BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

STATE CONVENTION

INPORMAL MEET NO.

MONDAY, Oct 2d. 1865 members of the Conven-At an informal meeting of tion held at 10 o'clock. A. d. Hon. E. G. Reade was unanimously nominated to the Presidency.

ORGANIZATION The Convention was called to order by Hon Lewis Thomps in of Ber ie, Chairman pro tem M. B. F. Moore, of Wake, moved that a committee of three be a pointed to examine the credentials of members

elect and take their names Carried. Messrs Winston of Franklin, Caldwell, of Burke, and Cowper, of Hurtford, composed the committee. The roll of the counties was called, and the committe reported the following as present with proper creden-

Adams, Alexander. Allen. Banns, Baker, Barrow, Beam. Bell. Berry. Bingham. Boyden, G. W. B. adiey, Brickell, Brown, Brooks, Burgin, Buxton, Bynum, Caldwell of Burke, Caldwell of Guilford, Clark, Conigland, Cowper, Dockery, Donnell, Eaton, Ellis, Faircloth, Faison, Faulkner, Ferebee, Furches, Gahagan, Garland, Garrett, Gilliam, Godwin, Grisom, Harris of Guilford, Harris of Rutherford, Haynes, Henry, Hodge, Jackson, Johnston, Jones of Columbus, Jones of Davidson, Jones of Henderson, Jones of Rowan, Joyce, Joyner Kelly. King, Lash, Logan, Love of Chatham, Love of Jackson, Lyon, Manly, McCauley, McCleese, McCorkle, McCoy, McDonald of Mocre, McGehee, McIvor, McKay, NA Mc Lean, Nat. McLean McLaughli. McRae, Mebane, Meore of Chatham, Moore of Wake, Murphy, Nicholson, Norfleet, Odom, Perkins, Phillips, Polk, Pool, Reade, Rumley, Russell. Rush, Saunders, Settle, Simmons, Sloan, Smith of Anson, Smith of Johnston, Smith of Wilkes, Spencer of Hyde, Spencer of Montgomery, Starbuck, Stewart, Stubbs, Thompson, Warren, Wiley, Williams,

Wilson, Winburne, Winston and Wright.
On motion of Mr. Moore, of Wake, Jno. R. Harrison, of Wake, was requested to administer the oath to support the Constitution of the United States to the members

The roll being called, the members came forward and were duly sworn. Mr. Boyden nominated Hon. E. G. Reade for President

of the Convention. No other nomination being made, Judge Reads was unanimously elected and conducted to the Chair by

Mesers. Dockery and Boyden. The President then proceeded to address the Convention as follows:

Gentlemen of the Convention

As the representatives of the people of North Carolina, we are assembled at a time of great perplexity to reor-ganise the government which has been disturbed by a protracted and disastrous war. It is gratifying to know that a virtuous and intelligent

people have chosen a body ofmen distinguished for abilities of much experience and exalted patriotism, fully equal to the grave matters which are entrusted to them. As the interests of our constituents are the same, it is

to be hoped there will be little conflict of epinion among us, and that frank speech and courteous manners will distinguish our intercourse, so that he who has been called to preside over our deliberations will find but litle inconvenience from his lack of experience and will be enabled to use the position with which he has been bonored, as he earnetly desires to do, for its legitimate

Fellow Citizens: we are going home, let painful reflec-tions upon our late separation and pleasant memories of ur early Union quicken our footsteps towards the old fansion, that we may grasp hard again the hand of riendship which stands at the door; and sheltered by the ld homestead which was built upon a rock and has reathered the storm, enjoy together the long bright fu-are which awaits us. With the guidance of Infinite Wis om, and the care of merciful Providence which I earestly invoke for the Convention and for each individual ember, I invite you to the calm consideration and wise lution of the important questions which are to result in o peace, prosperity and nappiness of ourselves and of sterity, and in the strength and grandeur of our na-

Mr. Moore moved that the Convention go into the ection of Principal Clerk, and nominated for that posin James H Moore, Esq., of Malitax.

greed to, and Mr. Moore was unanimously elected. Mr. Caldwell, of Burke, nominated Mr. R C Badger Assistant Clerk, and there being no other nomination, was elected by acclamation. he Convention then proceeded to complete its organi-

on by the election of Doorkeepers. r. Grissom nominated Mr. P McGowan, of Wake, Mr. buck Mr. H B Kingsbury, of Tyrrell, and Mr. Moore,

ake, Mr. Mark Wiliams, of Wake. e Convention proceeded to vote, and Mr. Kingsbury lved 74 votes, Mr. McGowan 14, and Mr. Williams 13. r Assistant Doorkeeper, Mr. Moore, of Wake, nomd Mr. P P Williams, of Wake, Mr. McCleese Mr. H Hill, of Randolph. . Hill received 87 votes, and Mr. Williams 15. Mr.

r Enrolling Clerk, Mr. Moore, of Wake, mominated theodore H Hill, of Wake, Mr Caldwell, of Burke,

Bowman, of Yancey, and Mr. Wright, Thomas S an, of Duplin. Hill received 55, Mr. Keenan 21, and Mr. Bow-

Hill was declared duly elected. Moore nominated for the office of printer to the ntion, Messrs. Cannon & Holden of the Standard. motion of Mr. Settle. Messrs. Cangon & Holden lected by acclamation.

d to prepare rules of order for the Convention. Manly moved that the rules of the Convention be adopted for the present.

Mebane moved that a committee of seven be ap-

King of Lemon, moved to amend by inserting nate ad of 1861. Settle moved to amend by striking out both seuts.

ed to and Mr M bane's motion was ado sted. ta dwell of Burke, moved that a committee of e appointed to wait on reellency Gov Ho orm aim of the organia a of the Convention readiness to receive any communication he wish to make. ed o and Messrs. D. R. Caidwell, Jno Pool, and

at n Jr., were appointed. McGebee off red a resolution extending an invito the ciergy of the city to attend the sittings of avention and omciate in succession as chaplains.

chairman announce d as the committee on rules, Mebane, Thompson, Boyden, Phillips, Gilliam, on and Manly. motion of Mr Wilson, the Convention adjourned nesday 10 o'clock.

letter was recently addressed by some of the citi-Charlotteville, Va., to President Johnson, promptthe difficulties which surround them in relation to proaching Congressional election They appeal for counsel and advice as to their proper course of Being wholly uninformed as to whether the test rill probably be repealed or modified so as to admit ern members, they have thought it possible that he enlighten them on the subject. They say their purpose is to pursue that course which will be to sustain him and his policy in the adminisn of the government. The Attorney-General to the letter, was referred , replies that he was instructhe President to say he he has ne more means of ing what Congress may do in regard to the oath, which they inquire, than any other citizen; but it earnest wish that loyal and true men, to whom no Mr. Speed says, is not an official letter, but a simpression of individual opinion and wish. he Prince de Joinville, now in England, and an

enced sailor, has written a letter to a gentleman shington reviewing the present condition of the of the United States, England and France. He es that the United States navy now has the lead, at the Government has wisely anticipated the curfevents by adopting the "monitor" system of small ad vessels, mounting few guns, and by resorting screw sloops, not iron clad, for cruising purposis judgment condemns the unwieldly, broadside, lated monsters which England and France favor. nnery he directs attention to the want of a heavy gun capable of resisting a high charge of powder. oproach made towards satisfying this want by the stigun, and other inventions to the same end not dopted, sufficiently prove that this problem is not and the reach of attainment.

the Correspondent of Saunder's News Letter, writes since the termination of the American war every ship which arrives off Cerk harbor on her bomevoyage from New York and Boston, lands on these s large numbers of young men who had served in epublican army, all of whom carry on their perrevolvers, pistols, rifled guns, daggers and short as, which shey openly expose in their preambulathrough the city. These arrivals are ever ready to de their conversation on all whom they chance to boasting of the preparations making in America e Fenian Brotherhood for the invasion of Ireland. act is well known at Dublin Castle, and astonishis expressed that active measures are not adopted ock the spread of the evil.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

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NO. 274

FREEDMEN'S CONVENTION. The seesion of this b dy yesterday was in some

respects very interesting At 9 o'clock a. m., the President called the convention to order, a d after prayer by the chaplain, a motion was made for reading the rules.

The Secretary then read the minutes of Saturday's proceedings, which were adopted.

The remainder of the morning was consumed in considering and disposing of various propositions and addresses in behalf of the education of freedmen. among which was one defending negro suffrage and equal rights before the law; which was adopted and laid on the table.

Other important business was transacted, when the convention adjourned to 21 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the appointed hour, the Convention was called to order and opened with prayer by the chaplain.

Various addresses were then made by members from different counties of the State, when James H. Harris, of this city, on motion, presented the following address to the Constitutional Convention now in

To the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina and Legislature to assemble thereafter:

Assembled as delegates from different portions of the State of North Carolina and representing a large body of the colored population, therefore, we most respectfully and humbly beg leave to represent to you, and through you to the people of the State. something of our situation and our wants as a peo-

Earnestly disclaiming all wish to forestall your action or to dictate in the solemn and important duties which have been intrusted to you, at this most critical period, and confiding in your justice, wisdom and patriotism, to guard the interests of all classes, and more particularly of that class which, being more helpless will most need your just and kind consideration; they but exercise the right guaranteed to the humblest citizen in this. their petition.

It is with reverent and grateful acknowledgment of the Divine power and interposition, that we accept the precious boon of freedom, resulting as it has from a prolonged and sanguinary struggle between two great powers, and finally decreed by the national will, we looked forward with confidence to see the decree ratified by the whole people of the

Though it was impossible for us to remain indifferent spectators of such a struggle, you will do us the justice to admit that we have remained throughout obedient and passive, acting such part only as has been assigned us, and calmly awaiting upon Providence. Our brethren have fought on the side of the Union, while we have been obliged to serve in the camp, to build fortifications and raise subsistence for the confederate army. Do you blame us that we have, meantime, prayed for the freedom of our race?

Just emerging from bondage, under which our rare has groaned for two hundred and fifty years, and suffering from its consequent degredation, we are fully conscious that we possess no power to control legislation in our behalf, and "that we must depend wholly upon moral appeal to the hearts and consciences of the people of our State.

Born upon the same soil, and brought up in an intimacy of relationship unknown to any other state of society, we have formed attachments for the white race which must be as enduring as life, and we can conceive of no reason that our God-bestowed freedom should now sever the kindly ties which have so long

Filled with gratitude to God for His great blessing , we would bury in oblivion the wrongs of the past, and wish to become more united, as well as more useful and honorable in our sphere of life.

We are fully conscious that we cannot long expect the presence of government agents, or of the troops, to secur us against evil treatment from u reas in able prejudice, and ut just men, yet we have no desire to look abroad for pretection and sympathy .-We know we must find, both at home and among the people of our own State, and merit them by our is dustry, as briety and respectful demeaner, or suffer long and grievous evils. We acknowledge with gratitude that there are tubes among former slave masters who have promptly couce led our freedom, and have manifested a just and humane disposition towards their former slaves. We think no such persons, or very few at least, have lost their working hands by desertion. At the same time it must be known to you that many planters have either kept the freedman in doubt; have wholly denied his freedom, or have grudgingly conceded it, and while doing so have expelled as family from the plantations which they may have cleared and enriched by their toil through long and weary years. Some have withheld a just compensation, or have a warded such pay as would not support the laborer and his family. Others have driven their hands away without any pay at ail, or even a share of the crops they have raised. Women with families of children, whose husbands have been sold, have died, or have wrongfully deserted them, have in some cases been driven away from the homes where, under slavery they have spent a lifetime of hard service. Is it just or christian thus to thrust out upon the cold world helpless families to perish? These grosser forms of evil we believe will correct themselves under wise and humane legislation, but we do most respectfully urge that some suitable measures may be adopted to prevent unscrupulous and avaricious employers from the practice of these and other similar acts of injustice towards our people.

Our first and engrossing concern in our new relation is, how we may provide shelter and an honorable subsistence for ourselves and families. You will say work; but without your just and considerate aid, how shall we secure adequate compensation for our labor? If the friendly relations which we so much desire shall prevail, must there not be mutual co-operation? As our longer degradation cannot add to your comfort, make us more obedient as servants, or more useful as citizens, will you not aid us by wise and just legislation to elevate ourselves?

We desire education for our children, that they may be made useful in all the relations of life. We most earnestly desire to have the disabilities under which we formerly labored removed, and to have all the oppressive laws which make unjust discriminations on account of race or color wiped from the statutes of the State. We invoke your protection for the sanotity of our family relations. Is this asking too much? We most respectfully and earnestry pray that some provision may be made for the care of the great number of orphan children and the helpless and infirm, who, by the new order of affairs, will be thrown upon the world without protection. Also

that you will tavor, by some timely and wise measures, the re-union of families which have long been broken up by war or by the operations of slavery.

Though associated with many memories of suffering, as well as of onjoyment, we have always loved our homes, and dreaded, as the worst of evils, a forcible separation from them. Now that freedom and a new career are before us, we love this land and people more than ever before. Here we have toiled and suffered; our parents, wives and children are buried here; and in this land we will remain unless forcibly driven away.

Finally, praying for such encouragement to our industry as the proper regulation of the hours of labor and the providing of the means of protection against rapacious and cruel employers, and for the collection of just claims, we commit our cause into your hands, invoking he ven's choicest blessings upon your deliberations and upon the State.

J. H. HARRIS, Chairman. JOHN R. GOOD, GEO. A. RUE, ISHAM SWETT. J. RANDOLPH, JR., Committee.

After the reading, on motion it was received and afterwards adopted, with the understanding that it should also be referred to the first legislature of the

A committee of three was then appointed to present the address to the first body, consisting of Harris, Galloway and Good. A resolution to print 350 copies of the Address

was adopted, in conjunction with another to supply each delegate with two copies of the same. The next business considered was the 16th recommendation of the business committee, that colored teachers and preachers be employed where

they could be had of competent cultivation. This proposition elicited a long debate, in which ten or twelve members participated pre and con .-The discussion occupied the attention of the convention from 3 until 5 o'clock, when according to to rule an adjournment was had till Tnesday Morn-

THE LETTERS BETWEEN WIRZ AND WIFE .- It will be recollected that, in the issue of the Washington Chronicle of the 27th, the proceedings of the Wirz trial, Judge Advocate Colonel W. P. Chipman charged Mr. Schade, one of the counsel for the accused, with having passed letters between Wirz and Mrs. Wirz, and with having given money to the prisoner. Mr. Schade immediately acknowledged the charge, and stated that he did it with no evil purpose, but to relieve the wants of the accused. The Court deliberated on the matter, which resulted by the President of the Court informing Mr. Schade that the members of the Commission fully appreciated the action, but Gen. Wallace cautioned him against doing so again, as it might be detrimental to the

Yesterday morning, Mr. Schade received the following letter from Mrs. Wirz: WASHINGTON, D. C.,

September 28, 1865. Mr. Schade-Enclosed you will find ten dollars. in payment of the ten you so generously bestowed on my husband, Captain Wirz. Allow me to thank you, and may the God of mercy and justice reward you for your kindness. Very respectfully, yours. - E. WIRZ.

A ROBUST POET -M. D. Conway, writing from Loudon to the Round Table, says that Tennyson has the frame of a Coryphosus and the lungs of a Stentor, and bils fair to make a notable exception to the declaration of his predecessor to laureateship, that the good die first.

-A troublesome bear was shot at North Elsworth, Maine, the other day, with a gun that was surrendered by the French to the British at Louisburg, N. S., in 1755. It was used in the battles of Concord, L-xington and Bunker Hill; also at the slege of Cas ine, and in th war of 1812 with Great Britain. Its history is traced back for 110 years.

MONEY AND SIOCK MARKET.

CCRRECTED BY J HN G WILLIAMS, BE KER. Prices of North Carolina Bank Notes.

Bi k of North Caro in , 85; Bi k of Cape Fear, 35; B. kor Char ot 25; Back of L xington, 25; B R 1 R x per uga, 35. Buck of Wadesborough, 20 : Bank of Themasynde, 20; Bank of Wilmingtop, 20; Bank of Commerce, 20; Buck of Washing-10 , 15; Bak of Favert vil e. 15; Bak of Claren don, 15; Bank of Yancevville, 15; Miners' and Planters' Ba k. 80: Farmer's Bank, Greensb rough 30: Commercial B. k. Wilmington, 15: Merchan's Bank, Newbern, 30; Greensborough Mutual, 15 God, 140; Siv 185; Old Coupons, 374; Rai R ad C upons, 40

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN . MORGAN STALLION, & YEARS OLD, VERY handsome and a delightful saddle horse, will go in harness. Inquire of Baker, Cowper & Co., at Eastmind, Edwards & Co.'s Stables, or of Randall & Co., Oct 3-lw Exchange Hotel.

A BARGAIN. BARROOM AND FIXTURES FOR SALE, A A goed run of custom and every convenience for club rooms. Inquire at the Bewling Alley on Wilmington street.

WANTED,

BY A VIRGINIA LADY, A SITUATION AS IN-structress. Teaches all that is usually required.— References exchanged. Address RENA. Fredericksburg, Va.

RETURN IT. THE DRAWING OF A COTTAGE BUILDING, commenced by Capt. Sharpe, has been loaned to some one, the person not recellected, and as I now wish to use it, whoever has it in possession will cenfer a favor by leaving it at the Progress Office. J. L. PENNINGTON.

SOMETHING GOOD TO SMOKE AND DRINK.

1000 BOTTLES VERY BEST OLD BOURBON Whisky. 10,000 Prime Havana Segars, a genuine article. 1 Barrel Superior Apple Brandy, not hard to take. Received and for sale at B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. Oct 3-tf

TO SADDLERS AND HARNESS MAKERS. 50 SIDES GOOD HARNESS LEATHER,
Just received and for sale at
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

CHEAP AND NICE BOARDING T MRS. M. J. FENTRISS', NO. 15 FAYETTE-A ville street, for a few gentlemen. Apply soon.

THE CITY.

Something who IDLE HANDS TO Do -We are glad to observe that vagrancy and idleness are in no measure to be encouraged among the negroes by the Government. In this city, Capt. Purinton, the excellent Provost Marshal, is picking up all freedmen who have no visible means of support, and who are caught lounging about in idleness. All who are disposed to work can easily find employment, either in the city or on the farm; and those who fail frem indisposition to obtain labor, are made to work for a living. They are put upon the streets, and forced to labor until such time as they express a desire to go voluntarily to work The plan is an excellent one, and operates finely. Already this class of our population has been materially reduced, and some seventy or more negroes are under the weather.

It is gratifying to hear that the same policy will be pursued throughout this district. While Gen. Ruger and Col. Whittlesey will see that the freedmen have their rights, they are resolved they shall perform all the duties which attach to liberty. We regard it as most fortunate for society and the future interests of colored men that wagrancy, which is the forerunner of every grade of crime, is not to be tolerated. Even these who are disposed to commit it will ultimately thank their stars that the ruinous habits of idleness and dependence will not be permitted to grow on them until referm was next to

CHILDREN'S DRESSES .- Dame Fashion has given more than her usual attention to the clothing of children this season. The prettiest dresses we have yet seen for little girls are gored, cut square in the neck, and worn with a chemisette, very like their mammas. A very popular style, however, consists of a skirt attached to a low bod or pointed belt, and worn with a little loose, round jacke . Another style, the latest, is called the "Sheperdess" costume, and is very original. It consists of a petticoat and high Garibaldi body of red mer'no or lama wool, trimmed with rows of narrow black velvet; over this is worn a skirt and pointed bodice of silk or poplin, in gray or dark blue, the skirt looped up at the sides with black per dant buttons or rosettes, so as to fully disclose the merino underdress. A small round cloak, with a hood, is worn with this costume. Knickerbocker suits are still the favorite style for little boys until they arrive at the dignity of jackets, which are now cut as large and loose as a short sack. Sack overcoats, with capes, are the proper winter over garments. Neat fitting boots, cut htgh, are indispensable for boys and girls, but persons of taste will ignore the popular red tassels. If tassels are used as a finish at all, they should be very small and black.

A NEW PAPER. - The first number of the Journal of Freedom has been laid on our table. It is published weekly in this city by Messrs. Brooks & Crane, and devoted to the interests of the Freedmen. We are opposed to the principles it is designed to premulgate, but Mr. Brooks, the editor, writes with ability and a good degree of moderation, while Mr. Crane is a first-rate printer and business manager. The Journal contains twenty-four columns of reading matter, and doubtless will be hand somely sustained by the people whose interests it advocates. Subscription \$4 per ammum; advertising terms

IMPORTANT TO MINISTERS .- Ministers of the gospel are required by law to affix a five cent revenue stamn to each certificate of marriage they may return to the clerk s flice. This is necessary before it can be admitted to record. We would also state in this connection, that a failure to affix the proper stamps, to any instrument of writing requiring the same, subjects the party executing such i strument to a penalty of \$200. We would suggest, as far as the stamp on the marriage certificate is concerned, that the party to be married should invariably furnish it- He does not deserve a wife, unless he gives the stamp.

HORACE NOT IN TOWN .- A report was very generally circulated on the streets, late yeste day evening, that the "white hat" philosopher of the New York Tribune, had arrived in the city by the G ston train. There was a running to and fro of white and black at the different hotels, but no one found him. For their relief, we may say that Mr. G. is not and will not be in the city.

ADDRESS TO THE FREEDMAN .- We understand that Col. Whittlesey, Chief of the Freedmen's Bureau, in this city, made an address to the delegates to the convention ast evening. A gentlemen who heard the Colonel says that the counsel given the freedmen was of a character entirely conservative. He did not disguise their difficulties nor conceal their dangers, but as a true friend explained their duties and their rights. The address was throughout such an one as might have been expected from the antecedents of the speaker.

The truth is, the address of the committee which we publish this morning embodies the general spirit of the speech. We are pleased to see the respectful tone with which they approach the State Convention and kindly wishes expressed for their former masters. They can do more by such intelligent action than in any other

THANKS -The Southern Express Company have our thanks for late papers. They always beat the mails and Postmaster General Dennison must look to his honors.

THE YARBOROUGH SALOON-the engineer of which estab lishment is "EOPLE's, of high repute as a mixer of steeple sherry cobblers and other royal drinks-has our thanks for the attention of yesterday. The wine was of superior age and flavor, and the conventioners will, doubtless, endorse this opinion before their labors are ended.

BOUGHT IT .- Jno. G. Williams & Co., bankers of this city, have purchased the fine building, on the corner of Fayetteville and Hargett streets, formerly the property of the State Bank of North Carelina. It will be occupied by the purchasers for their financial business.

QUEER CLAIM .- We saw a person in the city, yesterday, from Charlette, addressing a crowd upon one of the street corners and insisting that he was a delegate from Mecklenburg upon the basis of two barrels of apples, which he claimed was the preperty qualification.

WHAT NEXT .- A drink called the Pul-la-ga-roo has been started in this city. The inventor is a Russian, who as a connoissieur in beverages, has a repute equal to that of Soyer in the mat'er of estables.

Hoon's matchless "Song of the Shirt" made him famous, but Kinsey is making an equal reputation by the sale of that article, linen and woolen, which fit to a t.

New Adventisements .- We have only time to invite attention generally to our new advertisements. They show the very age and body of the times throughout the

Kinsey's Column! MONEY SAVED

COMING EARLY.

COMING LATE,

AND

COMING ALLTHE TIME. TO BUY

KINSEY'S G 0 0 D S

OF THE

Latest Styles.

I have just returned from New York with a large and well selected stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Groceries and Crockery, which I offer for sale at the lewest prices. Call and examine the following

Beautiful Goods:

MERRIMACK PRINTS. WAUHEGAN PRINTS, RICHMOND PRINTS. SPRAGUE PRINTS. GLEN COVE PRINTS FREEMAN PRINTS. CONCORD PRINTS. LONDON PRINTS ALBION PRINTS, MOURNING PRINTS.

A Great Variety of

Zephyr Knit Hoods Zephyr Knit Muffs and Tippits. Breakfas. Shawls. Sontags, Twilights. Ladies' Leghorn Hats, Pearl Braid Feather Hats.

Black Pedal Victoria Hats Ladies' Trimmed Jockeys. Children's Velvet Glengarry Hats,

Ladies' Dress Woolen Goods:

WOOL DELAINES. MIX DELAINES. PLAID POPLINS. STRIPED POPLINS. SAXONY PLAIDS. SWISS GINGHAMS, LADIES' MERINO DRAWERS. BALMORAL SKIRTS; HOOP SKIRTS,

LADIES' EXTRA FASH'D MERINO VESTS. Nainsook, Jackonet, Brilliantes, Irish Linen / Handkerchiefs, Ladies' and Misses' Hose, Children's Balmoral Hose, Linen Cuffs and Collars, Ribbons of

every description, Ladles' Colored Berlinlisle Thread Gloves, silk tops; Corsetts, Men's Gloves, Combs, Buttons, Hair Oil, Extracts and Pomade.

Mens' Ready Made Clothing, Boots Shoes, Hats and Caps.

HARDWARE.

Padlocks, Rim Locks, Chest Locks, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Shoe Knives, Cotton and Wool Cards, Carriage Trimmings, &c.,

GROCERIES,

BEST JAVA COFFEE, RIO COFFEE, BEST GREEN TEA. CRUSHED SUGAR. BROWN SUGAR. BEST NEW ORLEANS SYRUP. SPICE, CLOVES, NUTMEGR, RAISINS, COPPF

COPPERAS, PICKLES. BLACK PEPPER, LORRILLARD SYFFF. MUSTARI), RACE GINGER,

LONDON SAUCE, BUTTER, CHEESE AND CRACKERS

Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine my assortment of goods in store. I have in terested in my business an agent in New York, who will purchase at all times, additional goods required, at the lowest wholesale prices. Therefore, I can make it has your interest to buy of me any small amount of goods

RALEIGH, N. C., Favetteville st., corner of Marke

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION. WE HAVE FITTED UP OVER OUR STORE, large Auction Rooms, where we will receive Goods and have weekly auctions Merchants and others having remnants and packages of goods that they wish to real ze on ar owes, would do well to put them in our B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO, hands. Com. V .rchants & Auctioneers.

sept27-ti TO PRINTERS. FIRST-RATE NO. 3 WASHINGTON HAND A Press for sale, nearly as good as new. Price \$100
The price for a new one is \$300. Will be sold as above if applied for immediately. Apply to J. L. PENNINGTON, Progress Office.

Sept. 2.tf.