

Hurricane at Gaudaloupe.
A most disastrous hurricane occurred at Gaudaloupe on the 6th inst. It appears that until six o'clock in the evening of that day there was nothing to indicate an approaching storm, but at that hour the wind suddenly shifted to the northeast and blew most furiously. In Grand Bourge, the town of Marie Galante, many houses were torn up and blown away piecemeal to considerable distances. The public hospital was blown down, killing or wounding the inmates. In the quarter of Grande Bourge alone thirty-six persons were killed and fifty nine wounded. Basseterre and Saints also suffered dreadfully. The loss of life and property must have been immense, but had not been ascertained when our accounts left.

Two or Three Hundred Lives Supposed to be Lost.

Since the above was in type we have received confirmation of the sad news recorded above, and it appears the devastation and loss of life was still greater than we at first supposed. The loss of life is now stated between two and three hundred. The crops of the island have been destroyed, and scarcely a tree is to be seen standing. Many vessels, too, are missing. Beyond a heavy sea and heavy gale the hurricane was not felt in the other West India Islands.

Mississippi.
JACKSON, October 20, 1865.—J. L. Alcorn was to-day elected Senator for the long term, commencing March 4th, 1865, on the fifth ballot by a majority of nineteen. Mr. Alcorn is the present representative from the Coahoma district.

The New State Government.

The following are the officers of the State and some of the Congressmen elect:
Governor—Benj. G. Humphreys.
Secretary of State—H. J. Harris.
Auditor—T. T. Swan.
Treasurer—General John H. Echols.
Attorney General—C. E. Hooker.

Congressmen Elect.

First District—A. E. Reynolds.
Second District—R. A. Pinson.
Third District—James T. Harrison.
Fourth District—A. M. West.
Fifth District—E. G. Peyton.

Anticipated Release of John Mitchell.

The Missouri delegate sent from the Federal Congress on a mission to Washington with reference to the unconditional release of John Mitchell, prisoner at Fortress Monroe, reports that he has been successful, and that the order for that purpose will soon be issued. A similar statement is repeated in other quarters.

Medical Examination of Captain Wirz.

Captain Wirz, on Saturday, underwent a private medical examination, at his own request, in presence of the members comprising the military commission and Mr. Schade, one of his counsel. His right arm is much swollen and inflamed from the effects of a wound by a shell. A piece of the bone had been removed, rendering the limb of little, if any, use. A gentleman who witnessed the examination also says that his body bore marks of his having suffered from scurvy.

Messrs. Clay and Mitchell.

Messrs. Clay and Mitchell were transferred to their new quarters at Carroll Hall, on Friday evening last.

A CASE OF SHAME AND CRIME—A MOTHER DRESSES HER BABY.

About six weeks ago an apparently aged gentleman appeared at the house of a lady living on Market and Ninth streets, and engaged board and lodgings for a lady whom he represented to be his wife. A few days after the lady appeared herself, unaccompanied and made the assertion that she was the wife of the gentleman, and gave her name as Mrs. Jones; and her story seemed so complete that no doubt was entertained of anything unusual until she gave birth to a child. Nothing was yet expressed, although it appeared reasonable that under the circumstances the father would have been near. Not so, however. A few days after, he made his first visit to the house since the arrival of the supposed wife, remained but a short time and went away, as totally unknown as before. Weeks elapsed and things went well, until last Sunday morning some occasion demanded the landlady's presence in the room of the woman, when to her astonishment she saw the little babe in the bed alone—the mother had left during the night, and nothing has since been heard of her. The mother of the babe is said to be young and decidedly good looking, besides being unusually intelligent. Her manners while at the house were the most polished, and her general demeanor that of an educated woman. She reports herself from Long Creek in this county.—Wilmington Journal 18th.

ANTHEM WARD ON THE NEGRO.

Feller sisters, the African may be our brother. Seville hilly respectable gentlemen and sum talented females tell us, and for argument sake I might be inclined to grant it, though I don't believe it myself. But the African isn't wife and uncle. He isn't seville of our cousins, and all our first wife's reshadows. He isn't our grandfather and our wife in the country. Scarcely. And yet numerous persons would have us think so. It is true, he runs Congress and several other grosseries. But he ain't everybody else. But we've got the African, or he's got us rather; now what're we going to do about it? He's an orful noansce. Praps he isn't to blame for it. Praps he was created for some wise purpose, like Bill Harding and New England rum; but it's a pity he couldn't go off sumwhars quietly by himself, where he could gratify his ombushum in variis ways, without having an eternal fuss kicked up about him.

THE CHOLERA IN ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

There can no longer be any doubt that the Asiatic cholera has made its appearance and is spreading in England. Another fatal case has occurred at Southampton. From there it has spread to Sholing-Common and Bittern, situated about four and two miles from Southampton. The two cases at Sholing-Common have proved fatal; of seven cases at Bittern two have proved fatal, while the other patients were improving. There is also a marked diarrhoea all over the district of Bittern.

In France, the disease is likewise on the increase.

A letter from Toulon states that it has broken out with startling suddenness at Solles-Pont, a little town of 3,000 inhabitants. In the course of the first night in which it made its appearance there were sixty cases, and thirty-six hours later there had already been fifty-five deaths out of a population reduced to one thousand souls by a panic-stricken people. In Toulon it has a peculiarly virulent character. It has also made its appearance at Paris, where, according to the testimony of Dr. Vacher, the condition of the stagnant water of the basin causes a serious apprehension of its rapid spread.

10 BARRELS HANDSOME YELLOW SUGAR.

Extra C Sugar
Standard Crushed
Just received at
oct24-27
B P WILLIAMSON & CO.

[From the Newbern Times.]
Our Plain Duty.

The evident accord of feeling regarding National and State policy, existing between President Johnson and Governor Holden, in present relations, renders it extremely desirable that the people should elect the latter gentleman Governor of the State. We believe it to be vital to State interests that such should be the result of the coming election.

It is unfortunate that more stress is not laid upon this important fact. Our people seem to have forgotten that much of our immunity from the more rigid exactions of a conquering government are due to the influence which our present Governor wields at Washington. His efforts to lighten the burdens consequent upon our defeat in the late war have ever been respected by the administration, and the numerous instances in which those efforts have been honored, were so marked as to gain for Gov. H. the name, among the enemies of the South, of "Andy Johnson's pet Governor." Indeed he has been strongly censured by some of the Southern press for the warm interest he has taken in securing pardons for prominent Confederates. Upon every occasion the President of the United States has delighted to honor Gov. Holden, and to show to the nation the amount of confidence reposed in him.

To the exertions of Gov. Holden is due the removal of nearly all the troops in this State before the assembling of the Convention. To his credit may also be placed the almost total change of trials from military to civil courts. Already are the Provost Marshals being relieved in different portions of the State and the office declared abolished. The railroad lines, with the exception of a small section between Goldsboro' and Morehead City, have been turned over to the respective companies, and we learn that the last rail will be delivered up to the company during the present week. Our State has more post offices and post routes open and more postal facilities granted now than any other Southern State. More men have been pardoned and restored to the free possession of their property and rights in North Carolina than in any two of the insurgent States combined. All these blessings are due to the influence which Governor Holden exerts with the administration.

Mr. Johnson has the most implicit trust in and respect for Governor Holden, and has stretched the quality of executive clemency, in many instances, to show to the people of North Carolina that they love their executive.

These evidences of a personal preference are too plain to be ignored, and if we want our State to obtain relief from the political disabilities under which she is now laboring, it is our plain duty to honor him who possesses the confidence of the administration.

Let us view it in another light. The people of North Carolina have frequently been grossly misrepresented at the North. The reports of our disloyalty have been scattered far and wide and attempts were made to dishonor us at Washington. Gov. Holden, as Executive of the State, assured the President that however detailed and circumstantial were these reports, they were false; that the people of the State had subscribed to the oath of allegiance in good faith and were religiously observing it. The effect of this assurance has been seen in the kindly sentiments expressed by the President for the State.

If these people, in the face of the plain policy of Andrew Johnson, oppose the man whom he has selected above all others as the instrument to carry out his honorable intentions, they are guilty of stigmatizing the Governor as a falsifier, and bring upon themselves the suspicion of perjury.

We have nothing to say regarding the loyalty or disloyalty of Mr. Worth. He may be a very proper man, in every sense. But his relations to the government are not those of Gov. Holden, nor will his election add to the spirit of conciliation now so much desired. If the administration had desired Mr. Worth to be Governor of North Carolina, he and not Gov. Holden, would have received the appointment.

We must remember that our State does not yet enjoy the sweet privilege of shaping her own political course. We have not yet been received into the Union, and we must respect the wishes of the United States Government—if we expect to be benefited by the amnesty policy of that government. To elect for our first Governor the candidate who is the favorite of that class which supported the Confederacy, is not the proper course to pursue in order to attain such a desired end.

The Population of the Globe.

There are on the globe about 1,288 millions of souls, of which
369 millions are of the Caucasian race.
662 millions are of the Mongol race.
190 millions are of the Ethiopian race.
176 millions are of the Malay race.
1 million are of the Indo-American race.
There are 3,642 languages spoken, and 1,000 different religions.

The yearly mortality of the globe is 333,333,333 persons. This is at the rate of 91,664 per day, 8,730 per hour, 60 per minute. So each pulsation of our heart marks the decease of some human creature.

The average of human life is 33 years.
One-fourth of the population dies at or before the age of 7 years—one-half at or before 27 years.
Among 10,000 persons one arrives at the age of 100 years, one in 600 attains the age of 90, and one in 100 lives to 60.

Married men live longer than single ones. In 1,000 persons 65 marry, and more marriages occur in June and December than in any other months of the year.
One-tenth of the whole population is military.
Professions exercise a great influence on longevity. In 1,000 individuals who arrive at the age of 70 years 42 are priests, orators or public speakers; 40 are agriculturists; 38 are workmen; 32 are soldiers or military employes; 20 are advocates or engineers; 27 are professors, and 24 are doctors. Those who devote their lives to the prolongation of that of others die the soonest.

There are 835,000,000 Christians.
There are 5,000,000 Israelites.
There are 60,000,000 Asiatic religions.
There are 140,000,000 Mohammedans.
There are 200,000,000 Pagans.
In the Christian churches:
170,000,000 profess the Roman Catholic.
76,000,000 profess the Greek faith.
80,000,000 profess the Protestant.

COLLECTIONS FOR THE SUFFERING POOR IN THE SOUTH.—The Catholic Mirror continues the publication of the collections recently made in the Catholic Churches in the Diocese of Baltimore, for the relief of the suffering poor of the South. The sums collected amount at present to \$11,384 88, and the generous work is still going on.

THE CITY.

Persons in city and country are requested, at all times, to furnish us verbal or written information of any events of public interest which may transpire in their neighborhoods, or of which they may have knowledge.

IMPORTANT MATTER.—It may be of interest to parties here and elsewhere in North Carolina to know that it having come to the knowledge of the proper authorities that persons who had taken no voluntary part in the late war have had their property seized by officers who supposed that the being worth over \$20,000 was of itself a sufficient plea for the proceeding, instructions have been issued to correct the abuse. It does not seem to be generally understood by certain incompetent officials that the exceptional clauses in the President's proclamation applies only to certain classes of offenders who are required to make special application for pardon. All, saving the excepted classes can, without difficulty, obtain the benefit of the amnesty. Owing to the prevalent ignorance concerning this fact, the purchase and sale of real and mixed property are prevented in apprehension of litigation. In cases where parties receive pardon, they have restoration of all rights of property, except as to slaves, and except in cases where legal proceedings under the laws of the United States providing for the confiscation of property of persons engaged in rebellion have been instituted according to the terms of the proclamation of 29th of May last.

We make this recitation of facts so that there cannot by possibility be any misapprehension as to the extent of the power of government agents.

BELLIGERENT.—Since the departure of the main body of the federal army, we have had occasion to note very few cases of disturbance among the soldiery. Yesterday, however, a drunken son of the bellicose art made his appearance at the depot of the Gaston railroad, to the terror and discomfiture of all the sable folks in that neighborhood. After thrashing something less than a regiment, he retired from the scene of his triumphs in an exceedingly exultant mood, denouncing negro suffrage, Henry Ward Beecher, and the whole pack of worshippers of the eclipse family.

It is a fact, which no one can gainsay, that nine-tenths of the soldiers who have served in this department always displayed uncompromising hostility to the black man. Entering the army and coming to the South with all their sympathies in his behalf, as a body they have gone home with antipathies to him which showed themselves at the polls in Ohio and other states where the miscegenationists have been routed "horse, foot and dragon."

COTTON PLANTERS.—We are asked again and again: What is the prospect for high prices for cotton next year. We would reply for the benefit of all concerned that in our opinion it will be very high and have advised our friends to hold their present stock as long as they can.
We learn from one of the most reliable sources that the inquiry for cotton lands is very brisk, and so far as the question of price goes, the planting interest need not fear. As our people seem disposed to sell and the Northern people to buy, we anticipate more or less of a crop from new fields for 1865; yet no ordinary production can possibly interfere with extraordinary rates, inasmuch as there is so little on hand and the demand everywhere has become so extraordinary.

We therefore say to all: push ahead with their enterprise, buy or lease according to circumstances, and if working to any advantage whatever, they will realize large returns.

"A LADY" who has some beloved ones buried in the city cemetery writes us a sharp criticism on the general mismanagement of our municipal affairs. We decline publishing it because she censures police officers who are the most vigilant in the organization and do their duty manfully. Besides, it is not the fault of the city commissioners that the corporation's treasury is not full to overflowing. They have been necessitated to borrow money upon which to operate the local government and yet we do not doubt that the city cemetery will be attended to as soon as practicable.

THE RIGHT THING IN A WRONG PLACE.—Kissing is an allowable thing, even through the bars; but should not be indulged too publicly. For instance just as we turned off from Fayetteville street and into Davy last night, we encountered a man in blue and a woman in black, passionately engaged in bussing each other. The "reports" from the collision of lips were very audible and we left them in their glory. N. B.—The woman's dress was purple, and she was in black skin.

TO BE SUCCESSFUL.—We take it for granted—is the wish of every candidate in the present campaign. They must therefore supply the ammunition promptly to the scouts and we inform them that election tickets, in any quantity, from one to fifty thousand, can be printed at this office on the shortest possible notice. Price, one dollar per thousand.

Circulars, book work and all other jobbing done with dispatch.

BLUSTERING.—Yesterday was one of those blustering days which blow dust into men's eyes at every approach of silk, mouslin and prunella. It was a feeling reminder of winter and heavy goods for both sexes are fast superceding the lighter fabrics of summer.

THE CONCERT—last night, at Market Hall—was well attended and the performance passed off apparently to the satisfaction of all present. The vocal and instrumental music was really fine; the witticisms clever; and the dancing tip-top. The same troupe appear again to-night.

We understand that Mr. O'Daniels, under whose management the troupe is at present, has already effected desirable changes in the interior arrangement of the hall. Last night there was an air of comfort about the building to which concert-goers here have been strangers.

POLICE ITEMS.—Mr. James Beard made complaint to Officer Parker, last night, of the loss of a bail of cotton. He immediately dispatched a squad of police, who found the missing staple and arrested two negroes who are suspected of being parties to the theft. They were locked up to await Mr. B.'s appearance to identify the cotton.

Simon Johnson, a well known character here, was arrested last night and locked up to answer the charge of having insulted a highly respected lady during the afternoon. He is said to be an old and hardened offender.

SLIGHT MISTAKE.—In citing the new advertisements yesterday, we unintentionally attributed the possession of nice hams and other goods to B. P. Richardson & Co. It should have been our friends over the street, B. P. Williamson & Co., who have in store a supply of such things as are requisite to good living. Besides such things, mechanics and farmers may find there a large number of articles useful to them.

GOING FOR HOLDEN.—A lady of this city, beautiful as accomplished, and who was throughout the war pre eminently secession, told us yesterday that she was in favor of Wm. W. Holden and that she had made a convert of her beau, who, a week ago, was a prison-headed Worth man. We presume the ladies generally—especially the pretty ones—are for the present incumbent.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Two youths of this city met with a narrow escape from death yesterday. By pecking away at an old bombshell, they unexpectedly and unintentionally produced an explosion, but the greater part of the charge is supposed to have been previously emptied, as the metal merely opened. The boys were considerably shocked by the concussion, but not otherwise injured.

COLORED TROOPS.—Gen. Ruger, who has commended himself to our people as well as the administration at Washington, by his departmental services here, is now distributing troops at different points as preliminary to the removal of all the colored troops. Capt. Purinton and his company are now at Wilmington.

ERROR.—From oversight in the writer, we were made to call the late provost marshal Montgomery instead of Purinton. The worthy party concerned evidently appreciated the mistake.

NEEDS REPAIR.—The bridge across the ravine, at the gas house, is sadly out of repair. A few hours labor would restore it to a proper condition and we hope it will be attended to at once.

PARDONS.—A large number of pardons for citizens of the State have just been received from the President by Gov. Holden. Go or send and obtain the documents.

FOR NEW YORK.—The steamer Louisa Moore, Capt. Wooster, is freighting at Newbern for New York and will sail on the 26th inst.

LOOK OUT.—By reference to our telegrams it will be seen that a new and dangerous counterfeit has been put in circulation.

J. N., the fearless satirist, immortal philosopher and profound thinker, speaks in Goldsborough this evening and Wilmington to-morrow night on his great theory of reconciliation between North and South.

LIFE IN DEATH.—REMARKABLE CASE OF TRANCE.—On Tuesday night Mr. Crowder, a young gentleman residing on High street, died at his appearances. The corpse was laid out, and the grief and lamentation was such as is usual in such cases. His brother was to have been married last night, but all preparation for the happy event was stopped by this sad and solemn one.

On yesterday morning the supposed dead man got up and dressed himself, and is now enjoying as much vitality as could be expected of a corpse. The marriage came off last night, and we suppose "the resurrected" attended.—Petersburg Index.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COTTON PLANTERS AND OTHERS.
10,000 acres of No. 1 Cotton Lands for sale and lease. Several thousand acres 2d and 3d quality at lower prices.
6,200 acres of well located Pine for sawing.
Various other kinds of lands for sale and lease. Apply to the
PIONEER LAND OFFICE,
Hillsboro street.
oct25-1w

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE E. H. RAY a candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing election for Wake county.
oct25-1de

GLUE! GLUE! GLUE!—10 barrels of Glue, a superior article, in store and will be sold cheap to close out on assignment.
oct25-1f
B P WILLIAMSON & CO.

MEAL! MEAL! MEAL!—200 bushels Meal, 100 bushels Corn, a prime article.
oct25-1f
B P WILLIAMSON & CO.

100 SACKS FINE LIVERPOOL SALT.
50 Boxes Adamantine Candles.
50 boxes Carolina Belle Soap
10 Bags Rio Coffee
3 Barrels Old Apple Brandy. At
oct24-1f
B P WILLIAMSON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR NEW YORK DIRECT.

MURRAY'S SEMI-WEEKLY U. S. MAIL LINE.

THE FIRST CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS

LOUISA MOORE, Captain Wooster.

CHARLES BENTON, Captain Evans.

LUCY, Captain Wheeler.

THE STEAMSHIP

LOUISA MOORE.

WOOSTER, Captain.

Is now receiving freight at foot of Craven street, and will sail on

THURSDAY, October 26th, at 6

P. M.

For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to

HUGHES & DILL,
Opposite Gaston House.

P. S.—The Steamship Louisa Moore will be followed by the Steamship Charles Benton, and sail on Saturday, October 28th, at 4 p. m.

GOODSPEED'S STEAMSHIP LINE,

BETWEEN NEW YORK AND

NEWBERN, NORTH CAROLINA.

FOR NEW YORK DIRECT.

The No. 1 Steamship

ELLEN S. TERRY.

CHAPIN, Master, will sail direct for New York, on Saturday, Oct. 21st, at 5 1/2 o'clock.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply at W. H. Oliver & Co's Brick Store, foot of Craven Street. W. H. OLIVER & CO., AGTS.

N. B.—The Steamer EL CID will follow the ELLEN S. TERRY, and sail from this port at 5 1/2 o'clock on Saturday, Oct. 28th.

E. A. WHITAKER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE AND

well selected stock of

Butter, Flour,

Cheese, Tea,

Lard, Coffee,

Bacon, Sugar,

Fish, Molasses,

Wines, Liquors,

Tobacco, Segars,

Spices, Yams,

&c., &c., &c.

He is constantly receiving consignments of goods from New York and other principal markets, and has excellent facilities for purchasing at the lowest rates all the articles enumerated.

His facilities for doing business enables him to offer

THE BEST INDUCEMENTS

to city buyers and Country Merchants.

He is determined to sustain the high repute of his house for the

FRESHNESS AND CHEAPNESS

of the articles offered the public, and by fair dealing retain the confidence of trades people in city and country.

In addition to the few articles enumerated, his store is supplied with

EVERY NECESSARY

AS WELL AS THE LUXURIES OF LIFE,

incident to or desirable in housekeeping, and as his motto is

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS,

he respectfully invites an examination from purchasers, large and small.

oct 16-17

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BY MRS. FANNY MURDOUGH DOWLING.

One volume, 16 mo. cloth. Price \$2.00.

THIS IS A THRILLING STORY OF HEART LIFE

and the fashionable world, and, aside from an absorbing plot artistically interwoven, it abounds in suggestive thought and descriptive passages grand and exquisite in character and finish.

MOSES FROM A ROLLING STONE.

BY "TENELLA"—MARTY BAYARD CLARKE.

Author of "Reminiscences of Cuba," "Wood Notes,"

"Translations of 'Marguerite,'" "Lady Tarrullo," &c.

One volume, 16 mo. cloth. Price \$1.25.

Contains complete Poetical writings of the popular author, and is a beautiful setting of all the sparkling diamonds that have been found clinging to the "rolling stone" of a great life as it washed with the ebb and flow of the seething tide of Thought and Imagination. Liberal deductions to the Trade.

THE CHANGE,

OR

A STATEMENT OF THE REASONS AND FACTS

WHICH MADE ME A BAPTIST.

BY REV. T. B. KINGSBURY.

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* * * Editors inserting the advertisement of either or all of these books, with this notice, will receive a copy of copies of each accordingly.

oct11-1f

LADY'S OWN STORE,

T. R. FENTRESS' OLD STORE,

No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

MESSERS. BOWEN & RANDALL, at the above named place, announce to the public that they have just received the

Largest and Cheapest

AND BEST SELECTED

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

ever offered to retail traders in the city of Raleigh, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

Boots and Shoes.

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

including everything that a LADY can wish for, from

Toilet Articles up to a Silk Dress.

These goods were purchased during the recent fall of prices in Northern markets and consequently will be sold cheap.

They were selected with special reference to the Fall and Winter trade