THE DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

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Telegraphic News.

[REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Tunnasum, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

Dispatch from General Lee.

RICHMOND, June 17.—A dispatch from General Lee to the President this forenoon, says: At eleven o'clock last night, we took the breastworks at Howlett's house and other portions of the same line. The battery at Howlett's is being reestablished.

Five vessels have been sunk by the enemy at Trent's beach. No steamers are within reach, but are behind the monitors.

Some fighting near Petersburg this morning but without results.

(Signed:) R. E. LEE.

Northern News—Enemy Again Repulsed at Petersburg.

RICHMOND, June 18.—The *Herald* of the 18th has been received. News unimportant.

Gold closed on the 12th at 199.

A dispatch from Gen. Lee last night says, our troops assaulted and carried our original position near Bermuda Hundreds, with slight loss on our side.

The enemy near Petersburg made an attack in force late yesterday afternoon and were repulsed. We captured about 300 prisoners.

The Yankees Driven from Port Walthall—Communication open Between Petersburg and Richmond.

RICHMOND, June 18.—The Yankees having been driven from the Railroad at Port Walthall Junction last night, direct communication with Petersburg will be resumed this morning.

Morgan at his Old Works—He threatens Louisville.

MOBILE, June 13.—A special dispatch to the *Register* from Senatobia of the 17th says, Morgan's forces, estimated at from three to five thousand, whipped Gen. Hobson, capturing his whole command of 1500 at Cynthina.

Frankfort was attacked, the barracks burned, and the attacking party repulsed.

It is reported that Burbridge routed Morgan on the 12th, which is not credited.

Wild excitement exists in Louisville. Morgan has dispatched the city authories that he would attack it. The Federal force is inadequate to defend the city.

Gen Sturges is reported arrested on charges from Grierson.

From the Trans-Mississippi.

CLINTON La., June 16.—The steamer Progress, loaded with thirteen hundred bales of cotton, was burned on the Mississippi river—no lives lost.

Ex-Mayor French, of New Orleans, died on the 14th.

Thursday night our batteries attacked the steamer Landes and another transport, loaded with troops, and struck her ten times. Three shells exploded on deck. She hoisted a signal of distress and gunboats came up and towed her off

The Yankee cavalry from Port Hudson pursued our batteries, but a few shells drove them off.

From Georgia.

3 MILES WEST OF MARIETTA, June 18.—The enemy has moved a large number of his forces on our left. The cannonading and musketry is constantly amounting almost to an engagement.

The rains continues, which renders the roads impassable. The operations of the enemy are an indication that our left and centre will be attacked. The army is in splendid spirits and ready for the attack.

A Yankee deserter came in this morning drunk

There were but few casualties on our side yesterday. Several prisoners were captured this morning.

An Important Item.

MARIETTA, June 18.—Rain has been falling heavily and incessantly the greater part of last night and this morning.

The Enemy Leaving the Vicinity of Lynchburg.

RICHMOND, June 19.—It is reported that the enemy are retreating from the vicinity of Lynchburg. Four pieces of artillery and two hundred prisoners were captured last evening. Nothing official.

Northern News.

RICHMOND, June 19.—United States papers of the 16th have been received: A telegram from Lexington, states that Burbridge defeated the Rebels at Cynthiana on the 12th, killing three hundred and taking four hundred.

Naximilian arrived at Vera Cruz on the 28th, and was to proceed at once, to the city of Mexico.

Grant has commenced a new campaign against Richmond on the South-side. His headquarters are at Bermuda landing.

Sturge's defeat by Fremont is confessed officially as a disaster

European advices of the 1st, state that Lindsay's motion for the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, was postponed until the 17th.

It is reported that Napoleon has sent two Commissioners to America to report the progress of the war, and has renewed overtures to England for the cessation of the carnage.

The proposition of the London Conference to detach Holstein and the Southern part of Schleswig from Denmark, was rejected by the latter.

Gold in New York, on the 15th, opened and closed at 97½.

Northern News.

PETERSBURG, June 19.—The Express has northern dates to the 14th—Stanton telegraphed Dix, that Burbridge telegraphed here that he had a fight lasting one hour with Jack Morgan at Cynthiana Ky on the 12th completely routing him, killing 300 and wounding nearly as many more, and capturing nearly 400 prisoners. Burbridge's loss 150. Morgans forces, the dispatch further says, are flying in all directions. They have thrown away their arms and are out of amunition and are wholly demoralized. Morgan had previously whipped Hobson commanding at Cynthiana, capturing 1500 prisoners. A correspondent of the Tribune writing in regard to the fight of June 3 d, at Cold Harbor says that the regiments engaged lost from one third to one half of their com-a-nies.

Gold closed on the 18th at 198.

Nothing from Richmond.

RICHMOND, June 19.—No official dispatches have been received at the war department to-day.

THE DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

Vol. 1.] RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1864. [No. 50.

From Petersburg—The Whole of Grant's Army in Front of the City.

PETERSBURG, June 19.—Grant's whole army is in front of this place in line of battale. More or less fighting has taken place every day since Wednesday. The enemy have been generally repulsed, gaining little or no ground since Wednesday, when they got within a mile and a half of the city, taking some of our works, which they still hold, occasional shells have been thrown into the city, doing however, but little damage. Grant's new base is at city Point on the James river 12 miles distant. The enemy have constructed an immense observatory about 12 miles below, from which to observe operations hereabouts. The enemy yesterday attempted an advance on our lines, but our troops opened upon them with artillery and musketry, inflicting loss upon the enemy equal to any of the campaigns. The enemy at no time got nearer than 400 yards of our lines. To day some cannonading and heavy skirmishing occured. The people of Petersburg are quiet and resolut, all able to bear arms bein in the service.

Advices from Lynchburg say the enemy have been pursued since day-break, and that we have captured three pieces of artillery, and two hundred prisoners.

The bulk of Grant's army is south of the Appamattox.

Sheridan Leaving.

RICHMOND, June 19.—Authentic information from Sheridan's movements received. He passed through Bowling Green on Thursday, and arrived at Newton, King and Queen county, on yesterday, where he is reported to have again been attacked by Hampton.

Sheridan is evidently aiming to reach Glowcester point. His wagon train has been reduced to twenty-three wagons.

Prisoners taken confess a thorough defeat of the expedition.

From Georgia.

MARIETTA, June 19.—The enemy to-day are shifting their right, and are moving further towards the east.

Information from an undoubted source says their troops are much disheartened and demoralized from their numerous recent defeats and skirmishes.

Deserters in squads of ten are constantly coming into our lines or leaving for their homes.

Skirmishing continued to-day with unimportant results The roads are heavy from recent rains which retard military movements.

[From the Petersburg Register.]

AFFAIRS IN THE VICINITY OF PETERSBURG.

At sundown on Wednesday evening, affairs looked gloomy along the line of our entrenchments. From early daybreak till past six o'clock p. m., the enemy were kept at bay. Heavy lines of skirmishers made repeated attacks, always with the same disastrous result. Battery No. 5, situated on Jordan's farm, was all day a special object of the enemy's attention. It mounted four guns, two manned by Major Batte's company of the City Battalion, and two belonged to Sturdivant's Battery. Their repeated repulses from this well-served battery caused a cessation of their efforts about 4 o'clock p. m., but after that hour they received reinforcements, which enabled them to out flank the few gallant and exhausted defenders of the post. Soon after six o'clock a heavy charge was made in front, while a large body succeeded in crossing the breastworks and placed our troops beneath a cross fire. Without reserves to fall back upon, of muskets to defend themselves, a precipitate retreat was the only alternative. Four guns were captured, and Major Batte and Captain Sturdivant made prisoners, besides some officers and privates who were wounded. No blame can be attached to the troops who were thus overpowered. For a long summer's day they have defended their post without food or refreshment, and only yielded when flanked and overpowered by an overwhelming force of fresh and unwearied enemies.

At the same time, the enemy succeeded in carrying several other battries, and at nightfall all our lines and battries from No. 1 to No. 14, were in possession of the enemy. The capture of battery No. 5 unfortunately gave them a position from which they could shell a portion of the suburbs of the city.

THURSDAY MORNING.

True to their fiendish instincts which set at naught all the courtesies of civilized warfare, and following the unhallowed promptings of a malignant hatred to the Southern people, they commenced throwing shell into the city at an early hour. Availing themselves of their temporary advantage, without giving the slightest notice, they hurled their shrieking missiles amidst the homes of helpless women and children. For about two hours these messengers of death flew fast and furious, but an overruling Providence baffled the villainous designs of these would-be murderers of unresisting non-combitants. There were no injuries done to the dwellings and but trifling casualties to the persons of our citizens. A few shells fell, but did not explode, in the neighborhood of the South Carolina Hospital on Washington street. On Main street in Blandford, near the Cemetery, a small shell passed through the house of a colored man named Hargrave, doing no damage but displacing a few inches of the weatherboarding. We hope the mark will be allowed to remain unrepaired, as a specimen of the Yankee mode of winning our affections and restoring the Union. In the same neighborhood, a shell exploded as it passed the house of Mrs. Naw, who was seated in her back parlor with her infant in her lap; a fragment struck her on the head inflicting a painful, but not serious wound, which did not prevent her from walking into town for medical assistance. A number of negroes fled in affright from their dwellings but only one was hurt by a fragment slightly bruising his arm. About 9 A. M., the shelling ceased. We hear our troops captured the gun from which it proceeded but rather think the advance of our troops compelled the enemy to remove it.

From 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., the heavy boom of a slow cannonade could be distinctly heard along our front An officer from the field informed us that it was an artillery duel. Up to that hour (11 A. M.,) no attempt had been made to recover the works taken by the enemy on day before yesterday. It would be impossible to select the true from the false, among the floating rumors of the day. The following facts we learned from gentlemen entitled to credit. Capt. John C Pegram, Adjutant General to General Matt. Ransom, was mortally wounded by a ball which entered his abdomen and passed out through his back He was a son of Capt. Pegram, C. S. N., and a gallant and esteemed officer. About noon, the enemy attacked the militia posted at Mr. Avery's farm, and after a short contest compelled them to retreat. Report says they lost two killed and thirteen wounded.—We may learn the particulars before going to press. Major Archer in command of the militia, was wounded in the left arm.

A gentleman who reached our works on the river bank about noon, informs us, he found them unoccupied by the enemy who had left after spiking the guns. The rifle pits for a considerable distance were also unoccupied. At 4 o'clock, A. M., our battries from No. 5 to 14 were in the hands of the enemy, except No. 9, which had been retaken in a charge made by the 59th Va. Regiment.

At the present hour, 8 o'clock, P. M., a battle is raging along the centre of our lines, probable at batteries No. 5 and 6. A courier to Headquarters, at sundown, announced the gratifying intelligence that our troops made a general advance and drove the enemy before them, recapturing all or nearly all of our battries and line of breastworks. It is difficult to substantiate the fact, but we certainly believe the statement to be true.

We have had a conversation with the gallant commander of the militia, Major Archer, and we are happy to state his wound is a flesh one and the bone uninjured. He states his men were exposed to a tremendous shelling, mingled with showers of minnie balls, which was borne with great firmness for a length of time. Being ordered to charge their position, and while in the act of doing so, a shell fell in their midst causing some confusion and loss. Mr. Thomas Scott, and Mr. Nathan Hoag were killed, the body of the last being within the enemy's line was not recovered. We were unable to ascertain the names of the wounded, the militia being actively engaged at the front all day. The number does not exceed thirteen.

From what we learn, the killed and wounded among the regular troops will not be a high figure. The casualties in an artillery duel is never very heavy, and the close fighting occurred at too late an hour for us to learn any particulars.

At an early hour this forenoon a party of the enemy reached the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad and destroyed a portion of the track at Port Walthal Junction. A train of cars which left Pocahontas Depot to convey troops had to return. The telegraphic communication with Richmond is unbroken.

The utmost confidence reigns throughout all classes of our citizens. Petersburg is safe from the fiercest assaults of the enemy. It is unnecessary to make any further allusion to our means of defence, which are amply sufficient for all emergencies. The delay of transportation between here and Richmond will soon be remedied, and even if there is a delay of a few days it will avail the enemy but very little.

TEN O'CLOCK, P. M.

We have just learned that from 1500 to 1800 prisoners have been taken. An instalment of 400 has just passed up town, so much is certain. We take the balance due upon trust.

A heavy cannonade is still in progress, and occasionally with sharp musketry. Soldiers from the front state, upon our advance the enemy abandoned the entrenchments which our troops immediately occupied. The enemy seem ugly regretting their precipitate retreat, made several endeavors to retake them, but were repulsed and severely punished. A large number surrendered after very little resistance.

A SKETCH OF GEN. FORREST.

The Atlanta *Register* publishes the following sketch of Gen. Forrest, written by a person who is intimate with him:

I have just returned from Tupelo, where I spent two days with Forrest. I have listened in his encampment to stories of personal adventure that transcend in exciting interest all that are narrated in books, and that were told in song and story, before knight errantry lost its attractiveness in the absurd pages of Don Quixotte. Let me tell you what I think of Forrest—what I know of Him. There has not been born of this revolution a more remarkable son. He is in truth the offspring of revolution. Had there been no war, Forrest would be distinguished solely for excellent good sense, his indomitable energy, and the success that distinguished him as a planter and a tradesman. He began life in the utmost poverty. He was indebted to charity for bread, and for nothing to books.

When I first knew him, fifteen years ago, he was very poor. He came to Memphis, and for a time was the proprietor of a livery stable. In this business he was not very successful. When a "fast" young gentleman overtaxed his horses Forrest was strangely inclined to punish the customer. He was not popular. He became a slave dealer. By his truthfulness and excellent judgment as to the value of negroes, he became the agent and purchaser of slaves for the planters of the valley of the Mississippi. He grew rich apace, when the war began he himself was one of the wealthiest pleanters whose home was in Memphis. His credit with merchants and bankers was limitless. His capital was more than half a million of dollars.

At the beginning of the war he amused himself for a time by running the blockade from Louisville to Memphis. He brought from Louisville, when that city was occupied by a large Federal force, horses and equipments for a company of cavalry. He then undertook to raise a regiment of mounted men. This accomplished, he joined Albert Sidney Johnston at Bowling Green. In every encounter with the enemy he was the victor. He killed the first man with a sabre who thus lost his life after the war began. His victim was a Kentucky renegade, a huge fellow, who bestrode a powerful horse. Forrest pursued him a mile or two. The Kentuckian finding escape impossible, turned to fight. Their sabres clashed. The skin from the back of the Kentuckian's head was peeled off. Staggered by the blow, the Kentuckian could not parry the next stroke. Forrest's sabre passed through his body.

His next achievement was announced at Fort Donelson, whence he escaped when the place was surrendered. He rode over the battle field of Shiloh like another Mars, was wounded, but only maddened by pain which would have consigned other men to the hospital. In his conflicts with infantry and cavalry he was uniformly successful. He next captured Murfreesboro', with a garrison stronger than his own force. Then came his famed pursuit of Streight. When Streight had surrendered he complained to Forrest that he (Forrest) had deceived him as to his strength. "Here," said Forrest, "are your arms, those of your men shall be returned to them; here is an open field; we can soon settle the question of valor—numbers are nothing!" Streight was silenced.

In the recent fierce encounter with Smith and Grierson, at Okolena, Forrest himself killed eight men. Two of these fell beneath his heavy blade. His men watch his battle-flag. They gather around it, and will follow it into the very jaws of death. They know that Forrest himself ever fights beneath its folds. He loves a fight as other men do a game of cards, and says he can't keep out of one. He is constantly urged by officers, soldiers and citizens to avoid needless exposure of his person but all in vain. The noise of battle is the only music that ravishes the senses of Forrest.

Ordinarily he is mild and placable, but when maddened he is a very fiend incarnate. He is merciless to a man whom he suspects of cowardice, and the most exacting of all commanders. He is six feet in height, perfectly proportioned, and endued with wonderful strength. His eyes are blue and have a very mild expression, his complexion shallow, his hair very black, his forehead very broad, and his manner nervous. He is never still, and in social intercourse laughs much, though never boistrously. He delights in telling stories of the achievements of his men. He says that his are the truest soldiers that ever drew sabres

I was amazed, as long as I had known Forrst, to hear him say at dinner yesterday, in the presence of his staff and of several visitors, that if he should ever return to Memphis, no deed of violence should be committed. He would gladly surrender his sword to the civil authorities, whom he would sustain against all mobs, however they might originate, or of whatever material composed. He wished the war to close, and said he had no ambition, no wish, beyond the independence of the South.

I have stated that I had known Forrest long before the war began; but I can assure you I never respected him as I did when he gave expression to these sentiments. Let me add again that it is impossible for Forrest to play the hypocrite. When you look in his face you are always conscious that he gives utterence to the plain, unvarnished truth.

His wife and son are with him. The wife, an excellent woman, unaffected in her manners, of profound religious convictions, by her excellent good sense and many virtues, has kept Forrest out of many a row In her presence he is always gentle and kind; but now and then, even in the midst of the monotonous duties incident to idleness in the camp, he yields the mastery to his ungovernable temper.

DAILY PRAYER MEETING!

THE CAUSE AND THE CRISIS DEMAND IT

A PRAYER MEETING WILL BE HELD AT THE Methodist Church, in this City, Daily, at 5 o'clock, P. M.

All Christians and the public are respectfully invited. Come promptly. Don't wait for the bell—no bell will be rung.

Raleigh, N. C., May 5th, 1864. 12—tf.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING QUALIFIED AS Executor of William Barham decd., notifies all creditors to present their claims within the time prescribed by law. May Term, 1864. S. LITTLE

May 23d, 1864 6—w6t

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Aid.
do George Little, Wake. do
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Russ, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroler.
Samuel F Phillips, Orange, Auditor.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Major William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Major John Devereux, Wake, Quartermaster.
Major Thomas D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Major James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Major Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
Major James H. Foote, Asst. Adjt. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
Major William A Graham, Jr., Ass't Adjt. General.
Lieut. Josiah Collins, Washington county, Ordnance Department.
Lieut. John B. Neathery, Wake, Asst. Adjt. General.
Lieut Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Isaac W. Garrett, Edgecombe, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Thaddeus McGee, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Charles H. Thompson, Wake, Asst. Commissary.

JUDICIAL.

Supreme Court.—Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice,—William H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, of Craven, Judges; Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; Hamilton C Jones, Rowan, Reporter; Edmund B Freeman, Clerk. [Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

Superior Courts.—Judges.—Edwin G Reade, Person, Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert R Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville; William M Shipp, Henderson.

Solicitors.—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit. Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S. Merrimon, Buncombe.

Confederate States District Court.—Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge; George V Strong, Wayne, Attorney; W F Watson, Craven, Clerk; Wesley Jones, Wake, Marshall.

Council of State.—F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; Robert P Dick, Guilford; Dr James Galloway, Wilkes; L Eldredge Johnston; J R Hargrave, Anson; Jesse R Stubbs, Martin.

Literary Board.—His Excellency, Gov. Vance President *Ex Officio*, Rev William E Pell, Wake, and Professor Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr Wm Sloan, of Gaston; Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

BOARD INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.—His Excellency, Gov Vance, President, *Ex Officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr, of Warren, J H Flanner, of New Hanover, and Montford McGehee Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon N Edwards, Warren, and Hon David L Swain, Orange.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Willie J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf Dumb and the Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendent of the Insane Asylum.

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ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at Two Dollars per square of ten lines (or less) for each insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

JOB WORK of every description will be executed at this office with dispatch, and as neatly as can be done in the Southern Confederacy.

MILITARY DIRECTORY.

FIELD OFFICERS, BRIGADES, DIVISIONS AND CORPS OF NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENTS:

No.	Colonels.	Lieut. Colonels.	Majors.
1	Haln A Brown,	Jarratt N Harrell,	Lewis C Latham,
2	Wm R Cox,	Walter S Stallings,	Dan W Hartt,
3	Steph D Thruston,	Wm M Parsley,	Wm T Ennett,
4	Bryan Grimes,	Jas H Wood,	Edwin A Osborne,
5	Thos M Garrett,	John W Lea,	William J Hill,
6	Robt F Webb,	Sam McD Tate,	
7	Ed G Haywood,	Wm Lee Davidson,	J McLeod Turner,
8	Jas M Whitson,	Jno R Murchison,	Rufus A Barrier,
9	Wm H Cheek,	Rufus Barringer,	Wm H H Cowles,
10	Stephen D Pool,	Henry T Guion,	Thos Sparrow, James Reilly,
11	Wm J Martin,	Francis W Bird,	
12	H E Coleman,	Wm S Davis,	Robert W Alston,
13	Jos H Hyman,	Henry A Rogers,	S Benton Withers,
14	R Tyler Bennett,	Wm A Johnston,	Jos H Lambeth,
15	Wm MacRae,	W H Yarborough,	Gray W Hammond,
16	Wm A Stowe,	A S Cloud,	
17	Wm F Martin,	John G Lamb,	Thos R Sharpe,
18	John D Barry,	John W McGill,	Thos J Wooten,
19	C M Andrews,	Wm G Robinson,	Wm P Roberts,
20	Thos F Toon,		John S Brooks,
21		Wm G Rankin,	Wm J Pfohl,
22	Thos S Galloway,		
23			Chas C Blacknall,
24	Wm J Clarke,	John L Harris,	Thaddeus D Love,
25	H M Rutledge,	Sam C Bryson,	Wm S Grady,
26	John R Lane,	John T Jones,	Jas T Adams,
27	J A Gilmer, jr,	Geo F Whitfield,	Jos C Webb,
28	Sam D Lowe,	Wm H A Speer,	Sam N Stowe,
29	Wm R Creasman,	Zag J Frontis,	
30	Frank M Parker,		
31	John V Jordan,	Chas W Knight,	John A D McKay,
32	Ed C Brabble,	David G Cowan,	Henry G Lewis,
33	Clark M Avery,	Robt V Cowan,	Jos H Saunders,
34	W L J Lowrance,	Geo T Gordon,	Francis L Twitty,
35	John G Lowe,	Jas T Johnston,	Simon B Taylor,
36	William Lamb,	John D Taylor,	Jas M Stevenson,
37	Wm M Barbour,	Wm G Morris,	Jackson L Best,
38	Wm J Hoke,	John Ashford,	Geo W Flowers,
39	David Coleman,	F A Reynolds,	
40	John J Hedrick,	George Talt,	Wm A Holland,
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48	Sam H Walkup,	Albert A Hill,	Wm H Jones,
49	Lee M McAfee,	John A Fleming,	James T Davis,
50	Geo Wortham,	John C Vanhook,	
51	Hector McKethan,	Caleb B Hobson,	Jas R McDonald,
52		Marcus A Parks,	
53	Wm A Owens,	Jas T Morehead,	James J Iredell,
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56	Paul F Faison,	G Gratiott Luke,	John W Graham,
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58	John B Palmer,		Thomas J Duls,
59	Don D Berrchee,	Edward Cantwell,	James M Mayo,
60	Wash M Hardy,	James T Weaver,	James T Hull,
61	Jas D Radcliffe,	Wm S Devane,	Henry Harding,
62		Geo W Clayton,	
63		Stephen B Evans,	James H McNeill,
64	Lawrence M Allen,	Wm N Garrett,	Thos P Jones,
65	Ge N Folk,	Alfred H Baird,	John J Spann,
66	Alex D Moore,	J H Nethercutt,	Clem G Wright,
67	John N Whitford,	Rufus W Wharton,	Ed Whitford.
68	James W Hinton,	Ed C Yellowly,	

The First Battalion (Heavy Artillery) is commanded by Maj Alexander MacRae: The First Battalion Sharp Shooters by Capt R E Wilson; The Second Battalion (Infantry) by Major Jame. J Iredell, 53d Regiment; The Third Battalion (Light Artillery) by Maj John W Moore; The Tenth Battalion by Maj W L Young; The Twelfth Battalion by Capt J O Cherry; The Thirteenth Battalion (Light Artillery) by Lieut Col Joseph D Starr; The Fourteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Lieut Col J L Henry; The Fifteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Lieut Col J M Wynn; The Sixteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Maj James C McRae; Thomas' Legion consists of a Regiment and a Battalion and is commanded by Col Wm H Thomas.

The 1st and 3rd Regiments are in Stewart's Brigade, Johnson's Division, Ewell's Corps

The 2d, 4th, 14th and 30th are in Ramseur's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 5th, 12th, 20th and 23d are in Johnston's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewe l's Corps.

The 6th, 21st, 54th and 57th and 1st Battalion Sharp Shooters are in Hoke's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 43d Regiment is temporarily with this Brigade.

The 7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th are in Lane's Brigade, Wilcox's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 8th, 31st, 51st and 61st are in Clingman's Brigade, Pickett's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 9th, 19th, 59th and 63d are in Gordon's Brigade, Hampton's Division, Stewart's Corps.

The 11th, 26th, 44th, 47th and 52d are in Kirkland's Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 15th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th are in Scale's Brigade, Wilcox's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 15th, 37th, 46th and 48th are in Cooke's Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 17th, 42d, 50th and 66th are in Martin's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 24th, 25th, 34th, 49th and 56th are in Ransom's Brigade, Pickett's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 29th is in Ecton's Brigade, French's Division, Polk's Corps.

The 43d, 45th, 52d and 2d Battalion are in Daniel's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 32d and 40th are in Herbert's Brigade Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 29th is in McNair's Brigade, French's Division, Polk's Corps.

The 55th is in Davis' Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 58th and 60th are in Reynold's Brigade, Stevenson's Division.

The 10th, 41st, 62d, 64th, 65th, 67th and 68th are not brigaded.

1st Battalion Reserve Forces,	Maj.	C. W. Broadfoot.
2d	"	"	J. H. Anderson.
3d	"	"	— Hooks.
4th	"	"	J. M. Reece.
5th	"	"	W. F. Beasley.
6th	"	"	W. McK. Clark.

GOVERNMENT OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.

Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, President, salary $25,000.

Alexander H Stephens, of Georgia, Vice President, salary $8,000.

Aids to the President—Col Wm Brown, of Ga., Col James Chesnut, of S. C., Col Wm P Johnston, of Ky., Col Joseph C Ives, of Miss., Col G W C Lee, of Va., Col John T Wood.

Private Secretary to President—Barton N Harrison, of Miss.

Department of State—John P Benjamin, of La., Secretary of State. L Q Washington, Chief Clerk. The office of Assistant Secretary is vacant.

Department of Justice—Attorney General, Geo Davis of North Carolina. Wade Keyes, of Ala., Assistant Attorney General. Rufus H Rhodes, of Miss., Commissioner of Patents. G E W Nelson, of Ga., Superintendent of Public Printing. R M Smith, of Virginia Public Printer.

Treasury Department—C G Memminger, of S C., Secretary of the Treasury. Robert Tyler, Register. E Elmore, Treasurer. J M Strother, of Va., Chief Clerk, Lewis Cruger, of S. C., Comptroller. B Baker, of Florida, 1st Auditor, W H S Taylor, of La., 2d Auditor.

War Department—James A Seddon, of Va., Secretary of War. Judge John A Campbell, of Ala., Assistant Secretary of War. R G H Kean, Chief Bureau of War. Gen S Cooper, Adjutant and Inspector General. Lieut Col John Withers, Lieut Col H I Clay, Major Ed A Palfrey, Major S Melton, and Captain Reilly, Assistant Adjutants and Inspectors Generals. Brig Gen A R Lawton, of Ga., Quartermaster General. Col L B Northop, of S. C., Commissary General C H Smith, M D, Assistant Surgeon.

Navy Department—S R Mallory, of Florida, Secretary of the Navy. E M Timball, Chief Clerk. Com John M Brooke, Chief of Ordnance. Com A B Fairfax, Inspector of Ordnance. Com J K Mitchell, in charge of Orders and Detail. Surgeon W A W Spotswood, Chief of Medicine and Surgery. Paymaster J DeBrice, Chief of Clothing and Provisions.

Postoffice Department—John H Reagan, of Texas, Post master General. Hon George Olin of Va., Chief of Contract Bureau B N Clements, of Tenn., Chief of Appointment of Bureau. John L. Harrell, of Ala., Chief of Finance Bureau. B Fuller, of N. C., Clerk

CITY OF RALEIGH.

Mayor—Wm. H. Harrison.

COMMISSIONERS.

Western Ward—W. H. Tucker, Alex Creech and P. Overby.

Middle Ward—W. R. Richardson, Augustus L. Longee and S. W. Scott.

Eastern Ward.—Dr. W. H. McKee, J. J. Overby and N. S. Harp.

J. J. Christopher is Clerk to the Board and City Tax Collector.

W. R. Richardson is City Treasurer.

Town Constables—J. J. Betts, Chief—N. V. Denton, Assistant.

K. P. Battle, City Attorney.

J. L. Pennington, City Printer.

F. G. King, Weigh Master.

NIGHT WATCH.

Captain—C. H. Horton.

Watchmen—E. A. Johnson, Wm Beavers, Wm. C. Parker, M. C. Luter, C. A. Driver and Wm. Overby.

The last Wednesday night of each month is the time fixed for the regular meetings of the Board.