BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

STATE CONVENTION.

TUESDAY, October 10, 1865. The Convention met at 10 o'clock, a. m., and was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Craven, of the Methodist church.

The journal was read. Mr. McIvor, from the committee on magistrates, reported an ordinance limiting the number of Justices in each county. '[Allows two in each captain's district, and five for the district in which the court house is located. 7

Mr. Garland, from the same committee, presented as a minority report, an ordinance providing for the election of justices by ballot; that they hold office four years, and that each county shall elect one magistrate for every eighty voters.

Mr. Winston, from the committee on the debts of the State, reported that there was no difference of opinion in regard to the debt of the State contracted before the war. All concurred in the opinion that it should be paid, but there was much diversity as to the new or war debt. The committee recommended that no action be taken on either of these subjects at present, but that the matter lie over to an adjourned session, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Settle moved that the rules be suspended so

that the report might be now considered.

Mr. Settle said he proposed to discuss this subject at once, and made the motion in order to bring up a debate which would be, no doubtt, a protracted one, at early hour. The question must be considered, and could not be stifled. The States of Alabama, South Carolina and North Carolina had passed stay laws, and he was not prepared to advance his own private opinion against the judgments of these States as to its constitutionality. The just debt of the State, incurred in the discharge of its legitimate duties as a State, was one which should be paid with interest. He was no repudiator, but he believed with the distinguished delegate from Wake, Mr. Moore, that on the subject of the war debt, the question was one of assumption and non-assumption, and not repudiation. This war debt was an illegal one, and the credit of North Carolina would be greatly enhanced by a formal declaration by this Convention that the old State intended to pay her honest debts unencumbered by one contracted in aiding in an attack upon the life of the nation. The debt was unjust, because contracted while North Ca.olina was outside the pale of her legal obligations, and contracted also when she had no right so to do. Mr. Settle repeatedly and earnestly denied being a repudiationist, but claimed to be merely a non-assumptionist. -

Mr. Caldwell opposed the suspension. He said that information could be given the convention that would show the course proposed by the delegate from Rockingham to be repudiation of the worst type.

Mr. Settle withdrew his motion to suspend the rules at the suggestion of Mr. Thompson, who moved that the report be made the special order for to-morrow at 11 o'clock. Ruled out of order by the chair.

Mr. Settle renewed his motion. Mr. Boyden opposed the suspension, as matters of nore importance should be attended to at once; this eport would come up in regular course to-morrow. The fact that it was a mere matter of assumption ras the very reason why the matter should not be ken up. The war debt being illegal, it had no bindg force on anybody, and it was useless to touch the bject unless some one proposed to assume it.

Mr. Settle said that to leave this subject as it lood, was to put it in the power of coming legtures to assume the debt. Mr. Boyden said that he desired that the busi-

ess relating to the reorganization of the State ould be first attended to, and after that he was rfectly willing that other measures should be arned and acted on. He had not intimated what his course would be

this question, and had no desire or intention to He debate or retard action, but he desired that oper order should be observed. Mr. Settle pressed his motion.

r. Caldwell, of Guilford, said he was opposed such hasty action on such an important meas-

The integrity of the good old State was at stake, delegates should be careful how they placed stain of repudiation on her fair escutcheon. Ir. Winston said that the committee was influed in their action by the opinion that the legi-

ate objects of the Convention, viz: the restoraof the State to the Union should not be subnated to this explosive subject which, from ent indications, would lead to an almost interble debate. r. Conigland said that he considered it out of

r, to debate the question at this juncture. The egate from Rockingham had taken the non-asaption of this debt under his especial guardian-When debate was in order, there were men in the floor who would not shrink from the reinsicility of declaring and supporting their

he vote being taken, the rules were not susided, yeas 47, nays 70.

r. Brown rose to make a personal explanation. silence when the motion was made to lay on ble the resolutions introduced by himself, ing that although diversity of opinion on the of S'ecession had existed in the United States, his State accepts as the result of the war the decision that a state has no such right, might nstrued into an intention not to support them. motion to lay on the table had precluded that port. It was eminently proper that such an oritative declaration should be made by the

r. Wilson, an ordinance to provide for the supof colored paupers. [Levies a tax per capita on colored population for that purpose.

Ir. Lyon, an ordinance for the relief of the peo-Postpones the collection of private debts concted during the war until 1871 and provides that interest be computed thereon.] Ir. Starbuck, a resolution of enquiry of a commit-

on the subject of public debts.

Mr. Caldwell, resolutions enquiring what part of State debt consists of that contracted for the supt of widows and orphans of deceased or indigent

r. Logan, a resolution that this convention will ider no amendment to the constitution of the except those necessary to a restoration to the

Rumley, a resolution fixing Monday, the 16th as the day of adjournment. Ir. Kennedy, a resolution in regard to the relief ufferers by the war.

Ir. McRea, a resolution to appoint a committee of to arrange the per diem and mileage of the deles to this convention.

Mr. McDonald, of Moore, an ordinance to provide the election of two Commoners from the county Moore.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS. r. Barrow moved to take up for consideration

ordinance declaring what laws are in force. Not r. Love moved to take up the ordinance to re-

ict the State for consideration. . Phillips said that a great deal had been said t facilitating business, but the whole morning been cousumed in doing nothing. He submitted the proper plan would be to let the business take egular course.

e motion was withdrawn.

DAILY PROGRESS

VOL. VI. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11, 1865.

NO. 281.

The ordinance to provide for the election of justices of the peace, together with substitutes and amendments, was read, and on motion of Mr. Settle, referred to the committee on the revision of the constitu-

The ordinance declaring what laws and ordinances are in force, was read, with amendments proposed by the committee.

Mr. Settle moved to make it the special order for Wednesday. Not agreed to. The ordinance was then considered, but after a

protracted debate on the different sections, with the amendments thereto, the Convention adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow without coming to a vote. THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY—WHAT HE SAID TO HER-

SCHEL V. JOHNSON.—The Augusta Chronicle says: We have had the pleasure of a long interview with the Hon. H. V. Johnson, who has just returned from Washington. He appears to be much pleased with his visit to that city. The President, he says, seems to be willing to do all he can for the South, and believes in kind and conciliatory measures. Of course, his pelicy is bitterly denounced by the radicals, and will be opposed by them when Congress assembles. Mr. J. thinks it the plain duty of the South to give all questions which will cause debate and excitement, the go-by; simply do that which it is necessary to do in order to be admitted to Congress if possible. and unite in support of the President. He also thinks that it is the duty of every Southern State to elect men as members of Congress whose antecedents can furnish the radicals with no pretext to oppose them taking their seats. He is of the opinion that the coming session of the National Legislature will be a turbulent one, and that a great deal will depend upon its action. He also thinks if the Southern States do that which is right, avoid all disturbance within their borders, and elect the right kind of men as their delegates to Congress, that the conservative men of the North will force the radicals to give way and finally

admit them, if they strive to keep them out at first. Mr. J. says it is the opinion in Washington, that there must soon be a change in the Cabinet. During his tour through the North, he found there a great conservative element which was in favor of treating the South kindly, and of having the most lenient measures adopted. He is of the opinion that this party was already in the ascendency, as far as numbers were concerned, and would make their strength felt at the coming elections. "But a great deal," remarked Mr. J., "a very great deal, in fact, all I might say, depends upon the course pursued by our State Conventions, and by our own people."

A FIRST RATE NOTICE.—The Boston Post gives

Charles Sumner the following first-rate notice. Mr. Sumner's pompous assumption of the office of dictator to the American government and people cannot fail to create derision and disgust among sensible forks. His inflated style and elaborate pronunciamentoes shame Santa Anna's proclamations to the Mexicans, while his swell and strut are as absurd as the attempt of the monte black leg to rule a nation by fulminations from his West India Island. Sumner has abundance of gas at his command, but not the kind to raise him to the attitude of common sense or political truth. He was spoiled in the shell, and all his statesmanship is addled. He manifests no conception of the true greatness of a country-of the importance of its vast products, its mechanical ingenuity and enterprise. Instead of regarding the Erie canal as an artery of the nation's life, he would have it filled up if told that negro children were liable to be drowned in its waters; instead of contemplating the great power of transportation afforded by our gigantic railroads and their influence in binding the country together, he would endeavor to provide seats for negroes in the cars, or in looking after the dikes, storks and vermin of Holland, or sparing toward those regions of his fancy, rise far above this bread and butter world into the realms of beautified spirits where John Brown is marching on.

A Boston dispatch says that the Republicans of Lawrence have elected delegates to the Sixth Congressional District Convention who are favorable to the choice of Gen. BANKS in that district for

GEN. Couch has accepted the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massichuse tts.

> MARKET REPORT CORRECTED DAILY BY A. WHITAKER. Grocer and Dealerin Provisions.

Green, \$3 00 perbushel, Bacon-Firm, sales at 25@26c perlb. Beef-10c per lb. Butter-50c perlb. Cheese-30c per lb, Chickens-30 a 35ca piece. Coffee-50c per lb. Corn-\$1 00 per bushel. Eggs-20 a 25c per dozen. Flour-Superfine \$12 per bbl.; Family \$13. Hides-Green 10c. Dry 15c.

Apples-Dried, \$125 per bushel,

Honey-incomb, 25 to 30c per lb. Lamb-10@12c perib. Lard-25c per lb. Meal-\$1 per bushel. Mullets-\$12 50 Mackerel-\$20 per bbl. Onions-\$2 00 perbushel. Peaches-dried 10c per lb. Peas-White\$100; Stock90 to \$1; Garden 40c erp

Potatoes—Irish \$1 00 per bush.

Sweet, new, 75c. per bushel. Sugar-Crushed 35c perlb; Brown 25c Syrup-40c@50 pergallon.
Soda-Cooking, 20c per pound.
Salt-\$200 per bushel. Tallow-10c@121/2 per lb. Herrings-\$14 per bbl. Rice-15c per lb. Candles -Adamantine, 40c lb per box. Soap-Turpentine, 20c per lb.

Bluestone-40c per lb.

MONEY AND STOCK MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN 6. WILLIAMS, BROKER. Prices of North Carolina Bank Notes.

Bank of North Carolina, 85; Bank of Cape Fear 85: Bank of Charlotte, 25; Bank of Lexington, 25 Bank of Roxborough, 35; Bank of Wadesborough, 20; Bank of Thomasville, 20; Bank of Wilmington, 20; Bank of Commerce, 20; Bank of Washington, 15; Bank of Fayetteville, 15; Bank of Clarendon, 15; Bank of Yanceyville, 15; Miners' and Planters' Bank, \$0; Farmer's Bank, Greensborough, 80; Commercial Bank, Wilmington, 15; Merchants, Bank, Newbern, 80; Greensborough Mutual, 15; Gold, 140; Silver 185; Old Coupons, 87; Rail Road Coupons, 40

THE CITY.

BUTCHIRED .- A fine helfer of the Durham breed and the property of Mr. P. F. Pescud, was slaughtered night before last by some parties unliceused and up to this moment unknown. The only traces of generosity left behind by the midnight butchers were the horse and hide-another proof that there is an increasing demand for meats and a wide-spread disposition to enjoy them at the expense of others. If the people of the city would protect themselves from such raids, they must provide adequate police force or else lock within stone valls possessions of a port-

We are not altogether familiar with the police system of Raleigh; but we do know that numerically it is insufficient for the new order, of things by which we are surrounded. The present officers of this municipality were numerous enough previous to 1861 to answer every requirement of good order; but times are changed-the character no less than the figures of our population has altered-and we must prepare for the emergency by organizing a night and a day police. We mean two separate and distinct bodies, for it will be physically impossible for twelve men to perform duty without relief. Rogues and we had almost written criminals of every shade, are or will be upon us; we must meet them with agents of law at every corner; or else pay a higher penalty than is involved in a few sents of increased taxation. Person and property are now very insecure-without the remedy we propose this unsafety must be aggravated as the season of winter advances.

We hope the commissioners of the city may decide to enlarge the police force here. It is very certain, we incline to think, that the taxes to be paid into the corporation treasury by our new population, will more than counterbalance the extra expenditures. In any contingency, inquiry into the matter can do no possible harm and may convince them of the necessity of some such course as is here intimated.

THE CITY POOR .- A lady whose heart is ever active in good works, advises us that there is more distress and actual want among the poor in this city than the most sensitive minds begin to suppose.

If true christianity or humanity has any existence in the community, the bare mention of 'the deplorable straits of the very poer, widows and orphans in particular, will elicit practical sympathy. But the allusion we thus make justifies the suggestion that Gov. Holden would perform a great work in behalf of humanity if he should adopt some plan for ascertaining the number of indigent people in the various counties, and also whether the same counties will be able to provide for such population during the coming winter. Such prudent foresight would enable him to show such facts to the people abroad as might secure many unfortunate but deserving people from positive starvation.

PASSING THROUGH .- In accordance with the previously aunounced policy of the government, colored troops are constantly being sent from North Carolina. The 7th regiment passed through the city on Monday evening, remained at the Gaston depot all night and left yesterday morning for home via Pe-

Last evening the 4th regiment, Gen. Duncan's old command, reached here and left this morning by the same improvement for a like destination. In a few weeks we shall not have, it is probable, a dozen colored soldiers in our State. In a short time, indeed, military rule be altogether superseded by the civil authority-that is, if the convention is only true to its trust and the people ratify the labors of that body. We hope that nothing will transpire to mar the fair prospect before us.

THE WHY?-Rev. Crammond Kennedy, as we intimated yesterday, did not lecture the preceding evening at the Baptist church. The disappointment to the public was brought about by the fact that that church cannot be opened for any other purpose than worship. It appears that the church passed a resolution to that effect some time ago.

The occurrence is another illustration of the good policy of building a public hall in our midst, adapted not only for the use of lecturers, but concerts and the like. Put it up.

WHITAKER-(E. A.)-at the big sign on Hargett street, between Fayetteville and Wilmington, is a trump in his line. See his advertisements which are to appear in the Progress in a day or two. Fer provisions, groceries, liquors, &c., you cannot do better than go to Whitaker's.

IN TIME.—Our friend, W. H. Finch, sent us yesterday, in the nick of time for breakfast, a bunch of delicious fresh fish. They reminded us much of our seaboard life and may be had of Bill High at market house every evening after arrival of Goldsboro train.

COTTON BUENT .- About a mile beyond Moseley Hall, yesterday, a small quantity of cotton was destroyed by accidental ignition from sparks from the engine of the down freight train. The amount thus lost is stated to be eight bales, when the progress of the fire was arrested.

OFF THE TBACK .- The afternoon train from Goldsboro, yesterday, ran off the track when near the depot-at least, one of the cars did, without damage to material or person, but created considerable excitement in the crowd.

OYSTERS-we believe the first of the season-appeared in this market Monday night. Although a little sour, they were gobbled up greedily by the epicures about the city.

How IT Gozs.-It was reported on the street last night that the Ohioans here, as soldiers or otherwise in the employ of government, had generally voted for Gen. Cox for Governor, at the poll opened in their

camp yesterday, near Raleigh.

COTTON .- The news by the steamer China, published yesterday morning and indicating an advance in the price of cotton, in one week, equal to ten cts., was furnished to the holders of that staple here as early as the merchants of New York. This shows that our paper is truly up with the spirit of this age and looking to the interests of the people.

THANKS-To the Southern Express Company foo late papers in advance of mail.

READ the new advertisements in this issue and be guided by them.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. W. W WOODEL are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their youngest daughter, from their residence, this afternoon, at half past three o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY AND FINANCIAL AGENT.

AUTHORISED SEPTEMBER 12TH, 1865. GEO. W. SWEPSON. President. C. P. MENDENHALL.

Jos. S. Cannon, Vice President, J. W. Holden, W. B. Gulior, Cashier. THE BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANS-

action of Banking Business, Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and Local Securities bought and sold. Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposits received and eareful attention paid to the Accounts of Business Men and Firms. Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina.

RECEIVED, OCTOBER 10TH, 100,000 PRINTERS' CARDS, Webster's Spellers, Rubber Headed Pencils, Arnold's Pints,

Mackey's Masonic Jurisprudence, Fine Inks, assorted, at the FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE, ect12tf 58 Fayetteville street.

A SMART BOY WANTED. WE WANT A FREEDMAN, QUICK, INTELLI-gent, and acquainted in the city, as Porter. Apply at FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE, 58 Fayetteville street.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

LOUGEE & BRO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT OF Cooking and Office Stoves at their old stand, on Fayetteville Street. PLANISHED WARE! A Fine Assortment of French Coffee and Tea Pots.

JAPAN WARE! Trunks, Cake and Sugar Boxes, Tea and Coffee Canisters, Dust Pans. Spittoons, Pepper Boxes and Fancy Tin Cups, Hardware and House Furnishing Goods,

Waffle irons, Frying Pans, Sauce Pans, Tinned Iron Pots, Coffee Mills, Snuffers, &c., &c. TIN WARE! A Complete Assortment of Home-made.

Jobbing, Repairing, House Roofing, &c., executed at the shortest notice. We are prepared to make and repair Stove Pipe, put

Persons desiring anything in our line would do well

BURNING OF THE MUSEUM! LETTER FROM MR. P. T. BARNUM! NEW YORK, July 14, 1865.

Mesers. Herring & Co .: GENTLEMEN-Though the destruction of the American Museum has proved a serious loss to myself and the public, I am happy to verify the old adage that "It's an ill wind that blows nobody good," and, consequently, congratulate you that your well-known safes have again demonstrated their superior fire-proof cualities in an ordeal of unusual severity.

The safe you made for me some time ago was in the

office of the Museum, on the second floor, back part of the building, and in the hottest of the fire. After twenty-four hours of trial it was found among the debris, and on opening it this day has yielded up its contents in very good order-books, papers, policies of insurance, bank bills, all in condition for immediate use, and a noble commentary on the trustworthiness of Herring's Fire-Proof Safes.

Truly yours, P. T. BARNUM,

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES. The most reliable protection from fire now known. HERBING & Co's PATENT BANKER'S SAFRS, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron, the best security against a burglar's drill ever manufactured.
HERRING & CO.,

No- 251, Broadway, cor. Murray St., New York. FARREL, HERRING & CO, Philadelphia. HERRING & CO., Chicago. oct11-3m

TN PRESS:

oct10-tf

BY MESSRS. WM. B. SMITH & CO., Field & Fireside Publishing House, 58 FAYETTEVILER ST., RALEIGH N. C. MOSSES FROM A ROLLING STONE:

BY "TENELLA"-MARY BAYARD CLARKE, Author of "Reminiscenses of Cuba," "Wood Notes," Translations of "Marguerite," "Lady Tartuffe," &c. One volume, 16 mo. cloth : Price \$1.25.

Contains complete Poetical writings of the popular author, and is a beautiful setting of ell the sparkling diamonds that have been found clinging to the "rolling stone" of a great life as it washed with the ebb and flow of the seething tide of Thought and Imagination. Liberal deductions to the Trade.

* * Editors inserting this, with this note, will receive a ecpy of the book.

WANTED. GOOD, SMART COLORED WOMAN THAT UN-A derstands Cooking and Washing, will find a good situation by applying immediately at McKIMMON'S STORE, Fayetteville Street.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK AT THE FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE, 58 Fayetteville street.

TBRMS. RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION. Daily, 1 Year.......\$10 00 | Daily, 1 Month......\$1 00 | Weekly, 1 Year...... \$ 00 | Weekly, 1 Year...... \$ 00 | 6 Months..... 1 50 Must be paid in advance in all cases or the paper will not be sent; and the paper will be stopped when the time paid for expires, unless renewed.

NEWSBOYS AND NEWS DEALERS Will be furnished at the rate of \$5 per hundred copies.
All orders must be accompanied by the money.

AD VERTISING RATES. Ordinary advertisements, occupying not more than ten lines solid minion, or one inch space 1 insertion...... \$1 00 | 2 Weeks..... \$6 00 2 50 3 4 20 00 20 Larger advertisements, where no contract is made, will be charged in exact proportion.

YEARLY CONTRACTS . Will be made in accordance with the following schedule 1-4 column, 1 Month. \$30 00 | 1-4 col. 6 Months... \$100 00 column, 1 Month. \$30 00 | 1-4 col. 6 Months... \$100 00 | 1-2 " 6 " 140 00 | 1 " 6 " 150 00 | 1 " 6 " 150 00 | 1 " 3 " 75 00 | 1-4 " 1 Year 175 00 | 1-2 " 1 " 200 00 | 1 " 1 " 300 00

Only those who contract for one-fourth, one-half, or a column, for one, three, six, or twelve months, will receive the benefit of these terms. Contract advertisers must pay by the month, and all

others in advance. All advertisements must be marked a specified time, and no advertisement will be inserted "till forbid." Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged One Dollar a square for every in-

OUR CIRCULATION Is larger in the city and throughout the State than any other paper in North Carolina. The Progress is read in the camp and among the people by a much larger number of persons than any other paper, and hence it

importance as an advertising medium should not be over looked by business men.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Special Notices will be set in minion, leaded, and inrted under the Special Notice head, and One Doilar Square charged for every insertion.

LOCAL COLUMN. Only short notices will be admitted to the Local Citumn, at the following rates: One Line, One Day \$1 00 | Three Lines, One Day \$2 00 wo Lines, " 150 | Five Lines, " 250 Ten Lines, or more, at the rate of Twenty-five Cents a Two Lines, "

Line for each insertion. FUNERAL NOTICES, MARKIAGES, &c. Will be charged same as Advertisements, and must be paid for when handed in, or they will not appear. The above Rates will be adhered to in all cases, and as we have to pay cash for everything in our business, we must demand cash.

June, 26, 1865. J. L. PENNINGTON & CO. TO SUBSCRIBERS AND ADVERTISERS. We have to pay cash for paper, ink and labor, and we must have more cash from those for whom we work or we cannot pay our current expenses. We know there is but little money in circulation, but there are but few persons who want a newspaper that cannot spare the money to pay for it. Personsseeing their paper markedmust remit the money or it will be stopped. Advertisers must pay in advance for all transient matter, and business men who advertise regularly will be

expected to pay their bills monthly. Job Printing mustbe paidfor when delivered.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. OFFICE, DEPOT COMMISSARY OF

SUBSISTENCE. WASHINGTON, D C., October 6, 1866.

SALE OF HARD BREAD! SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, WILL BE received at this Office, until 12 M., on Thursday, the 26th inst., for the surplus

HARD BREAD. at this and the Alexandria Depots. The Bread is packed in boxes of fifty (50) pounds each, and can be examined at Sixth Street Wharf, in this city, or at the Subsistence Store House, in Alexandria, Va. No bids will be received for less than twenty (20) boxes-one thousand (1000) pounds. The price per pound and quantity desired, will be stated in each proposal. It will be placed on transports at Alexandria, Va , or at Sixth Street Wharf, free of expense to the purchaser. I wenty thousand boxes

(50 pounds each,) more or less, can be purchased.

The attention of Shippers, and others using Pilot Bread, is called to the advantages now offered for obtaining their supplies of this article. The Government reserves the right to reject bids. Bidders not present will be notified by letter of the result of their proposals. All purchases will be removed

within twenty days from the date of acceptance. Blank Proposals, if desired, can be obtained from the Terms-Cash, in Government funds, before the delivery commences

G. BELL, MAJ. & C. S., U. S. A

WOOD FOR SALE! WILL SELL TO PERSONS WISHING IT ON THE ground, by the cord, any quantity of wood, within half a mile of the Capitol, or will deliver any quantity

H. MORDECAL.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST! TEBSTER'S SPELLERS. PRICE 25 CENTS At the FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE. (next to the old city Post Office,)

of wood in the city, by the cord.

DY ALL THE POPULAR AUTHORS, BOUND AND unbound editions, at the FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE, 58 Fayettevi le street .

WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CENTS! WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CENTS!!
WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CE WEBSTER'S SPELLERS AT 25 CENTS!!! At the FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKSTORE, 58 Fayetteville street.

SCHOOL BOOKS OF ALL GRADES AND KINDS AT THE oct 11-tf FIELD & FIRESIDE BOOKS FORE.

HAMS, SIDES, SHOULDERS AND LARD. 5 TIERCES-1,600 LBS. CHOICE SUGAR-CURED

10 Cases-5,000 lbs. Prime Shoulders, 4 Cases-1,500 lbs. very nice Bacon Sides, recommended. 3 Cases-36 Pails, Fresh and Sweet White Lard.

25 Kegs-Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. octl1-tf

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE! THE FOLLOWING MENTIONED PROPERTY IS offet ed for sale, low for Cash, or its equivalent : A Sixteen Horse Power Engine (flue boiler:) Two

good Circular Saws, also Wood and Lathe Saws. Two Lumber Cars, forty feet of carriage; a Log Cart, and a number one Yoke of Oxen. All in good running order, and requires but four hands to run it. It is convenient to a large quantity of timber near the R & G. R. R., and the only steam mill on said road or in Frank.in County. With proper attention it will saw lumber enough in sixty days to pay the amount charged for it. For further particulars enquire of W. H. Spencer, at

the office of the 'Daily Progress,' or S. W. MARSHALL, Pacinc, N. C.

300 KEGS CUT NAILS, 4's to 20's. Horse Shoes, " Mule "

25 Boxes-500 ibs. - Horse Shoe Nails, 12 doz. Spades,

25 " Cast Steel Axes, In Store and for sale by
B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.