

BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

THE VERY LATEST BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

Jeff Davis—Arrangement for His Trial. From the Herald of the 28th, we extract the following particulars relative to the trial of Jefferson Davis:

The language lately used by President Johnson in his interview with the delegates of the South Carolina Convention has added much to the grave interest felt by the people at large regarding the fate of Jeff. Davis. An unauthorized statement to the effect that Davis would be paroled on the same terms as were Stephens, Reagan, Campbell and others, was published throughout the country, and fears were entertained by many that the chief traitor would escape unpunished. The remarks of President Johnson on the occasion alluded to have made it apparent that he is firmly resolved that Jefferson Davis shall be tried. The determination of the President is not a sudden resolve, intended to quiet the numerous memorialists suing for Davis' pardon, but a conclusion which he long since deliberately arrived at. The question was thoroughly discussed by the Cabinet in August last, and it was then decided not only that the trial should take place, but all the proper details for its prosecution were arranged.

It was expressly declared and understood that the purpose of the government in the proceeding to be instituted should be not to satisfy any craving for vengeance, but simply to pursue to its proper issue the old and of declared policy of Mr. Johnson to "make treason odious." Treason the President considers a crime, traitors as criminals, and his purpose is to make the crime and the criminals as offensive in the eyes of just men as more ignoble crimes and less dignified criminals.

THE CHARGE—TREASON.

The prisoner is to be arraigned on the charge of treason in levying war against the United States, and the plan of the prosecution will embrace no other charge. All charge of complicity with Wirz, &c., are to be abandoned, and the purpose of the prosecution will be to define the nature of treason and fix its punishment. As the Wirz trial was intended to reveal the inhumanities of the rebel leaders and forever disgrace the rebel Confederacy in the eyes of the world, the trial of Davis is intended to make equally odious the treason which had bred such horrors.

It was also determined that the Wirz trial should be the last trial by court martial. The trial of Davis will be before the highest tribunal in the land. It will be before the highest tribunal in the land. It will be before the highest tribunal in the land. It will be before the highest tribunal in the land.

THE TIME SET FOR THE TRIAL.

At the Cabinet session in August, when the details were arranged, it was decided that the trial of Davis should immediately follow that of Wirz, but the long delays in that case may tend to delay that of Davis.

THE PR-SECUTING COUNSEL.

The Attorney General was authorized to select three counsel to aid him in the prosecution. Mr. Speed is a native of the South, and it was decided that another Southern and two Northern lawyers should be retained. It was suggested that it was desirable that the army should also be represented. The following attorneys were finally selected as the prosecuting counsel:

- Hon. James Speed, Attorney General of the United States.
Hon. John H. Clifford, formerly Attorney General of Massachusetts.
Major General Lowell H. Rousseau, member of Congress elected from Kentucky.
Wm. H. Evans, of New York city.

THE COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENCE.

It has been understood for several months past that Mr. Davis had selected his counsel and had accepted the services of the following gentlemen:

- Chas. O'Connor, of N. W. York.
Ransom H. Gillett, of Albany, N. Y.
It is probable that the prisoner will himself supervise, if he does not conduct, his defence.

THE PRINCIPLES INVOLVED IN THE TRIAL.

The trial of Jefferson Davis for treason will be the most important criminal trial which this country or age has witnessed, and will command universal attention. It involves principals of the very gravest importance and of vital interest to the existence of the country as a unit. The decision of the Court in the case will involve not only the defining of treason and its punishment, but also decide by law the question of the right of secession—a question already negatively by the result of the war and the action of the several State reconstruction conventions. The trial will be the last victory or defeat of the cause of the Union. The acquittal of Davis would indeed make treason respectable, as Robert Toombs threatened it should be by reason of its formidableness, while his conviction will forever render the cause as odious as even Mr. Johnson could hope for.

From Washington.

THE COLORED TROOPS AND THE BOUNTY QUESTION. The Secretary of War has, it is said, prohibited the payment of bounties to such of the colored troops as were not free on the 18th of April, 1861, thus setting aside the decision of the Second Comptroller which was based on the opinion of the Attorney General. The law provides that colored volunteers shall be placed on the same footing with white volunteers in regard to pay, clothing and subsistence, but not as to bounties.

SOUTHERN RAILROADS.

Agents of some of the most important railroads in the country are intending to leave Washington tomorrow for a short trip in the South, to arrange for a reorganization of the old system of coupon tickets over railroads of both sections of the country.

From Georgia.

THE STATE CONVENTION. In the Georgia State Convention, on the 26th inst., Mr. Anderson, of Chatham, introduced a resolution to appoint a committee of five to memorialize the President for the release of Jefferson Davis. Mr. Joshua Hill moved for its indefinite postponement, which was voted down. The motion to lay the resolution on the table was also negatived. The resolution was amended to include all Federal prisoners, and was then adopted by a heavy majority.

An ordinance repealing the ordinance of secession was adopted, and the resolutions of the secession convention which were incompatible with the civil and military laws of the United States were repealed. An ordinance to redistrict the State was adopted. Seven Congressional districts are thus made. An election was ordered for the 15th of November for Governor, Congressmen and Assemblymen.

Secretary McCulloch has ordered an examination of clerks in his Department, with a view to ascertain whose places can be filled with disabled soldiers. An explosion of a tug occurred at Norfolk on the evening of the 27th inst., killing all on board, five men, including the captain and crew and Wm. Patton, agent of the Boston steamers.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. VI.

RALEIGH, TUESDAY, OCT. 31, 1865.

NO. 298.

Champ Ferguson on Dr. Hale.

I wish to say for Dr. Hale, that he is a man, low flung dog, and he only prosecuted me to speculate on my blood, by publishing pamphlets, worked up in lies, from beginning to end. I never gave him any reason in the world to seek my life. I hope, however, that God will forgive him for the wrongs he has done me. I could well imagine how Dr. McGlosson wanted me prosecuted, for he honestly believed that I killed his brother.

I am in good health and spirits. My sleep is undisturbed by dreams, and I have just concluded to give myself up to these good friends of mine around here, and if they are determined to hang me, it is all right. I would like to live for my family, for they have lost all. I leave them penniless. I am not worth a dollar. I do not fear death, but I love my family, and am grieved to leave them on the world without means. I have a firm belief in God and the future. A minister of the Presbyterian Church was here to-day. I am pleased to meet and talk with him. I was not surprised when the sentence of death was read to me. I was looking for it daily. If my family had plenty I could die without a murmur.

Champ was furnished with some brandy. He requested the Lieutenant to get him a bottle of pure brandy, to take on the morning he was to be hung. He also requested that a raised cherry coffin be furnished him. In answer to a question, he remarked that he was considered one of the best marksmen in his part of the country, and rarely aimed at anything but Tinker Dave, but which he brought down.

We had a second interview with Champ on Thursday. He appeared lively and talked freely. He resumed by stating that he believed he ought to have had a trial by the civil courts. That he did not desire to criminate any of his friends, or he might say a great deal. He remarked that his wife and daughter had arrived, and that he had had a very pleasant interview with them. He told us that she would take them to the pure soil of White county, two miles above Sparta. He said, in answer to a question, that "if he lived" until the 29th of November, he would be 44 years of age. He remarked that he had no choice of the manner of death; it all amounts to the same thing in the end. He had been shaved just before we came, and looked well. His health was never better, he told us, than at that time.

He requested the Lieutenant to ascertain from General Thomas if his horse and equipments, now in the hands of Colonel Blackburn, will be turned over to his wife. He thinks they are his property, and his wife should have them.

We were exclusively permitted to see Champ in his cell yesterday, by his own request, and made the following statement in addition to what we had previously given us, swearing before God that every word is true:

I surrendered to Gen'l Thomas, on the letter or order sent to all armed bands, me with the rest. I did not think they would treat me as they have done. I am the same man I was before the war, and my intentions are the same, and will be till the last minute of my life. I don't know what men in high office can think of in sending out such men as Colonel Blackburn and others for the purpose of inducing me to come in for the sake of hanging me. He told me I was no worse than the rest, and that I should be protected, and that he was glad to see me.

I was a Southern man at the start. I am yet, and will die a Rebel. I believe I was right in all I did. I don't think I did anything wrong at any time. I committed my deeds in a cool and deliberate manner. I killed a good many men, of course, I don't deny that, but never killed a man whom I did not know was seeking my life. It is false that I never took any prisoners. I have taken a great many, and after keeping them awhile, paroled them. I tried to prove this during my trial, but they would not give me time to do it.

I don't think I had a fair or just trial. I wish to thank Mrs. Blackburn for her kindness to me during my trial. One of the witnesses against me (Luis Duval) told the truth in every particular. Also Miss Dowdy, except in one or two words. I had always heard that the Federals would not take me prisoner, but shoot me down, wherever I found. That is what made me kill more than I should have done. They never got a man that belonged to my company or Bedson's company but what they killed, and of course they might expect that I would not miss doing the same with them men.

Except the Dowdys and Luis Duval, of the witnesses against me, I have little faith in them or anything they would swear to. I will repeat that I die a Rebel out and out, and my last request is that my body be removed to White county, Tenn., and be buried in good Rebel soil.—My own witnesses were true to me.—Nashville Dispatch, Oct. 21.

—Organizing—the Fenians in Texas.

—Emerson Etheridge, it is reported, has been acquitted.

—Thanksgiving in Maine November 23, in Massachusetts and New Hampshire November 30.

—Six inches of snow in Aroostook county, Maine, and fifteen inches thirty miles further North.

—The bonds of the "Irish Republic," which the Fenians hope to establish, are issued, and are very creditable specimens of engraving.

—Dan Voorhees and Judge Clay had a fist fight over a law point, at Greencastle, Ind., a few days ago. It don't appear which licked—but they both liquored.

—Private letters from Western Texas say the Confederates who went to Mexico when the Trans-Mississippi army surrendered are returning, disgusted with the Mexicans.

—The planet discovered in Michigan is supposed to be one discovered last May in Madras. Its name is Sappho. Probably not one person in eleven thousand will ever see Sap.

—We learn that Allen Carter went to the house of Bushrod Lilly of Stanly county, on the night of the 18th inst., assaulted him with a bowie knife, and murdered him in cold blood. Carter made his escape. Provocation not known.

—It is stated that Sterling Price and other officers of the late Confederate army have received from the Emperor Maximilian the commission of generals in the Mexican army. This is a mistake. Sterling Price has gone to Brazil, probably to seek a residence there.

—Gen. Canby has confiscated two Mobile steamboats for "having refused to transport officers of the General Government travelling upon official duty, coupling that refusal with expressions of disrespect and disloyalty to the Government of the United States."

THE CITY.

Persons in city and country are requested, at all times, to furnish verbal or written information of any events of public interest which may transpire in their neighborhoods, of which they may have knowledge.

SMALL NOTES.—We are requested to state for the information of merchants and others that the National Bank of this city has on hand a large amount of fractional currency, of all denominations, which they will exchange for large notes, in sums of ten dollars and upwards.

SENTENCED IN FORT POLASKI.—Mr. Marcom, of Coatham, who has been detained in this city for several months, charged with shooting and killing a negro—the circumstances connected with which we stated at the time—and who has been tried by a military commission, has, we learn, been sentenced to hard labor in the above fort for twelve months. We learn, however, with much pleasure, that a petition is in circulation, and has already been numerously signed, praying his Excellency President Johnson to reprieve Mr. Marcom. We shall be glad to learn that the prayer of the petitioners has been granted, for the condemned has always sustained a good character at home, and is in fact a worthy citizen.

GRIEF INDULGED.—Seated on the curb stone in front of Grave's late evening, was an old type, who gave vent to his piteous in the most classical style. He feared that the poor "all over the broad extent of this city" would be reduced to great suffering the ensuing winter, for the lack of food, warmth and whiky. We urged him to "dry up his tears," as a merciful Providence would provide, through good men, everything needful for the destitute. "Yes," he said, "I hadn't thought of that. But sadder thoughts than these o'ertake me, Which thicken and increase, His Excellency did not make me A Justice of the Peace."

Considering him inconceivable, we trudged on, to make a note of the poetry before it escaped our memory.

TOM BROCK. An honest lad was Tom Brock— A hatter by his trade; His hair was red, he wore a stock. And lived at Umberslade; His house built in a tasty style, Bespoke how well he raised a pile. Poor Tom, however, had one great fault—he put his beavers up to an enormous figure and died one day of extortion. Kinsey, at the corner of Fayetteville and Market streets, adopts a wiser plan and sells hats, caps and other goods at a startlingly low figure.

FREEMAN'S BUREAU.—A wag of no ordinary attainments in the science of wit, approached a colored gen'leman skilled in the use of tools, and enquired if he could tell him where he could purchase an ordinary sized freedman's bureau, with "full instructions" written on the top—one that would answer for only the half of a county. The unbleached could not see the point, but innocently answered that the new patterns of furniture had not yet been received from the North. He would be glad, however, to make him a sideboard if he would take one of our pine stained.

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION.—It will be borne in mind that this body will convene on Monday next in Wake Forest College, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. As a denomination, the Baptists of this State are very numerous, and among its clergy numbers some of the very best talent. The session will, we doubt not, be one of great interest, and we would feel under obligations to some friend who may be in attendance to give us daily reports, so that they may appear in our columns every morning.

STILL ANOTHER.—Captain Garoutte identified on yesterday two animals, one the property of the United States, and the other the property of a freedman, and took possession of them. The rogue neglected to obliterate the "U. S." brand on the left shoulder of the horse, which neglect led to the discovery. This identification was made within the city limits. The case was undergoing examination before the proper tribunal, and somebody will, doubtless, be called on to suffer.

TEMPERANCE.—It is very well known to the world and the rest of mankind that ye local, and all connected with this institution, are temperance men of the "strictest sect," at least we thought so, but find that we are sadly mistaken, for it is reported, with some air of truth, too, that there lives an honest old dame in this vicinity who refuses to have a cow on her premises that has horns.

MORE THIEVING.—On Sunday night last, some person or persons, not having the fear of God or the law before their eyes, invaded the premises of Mr. H. A. Hedge, of this county, and took therefrom three valuable horses. They have not yet been overtaken, but we understand they were tracked to this city and, in all probability, will be caught.

TO BE SUCCESSFUL—we take it for granted—is the wish of every candidate in the present campaign. They must therefore supply the ammunition promptly to the scouts and we inform them that election tickets, in any quantity, from one to fifty thousand, can be printed at this office on the shortest possible notice. Price, one dollar per thousand.

The Eastern nations believe that there is not a happier state of existence than that of living eternally in a delicious garden, surrounded by beautiful women reposing on flowers. These Eastern people, to say the least, have drawn a beautiful picture.

PERSONAL.—It affords us pleasure to announce to our readers that Lieut. Col. J. A. Campbell, A. A. G. at Department Headquarters, has received a brevet promotion to the rank of Colonel. A more deserving recognition of true merit has not been made by the War Department in a long time.

"Artemus Ward" has at last found something even more remunerative than "wax tiggers" or Mormon lectures. A rich old uncle has lately died in London—as in the fifth act of an old comedy—and has left the popular showman a fortune of some forty thousand pounds sterling. A letter has just been received by Mr. Ward, informing him of the intelligence.

ITS PHILOSOPHY.—SODZONT is an antacid. Sodzont is an antiputrescent. Sodzont is a tonic. Sodzont is all vegetable and entirely harmless. Hence it cleanses the teeth from acetous deposits, stops the decomposition of their substance, sweetens the breath, stimulates the gums, and is the safest and best preparation of its class in existence.

MARKET REPORT

COLLECTED DAILY BY E. A. WHITAKER, Groceries Dealer in Provisions.

- Apples—Dried, \$1 50 per bushel, Green, \$3 00 per bushel, Bacon—Firm, sales at 30c per lb. Beer—9c per lb. Butter—50c per lb. Cheese—30c per lb. Chickens—30c a piece. Coffee—50c per lb. Corn—80c per bushel. Eggs—25c per dozen. Flour—Superfine \$12 per bbl.; Family \$11. Hides—Green 10c. Honey—in comb, 35 to 30c per lb. Lamb—10 to 12c per lb. Lard—30c per lb. Meal—80c per bushel. Mulletts—\$13 00. Mackerel—\$20 per bbl. Onions—\$3 50 per bushel. Peaches—40c per bushel. Peas—White \$1 00; Stock 75c. Potatoes—Irish \$1 00 per bush. Sugar—Crushed 35c per lb; Brown 25c. Syrup—40c to 50c per gallon. Soda—Cooking, 20c per pound. Salt—\$2 00 per bushel. Tallow—10c per lb. Herrings—\$12 per bbl. Rice—15c per lb. Candies—Adamantine, 40c lb per box. Soap—Tartaric, 20c per lb. Bluestone—40c per lb.

AT THE EXCHANGE HOTEL.

October 29, 1865.

- Chas Warwick, Newbern
J D Melloney, N C
J W Tatten, Augusta, Me
A M Noble, N C
R Waterling, Ast Sarg
U S A N G
Henry C Baldwin, Nausa-
tuck, Conn
Jesse Gangever, Pittston,
Pa
P O Connor, U S Construc-
tion Corps
John May, do
Dennis Canally, do
John Ganary, do
Patrick Corcoran, do
James Kennedy, do
Patrick Eagin, do
Anthony Carroll, do
Peter Welsh, do

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOSING OUT AT COST. As we have concluded to close up our business in Raleigh on the 1st of January, we will from date sell our extensive stock of

- Dry Goods, Millinery Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Gents Furnishing Goods, Yankee Notions, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c, &c, &c, AT COST.

We also have on hand a fine assortment of Groceries, Ales, Wines, Liquors, &c., which we will sell at a very low figure.

Country merchants and other dealers will find it to their advantage to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Gives a call, for we are bound to sell at some price.

GEO. Z. FRENCH & CO., Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

Standard copy one month.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE A JOY WM. F. COLLINS a candidate to represent Granville county in the House of Commons of the ensuing Legislature. His sentiments will be published in the form of a circular "To the People of Granville." Read it oct31-td

BAPTIST STATE CONVENTION.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD COMPANY, Superintendent's Office, RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 30th, 1865. SPECIAL ACCOMMODATION TRAIN TO WAKE FOREST, SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 5TH, 1865. Leave Raleigh..... 9 A M Arrive at Wake Forest..... 10 A M Leave Wake Forest..... 4 P M Arrive at Raleigh..... 5 P M Trains leave from Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Depot. Return tickets can be had from the same place for \$1.00 each. A. JOHNSON, General Superintendent.

RALLY TO THE FARMER'S RETREAT.

There you will find the finest and freshest oysters in the city. Our friend C. L. JOHNSON has opened a fine Oyster Saloon connected with his Bar. He can supply his friends with fresh oysters, night and day. The bar of Wines and Liquors at the Bar. Hot and cold drinks to suit the season. Give him a call and you will find him all O.K. oct31-td

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE RUFUS K. FERRELL as a candidate for the House of Commons of the next General Assembly. Election on the 9th November. oct31-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED—A Wet Nurse, white or black. For a suitable woman a fair price will be given. Apply to [oct30-3] T. H. G. 1111

BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER-PHOS- PHATE OF LIME. BAUGH & SONS, MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS, STORE NO. 20 SOUTH DELAWARE AVENUE, Philadelphia

This valuable MANURE has been before the agricultural public, under one name for twelve years, and its character for vigor of action and its effect on the soil is well established. It is a rich and valuable fertilizer to some extent in the Southern States, and is found to be highly adapted to

COTTON, SUGAR AND ALL CROPS. The sales now amount to many thousands of tons annually, and the facilities for its manufacture are extensive and complete. The proprietors of this Manure are engaged in no other business, and are personally and interested in maintaining this high quality of Manure. The true supply of this Manure is limited, and the wharves of the manufacturer are constantly open to those who are acquainted with the quality of the Manure, and who are desirous of purchasing it. Send for a pamphlet containing full particulars. B. BAUGH & SONS, No 20 S. Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia. oct27-3m*

MATCHES MATCHES

The subscribers desire to call the attention of the Southern Merchants to the fact that they have just received in the city of New York a factory of the highest quality of a superior article.

MATCHES. To such an extent as to be able to supply any demand that may be made upon their facilities. The boxes for the convenience of the Retail Dealer, and for family use, and are warranted to be equal to

ANY IN THE MARKET. Southern merchants will find it to their advantage to give us their orders in preference to purchasing elsewhere, as our terms are exceedingly low, and our stock increased out of shipment. All orders promptly filled and forwarded by express or through freight, as desired. Address: KEENAN & WELCH, 107 N. 2nd St., Philadelphia. oct27-1w

*Raleigh, Wilmington and Newbern papers please copy and forward bills.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTEREST

OF THE Merchants, Mechanics and Farmers. Sufficient encouragement having been given to promise the success of this paper, the proprietors, which has heretofore been laid before the public, its regular issue will be commenced about the 1st of November.

The Semi-Weekly will commence about the 1st of December, and the Daily about the 1st of January. The publisher is in the receipt of the most improved material, and has secured the services of a first class printer, and has secured the services of a first class printer, and has secured the services of a first class printer, and has secured the services of a first class printer.

It is earnestly requested that subscribers send their names and subscriptions at once. Weekly, one year, \$3 00; six months \$1 60; Semi-Weekly, one year, \$5 00; six months \$2 60; Daily, one year, \$5 00; six months \$2 60; one month \$1 00. Persons getting up and sending us a Club of 10 subscribers, with the cash, will receive a Copy gratis. oct26-2aw

LADY'S OWN STORE

T. R. FENTRESS' OLD STAND, No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

MESSES. BOWEN & KANAWALL, No. 15 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS

ever offered to retail traders in the city of Raleigh, consisting of DRY GOODS, LADIES DRESS GOODS, READY MADE CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes.

&c, &c, &c, &c, including everything that a LADY can wish for, from Toilet Articles up to a Silk Dress.

These goods were purchased during the recent fall of prices in Northern markets and consequently will be sold cheap. They were selected with special reference to the Fall and Winter trade of this section.

Servants or children sent to the store with orders will receive the fairest treatment.

COME ONE! COME ALL! SEE FOR YOURSELVES. It Costs Nothing to Look at our Goods.

Polite and attentive clerks are always on hand to wait on customers.

CITY TAXES

I will attend at the Mayor's office on Monday, the 30th day, Wednesday and Thursday, the 31st and 1st of October, and the 1st and 2nd of November, for the purpose of taking the City Tax List for 1865. It is important that the citizens should be promptly notified of the list of their Taxes, those having to be paid should be subject to a double tax. C. B. ROOT, City Clerk. oct28-4t

IN PRESS

BY MISS R. W. M. SMITH, CO. Field & Firestone Publishing House, 55 PATENT OFFICE BUILDING, N. Y.

NAMELESS. One volume, 16 mo. cloth. Price \$2 00.

THIS IS A FASCINATING STORY OF HEAVENLY and the fashionable world, and a beautiful and absorbing plot artistically interwoven, and also a suggestive thought and a suggestive passage, and an exquisite character and finish.

MOSES FROM A ROLLING STONE. BY "TENELLA"—MARY BAYARD DEWEY. Author of "Reminiscences of Cuba," "World Notes," "Translations of 'Marguerite,' 'Lady Tarn,' &c."

One volume, 16 mo. cloth. Price \$2 00. Contains complete Poetical writings of the popular author, and is a beautiful setting of all the sparkling diamonds that have been found clinging to the "rolling stone" of a great life as it was set with truth and the gift of the seething tide of Thought and Imagination. Liberal deductions to the Trade.

THE CHANGE. OR A STATEMENT OF THE REASONS AND FACTS WHICH MADE ME A BAPTIST. BY REV. T. B. KINGSBURY.

One volume, 16 mo. cloth. Price \$2 00. But few writers world a pen with such consummate skill, grace and vigor as Mr. Kingsbury. His works have received the most hearty and earnest critical notice of Editors T. B. Saxe, J. D. Herrick, Editor of "Bible Record," N. B. Cobb, "Am. Soc. N. C. Dep. Board of Missions," and other eminent Divines. No Baptist family should be without it. No opponent of the Baptist should fail to read it.

Editors inserting the advertisement of either or both of these books, with this notice, will receive a copy of copies of each accordingly. oct11-1f