. Of the light artillery, there shall be ten companies, or one regiment, making 660 men.
3. Of the infantry, there shall be eighty companies, or eight regiments, making 5,440 men.
4. Of the riflemen, there shall be ten companies, or one regiment making 680 men.—Total 9,980.

And the President of the United States has further judged proper, that the United States be divided into two military divisions; and that each military division be subdivided into military departments, as follows:

The division of the north to comprise five military departments, to wit:

- No. 1. New-York, above the highlands, and Vermont.
No. 2. New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.
No. 3. New York, below the high-lands, and that part of New Jersey which furnishes the first division of militia.
No. 4. Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and that part of New Jersey which furnishes the second division of militia.
No. 5. Ohio, and the territories of Michigan and Indiana.

The division of the south to comprise four military departments, to wit:

- No. 6. Virginia, North Carolina, and the District of Columbia.
No. 7. South Carolina and Georgia.
No. 8. Louisiana and the Mississippi territory.
No. 9. Tennessee, Kentucky, and the territories of Missouri and Illinois.

And the President of the U. States has further judged proper, that the general distribution of the regiments and corps constituting the military peace establishment, shall be made in the following manner:

To the division of the north—The second, third, fifth, and sixth regiments of infantry, forming two brigades. Four battalions of the corps of artillery; and the regiment of light artillery.

To the division of the south—The first, fourth, seventh and eighth regiments of infantry, forming two brigades. Four battalions of the corps of artillery; and the regiment of riflemen.

And the President of the United States has further judged it proper, that a part of the several regiments and corps constituting the military peace establishment, shall be detailed and apportioned for the following named stations, and that the rest of the regiments and corps shall be disposed of as the Major Generals hereafter commanding divisions may hereafter direct

In the division of the north—For the posts and fortresses on the coast of New England.

The regiment of light artillery, ten companies. Of the corps of artillery, four companies.—Total 14.

For the harbor of New York, and its dependencies, of the corps of artillery, four companies.

For Fort Mifflin, and its dependencies, of the corps of artillery, 2 companies.

For Fort M'Henry, and its dependencies, of the corps of artillery, two companies.

For Sacketts Harbor, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Plattsburg, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Niagara, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Fort Washington, on the Potomac, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Detroit and its dependencies, of infantry, ten companies, of riflemen four companies.—Total 14.

In the division of the south.

For Norfolk harbor, and its dependencies, of the corps of artillery, 3 companies.

For Forts Johnson and Hampton, N. C. of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Charleston harbor, and its dependencies, of the corps of artillery four companies.

For Savannah, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Mobile, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Plaquemine, of the corps of artillery, one company.

For Forts St. Charles, St. John, and Petite Coquette, of the corps of artillery, 3 companies.

For Natchitoches, of the corps of artillery one company, of riflemen two companies.—Total 3 companies.

For St. Louis, and its dependencies, of infantry ten companies, of riflemen four companies.—Total 14 companies.

For Chelunets, of infantry ten companies.

For the vicinity of Augusta, Geo. of infantry, ten companies.

And the President of the United States has further judged proper, that the non-commissioned officers, musicians and privates, of the several regiments and corps now in the service of the United States, whose term of service has not expired, shall be so arranged as to form and complete out of the same the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, constituting the military peace establishment, in the manner following, viz.

To form the regiment of light artillery, Brigadier General Porter, there shall be mustered for selection, the light artillery proper, the 15th, 26th, 30th, 31st, 33d, 34th, and 45th regiments of infantry.

To form the corps of artillery, there shall be mustered for selection, the corps of artillery proper, the regiment of dragoons, the 41st, 42d, and 43d regiments of infantry.

To form the regiments of infantry in the division of the north, there shall be mustered—

For the 2d regiment of infantry, colonel Brady, the 6th, 16th, 22d, 23d and 32d regiments of infantry.

For the 3d regiment of infantry, Colonel John Miller, the 1st, 17th, 19th, 24th, 28th, 39th regiments of infantry.

For the 5th regiment of infantry, Brigadier General Miller, the 4th, 13th, 21st, 40th, and 46th regiments of infantry.

For the 6th regiment of infantry, Colonel Atkinson, the 11th, 25th, 27th, 29th, and 37th regiments of infantry.

To form the regiments of infantry and riflemen, in the division of the south—

For the 1st regiment of infantry, Brigadier General Bissell, the 2d, 3d, 7th, and 44th regiments of infantry.

For the 4th regiment of infantry, Colonel King, the 12th, 14th, and 20th regiments of infantry.

For the 7th regiment of infantry, Colonel M'Donald, the 8th, 10th, 66th, and 38th regiments of infantry.

For the 8th regiment of infantry, Colonel Nicholas, the 5th, 18th, and 35th regiments of infantry.

For the rifle regiment, Brigadier General Smith the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th rifle regiments.

And the President of the U. States has further judged proper, that in addition to the provision for a general staff, which is specifically made by the act of Congress, certain officers shall be retained, under the special authority given by the act, until circumstances will permit of their discharge, without material injury to the service; and that the following shall be the general staff:

Two Major Generals, with two Aids de camp, each.

Four Brigadier Generals, with one Aid de Camp, each.

An Adjutant and Inspector General, and two Adjutant Generals, to be provisionally retained.

Four Brigade Inspectors.

One Quartermaster General and two Deputy Quartermasters General, to be provisionally retained.

Four Brigade Quartermasters.

An Apothecary General and two Assistant Apothecaries, to be provisionally retained.

Five Hospital Surgeons.

Fifteen Hospital Surgeon's Mates.

Two Garrison Surgeons, to be provisionally retained.

Ten Garrison Surgeon's Mates, to be provisionally retained.

A Paymaster of the army.

Two Deputy Paymasters General, and two Assistant Deputy Paymasters, to be provisionally retained.

The acts of Congress establishing the Ordnance Department, the office of the Commissary General of Purchases, and the Military Academy, remain in force, as well as certain acts authorizing the ap-

pointment of Judge Advocates and Chaplains to the army. The organization and arrangements of the military peace establishment, shall be subject to the President of the United States, or to his general orders for the information and government of the army.

By order of the Secretary of War, D PARKER, Adj. & Insp. General.

The Military Peace Establishment,

AS ORGANIZED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

The GENERAL STAFF is composed of

Division of the North Division of the South

Major Generals. Jacob Brown, Andrew Jackson.

Brigadier Generals. Alexander Maccomb, Edmund P. Gaines, Eleazer W Ripley, Winfield Scott.

Daniel Parker, adj. and ins. gen. Robert Butler, adjt. gen. Arthur P. Hayne, do. Robert Swart-

wut, qr. mas. gen. S. Champlain, dep. qr. mas. gen. Samuel Brown, do.

Four brigade inspectors and four brigade quartermasters, to be taken from the line.

Ordnance Department.

Decious Wadsworth, colonel, George Bomford, lieutenant col. John Morton, captain, Abraham B. Wool-

ley, do. John H. Margart do. James Dalby, do. Thomas L. Campbell, do. Edwin Tyler, do. R. D.

Richardson, do. George Talcott, jr. do. J. H. Rees, do. William Wade, 1st lieu. Rufus L. Baker, do.

William C. Lyman, do. George Larned, do. Nehemiah Baden, do. Christopher Keiser, do. Thomas

L. Hawkins, do. James Baker, do. J. Livingston, do. James Wilson, 2d lieu. Ebenezer M'Donald do.

R. C. Pomeroy, do. Charles F. Morton, do. Wm. F. Rigal, 3d lieu. James Simons, do. John

Hills, do. Simon Willard, do. John Symington, do.

Medical Department.

Francis Le Baron, apothecary general, Christopher Backus, assistant apothecary, James Cutbush,

do. David C. Kerr, hospital surgeon, Benjamin Waterhouse, do. James C. Branaugh, do. Joseph

Lovell, do. Arnold Elzey, do. James Stevenson, hospital surgeon's mate, J. B. Whitebridge, do. Ed-

ward Purcell, do. William W. Hazard, do. William Jones, do. Joseph Wallace, do. Wm. Williams, do

Wm. Stewart, do. Wm. Marshall, do. Joseph Eaton, do. Robert Archer, do. Hugh F. Rose, do. James

Trimble, do. Thomas Russell, do. Donaldson Yates, do. Foster Swift, garrison surgeon, James H. M'

Culloch, do. John F. Heileman, garrison surg. mate, Charles Slocum, do. Lemuel B. Clark, do.

William T. Davidson, do. Jonathan S. Cool, do. Alexander Wolcott, do. Wm. Turner, do. Wm. M.

Scott, do. W. C. Lane, do.

Pay Department.

Robert Brent, paymaster of the army, Washington Lee, deputy do. general, Jonathan Bell, assist.

dep. do. gen. Ambrose Whitlock, dep. pay. gen.

Purchasing Department.

Callender Irvine, com. gen. of purchases.

Judge Advocates.

James T. Dent, Henry Wheaton.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Names and Rank.

Colonel—Joseph G. Swift.

Lieutenant-Colonel—Walker K. Armistead.

Major—George Bomford, Wm. M'Phee.

6 captains, 6 first lieutenants, 6 second lieutenants.

Regiment of Light Artillery.

Colonel—Moses Porter.

Lieut. Col.—J. R. Fenwick.

Majors—Abraham Eustis.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among which are capt. Gabriel H. Mangault (S C) and lieu. Fred Kinloch (S O)

Corps of Artillery.

Lieut. Col.—G. E. Mitchell, James House, Wm Lind

say, Wm. Macrea.

Majors—G. Armistead, Jas B. Many, J. Hindman, W. H. Overton.

32 captains, 32 first lieutenants, 64 second lieutenants and 32 third lieutenants.—Among them are captains Wm.

Wilson, (Va) J. B. Ion, (S C) A. C. W. Fanning, (Geo) M. P. Lomax, (S C)—first lieutenants, William J. Cowan,

(S C) John Fontaine, (N C) E. R. Ruffin, (N C) J. H. Deary, (N C) J. L. Edwards, (Va) Edwin Sharp, (N C)

John Ruffin, (Va)—second lieutenants Robert Goode, (Va) Robert Beall, (Geo) W. I. Sever, (Ten) Thomas

V. Earle, (Va)—third lieutenant Robt. C. Brent, (Va)

First Infantry.

Colonel—Dan Bissell.

Lieut. Col.—George Croghan.

Major—Thomas S. Jesup.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among them are capt. Isaac L. Baker, (Geo) William O. Butler, (S C)

J. H. Jones, (S C) James Davis, (S C) Henry Chotard, (S C) William Lavel, (S C) Wm. Christian, (Geo) John

Read, (Geo)—first lieutenants Sam. Farrow, jun. (S C) John Tarrant, (S C) Archimedes Donohoe, (N C)—second lieutenants Rob. H. Briggs, (S C) Robert L. Combs,

(Geo) H. B. Hyde, (Geo) George W. Boyd, (Geo) W. Christie, (Geo) Chs. Cooper, (Geo) T. Cross, (Geo)

Second Infantry.

Colonel—Hugh Brady.

Lieut. Col.—Nathan Pankney.

Major—Henry Leavenworth.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.

Third Infantry.

Colonel—John Miller.

Lieut. Col.—Mathew Arbuckle.

Major—Charles K. Gardner.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among them are captain Wm. Taylor, (S C) and surgeon's mate James B. Hill, (N C)

Fourth Infantry.

Colonel—Wm. King.

Lieut. Col.—Duncan B. Clinch.

Major—George M. Brook.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among them are capt. James Bankhead, (Va) James Dinkin, (S C) A. Cummings, (Geo) T. M. Nelson, (Va)—second lieutenants F. H. Lissenhoff, (S C) John Strother, (S C)

Fifth Infantry.

Colonel—James Miller.

Lieut. Col.—Jos L. Smith.

Major—J. M'Neal, jr.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.

Sixth Infantry.

Col.—H. Atkinson.

Lieut. Col.—J. Snelling.

Major—John E. Wool.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.

Seventh Infantry.

Colonel—Jas M'Donald.

Lieut. Col.—Wm R. Boote.

Major—Dan Appling.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among them are capt. Wm. Chisholm, (S C) George Vashon, (Va)—first lieutenants George Birch, (Geo) William Bee, jr. (S C) Wm Irvine, (Va) J. J. Clinch, (N C)—second lieutenants

G. E. Bridges, (N C) J. W. Allston (S C) R. H. Goodwyn, (S C) George Irons, (Va)

English Infantry.

Colonel—R. C. Nicholas.

Major—W. A. Trumble.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among them are captain W. Davenport, (N C)—first lieutenants A. Good-

wyn, Wm. Wagon, Wm.

Rifle Regiment.

Colonel—T. A. Smith.

Lieut. Col.—W. S. Hamilton.

Major—Talbot Chambers.

10 captains, 10 first lieutenants, 10 second lieutenants, 1

surgeon and 2 surgeon's mates.—Among them are captain W. L. Duffrey, S. C.—first lieutenants Louis Laval,

S C. J. Calhoun, S C.—second lieutenant W. J. Gordon,

S C.

Corps of Artillery, 3200 men

Light Artillery, 660

Infantry, 5440

Riflemen, 680

Total, 9980

RALEIGH.

FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1815.

Subscription Books for Stock in the Banks of Newbern and Cape-Fear were opened on the 25th ult. In Wilmington, Fayetteville and Raleigh near four thousand shares have been taken in the Cape-Fear Bank. In Raleigh and Fayetteville about a thousand have been taken in the Newbern. As there are only five thousand to be taken in each Bank, there will doubtless be a great excess of subscriptions.

The State Bank have declared a dividend of 3 per cent. for the last six months.

On the 23rd ult the inhabitants of Wilmington gave a Public Dinner to Col. Nicholas Long, and the officers of the 43rd regiment, for some time past stationed in that town and its vicinity. Capt. Tho. Callender presided, aided by Robt. Cochran, Esq.—Our Naval hero, Captain Johnson Blakely, was toasted, whom they claim as a townsman.

Proposals have been issued in Charleston, for publishing the history of the United States, by David Ramsay, M. D. The work was completed a short time before the Doctor's death. It will be comprised in 2 octavo volumes, price \$3.50 per vol. The profits of this publication to be exclusively applied to the education and support of the numerous family of the author.

The Commissioners for superintending the reparation of the Public Buildings at Washington City, have contracted with Captain Hoban and Mr. Latrobe, architects of the first celebrity. The two public offices are to be completed by the 1st of January next.

Forty-three Gun-Boats have been sold at New-York at an average price of 300 dollars.—They cost the Government upon an average \$20,000 a piece.

The State of Rhode-Island is exempt from paying the tax on House-hold furniture, by virtue of an act of their Legislature exempting such property from taxation.

The United States Frigate Constitution, Capt. Stewart sailed from New-York on the 23rd ult. for Boston, where she is to be repaired, and will then join the squadron destined for the Mediterranean, fitting out at that place.

NAVAL.—The Boston Centinel contains the following articles:

The Independence, 74, dropped down to President Roads on Thursday, where she will receive the remainder of her armament.

The Frigate, United States is dismantled at the Navy yard in Charleston, for repairs.